

Lake County Examiner

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C. O. METZKER.

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LAKEVIEW, OREGON, AUG. 17, 1905.

An Unfortunate Remedy.

Non-attendance upon the the public schools, when it is willful, is an evil to be deplored, and demands the most considerate action of school authorities for its correction. But, some changes of law might be made which would not be remedial, and the proposition of Superintendent Ackerman, that the legislature shall change the basis of apportionment of school funds to the counties so that the amount disbursed to each county shall depend upon attendance in the schools in the county, rather than the number of persons of scholastic age resident therein, would, we believe, certainly fail in its purpose of correction.

The sincerity of Prof. Ackerman is not questioned. His want of familiarity with circumstances often occurring in certain localities, and often continuing to exist without the possibility of remedy, is sufficient excuse for his falling into what we are sure would be a very grave error. We know a district in Lake county, in which about ten students attend the public schools for five months every term almost without the loss of a day, in which district there reside about thirty other children who cannot attend the schools from their homes because they live from seven to thirty miles from the school.

The only effect Mr. Ackerman's proposed remedy could have in this case would be to cut down the opportunity of the ten constant attendants upon the schools of that district to less than one-third what it now is, without the possibility of bringing in a single delinquent. In many of the outlying districts of this county, and of a number of other counties of this state, periods of storms, of longer or shorter duration, often make it impossible for small children to go two or three miles to school, who, in the first three months of a term, rarely ever miss in attendance. The effect here would not be a remedy, but simply an injury to those who never willfully neglect their opportunities, whose sin is that they live in an unfavorable climate, and must for this reason, and no other, suffer additional loss of opportunities, to augment the advantages of those who are more fortunately situated.

Should this change be made, Lake county, and all others similarly situated, would suffer loss without a chance of relief, while other counties having more favorable climatic conditions, and without greater personal merit, will be greatly benefitted by that accident.

If Prof. Ackerman, or any other interested person, will propose a remedy for this evil which promises to reach the delinquents without injury to those who avail themselves of every opportunity, and which will not deprive the outlying, sparsely settled counties of a large part of their school funds without remedy, we shall be glad to champion it.

If this policy should prevail, most of the schools in the strictly rural districts of Lake county would be destroyed, while the money which did come into the county would be largely concentrated in the towns.

Vast timber fires are raging in Western Oregon and Washington. Uncle Sam will soon be without timber; what has not been gobbled up by private owners the department is throwing into reserves and allowing them to burn up.

Thoughts Expressed in Words.

(CONTRIBUTED.)

Of all the lavish gift that Nature has bestowed upon human beings, the one condition that we control is our mentality, or the way we think. Our thoughts are our very own, whether perfectly right or abjectly wrong, the exercise of our mind is ours—we can think just as we please. However, the fact of merely thinking or being in possession of thought would be of little consequence, were we unable to express the thought in language. An indiscrete use of language creates discords, dissensions and disagreements, so it seems that thoughts without language are useless, and words thoughtlessly expressed are even worse than useless. Man is really a two-fold being—his physical tendencies as to his desires, etc., and his mental endowment of mind. He has become a creature of education by training, and the faculty of contriving a language presented itself to man for social edification. By signs was the primitive mode of communication, but a sound seemed more pleasing, what the mind conceived in thought was named. Words uttered was the result by human will. At first each word was imitated. Finally the names of objects became a habit. No change was made and each object named became identified by the name; so the desire for communication forced a language. At one time, all the world's populace spoke the same language. The bible tells us that at the building of the "tower of Babel," the confusion of tongues created the different languages; "no two could speak alike." But Philologists assert that the immigration to different countries, where in each locality expressions varied, those suiting words to actions; that in this way languages were formed. Later, by combining words of the different languages an extensive vocabulary was the result. The more advanced our civilization has become, the greater the improvement that has been made with languages, until the most inspiring thoughts and the most lofty ideas can be beautifully expressed. Everything that confronts a human being creates a thought, which produces a sensation. Different degrees of sensation produce different expressions. The greater the appreciative qualities the more effusive we are apt to be, and the knowledge of an extensive vocabulary permits of an elegance of expressions. Refining influences and environments effect our thoughts and very naturally have a controlling influence on our words. Thought is beyond speech. Our mental powers conceive and reflects the thought to words. No word uttered, no matter with what impulsiveness, can be thoughtless. Crudeness of speech is simply ignorance and a lack of mental cultivation.

"Thought is deeper than all speech. Feeling is deeper than all thought. Souls to souls can never teach what unto themselves was taught."

The Great Southern railroad will be completed to Dufur, 39 miles south of the Dalles, by September first. The road will not halt there, but continue on south to Agency Plains, 112 miles. The destination of this road is said to be Lakeview. The company has a fast crew at work, and they are laying nearly two miles of track a day.

Judge B. Daly appointed S. B. Chandler a delegate to the National Irrigation Congress. There are now over one thousand delegates appointed to this congress, and as it is one of the most important gatherings of the kind ever held in the United States all appointees are likely to attend.

The entire contract for constructing the Western Pacific Railroad has been let. It is one of the biggest contracts ever let to one outfit for railroad construction.

Chance to Keep Money at Home.

The consummation of the plan of Mr. Daniel Boone and Mrs. A. J. Neilon, in the establishment of what might properly be called a "Woman's Emporium," in Lakeview, will supply a long felt want, and what is more, an almost absolute necessity, when one takes into consideration the broad view that should be taken of home patronage for home development. The time has come when this view of home prosperity must be taken. It is necessary that residents of a prescribed territory should "pull together," as the saying is, and recognize the "live and let live" plan. These people, as we understand, are undertaking to enter into competition with the department stores, such as Montgomery Ward & Co., Hale Bros., and others, a proposition of such gigantic competitive difficulties that it will require the good will and support of every purchaser in reach of them for their line of goods. This matter deserves the candid thought of every person in Lake county, in order that the proper view be taken. We urge thought upon this question, not through a desire to advertise this particular business, but to keep before the people the thought we have so often urged. The catalogue houses, the people's worst enemies, are these people's only competitors. Until the managers of this new establishment prove unworthy of their share, we would be glad to see every dollar that must be spent for supplies, spent at home, among our home merchants, where it will eventually drift out among our people again.

As a result of the governor's veto to the appropriation bill last winter, the Weston Normal school has closed and the citizens of Ashland have been required to give their notes as security for funds necessary to conduct the Ashland Normal.

WHAT DO YOU WANT?

If it is anything in the Dry Goods line, and you are looking for something that will not cost you more than you can afford to pay, and at the same time be of as good quality as you can get at any other store, or a little better,

We Can Please You

If it is farm tools, groceries or paraphernalia for the kitchen, your wants can be supplied at,

BAILEY & MASSINGILL'S

Pioneer Store

Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge

gives rosy cheeks and active health to pale, sickly children.

And it is good for their elders, too.

Ask your druggist for it.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Cures Grip in Two Days.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.

Seven Million boxes sold in past 12 months.

This signature, E. W. Snow

on every box. 25c.

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TIMBER LAND NOTICE

United States Land Office Lakeview, Oregon, Aug. 11, 1905. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the Act of June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, the following persons have this day filed in this office their sworn statements, to-wit: Elmer E. Rinehart, of Lakeview, county of Lake, state of Oregon. Sworn statement No. 2979, for the purchase of the SW 1/4 Sec. 21, Tp 37 S., R 19 E W M.

Addie Rinehart, of Lakeview, county of Lake, state of Oregon. Sworn statement No. 2976 1/2 for the purchase of the NE 1/4 Sec. 20, Tp 37 S., R 19 E W M. That they will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish their claim to said land before Register and Receiver at Lakeview, Oregon, on Friday the 20th day of October, 1905.

They name as witnesses: H. R. Dunlap, W. A. Massingill, W. R. Bernard and Geo. H. Lynch all of Lakeview, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 20th day of October, 1905. 33-43 J. N. Watson, Register.

Administrator's Notice

In the matter of the Estate of JOHN HOLLAND, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has filed in the County Court of Lake County, Oregon, the final account of his administration of said estate, and that Monday, the second day of October 1905, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., at the County Judge's office in Lakeview, Oregon, has been appointed by the Court as the time and place for hearing objections to said report and to the settlement of said estate thereon. F. M. CHRISMAN, Administrator. Dated August 17th, 1905.

BEST BY TEST

"I have tried all kinds of waterproof clothing and have never found anything at any price to compare with your Fish Brand for protection from all kinds of weather."

(The name and address of the writer of this unsolicited letter may be had upon application.)

Highest Award World's Fair, 1904.

A. J. TOWER CO. The Sign of the Fish Boston, U. S. A.

TOWER CANADIAN CO., LIMITED Toronto, Canada

Makers of Warranted Wet Weather Clothing

TIMBER LAND NOTICE

United States Land Office, Lakeview, Oregon, August 8th, 1905. Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the Act of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, the following persons have this day filed in this office their sworn statements to-wit:

Kate Barry, of Lakeview, county of Lake, state of Oregon. Sworn statement No. 3001, for the purchase of the NE 1/4 SE 1/4 SE 1/4 NE 1/4 and Lots 1 and 2, Sec. 6, Tp 40 S., R 22 E W M.

Nellie Barry, of Lakeview, county of Lake, state of Oregon. Sworn statement No. 3002, for the purchase of the NW 1/4 SE 1/4 SE 1/4 and SW 1/4 SE 1/4 Sec. 6, Tp 40 S., R 22 E W M.

That they will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes and to establish their claim to said land before Register & Receiver at Lakeview, Or., on Monday the 23rd day of October 1905.

They name as witnesses: Thomas Lynch, Benjamin Daly and Dennis Sullivan of Lakeview, Oregon, and John Barry of Adel, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 23rd day of October 1905. 32-42 J. N. Watson, Register.

Special Rates to Eastern Points

Via Southern Pacific Company. Round trip tickets between Reno and points hereinafter mentioned will be sold August 15th, 16th, 24th and 25th, September 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 16th and 17th:

To	Rate
Washington, D. C.	\$107.00
Baltimore, Md.	107.00
Philadelphia, Pa.	107.50
New York, N. Y.	108.50
Boston, Mass.	109.50
New Orleans, La.	67.50
Chicago, Ill.	67.50
St. Louis, Mo.	67.50
Memphis, Tenn.	70.00
St. Paul, Minn.	70.00
Minneapolis, Minn.	70.00
Council Bluffs, Ia.	60.00
Omaha, Neb.	60.00
Kansas City, Mo.	60.00
St. Joseph, Mo.	60.00
Leavenworth, Kan.	60.00
Atchison, Kan.	60.00

Tickets are good for stopover east of Nevada on going trip with ten days in which to reach destination. Stopovers are allowed at all points on return trip provided passenger reaches originating point within ninety days from date ticket is purchased.

For further information apply to A. H. Eisinger, Acting D. F. & P. A., So. Pac. Co., Reno, Nev. 20-30