

DIRECTORY.

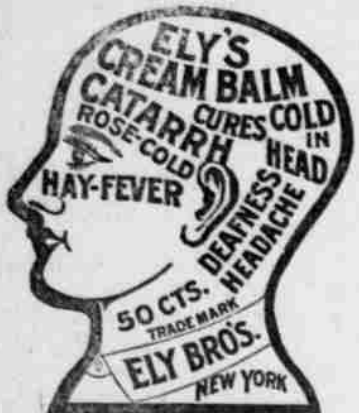
First Baptist church of Lakeview. Preaching services at 11:15 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. on each Sunday.

DIRECTORY

First Baptist Church of Goose Lake, at New Pine Creek, Oregon. Preaching Services at 11:00 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. on each Sunday of every month.

WANTED: by Chicago wholesale and mail order house, assistant manager (man or woman) for this county and adjoining territory. Salary \$20 and expenses paid weekly; expense money advanced. Work pleasant; position permanent. No investment or experience required. Spare time valuable.

CATARRH



ELY'S CREAM BALM This Remedy is a Specific, Sure to Give Satisfaction, GIVES RELIEF AT ONCE.

Desert Land Final Proof.

United States Land Office, Lakeview, Oregon, August 14, 1906. Notice is hereby given that Arthur L. Highfill, of Plush, Lake Co., Oregon, has filed notice of intention to make proof on his desert land claim No. 475, for the NE 1/4 SW 1/4, SE 1/4 NW 1/4, Sec. 3, T. 35 S., R. 26 E., W. M. before Register and Receiver at Lakeview, Oregon, on Friday, the 21st day of September, 1906.

THEORETICAL NOTICE

United States Land Office, Lakeview, Oregon, August 20, 1906. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, William T. Garrett, of Bly, county of Klamath, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3167, for the purchase of the NW 1/4 SE 1/4, N 1/2 SW 1/4, SW 1/4 SW 1/4 of Section 26, in Township No. 35 S., Range 17 E., W. M. and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before Register and Receiver at Lakeview, Oregon, on Thursday, the 8th day of November, 1906.

Final Proof.

Department of the Interior, Land Office at Lakeview, Oregon, August 10, 1906. Notice is hereby given that George L. Holbrook, of Lakeview, Oregon, has filed notice of his intention to make final five year proof in support of his claim, viz: Homestead Entry No. 2367 made March 15, 1891, for the E 1/2 NE 1/4, Sec. 6, T. 40 S., R. 20 E., and S 1/2 SE 1/4, Sec. 31, T. 39 S., R. 20 E., W. M., and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver, at Lakeview, Oregon, on September 20, 1906.

J. N. Watson, Register.

Excursion Rates East.

July 2nd and 3rd; August 7th, 8th and 9th; and September 8th and 9th; special low round trip rates will be in effect to all points East, final returning limit 90 days, but not later than October 31st.

For particulars, see any Agent, or address D. S. Taggart, D. F. & P. A., Reno, Nevada.



CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of J. H. Fletcher.



COMPOUND INTEREST

The trouble with most advertisers is that they expect immediate returns of large proportions. One prominent advertiser illustrates the principle of advertising in this way:

"The money expended for advertising is the same as if placed at interest. The profits from the advertising are virtually the interest on the investment."

"The sums spent for advertising are properly chargeable to capital account because the resulting good will is something that has value, which, if the advertising has been properly done, can usually be sold for the face value of the investment."

"The rate of interest is determined by the skill with which the investment is made."

"Just as the quickest way to increase invested wealth is by compounding the interest, just so the quickest way to realize results from advertising is to compound the returns."—Advertising Experience.

Advertisers get good returns on the amount invested in our columns. We reach the people.

BUYING FEEDERS.

Disadvantage Under which the Infrequent Country Buyer Labors.

Last year a great many feeding lambs were bought too high to allow the feeder to make a profit. This year lambs promise to be high again, and feeders will have to pay pretty stiff prices or go without. One thing that contributed to high prices last season was the presence of so many feeders in the stockyards bidding against each other for the range lambs. It is a fact that when a feeder goes to the yards he hates to go home without some stock. And it is also a fact that he often wishes afterward that he had done so. The best plan is to leave an order at the yards with some reputable commission house and allow its buyer to fill it whenever he strikes a market that favors the buyer. Usually the commission buyer can do better than the country buyer. It is his business, and he understands it. Some people are still afraid of him, but without reason. The buyer of feeding stock, whether sheep or cattle, renders good, conscientious service and expert service, too, at a very reasonable charge. The cases are exceptional when the feeder can do as well, rare indeed when he can do better. Give this buyer an order and stay out of the market unless you can be there so frequently as to strike the low as well as the high spots. Let him fill the order when the market favors the buyer rather than take a chance of hitting it in that condition by a personal visit.—National Stockman.

Roots Should Be Grown.

Where a silo is not desirable root crops should be grown. The harvesting comes at a season when it can be done without interfering with other work. Cattle need a change of feed the same as people. In the northern part of the country corn does not grow very large, but roots do well and are profitable, says an American Cultivator correspondent.

Feeding Swill.

Feeding swill to small pigs is a question of considerable importance. It is the belief of our best swine raisers that most of the scours can be traced to swill containing fermented food. Why not have two swill barrels? Empty them alternately, allowing them to get the sunshine, and raise out occasionally with hot water.—Farmers Advocate.

THE VETERINARY

Concerning milking tubes Dr. Michener says in Farm and Journal:

Milking tubes should be kept on hand by every owner of cattle. These are not for regular milking, but are to be used for hard milkers or cows with sore teats or when there is an obstruction. Until recently there have been but two patterns of milking tubes—the plain and the self retaining. The plain milking tube is too well known to need description. The self retaining pattern is similar to the plain, except that it has a projecting bulb in the center of the tube, which prevents its slipping out.

Sometimes a lumpy obstruction appears in the upper part of the teat. Here again another pattern of the milking tube has been brought into use and is called the bistoury. It is a tube of the same diameter as the milking tube, but about five inches long, and at the extreme end of one side is an opening or slot. This bistoury is inserted past the lump, and then, by simply pushing a screw, a small, delicate knife of just sufficient size to cut the lump springs up. The bistoury has cured thousands of hard milkers.

Sheep Bot Fly.

The sheep bot fly is the parent of those maggots which may be found in the front of the skull the greater part of the whole year, but are annoying mostly about the early summer. There is rarely ever any serious trouble to the sheep unless these grubs are very numerous, when the sheep darts suddenly about with its head up much as when it is pursued by the flies a little later, when the season of oviposition is on. This is about the present time, and the only possible remedy should now be adopted for the protection of the sheep. This is to apply soft pine tar to the noses of the animals or let them do it for themselves, which they will if fed a little meal thinly scattered in a narrow trough rubbed on the inside with soft tar in such a way that the sheep, seeing the little meal in the bottom of the trough, will rub some of the tar on the front of the nose in efforts to get it. Then these eggs, which are quite small but alive when deposited, will in their natural effort to crawl to the nostrils become stuck by the tar and perish or be rubbed off by the instinctive habit of the sheep to relieve themselves from their tormentors. Nearly every sheep is thus bothered, but only a few die.—American Sheep Breeder.

Summer Care of Sheep.

Now look out for maggots. Have the sheep all tagged or maggoted may lodge under the flith. Look around the ears and horns. Kerosene oil or turpentine poured into the wounds or holes will make them squirm out. Then apply tar.

If a sheep is found limping about or feeding upon its knees, the feet want immediate attention. Pare off the old hoof and pick out the gravel. If the foot is sore, some powdered bluestone and a dab of tar should be applied.—Farm Journal.

Benefit in Linseed Oil. Give the sow a pint of linseed oil about a week before she is due to farrow. Repeat in three days. This produces a healthy condition of the bowels.

PROFESSIONAL.

W. W. M. D. OCEANIC COAST CO. Salsby, F. GON.

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Salt Lake, Denver, Kansas City, Chicago, St. Louis New York.

Ocean Steamers between Portland and San Francisco every five days. Low Rates

Tickets to and from all parts of the United States, Canada and Europe.

For particulars, call on or address, A. L. Craig, G. F. P., Portland, Ore.

KLAMATH LAKE RAILROAD

TIME TABLE In Effect May 1st, 1906.

Table with columns for train names (Ev. Thrall, A. M. J., Pokogama, etc.) and times.

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LAKEVIEW - ALTURAS

STAGE LINE

H. E. BARBER, Prop'r.

Office in Bieber's Store

Stage leaves Lakeview daily, except Sunday at 6 a. m. Arrives at Alturas at 6 p. m.

Leaves Alturas for Lakeview at 6 o'clock a. m. or on the arrival of the stage from Madeline. Arrives in Lakeview in 12 hours after leaving Alturas.

Freight - Matters - Given Strict - Attention

First - Class - Accomodations.

Western Stage Line

J. L. YADIN, Proprietor.

Office in Linkville Hotel

Klamath Falls.

Daily from Pokogama by Keno, Klamath Falls, Dairy, Bonanza, and Bly to Lakeview.

Daily from Lakeview by Bly, Bonanza Dairy, Klamath Falls, Keno, to Pokogama.

From Klamath Falls to Keno by steamer and from Keno to Pokogama over the Sunset Four-Horse Stage Line.

Good Stock . . . Easy Coaches

LAKEVIEW PLUSH STAGE LINE

S. L. McNAUGHTON, Prop.

Office at Mercantile Store

Stage leaves Lakeview Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 6 a. m., arrives at Plush at 9 p. m. Leaves Plush Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 6 a. m., arrives at Lakeview at 9 p. m.

Passenger fare \$3 one way or \$5 for round trip. Freight rates from May 1st to Nov. 1st \$.75 per hundred; from Nov. 1st to May 1st \$1.00 per hundred.

A Lively Tussle

with that old enemy of the race, Constipation, often ends in Appendicitis. To avoid all serious trouble with Stomach, Liver, and Bowels, take Dr. Kings New Life Pills. They perfectly regulate these organs, without pain or discomfort. 25c at Lee Beall druggist.

James Barry

Brands with Swallow Fork in right ear for ewes; reverse for wethers. Some ewes Square Crop and Silt in right ear. Tar Brand III. Range, Crane Lake. Postoffice address, Lakeview, Oregon.

Zac Whitworth

Brands with Crop off left ear, Half Undercrop off right for ewes; reverse for wethers. Tar Brand W. Range, Fish Creek. Postoffice address Lakeview, Oregon.

FREE TO ALL OUR SUBSCRIBERS

The Great AMERICAN FARMER Indianapolis, Indiana.

The Leading Agricultural Journal of the Nation, Edited by an Able Corps of Writers.

The American Farmer is the only Literary Farm Journal published. It fills a position of its own and has taken the leading place in the homes of rural people in every section of the United States. It gives the farmer and his family something to think about aside from the humdrum of routine duties.

Every Issue Contains an Original Poem by SOLON L. GOODE.

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Two For the Price of One: The Lake County Examiner

The Leading County Paper and The American Farmer

BOTH ONE YEAR FOR \$2

This unparalleled offer is made to all new subscribers, and all old ones who pay up all arrears and renew within ninety days. Sample copies free. Address:

C. O. Metzker, Lakeview, Oregon.