DAUGHTER OF VANDERBILTS SEES IMPROVED CONDITIONS IN FIELD OF LABOR.

Comparison of Past Restrictions ister of the church in the following With Present Freedom Reveals words: Growth of Woman's Sphere.

An ex-President of the United States thinks it not beneath his dignity to talk to the women of the country through the pages of a popular woman's magazine, warning them of the ity was limited to so small a circle dangerous and undermining effects As a means of livelihood she had but upon their character of active partic- three vocations from which to choose Ipation in public affairs. The feminine housework, sewing and teaching; and club life of to-day he especially con-

Following this comes the announcement of an interview with a representative of the new and charming wore anhood of America in the person of Consuelo, Duchess of Marlborough. A daughter of the Vanderbilts, married into one of the oldest and proudest families of England, surrounded by every luxury and crowned with beauty, youth and grace, yet is she democratic enough to be interested in her sisters of the working world.

Women's Work Commended. Concerning woman's work the

"It is gratifying to see the improve-

CONSUELO ENCOURAGES SEX. tempted to speak at a temperance convention recalls to mind the old story of Lucy Stone, of Massachusetts, pioneer suffragist, who, after her grad-uation at Oberlin, Ohio (the only college admitting women at that time). desired to speak in one of the Massachusetts churches. The announcement of the address was made by the min

"A hen wishes to crow like a rooster i this church on Thursday evening. Any-body liking that kind of music is in-vited to attend."

It seems almost incredible in these days that time was, and only half a century ago, too, when woman's activ all poorly paid, at that, Marriage was supposed to be the chief end and aim of her existence. This state she sought, ometimes as a refuge from greater ills. A girl single at 22 or 23 was considered an "old maid." No woman, except among the Society of Friends, could be ordained to preach the gospel. The woman physician or lawyer was an unknown quantity.

The Women Held Aside Their Skirts When Antoinette Brown Blackwell, the first woman to graduate in medicine in this country, appeared on the streets the women she met held aside their skirts for fear of contamination from so unwomanly a creature. bars of prejudice were high and strong.

COAL STRIKE PROBABLE,

AGREEMENT MADE THREE YEARS AGO BETWEEN MINERS AND OPE-RATORS EXPIRES NEXT APRIL.

Miners Will Then Demand Eight Hour Day and Recognition of Union. Owners Will Vigorously Oppose.

Charles E. Kern.

With the coming of winter many a householder has calculated upon the probability of a strike in the anthracite coal regions and wondered whether he should take the precaution to lay in a full supply of fuel. The day when the provident man laid up great stores for the frozen period of the real and his larder with good things be of forcing arbitration, but it is a to eat and his bins with fuel, against satisfactory guarantee that the agree the inclement weather, has departed ment when made will be kept faith so far as the cities of this country are fully by both sides to the controversy concerned. Now rich and poor allke, the provident and the improvident. But while the office of the Presi-look to the merchant to keep their lar-dent, with all its effective although ders filled. Their only providence is indefinite power to force compliance in laying up the money with which to was used in that case, it is a well purchase supplies when needed.

providing for the home, that has made an arbitration, had the mine operathe strike in recent years so terrible tors declined to agree to lay their to the humble consumer, who may differences before a board of arbitra-live a thousand miles from the scene tion. The President not only has well of the industrial discontent and know defined powers that are constantly exnothing of its causes except that ercised, and with which the people are which he reads in his daily paper, and fully acquainted, but he has other still yet be the principal sufferer from the more important powers which he can shortage of supplies that follows, exercise at his discretion in cases of The effectiveness of the strike is its great emergency, and which it was unpower to create such a shortage in derstood at the time of the great ansupplies and to bring the country up-thracite coal strike he considered on the verge of a famine as bad as using in order to bring relief to the a food famine, (Fransportation, by shivering multitudes of the land. He quickly distributing products over the may do many things for the "public world, has routed the famine of old good." That is an indefinite term able elements.

The chief protection against the recurrence of strikes has been found in agreements made between employers and employes, the present agreement in the anthracite coal fields being effective until April 1st next. Until after that date, according to the statements of leading labor organization billity of contracts made by any of their affiliated associations.

The good offices of the Preside the United States were used with will be resisted by the mine owners great advantage in bringing about an agreement, between the coal operators and the miners three years ago, so as to make possible the production of coal. The fact is the President strike. One thing which may be used only that indefinite power that borne in mind is that in case of a may be regarded as the influence of strike, the public, in the last analysis, has great office skillfully employed pays all the costs.

in bringing the two sides to the controversy together.

Wields a Great Power.

Few people understand what an immense power is wielded by the President of the United States when that office is filled by a man of good judg-The President, by issuing at nvitation to the men on both sides of the coal controversy under the circumtances that existed three years ago, practically forced them to agree to an arbitration of their differences, beversy declined to enter the agreement it would have so fully lost public symrathy as to have been eventually driven to surrender wholly to its opponent

n that case the power behind the More Drastic Measures in Reserve.

known fact that the President was It is this change in the method of considering other means for forcing that sprang from the failure of crops, allowing a wide interpretation, but Now the cessation of labor produces there are many people who believe the same shortage of supply that was formerly produced by the uncontroll-ued a little longer the President would lave declared martial law in the enthracite regions, and not only would have thrown troops into that section but would have ordered the mining of the coal and its distribution to relieve the distress of the country.

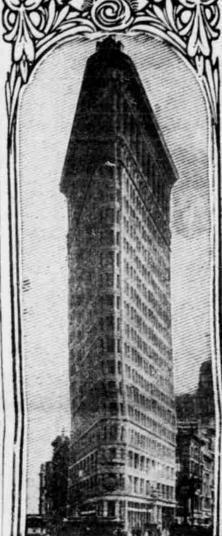
But, according to assurances that have been given to the public, the country is safe from a coal famine, at least until April 1st, 1906. Then there officials, there will be no strike, as will be another meeting between the they propose to stand for the inviolation miners and the coal operators and the miners will demand both an eight hour day and the recognition of their upon by the miners, and it may event-



REMARKABLE EXPLOIT OF AWN-ING HANGER WHO CLIMBS TALL BUILDINGS.

Witnessed by Gaping Multitude, He Ascended and Descended the Tow-ering "Flatiron."—Wife and Children Among Nervous Spectators.

There is a man who climbs the outer who uses neither rope, tackle nor scalhis daring feats, nor has he a press who knows me, came over and said: agent to exploit his dizzy achieve- Your husband will be with you soon, shudder as this man goes up sheer walls, digging his tough and nimble look up to the windows. catching a cornice or a window sill ed "chinning" himself up and doing other most venturesome acrobatic



THE FLATIRON BUILDING,

eats. The name of this man is John Garrick, and he is called "The Hu-man Fly." His occupation is hanging

He followed the sea from boyhood to or a Philadelphian. manhood, and during his service on deep-sea sailing ships he learned to climb and cultivated his nerve,

removing awnings from the Flatiron month over one for to-morrow being ouilding, in New York. Broadway was manifest, even sheer guesswork for choked with people watching the Hu- the former period is preferred by thouman Fly at work. Incredible as it may seem, he climbed the sheer wall the latter. Recently a moneyed indi-of that building from pavement to cor-vidual offered a substantial prize for nice, two hundred and eighty-six feet the best weather prophecy six months and down again.

awning hanger and in that capacity he popular institution in the country.

made his climbing skill pay. Though married five years his wife has never seen him at his work of scaling the outside of tall buildings until he undertook the removal of awnings from the windows of the towering Flatiron building. "Until that time," said the lady to a reporter, "I never saw him at the work. I knew he was removing awnings from the Flatiron building, so I went over to Manhattan to meet him yesterday afternoon, and I took our two children, Lawrence, two and a half years old, and Hazel, four years old, and waited for John in front of the Bartholdi Hotel. Of course I walls of the highest buildings and never thought John would climb that frightfully tall building. I was standing ladder. This man does not tell of ing there when one of the workmen, ments. He performs this work in view he's just coming from the ninth story of gaping multitudes who cheer and now.' I thought he meant John would be coming by the elevator, so I didn't

> "The workman told me to look up. I did, and I nearly fainted, for there was my husband with his hands on the sill of a window on the ninth story and his toes in the groves between the stones. I grew dizzy and wanted to

"Something held me fascinated, though, and I watched him coming down in a sort of criss-cross fashion as quickly as a man would run down a ladder. I said to Lawrence, 'There's your papa,' and the baby laughed and clapped his hands with joy. He didn't understand the danger, but Hazel did, and she began to cry. I couldn't look any longer and I turned my head away, but I could hear the noise of the great crowd that was watching I looked again, thinking he must be on the sidewalk by this time, Imagine my horror when I saw he had started climbing upward after I had turned away, and was then just up to the cornice. He looked like a little black fly against the white stone. He waved one hand and then began to move down. I watched him, but sometimes closed my eyes when it seemed that he had made a misstep. The crowd was so great that when he swung down to one of the store awnings I could only see him drop off and disappear into the maze of men gathered about."

THE WEATHER FOECASTS.

In Spite of Raileries the Government Prophesies Remarkably Accurate. Fiteen per cent. of error, said Chief Willis L. Moore, in an interview, is the record of the Weather Bureau. Not only is this proportion lower than in any foreign bureaus, but in ten years not a criticism of its work, he adds. has come from any commercial, maritime or scientific organization. Certainly, if it does what it sets out to the weather service ought to enjoy an enviable degree of popular esteem. What praise would be showered on a Congress that acted unwisely only 17

per cent. of the time! In spite of the constant gibes directed at the Weather Bureau, there is undoubtedly among farmers and shippers an underlying sentiment of friendliness and confidence. It has grown and removing awnings. To do his work into a national joke that the forecasts he simply walks up and down the outare always wrong, just as Bostonians side of buildings while other workmen live invariably on beans and Philadelgo from story to story by means of the phians are always lethargic. But these stairway or the elevator. whimsical articles of faith do not in John Garrick before he took up the the least affect anyone's practical attrade of awning hanging was a sailor. titude toward a forecast, a Bostonian,

A contributing cause to the railing at the weather bureau is the activity of the long-range prophets. The su-A few days ago he was engaged in perior usefulness of a forecast for next sands to a scientific determination for ahead. If the Government bureau Five years ago Garrick married should try for that and win it—and it Naturally his wife wished him to quit ought to be able to guess as well as sen-faring. He got employment as an anybody—it would become the most



CONSULLO, DUCHESS OF MARLBOROUGH.

conditions under which women work in this country since I was last here. You But now the army of stenograph have not been disappointed."

Woman's Christian Association. is to that organization in England what Helen Gould is to the Y. M. C. A. of time, money and sympathy.

It is evident, however, that the Duchess' sympathies go out to the workers and the work along all the lines of betterment for women. She calls attention to the various associations and their enormous growth in membership, and to the change that has taken place in the position of woman in the world's work during the past sixty years.

Speaking of woman's efforts at emancipation and particularly of the famous meeting in Seneca Falls, N. Y., she

'The first woman's rights convention was held in this country in 1850. Three years later a woman attempted to speak in a world's temperance convention in New York and it took her three hours to make a ten-minute speech be-cause of the jeers and interruptions of the men delegates. Florence Nightingale, just about fifty years ago laid the foundation for the glorious work of the Red Cross in the hospitals in the

When Efforts Began.

"These were the beginnings of the activity of women in public movements, involving social reform, which now are having their full development in all lines of endeavor. When one reflects that the hardships faced by women speakers in those days ranged from hostile and rude interruptions to measure of even more active discomfort and unpleasantness, reminding one of an unpopular political campaign, and yet that they have persevered in their ef-forts, one cannot belp being proud of their pluck and perseverance which has had such splendid results."

Reference to the woman who at-

ments which have been made in the Only the hardiest dared face the dis But now the army of stenographers know that I am deeply interested in clerks, physicians, preachers, social this question of the betterment of the workers and business women attest the conditions of life for women. England wonderful change in her status. Tois doing much in this direction, but it day, given capacity, training and persels to America that we all look for verance, there are few, if any, avenues leadership in movements of this kind, of legitimate endeavor closed to woman. and I am happy to say that our hopes If now and then a few overstep the bounds of discretion and good taste, The particular society in which the and thereby call down the censure of Duchess is interested is the Young the better element, who knows but that She it is the pendulum swinging a little far -a rebound from the extremes of former days. The real balance will in this country-a patroness, generous be maintained when woman is permit ted to express her individuality and to live her own life.

A Lullaby. Hush, baby, hush! In the west there's a glory With changes of amethyst, crimsor and gold. The Sun goes to bed like the King in a story, Told by a poet of old.

Hush, baby, hush! There's a wind on the river— A sleepy old wind with a voice like a And he sings to the rushes that dream ily quiver, Down where the ripples run by.

Hush, baby, hush! Lambs are drowsily bleating Down in cool meadows where daisy buds grow; And the echo, aweary with all day repeating

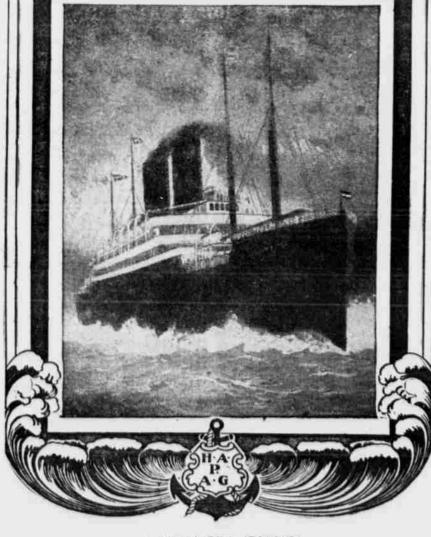
Has fallen asleep long ago.

falling and falling,

Hush, baby, hush! There are katydids calling "Good-night" to each other on every breeze. And the sweet baby moon

Till now she is caught in the trees. Hush, baby, hush! It is time you were winging Your way to the land that lies—no one knows where: late, baby, late; Mother's tired

is late, baby, with singing, with singing.
Soon she will follow you there.
Hush, baby, hush!
E. O. COOKE.



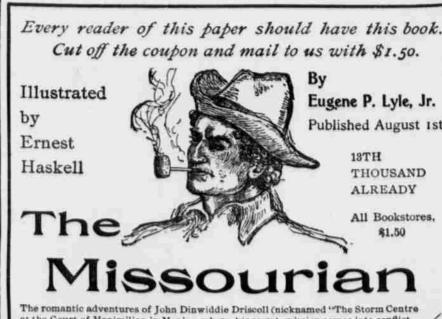
A NEW SEA GIANT.

ever built for passenger service and is a sister to the Kaiserin Auguste Vic- is the electric passenger elevator which toria, now in progress of construction. whisks the passengers up and down be-The Amerika is some 700 feet in length, tween the five decks of the ship. 75 feet wide and over 50 feet deep. Her Marconi wireless telegraph apparatus capacity is 23,000 tons, which is some- found on the Amerika has now become thing over twice the tonnage of the an established feature of all large modfamous Oregon. Captain Clarke's great battle ship which made the long journey around the Horn in time to contribute to Cervera's defeat.

The Amerika, while not designed, it is stated, to be a record-breaker in speed, is driven by quadruple expansion.

The new twin screw, Amerika, which, ity of 16,000 tons of cargo. She can came sweeping into New York harbor carry 2,300 steerage passengers, but the other day, after her maiden voyage, she has also provision for passengers is one of those new leviathans of the who have a little money to spend. One deep, the dimensions and appointments of her "Imperial" suites for a voyage, of which would have petrified even the affording accommodation for six peoowner of Aladdin's lamp, had he been ple, can be secured for \$2,500, or an able to produce such a result. The average of about \$60 a day for each Amerika is said to be the largest ship person.

Although she is a passenger ship and sion engines of over 15,000 horse power has accommodation for 3,400 passen- and is scheduled to make the trip gers and 600 crew, she has also a capac- across in seven days.



at the Court of Maximilian in Mexico, where his secret mission comes into conflict with that of the beautiful Jacqueline. The best romantic American novel of re-

"Has what so few of its class possess, the elements of reality; wrought by infinite pains of detail, verisimilitude, suggestion.

-St. Louis Republic "A remarkable first book, of epic breadth, carried through un-sucretingly. A brilliant story."—N. Y. Times Saturday Review, There is no more dramatic period in history, and the story bears every evidence of careful and painstakin study."-N. Y. Globo.

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