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THE ROUTE TO EUREKA-EASTERN GIVEN OUT

Proctor Says the Big Road Will Run
Through Lake and Harney on
to Weiser, Idaho.

Geo. H. Proctor, the moving spirit with Lord Thurlow in the building of the Eureka-Eastern, was in Redding ten days ago, and for the first time gave out the full details of the route and plans of the new road. To a Bulletin reporter he said:

"This will be the first time I have really given the details to a newspaper, said the New York financier. "The interview telegraphed from Chicago gave the facts in general, but they did not come from Lord Thurlow or me. We refused to see newspapermen there. E. H. Harriman of the Southern Pacific and James J. Hill of the Great Northern are intimately concerned in the building of the Eureka & Eastern Railroad from Eureka, via Redding, to Weiser, Idaho, a distance of 800 miles. I have worked on the great project unceasingly for a year and a half. The contract for building the railroad was let to the Finance Company of New York, and by them has been sublet to Drake & Stratton of New York. The capital is \$25,000,000. It may not cost this full amount to build the road, but it will cost near it. All the money is up, and we ask no bonus from anyone. Though the field work has been carried on so quietly as to excite little attention, every mile of the road is surveyed. We surveyed from Eureka, to the coast, to the Sacramento river, just above Redding. On the east side of the river, out through Burney valley, we adopt a full survey made by the Union Pacific several years ago. In brief, this is the route:

"We run from Eureka a little south of east across Humboldt and Trinity counties. We bear six miles south of Weaverville. It is impossible to pass nearer that town, owing to the topography of the country. Of course a branch will eventually run to Weaverville. We come straight through the Shasta divide to Tower House, through old Shasta and straight down Middle creek, near the public road to the Sacramento river. We cross the river at a point near the northern limits of Redding. To go up Pitt river at once is out of the way, so we run up North Cow creek to Hatchet creek, pass back of Carberry's, down Burney creek, through Burney valley, thence following the general course of the Pitt river to Fall River Mills, through a corner of Lassen, past Alturas, in Modoc, and Lakeview, in Southern Oregon, and northeasterly through Lake, Harney and Malheur counties to Weiser, on the Oregon and Idaho line.

"From Weiser there is a narrow-gauge line running 100 miles north. This will be widened to the standard gauge and J. J. Hill will build south from the Great Northern to connect with this. From the Fall River Mills a branch line will run to the southeast through Lassen county to Termo, to connect with the Northern California and Oregon to Reno, Nevada, which becomes part of our system.

"One great overwhelming advantage of the Eureka and Eastern Railroad is that it is a winter route. Our very greatest elevation is 5000 feet, and we will require no snowsheds whatever. Very little snow falls along the route at all. Hatchet Creek pass is the lowest pass for a railroad in the whole Sierra Nevada mountains. The ease with which we can carry on traffic unimp-

peded by winter snows will appeal to the entire East.

"The road from Eureka to Redding will be 100 miles long. Its greatest elevation will be 4000 feet, and the heaviest grade will be 3 per cent. Captain DeLamar and I have been working with Mr. Harriman for four months to prevail upon him to build a branch line to Bully Hill. The Shasta Mineral Belt Railway Company is surveying for a road to Bully Hill. If they build it, all right, but we have promised Captain DeLamar the railroad to Bully Hill within six months."

Asked whether his company should but on a line of steamers from Eureka to the Orient, Proctor said: "We are building a railroad; doubtless the steamer line will take care of itself."

RECLAMATION OF ARID TRACTS.

Congressman Tongue's Amendment Accepted
and Bill Will be Reported Favorably.

The Washington Post of March 2, says that the House Committee on Irrigation of Arid Lands yesterday ordered a favorable report on the bill drafted by Senators and Representatives of the Western States, with an amendment giving each State and Territory the major portion of the irrigation fund derived from its public lands sales. The bill has been before the committee for some weeks, and has undergone minor changes, the amendment added yesterday being first of real importance.

As originally framed the bill created a general fund from proceeds from the sale of public lands in the arid land States, the Secretary of the Interior being given authority to expend this amount in the reclamation of the arid tracts. Chairman Tongue, of the committee, has maintained that this gives the Secretary of the Interior too wide a discretion, and that each State should retain the bulk of its own public land sales. It was his amendment which prevailed, all the members present voting for it except Mr. Newlands, of Nevada, one of the original framers of the bill. The report will be drafted by Representative Mondell, of Wyoming, and will be urged by its friends to early consideration in the House.

MR. TONGUE'S INFLUENCE.

It is a noticeable fact that the longer Mr. Tongue retains his seat in the Congress of the United States the greater becomes his influence. Regarding the bill providing for the Reclamation of Arid Lands, Congressman Tongue, who is Chairman of the Committee, has always maintained that each state should retain the bulk of its own public land sales, and this opinion met with vigorous opposition, but Mr. Tongue has won the Committee over to his way of thinking, and his amendment to the bill to that effect prevailed, Mr. Newlands of Nevada being the only member to object to the Tongue amendment. Mr. Tongue is to be given the compliment of a re-nomination to Congress by the people of the First District of Oregon, and the nomination will be made by acclamation. As usual the Republicans of Lake will send a solid delegation for Tongue to the convention at Roseburg on April 1st.

At a special meeting of the Town Trustees held last Monday Perry A. Stanley was substituted as electrician and engineer of the electric plant in place of J. A. Anthony. Mr. Stanley has proposed some radical changes for the improvement of the system which will be considered and probably acted upon by the Town Council. Mr. Anthony will look after his electric power at Pine Creek.

WAS ELECTED MAYOR OF ILOILO BY FILIPINOS

San Francisco Man Beats Native
For the Place After Hot Contest,
by Three Votes.

Iloilo, the second city of the Philippines in commercial and political importance, recently held an election for mayor. It was hotly contested and resulted in the choice of an American over a native, the first popular election in the entire islands at which an American has won at the polls. Aylett R. Cotton, Jr., of San Francisco was the successful candidate, defeating the native leader, Presidente Ybiernas, by a vote of 454 to 451.

Iloilo is the metropolis of the island of Panay, the fifth in size of the whole group comprising the Philippine archipelago. It is the capital of the province of Iloilo and is about 355 miles by water from Manila. Here are the residences of the governor, the captain of the port and other officials. The city contains machine shops, a foundry, hat factory and is the industrial center for the manufacture of native fabrics, requiring upward of 30,000 looms. The population of the city is something over 100,000.

Mayor Cotton is but twenty-seven years of age. He is a graduate of Stanford university and for several years practiced law in San Francisco with his father, ex-Judge Cotton, late president of the California Society of



MAYOR COTTON OF ILOILO.

Pioneers. About two years ago he went to the Philippines to engage in commercial pursuits with his brother, Stewart W. Cotton, captain of the Stanford football team of 1897.

The Manila Times devoted considerable space to a report of the election, which was conducted on American lines, with street parades headed by bands of music. A secret fusion of two supposed antagonistic elements was the principal cause of the defeat of the native candidate.

At Last it is Here.

A violent case of smallpox was reported from the Indian camp south of town last Saturday morning. Dr. Daly, acting county physician, with Dr. Stiner investigated the case and decided that the disease was the genuine smallpox. The disease must be in the air, and was probably "waited over from Klamath county." The Examiner is glad to know that the physicians have at last agreed that smallpox really exists within our county. The patient referred to, an aged squaw, is under strict quarantine, as is also every Indian in the infested district. Town Marshal Harvey has orders to shoot any Indian who gets on this side the "dead line," but he will probably not resort to such harsh measures should he have occasion to carry out his orders. The Indians have been vaccinated and are being provided with food by order of the town authorities. It is not likely that the Indians will attempt to come in contact with the people of Lakeview now that they have learned of the frightful instructions given to the Marshal to shoot any of them that attempt to invade the healthful precincts of Lakeview.

MICHIGANDER GIVES SOME GOOD ADVICE

"Why Sit on the Fence and See
Them Go By" to Take up
the Best Timber Claims?

J. H. Messler, formerly of Michigan, now of Roseburg, contributes the following on the value of Oregon timber, to the Roseburg Plaindealer:

"Why sit on the fence and see them go by? Get you some timber while you can have your choice. The next two months will bring the largest immigration this country has ever experienced and the larger part of the immigrants will be after timber lands. It is only a matter of a few years until, should you want a homestead, all that is, or would be your choice, is just gone. I speak from experience. Only a few years ago in Michigan, I thought any old thing would do, and sat like a bump on a log, it seems to me, and let every one else go by, and get a nice bunch of pine timber. But I found thousands just as foolish; they had waited a little too long. Only a few years ago Michigan was the center of the lumbering industry; today they are shipping Oregon pine to far-away Michigan. Take my advice and go out and get all the pine lands you can handle, and in a few years you will have money enough and some to loan. The pine in Oregon is good and it is bound to come out in the near future. I believe a claim of 160 acres, which would lumber 5,000,000 feet, on some river, or near some railroad, will bring at least \$5,000 in two or three years. I have induced 14 Michigan people to come to Oregon, since I came, and have letters that eight more are coming."

No truth was ever more opportunely spoken than the above. A few wise people in this county are "taking time by the forelock" in this regard. These people have taken good advice, and realize that the time is short in which to take timber claims under the existing law. Ex-Judge Wilshire, who knows a good thing when he sees it, is confident the old law will soon be changed, and when the change does come it will cost those who desire to take timber a good, round sum. The Examiner, having been advised reliably that the timber act would soon be repealed, lost no time in giving the information to its readers, so they could take advantage of the law before it was too late. There is yet time—but tomorrow it may be too late.

Modoc "Suspects" Released.

It is probable that the lynching cases in Modoc will be dropped as there is no probability of a conviction being had. All of the men arrested for participation in the lynching of Calvin Hall and his sons and Dan Yantis—including Jim Brown who was acquitted—have been discharged from custody and repaired to their respective homes. Those released on Monday were Joe Leventon, Claud Marcus, O. A. Trowbridge, E. S. Trowbridge, R. L. Nichols, J. R. Myers, Fred Roberts, and Harry Roberts. Yesterday morning the remaining suspects were released. They were John Potter, Jim Brown, Isom Eades, Lou Palmanteer, Henry Knox, Wm. McDaniels, Claude Brown, A. L. Colburn, Sam Parks, R. E. Leventon and Jerve Kresge. The curtain has dropped on the last act of an awful tragedy and will probably never be raised again. Upon the release of the first eight men they were banqueted.

A band of 230 two-year old Klamath steers were sold last week by J. C. Mitchell to A. F. Hunt, at \$27 per head.

LAST RITES UNDER AUSPICES OF WOODCRAFT

Eugene Circle W. of W. Has Charge
of the Funeral of Mrs. John R.
Hammond of Paisley.

The Eugene Register has the following account of the death and burial of Mrs. J. R. Hammond of Paisley:

Hammond—At Salem, March 10, 1902, Mrs. J. R. Hammond, aged 33 years.

The body was brought to Eugene from Salem on yesterday's morning train and taken to Day & Henderson's undertaking parlors. Deceased was a resident of Paisley and was taken to Salem hospital where an operation was performed, resulting in her death. Deceased was a niece of H. D. Edwards, county commissioner, and a step daughter of Al Farrow, of Paisley, a brother of C. S. Farrow, of this city. She leaves a husband and two children. She was a member of Women of Woodcraft and the local circle will attend the funeral which will be held this afternoon with interment in the I. O. O. F. cemetery.

Funeral of Mrs. J. R. Hammond.

The funeral of Mrs. J. R. Hammond occurred yesterday afternoon, the burial train forming at Day & Henderson's undertaking parlors. The ceremonies were conducted under the auspices of Eugene Circle No. 16, W. O. W., deceased being a member of Paisley Circle. The beautiful realistic service of the Circle was performed at the grave and the remains were laid to rest in the Odd Fellows cemetery. Mrs. Hammond has relatives buried there.

CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

A convention of the Republican party of the First Congressional District of the State of Oregon is hereby called to meet in Roseburg, Oregon, Tuesday, April 1st, 1902, at 1 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of nominating one Representative for Congress, and to transact such other business as may properly come before the convention.

The convention will consist of 171 delegates, apportioned among the several counties of the District as follows, to wit:

Benton.....7	Lane.....18
Clackamas.....16	Lincoln.....4
Coos.....9	Linn.....14
Curry.....3	Marion.....22
Douglas.....14	Polk.....9
Jackson.....11	Tillamook.....5
Josephine.....7	Washington.....12
Klamath.....4	Yamhill.....12
Lake.....4	Total.....171

The same being one delegate at large for each county and one delegate for every 150 votes or fraction thereof over 75 cast for Presidential Electors in November 1900.

Delegates or others in attendance on the Convention may secure a rate of one and one-third fares for the round trip on the Southern Pacific and Corvallis & Eastern Railways, by paying full fare to Roseburg and taking a receipt to that effect and having same properly certified by the Secretary of the Convention.

T. W. HARRIS,
Chairman.
C. B. WINN,
Secretary.

Good Work in Tax Collection.

Sheriff Dunlap has made a great cleaning up in tax collections. Up to and including March 15th the amount collected was \$31,994.51. The 3 per cent rebate amounted to about \$1,000. Taxpayers generally took advantage of the rebate rather than to pay interest and penalty after April 1st. There is now left upon the books uncollected \$10,500. This is an excellent showing. Last Friday, the 14th inst. was the banner day for collections, \$9,917 having been paid in.