

How to Get on the Ticket.

Are you going to be a candidate for office at the coming elections in Oregon? If so you will need to study carefully the provisions of the new primary nominations law. Political nominating conventions as they have long existed in Oregon are abolished by the new law and there is an entire revolution in the method of obtaining nominations for public offices voted upon by the people.

The first move a candidate is compelled to make is to file with the secretary of state or district office, or with the county clerk, if for an office to be filled in one county, or with the city recorder if for a city office, a copy of his petition signed by himself in the following form:

To (Sec. of state or county clerk) and to the members of the party and the electors of (state, district or county in the state of Oregon).

I, (name) reside at - - - and my postoffice address is - - - I am a duly registered member of the - - - party. If I am nominated for the office of - - - at the primary nominating election to be held in the (state, county or district) the 20 day of April, 1906, I will accept the nomination and will not withdraw, and if I am elected I will qualify as such officer.

If I am nominated and elected I will during my term of office (here the candidate can use 100 words to state his platform).

The foregoing petition for nominations is to be separate from but attached to the petition to be signed by the voters who desire to see the candidate's name on the ballot. A copy of the latter petition is to be filed with it and the heading must be in the following form and addressed to the secretary of state, county clerk or city recorder, as the case may be. We, the undersigned members of the - - - party, and qualified electors and residents of - - - precinct, in the county of - - - state of Oregon, respectfully request that you will cause to be printed on the official nominating ballot for the - - - party, at the aforesaid primary nominating election, the name of the above signed - - - as a candidate for the nomination to the office of - - - by said - - - party.

The man who is a candidate for either house of the legislature may sign one or the other of the following statements, but should he refuse to sign either of them that fact will not effect the filing of his petition:

"I further state to the people of Oregon, as well as to the people of my legislative district, that during my term of office, I will always vote for the candidate for United States Senator in congress who has received the highest number of the peoples votes for that position at the general election next preceding the election of a U. S. senator in congress, without regard to my individual preference."

"During my term of office I will consider the vote of the people for United States Senator in congress as nothing more than a recommendation, which I shall be at liberty to wholly disregard, if the reason for doing so seems to me to be sufficient."

Every sheet of the petition must contain a sworn statement of some registered voter that he is acquainted with the person who signed it and that the signatures are genuine, the post office and residence correctly stated and that they are registered voters of the party.

There must be a separate petition for each precinct in which it is desired to obtain names. A voter in one precinct cannot sign the same sheet with voters of another precinct. No voter can sign a petition unless he is registered as a member of the party in which the candidate is seeking nomination—that is, no other names will be counted on such petitions.

At the primaries in Oregon this year there can be only two parties participating. A party in the meaning of the primary law, is an organization for political purposes, which cast at the election of June, 1904, at least 25 per cent of the votes cast for the office of congressman, hence only the Republican and Democratic parties fulfill the definition of the law. Persons who register under any other affiliation, "Independent Democrat," "Independent Republican," or any other title or change, will have no weight on any petition for nomination at the primaries and will not be allowed to vote at such primary elections.

A candidate for a county office must obtain signers to his petition in at least one-fifth of the precincts of the county; if for a state or district office and the district comprises more than one county, the necessary signers must include electors residing in each of at least two counties; if for a state office to be voted for by the whole state, the necessary number of signers shall include electors residing in each of at least one-tenth of the precincts in each of at least seven counties of the state; if for a congressional office, the signers shall include electors residing in at least one-tenth of the precincts of at least one-fourth of the counties.

The number of signers required on every such petition shall be at least 2 per cent of the party vote, but for state or congressional offices the number required shall not be more than one thousand, nor in any other case shall the number required exceed 500. A voter can sign as many petitions as come to him, even for the same office.

The petitions for state or district offices must be filed with the secretary of state not less than twenty days before the primary election, that is not later than April 1, this year.

Petitions for offices (except district attorney) to be voted for in one county, must be filed not less than fifteen days before the primary election, that is April 5 of this year. Thirty days before the primary election, or by March 20, must send two notices to each judge and clerk of election in each precinct.

Not more than fifteen days and not less than twelve days before the primary election, the county clerk must arrange the ticket, certify to it under seal, file the same in the office, and post a duplicate of it in a conspicuous place in his office and keep it posted there until after primary election.

He must then have printed on the official ballots, the Republican ticket in black ink on white paper, the Democratic ticket in black ink on blue paper, and any third party in black ink on yellow paper; also duplicate ballots on cheap colored paper in different colors from the regular ballots.

The primary elections will be on Friday, April 20. The general election will be on Monday June 4. The total number of votes cast in Lake county for the Republican candidate for congress in 1904 was 471, so the total number of signers necessary for a Republican candidate is 10, and they must represent at least 3 out of the 12 precincts. The total Democratic vote for congressman was 220 and the number of signers required for a candidate of that party for a county officer is 5, which petition must also represent at least 3 precincts out of the 12 in Lake county.

To be precinct committeeman of either party a petition must also be filed with the clerk signed by at least two signers from the precinct in which the applicant is a candidate. Aspirants for nominations for the office of Joint-Senator or Joint-Representative, in districts where several counties are joined together to form a Senatorial or Representative district, must file their petitions for nomination in the office of the Secretary of State, while aspirants for seats in the Legislature to be filed by election in one county only, must file their petition in the County Clerk's office.

This distinction is important not only because of the place of filing but because one seeking a nomination for Joint Senator or Joint Representative must file his petition by March 30, while other Legislative aspirants have until April 4 to file. In all cases where the election district comprises more than one county, the candidate in the direct primary must file his petition in the office of the Secretary of State.

On the Trail with a Fish Brand Pommel Slicker

"I followed the trail from Texas to Montana with a FISH BRAND Slicker, used for an overcoat when cold, a wind coat when windy, a rain coat when it rained, and for a cover at night if we got to bed, and I will say that I have gotten more comfort out of your slicker than any other one article that I ever owned."

(The name and address of the writer of this unsolicited letter may be had on application.)

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HIGHEST AWARD WORLD'S FAIR, 1904.

The Sign of the Fish

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GOOD HEALTH GIVERS

IMPROVED HIGHWAYS FROM A MEDICAL POINT OF VIEW.

Michigan Physician Points Out the Benefits and Disadvantages to Mankind of Fine and Bad Roads—Value of Trees Along Roadside.

The medical man in pioneer days was many times one of the first to blaze the path, to lay out the road or to plan the highway, and it is a fact that in modern times he is one of the first to lend his knowledge and aid to further the movement of good roads, says Dr. E. B. Smith, secretary of the Michigan College of Medicine and Surgery, in the Auto Advocate and Country Roads.

Many years ago Michigan possessed a man of sterling worth, broad intellect and keen observation for the requirements of the people of his locality and the needs of good roads and the reclaiming of many acres for new settlers and clearing up of the cause of much sickness and death. Dr. Henry Wyman in about 1844 was a member of the legislature from Lenawee county. The district was a great cotton-wood swamp, malaria and typhoid fever prevailed every month of the year. Through his efforts in the legislative body Dr. Wyman secured appropriations for digging a ditch a considerable distance across Lenawee and well into Monroe. They say that at that time logs were felled, and over the logs was thrown the dirt from the ditch, which contained considerable clay. These logs were either fired on purpose or by chance, and the fire baked the clay into the brick substance, and today going through this country one can see the result of that baking process.

As a result of this ditching and turpining there are no more beautiful farms, with people enjoying good health, in



FINE ROADS MEAN GOOD HEALTH.

any other part of the United States than in Lenawee and Monroe counties. So I believe that as good roads mean good drainage—that is, drainage of the surface of the road, drainage under the road and drainage along the sides of the road—so we have good health to those living along the roads constructed after this manner.

Man is so constructed that when he walks, runs or jumps the jar is lessened and entirely spent before it reaches tissue or vital organs that are unable to withstand it. This is so on account of the arch in the foot and on account of the elasticity of that arch. This arch is a more perfect one than you builders can make. Between each joint are fluid buffers, and running from one bone to another, keeping the joints from spreading and to aid them to swing, are guy ropes that assume a lax or tense condition, as required, and between each bone in the spinal column are mattresses that make it possible for one to jump from a considerable height, and, striking upon the feet, the force of the blow is carried from part to part of the body and the force spent upon these resisting bodies until it is spent before reaching the brain. I firmly believe that the rough, bad roads of our country are no small factor as a cause of the large number of nervous and insane cases that our rural districts supply.

Catarrrhal conditions are aggravated by the dust from the roads, the decaying vegetable life along the roadside breeds disease, and the stagnated pool is a fertile field for low forms of animal life. From these the air is polluted, and man has only to be found in a condition to be infected. It is too bad that these stagnant pools cannot cry out to the passerby: "Unclean! Unclean!" If this were so you and I could turn out of the way and pass by.

Healthy plant life along the roadside is conducive to good health in man. It helps give unto man that which man needs for his growth and for his living. What is pleasing to the eye gives health. That is one reason why the tourist and travelers seek other climes. The eye is delighted. It is pleased. That helps the body. Every special sense is helped, and so the great body is made more healthy. The nose smells, and we are pleased or displeased. We are satisfied, even gratified, or we are disgusted and sickened. The ear hears the sweet songs, the mind becomes joyous, and the heart beats stronger and fuller, and we are made to feel the joy of exhilaration at the pleasant surroundings; we are made to feel that it is good to live. The keen sense of taste begins to manifest itself. The appetite is sharpened, the stomach does better work, and the man begins to feel his power and strength and feels that it is good to be here.

I can say to you farmers, I can say to you men outside of the cities and towns, that good roads are your salvation, your health. I can say that which improves your everyday life and that which improves your walks in life make you live longer, make you live easier, make you live a little better, and that which makes you live longer, easier and better makes it possible for you to die easier.

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KLAMATH LAKE RAILROAD

... TIME TABLE ...
In Effect May 1st, 1905.

Ev. Thrall	6 A. M. Lv. Pokenema	10:45 A. M.
Ar. Bogus	6:15 " " Ar. Dixie	10:55 " "
" Steel Br'gs	6:45 " " Klam Falls	11:30 " "
" Fall Creek	7:05 " " Fall Creek	11:45 " "
" Klam Br'gs	7:10 " " Steel Br'gs	12:00 " "
" Dixie	8:10 " " Bogus	12:20 P. M.
" Pokenema	9:20 " " Thrall	12:45 " "

Klamath Springs Special.
Lv. Thrall... 1:30 P. M. Lv. Klam Br'gs 3:45 P. M.
Ar. Bogus... 1:55 " " Ar. Fall Creek 2:50 " "
" Steel Br'gs 2:15 " " Steel Br'gs 3:30 " "
" Fall Creek 2:35 " " Bogus... 3:30 " "
" Klam Br'gs 2:40 " " Thrall... 3:45 " "

LAKEVIEW --ALTURAS STAGE LINE

H. E. BARKER, Prop'r.

Office in Bieber's Store

Stage leaves Lakeview daily, except Sunday at 6 a. m. Arrives at Alturas at 6 p. m. Leaves Alturas for Lakeview at 6 o'clock a. m. or on the arrival of the stage from Madeline. Arrives in Lakeview in 12 hours after leaving Alturas. Freight - Matters - Given Strict - Attention

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Passenger fare \$3 one way or \$5 for round trip. Freight rates from May 1st to Nov. 1st \$7.50 per hundred; from Nov. 1st to May 1st \$11.00 per hundred.

TIMBER LAND NOTICE

United States Land Office, Lakeview, Oregon, October 20th, 1905. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the Act of June 3, 1878 entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, Frank Hall, of Klamath Falls, county of Klamath, state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 3015 for the purchase of the NW 1/4 NE 1/4 NW 1/4 SE 1/4 NE 1/4 and lot 2 of section 19 in township No. 34 S., Range No. 18 E., w. m., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish his claim to said land before Geo. Chastain, clerk of Klamath county, at his office at Klamath Falls, Oregon, on Saturday, the 13th day of January, 1906. He names witnesses: C. H. McCumber, of Dairy, Oregon; Herbert Cramer, Fred Bensing of Klamath Falls, Oregon, and E. A. McCulley, of McCloud, Calif. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 13th day of Jan., 1906. 44-1 J. N. Watson, Register.

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