

C. O. METZKER.

Masonic Building

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LAKEVIEW, OREGON, FEB. 1, 1906.

A railroad project that has been very little talked of and possibly thought of a great deal, is the line from Eureka, Calif., to Casper, Wyoming. This line has been talked of first, last and all the time as coming up Pitt river to Alturas and up the East side of Goose Lake to Lakeview. We have no inside information about the road, but we do know that for more than a year past, a certain prominent man in Eureka has been writing to The Examiner for all kinds of information about the country, inquiring about timber lands, and a few months ago subscribed for this paper in order to keep posted. He may, or he may not be connected with the projected railroad, but he certainly has something up his sleeve.

Women opposed to what they term the "imposition of the suffrage upon women" are to begin a campaign next month through the newspapers, where in reasons will be presented why the ballot should not be entrusted to women. During February, March, April and May the anti-suffragists will spread their propaganda with articles prepared and issued through a press association and intended to educate the people to the alleged evils of woman suffrage.

A snow slide occurred recently on Mt. Shasta, which uncovered a strip of the mountain side above the line of perpetual snow about a mile long and a half mile wide. The slide is believed to have been caused by a great increase in the number of hot sulphur springs on the side of the mountain. After the slide the snow fell on the mountain very rapidly but did not accumulate on the bare spot.

The members of the lower House of congress was probably as much surprised when they learned that Representative Hermann had been sworn into office, as the members of the senate were surprised when Senator Burton of Kansas was "in attendance upon the Senate," and drew his mileage.

The N-C-O. railroad has equipped an oil-burning locomotive for trial on the run from Reno to Madeline, and if found to be successful, the old wood-burners will be discarded and oil-burners put on in their stead.

"Philanthropic" Rockefeller has given the Chicago University another million dollars. The users of coal oil won't mind paying the amount back to Mr. Rockefeller at a quarter of a cent per gallon on oil.

"Poor old McCall." He has had to sell his mansion in New York's fashionable district to pay back money "given" to him by policy holders, of his Life Insurance company. Why could they ask it?

The contract for constructing the first ten miles of canal in the Klamath irrigation project was awarded last week to Mason, Davis & Co., of Portland. Their bid was for \$377,330.

Thos. F. Ryan of Oregon City and E. V. Carter of Ashland are candidates for state treasurer. Several others have been mentioned but say they have not yet decided.

A great many advertisements appear telling how to make \$18 per week. A good way to do is to make \$3 per day and keep it up for a week, and you have got it.

Hon. John H. Aitken, the prominent merchant of Huntington, recently announced himself as a candidate for the Republican nomination as State Treasurer.

Senator Fulton has introduced a resolution in the senate authorizing the payment for the late Senator Mitchell's funeral expenses, amounting to \$547.

The greatest depth yet found in the Pacific Ocean is 66 feet less than six miles, and the greatest depth of the Atlantic is about five miles.

"Poor Old Depew." His friends have forsaken him, and for nothing in the world but robbing them! What heartless friends.

The Bend Bulletin says a driver on the stage between Bend and Roseland, was "kicked at the latter place." It must have surprised him.

An unconfirmed report comes that the N-C-O. will not extend next summer on account of failure to buy rails.

Attorney-general Crawford is a candidate for re-election to that office.

Another grafter has come to grief.

How to Get on the Ticket.

Are you going to be a candidate for office at the coming elections in Oregon? If so you will need to study carefully the provisions of the new primary nominations law. Political nominating conventions as they have long existed in Oregon are abolished by the new law and there is an entire revolution in the method of obtaining nominations for public offices voted upon by the people.

The first move a candidate is compelled to make is to file with the secretary of state or district office, or with the county clerk, if for an office to be filled in one county, or with the city recorder if for a city office, a copy of his petition signed by himself in the following form:

To (Sec. of state or county clerk) and to the members of the party and the electors of (state, district or county in the state of Oregon).

I, (name) reside at - - and my postoffice address is - - I am a duly registered member of the - - party. If I am nominated for the office of - - at the primary nominating election to be held in the (state, county or district) the 20 day of April, 1906, I will accept the nomination and will not withdraw, and if I am elected I will qualify as such officer.

If I am nominated and elected I will during my term of office (here the candidate can use 100 words to state his platform).

The foregoing petition for nominations is to be separate from but attached to the petition to be signed by the voters who desire to see the candidate's name on the ballot. A copy of the latter petition is to be filed with it and the heading must be in the following form and addressed to the secretary of state, county clerk or city recorder, as the case may be.

We, the undersigned members of the - - party, and qualified electors and residents of - - precinct, in the county of - - state of Oregon, respectfully request that you will cause to be printed on the official nominating ballot for the - - party, at the aforesaid primary nominating election, the name of the above signed - - as a candidate for the nomination to the office of - - by said - - party.

The man who is a candidate for either house of the legislature may sign one or the other of the following statements, but should he refuse to sign either of them that fact will not effect the filing of his petition:

"I further state to the people of Oregon, as well as to the people of my legislative district, that during my term of office, I will always vote for the candidate for United States Senator in congress who has received the highest number of the peoples votes for that position at the general election next preceding the election of a U. S. senator in congress, without regard to my individual preference."

"During my term of office I will consider the vote of the people for United States Senator in congress as nothing more than a recommendation, which I shall be at liberty to wholly disregard, if the reason for doing so seems to me to be sufficient."

Every sheet of the petition must contain a sworn statement of some registered voter that he is acquainted with the person who signed it and that the signatures are genuine, the post office and residence correctly stated and that they are registered voters of the party.

There must be a separate petition for each precinct in which it is desired to obtain names. A voter in one precinct cannot sign the same sheet with voters of another precinct. No voter can sign a petition unless he is registered as a member of the party in which the candidate is seeking nomination—that is, no other names will be counted on such petitions.

At the primaries in Oregon this year there can be only two parties participating. A party in the meaning of the primary law, is an organization for political purposes, which cast at the election of June, 1904, at least 25 per cent of the votes cast for the office of congressman, hence only the Republican and Democratic parties fulfill the definition of the law. Persons who register under any other affiliation, "Independent Democrat," "Independent Republican," or any other title or change, will have no weight on any petition for nomination at the primaries and will not be allowed to vote at such primary elections.

A candidate for a county office must obtain signers to his petition in at least one-fifth of the precincts of the county; if for a state or district office and the district comprises more than one county, the necessary signers must include electors residing in each of at least two counties; if for a state office to be voted for by the whole state, the necessary number of signers shall include electors residing in each of at least one-tenth of the precincts in each of at least seven counties of the state; if for a congressional office, the signers shall include electors residing in at least one-tenth of the precincts of at least one-fourth of the counties.

The number of signers required on

every such petition shall be at least 2 per cent of the party vote, but for state or congressional offices the number required shall not be more than one thousand, nor in any other case shall the number required exceed 500.

A voter can sign as many petitions as come to him, even for the same office.

The petitions for state or district offices must be filed with the secretary of state not less than twenty days before the primary election, that is not later than April 1, this year.

Petitions for offices (except district attorney) to be voted for in one county, must be filed not less than fifteen days before the primary election, that is April 5 of this year.

Thirty days before the primary election, or by March 20, must send two notices to each judge and clerk of election in each precinct.

Not more than fifteen days and not less than twelve days before the primary election, the county clerk must arrange the ticket, certify to it under seal, file the same in the office, and post a duplicate of it in a conspicuous place in his office and keep it posted there until after primary election.

He must then have printed on the official ballots, the Republican ticket in black ink on white paper, the Democratic ticket in black ink on blue paper, and any third party in black ink on yellow paper; also duplicate ballots on cheap colored paper in different colors from the regular ballots.

The primary elections will be on Friday, April 20. The general election will be on Monday June 4.

The total number of votes cast in Lake county for the Republican candidate for congress in 1904 was 471, so the total number of signers necessary for a Republican candidate is 10, and they must represent at least 3 out of the 12 precincts. The total Democratic vote for congressman was 229 and the number of signers required for a candidate of that party for a county officer is 5, which petition must also represent at least 3 precincts out of the 12 in Lake county.

To be precinct committeeman of either party a petition must also be filed with the clerk signed by at least two signers from the precinct in which the applicant is a candidate.

Aspirants for nominations for the office of Joint-Senator or Joint-Representative, in districts where several counties are joined together to form a Senatorial or Representative district, must file their petitions for nomination in the office of the Secretary of State, while aspirants for seats in the Legislature to be filled by election in one county only, must file their petition in the County Clerk's office.

This distinction is important not only because of the place of filing but because one seeking a nomination for Joint Senator or Joint Representative must file his petition by March 20, while other Legislative aspirants have until April 4 to file.

In all cases where the election district comprises more than one county, the candidate in the direct primary must file his petition in the office of the Secretary of State.

WANTED:—Two men in each county to represent and advertise Hardware Department, put out samples of our goods, etc. Traveling Position or Office Manager. Salary \$90.00 per month cash weekly, with all expenses paid in advance. We furnish everything.

THE COLUMBIA HOUSE, Chicago, Ill. Dept. 610, Monon, Bldg.

"What a difference in the suffering at time of childbirth"

When Dr. R. V. Pierce's medicines are used, writes Mrs. Edmon Jacobs, of Bargarville, Johnson Co., Ind. "I had not heard of Dr. Pierce's medicines three years ago when I was confined, so had to suffer almost death. Before baby was born I could not be on my feet without two persons holding me."

The baby was a boy, weighing 15 lbs. I suffered for some weeks after his birth. I suffered severe pain. Last fall, following the advice of a neighbor, my husband bought me Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. He prescribed, which I took during the winter, and in March I gave birth to a baby boy, weighing 10 1/2 lbs. I was only in labor two hours and was on my feet without help until thirty minutes before baby was born. He is now three months old and weighs 19 lbs. I know it was Dr. Pierce's medicine that saved me from suffering. I advise all women to take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, also his Pleasant Pellets, if necessary."

"Following the advice of a neighbor." What a weight of confirmatory evidence there is in those six words. The neighbor had tried the "Favorite Prescription" and recommended it. Mrs. Jacobs has also tried it and proved its wonderful properties and now she recommends it. Beside such testimony as this its maker's words are unimportant. Mrs. Jacobs' experience is a fact. Her neighbor's experience is a fact. The written experiences of 500,000 other women are facts. There is no theory about it. There can be no question about it. In every neighborhood in this broad land there are women who have been cured by the "Favorite Prescription." It has cured more cases of female complaint than all other medicines for women combined. It is the only medicine of its kind invented by a skilled specialist in medicine—a regularly graduated physician of more than forty years' actual experience.



"The advice of a neighbor." thirty minutes before baby was born.

... THIS IS ... EVERYBODY'S STORE

We have the Goods to suit the Tastes of Everybody. All our prices are fair and when you Buy Here Once you'll Surely Come Again.

A full line of Woolen Underwear, Sweaters, Felt Boots and Rubbers.

We have been furnishing Sheepmen with Winter supplies for these many years and have laid in our stock with their interests in view.

What is Good for one is Good for all.

BAILEY & MASSINGILL'S Pioneer Store

JAYNE'S the standard cough and cold cure for over 75 years now comes also in a 25c size. Convenient to carry with you. Don't be without it. Ask your druggist. 1906 ALMANAC FREE. Write to Dr. D. Jayne & Son, Philadelphia.

To Cure a Cold in One Day Cures Grip in Two Days. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. E. H. Snow on every box. 25c. Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months. This signature, E. H. Snow

"Poor Old Depew." Once a bright-eyed, smiling, always happy. Honored at clubs, welcomed at banquets. Thoroughly enjoying life and calling upon everybody to see the bright side of things. Now a lonely old man, with lustre eyes, sits in a mansion in a fashionable part of New York City. He has plenty to eat, plenty to wear and more servants than he really needs. But he has lost all that life holds dear to him, and it is whispered that the "apostle of happiness" would wearily welcome death. Twenty thousand dollars a year! It really isn't much for a wealthy man, and the amount is far too small, when one considers the price that Depew has paid for it. Do you wonder he is a sorrowing, broken old man, and that those once his friends, speak in hushed whispers, as one mentions the dead? Poor old Depew!

E. M. Rice, of New York, who has been looking over Eastern Oregon, stated while in Vale, that that place would have railroad connections with in a year, which it did not know of now. He is thought to have secured considerable timber and other lands along the proposed route of a railroad now being surveyed across the state. His visit along the line, coming as it does, on the heels of the engineers being at Nyssa and the report from Eureka, Calif., stating that a line was to be established from Eureka, up thru Modoc county to Alturas and through Lake county, past Lakeview and northeast to Nyssa, and from there to Casper, Wyoming, plainly shows that the road will be built.

Teacher's Examination. Notice is hereby given, that for the purpose of examining applicants who may wish to teach in the public schools of Lake county, Oregon, a public examination of teachers will be held at the Court House in Lakeview, commencing at 9 o'clock a. m. on Wednesday, Feb. 14, 1906, and continuing until 4 o'clock p. m. of Friday, Feb. 16, 1906. Applicants for State Certificates and Diplomas will present themselves at the same time and place, but may have until Saturday at 4 o'clock p. m. Feb. 17, to complete the examination. J. Q. WILLITS, Co. Supt. of Schools. Dated Jan. 25, 1906, at Lakeview, Oregon.

Keep Posted

On Matters That Interest You

Your local paper is a necessity to you, financially and socially. But a NEWSPAPER OF GENERAL CIRCULATION, containing the latest news of the world, is equally necessary to you. The "up to date man" will provide himself with these two essential features of progress. IN THE TWICE-A-WEEK SPOKESMAN-REVIEW, Spokane, Wash., will be found the very latest news of the world, its matter including information on politics, commerce, agriculture, mining, literature, as well as the local happenings in the states of Montana, Oregon, Idaho, Washington and the province of British Columbia. In addition, its columns for women, its popular science articles, its short and continued stories, its "Answers to Correspondents" and "Puzzle Problems" combine to form a home newspaper that at \$1.00 per year can nowhere be excelled.

ITS ADVERTISING VALUE. Perhaps you have something to sell—a farm, a team, farm machinery. You may wish to buy something. The best possible way to communicate with people who wish to buy or sell is by inserting a small advertisement in The Spokesman-Review. Farmers, stockmen, lumbermen and miners take the TWICE-A-WEEK. If you wish to reach business men and newcomers, use the DAILY or SUNDAY SPOKESMAN-REVIEW.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK RATES ARE Ten cents per line each insertion. Count six words to a line. THE DAILY AND SUNDAY RATE FOR CONSECUTIVE INSERTIONS.

18 Words 1 time ..... 30c 2 times ..... 45c 3 times ..... 60c 24 Words 1 time ..... 40c 2 times ..... 60c 3 times ..... 80c

THE SUNDAY ALONE Ten cents per line each insertion. Count six words to a line. ADDRESS THE SPOKESMAN-REVIEW, Spokane, Wash.

Write your adv. plainly, enclosing amount in stamps or money order for number of insertions desired, and state whether you wish adv. inserted in Daily, Sunday or Twice-a-Week.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Bears the Signature of J. C. Williams



Table with train schedules: TIME CARD. Effective January 1st, 1906. Columns for time, route, and destination.

AGAINST THE STORM THERE IS NO PROTECTION IN THE WORLD LIKE TOWER'S SLICKERS. FOR SALE BY ALL THE BEST DEALERS. A. J. TOWER CO. ESTABLISHED 1836. BOSTON NEW YORK CHICAGO TOWER CANADA CO. Limited TORONTO CAN.

James Barry Brands with Swallow Fork in left ear, Half Undercrop and reverse for wethers. Some use Square Crop and Blit in right ear. Tar Brand 111. Range, Crane Lake. Postoffice address, Lakeview, Oregon. Zac Whitworth Brands with Crop off left ear, Half Undercrop off right for ewes; reverse for wethers. Tar Brand W. Range, Fish Creek. Postoffice address Lakeview, Oregon.