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LAKE COUNTY INSTITUTE

Meeting of Educators Last Week Said to be Most Successful Ever Held in the County

In accordance with the notice published in the Examiner the Twelfth Annual Teachers' Institute was held in Lakeview on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday (last week).

There was no need of extra urging the teachers of the county to attend, as all who were teaching or contemplating teaching were there.

The meetings were held in the Public School Building and 8:30 o'clock of last Monday morning found all the teachers and many pupils and school patrons present. As the opening hour had arrived Superintendent Willits called the Institute to order, after which he made a few very encouraging remarks pertaining to the schools of this county. He said that in Lake County, there were at present nineteen teachers employed; of these eight held State papers, five first grade county papers, four second grade county papers, two temporary, and no third grade.

Fifty per cent of those engaged in teaching are either Normal School graduates or have had Normal training. The average salary for male teachers is \$57.

The average salary paid female teachers is \$45—a small increase over other years. The first subject to be taken up was Language. This subject was handled by President Campbell. As the text books have been changed President Campbell introduced the book to the teachers present, showed its advantages and gave the teachers a very clear insight as to its plan.

State Superintendent Ackerman then took the subject of Arithmetic. Professor Ackerman showed how the minor details of this subject can be successfully taught. As the new arithmetic is soon to be introduced his remarks were more than interesting.

A recess was then taken during which those teachers who were not acquainted with the Conductors were made so.

After recess Professor Campbell took up the subject of School Hygiene. President Campbell said extreme cleanliness of school room and grounds was the first point to be noted, and thus avoid the danger of disease from germs in dust. President Campbell gave many instructive points as to ventilation. He said: "Plenty of fresh air, but no direct draughts." He advocates the use of dial thermometers in all schools so that the temperature may be kept uniform during the day.

A statement made by Mr. Campbell was that the average life of people had risen from 33 to 36 years and all this is due to the caution displayed in Hygiene as well as the advance of Medical Science.

Professor Ackerman next presented the study of History and showed how that study should be taught in connection with the Constitution. His method of treating battles if adopted by teachers would reduce the drudgery now existing in some places, to a minimum.

A recess was then taken until 1:30 p. m.

The afternoon session was opened by Professor Campbell taking the subject of geography. President Campbell laid the plan of the book on this subject, before the Institute as only an artist in his line could and also suggested many books that can be used advantageously as supplementary work on geography. The next on the program was a paper by Professor J. R. McCormack of the Lakeview school. In this paper Mr. McCormack plainly showed his ability as a thinker and writer. By a unanimous vote of the Institute it was requested that Mr. McCormack allow his paper to be printed in the Oregon Teachers' Monthly.

The subject of music as it should be taught in schools was developed by County Superintendent Willits. The subject was enthusiastically presented, as some teachers claimed they could not sing; but Superintendent Willits soon demonstrated the fact that they could sing.

Superintendent Ackerman next took up the subject of Reading. As all other studies are based on reading particular

stress should be laid on this subject. Next came the question box, and to see the manner in which it was patronized showed how it was appreciated. All questions that puzzled the teachers of the county were very satisfactorily answered by the conductors to the delight of those who asked them.

TUESDAY, OCT. 1ST.

The first on the program for the morning session was Grammar by P. L. Campbell. As President Campbell introduced the subject of Language, his remarks on grammar were on the lines of simple progress from one branch to the next higher. As President Campbell said, "we gradually pass from the known to the unknown." The next subject was Arithmetic by Superintendent Ackerman. In his discussion he follows in the same line as when he first introduced the subject. "He said, many problems should be made to fit given conditions." Superintendent Ackerman strongly advocates the use of lines in explanation and solving arithmetical problems.

A recess was now taken. After recess President Campbell spoke on Applied Psychology. He clearly showed the workings of the mind. He said, "the mind is not the brain but a force working or acting through the brain."

Superintendent Ackerman now took up the further study of History as related to Civil Government. Mr. Ackerman developed the methods employed in election of officers from primaries to the elected officer taking the oath of office. He showed how this process could be carried out in public schools with little effort, thus making the pupils acquainted with the workings of political or literary organizations.

A recess was now taken for noon.

Afternoon, the first was a review of reading as introduced by Superintendent Ackerman. He said: "Reading is thought getting, not pronouncing words." He said: "have the pupil memorize short selections of choice poetry." All eighth grade examinations now will call for a short selection of this kind to be written.

The next was a paper by Mr. T. F. Newbill entitled "Character." He showed that character is taught as learned; also that a teacher should be the model as well as leader in his community. The many excellent qualities of this essay caused the Institute by a unanimous vote to ask Mr. Newbill to allow it to be published in the Oregon Teachers' Monthly. Superintendent Willits next took up the subject of Music again, and gave some very excellent drills that will produce good results if employed in the schools.

Next President Campbell completed his instruction on Geography. He said: "use the outline with the book but do not become its slave. Be original and introduce much supplemental work." President Campbell thinks that half holidays could be of much benefit if used in studying Geography from nature rather than text.

The question box which had been well patronized during the day was now taken up by President Campbell.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 2ND.

President Campbell now took up the subject of Grammar where he left off on Tuesday. He gave a good outline for the preparation of a lesson in grammar, also a good outline to conduct a recitation in the same.

Superintendent Ackerman next took up the subject of Arithmetic and showed his line analysis can be adopted to any and all problems of this branch. He solved many difficult problems by this method, making the explanations so clear that any pupil could understand them. Teachers, if they follow this method of analysis, will have no more difficulty in teaching mental arithmetic.

Recess. President Campbell now took up Applied Psychology and continued on the lines laid down by him in his previous discussion.

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PRESIDENT CHARLES M. SCHWAB.

President Charles M. Schwab of the Steel Combine has the reputation of being the highest salaried official of a business enterprise in the world. If there is any time when he comes near to earning his salary it is when he has a fight on with the Amalgamated Association of Steel, Iron and Tin Workers. The workmen's leader, President Shaffer of the Amalgamated, doesn't come as high as Mr. Schwab, but he also has large contracts on his hands sometimes.

OBJECTS TO THE DIVISION

"Citizen" Gives His Reasons Why Lakeview District Ought to Remain intact

EDITOR EXAMINER:—I notice a petition in circulation, having for its object the division of our school district, and am greatly surprised that many, especially taxpayers, are signing it. It seems to me that no citizen of this town, especially if he be a patron of our school, and a taxpayer, can consistently sign a petition to divide the district.

In the first place the district is bonded, all of which bonded indebtedness would have to be paid by the old district (No. 7) in case of a division, the new district being relieved from all obligation on account of this debt.

In the second place, if the district were divided, the new district would be entitled to a division of all the school property even to their part of the appraised value of our school buildings and grounds, to say nothing of dividing our school money, furniture and apparatus. We would necessarily have to vote a large tax on our property to raise this proportional part of the appraised value of our school property, which I fancy would not be generally favored by the taxpayer.

A division would virtually destroy our very efficient high school—a school that is the pride of the county, and one that compares favorably with any other of like institutions in the state. I say that a division would destroy this high school, which it surely would do unless we were to resort to taxation for its support.

The boundaries of the proposed new district, as I understand it, are about as follows: Commencing about 1½ miles north of town and extending north to the north boundary line of our present district which is north of Warner canyon; from west to east it extends from the east line of Thomas creek district, near the F. D. Bauer ranch, east to beyond Camas prairie. Anyone at all familiar with the actual bonafide residents of this territory knows that it would be utterly impossible to locate a school building so that it could be accommodated; in fact some of the residents would be nearer to Lakeview than to the building in the proposed district. Then, again, it is well known that the parents who represent a majority of the pupils of school age residing in the proposed district are merely temporary residents, who may be in another county or state at any time.

Taking it all in all I must confess that from my way of thinking a division of our district at this time would benefit the residents in the new district but little if any, and that it would be of incalculable damage to our school.

CITIZEN.

Lakeview, Ore., Oct. 7, 1901.

The Telephone Line

The planting of poles for the Lake County Telephone line will be completed to Paisley tonight. The wire has been strung from Lakeview to four miles north of the Heryford Bros. ranch. More wire is on the way from the railroad and as soon as it arrives will be strung to Paisley. Each one of the directors are taking a turn at overseeing the work on the various sections. Directors S. B. Chandler, Wm. P. Heryford and George Conn have been looking after the work between Lakeview and Paisley, and President Wm. Harvey left for Paisley yesterday to take up the work from there to the north end of Summer Lake. From there on to Silver Lake it is expected that Director F. M. Chrisman will oversee the work. The construction of the line has been very satisfactory thus far.

Ditch Company at Bly.

The Klamath Express says that a ditch company was formed at Bonanza Monday for the purpose of taking water from the big springs on Ed. Terwilliger's place. The stockholders are John Shook, president, D. F. Driscoll, vice-president, Ed. Terwilliger, secretary and treasurer. They propose to start work at once and about three miles of ditch will be finished this fall.

THEY MET AT STATE LINE CRANE CREEK A. O. U. W.

Local Baptist Association Elects New Officers and Hold Enthusiastic Meeting—Next Session to be Held Here

The Lakeview Baptists met with the Crane Creek Baptist church on Oct. 3rd, at 10 a. m. An hour was spent in devotional meeting, conducted by Elder L. E. Henderson, after which the introductory sermon was preached by Rev. C. W. Holloman. An adjournment was then taken until 2 p. m.

The meeting was called to order in the afternoon by Moderator L. E. Henderson and the election of officers for the following year ensued. They are as follows:

Moderator..... T. B. Vernon.
Clerk..... C. C. Spoon.
Treasurer..... D. H. Harzog

Besides the regular form of business the following preachers occupied the pulpit: Thursday evening, Elder H. Smith; Friday at 11 a. m., Elder L. A. Myers; Friday evening, Elder P. J. Spoon; Saturday at 11 a. m., Elder L. A. Henderson; Saturday evening, L. A. Myers; Saturday at 11 a. m., Rev. C. W. Holloman; Saturday at 3 p. m., Rev. P. J. Spoon, and at night Elder H. Smith. The weather was stormy Thursday and Friday, but it cleared up later, and the attendance was good. There was considerable interest taken in the Association, and everybody appeared to enjoy the meetings. On Sunday the crowd was large.

The good people of Crane Creek know how to entertain. Everybody was bountifully fed and royally treated. Their kindness and hospitality will long be remembered by the members of the Association. There was a good spirit all through the meeting and many were heard to remark that they were glad to be here.

A Baptist Association is a voluntary body and its sole object is the spread of the Gospel. The Association will meet next year with the Lakeview church.

The Dog-Poisoner Again.

The dog poisoner is at his work again, and on Friday night last no less than ten canines were put out of business. Some of the animals killed were worthless, while others were much thought of by their owners, who make no secret of their indignation, and disgust for the unknown party who would do such a cowardly act. Some respect would be held for the man who could openly shoot a dog that annoys him, but there is none for the man who prowls in the night like a sneak thief to do the brutal work with poison.

Organizer Body Institutes a Big Lodge at New Pine Creek--A Strong Auxilliary to be Instituted Saturday.

Will T. Boyd, organizer and deputy Grand Marshal of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, has found a rich field in which to labor in the New Pine Creek vicinity. In an interview with Mr. Boyd last Monday he told an Examiner representative that he had instituted a lodge of Workmen at New Pine Creek with 33 charter members, and that by next Saturday night the roll of applicants would reach 43. Besides he had already applications numbering 65 for a lodge of the Degree of Honor and the members would reach 100 before he finished his canvass. This is a wonderful showing for a town the size of New Pine Creek, and demonstrates the fact that the people are becoming alive to the importance of good, cheap, lodge insurance and family protection in case of death. A number of the pioneer members of the old Lakeview lodge of Workmen went to New Pine Creek on September 28th to assist Mr. Boyd in instituting the new lodge. The lodge was named New Pine Creek Lodge and the officers elected are as follows:

Past Master Workman..... B. F. Cannon.
Master Workman..... Wm. Lemon.
Foreman..... Alex Robnett.
Overseer..... A. M. Gallagher.
Guide..... J. A. W. Jones.
Receiver..... Joseph Smith.
Recorder..... F. C. Easter.
Financier..... E. H. Gibbins.
Inside Watch..... Wm. Blurton.
Outside Watch..... James Laughlin.
Trustee..... Will Cannon.
Trustee..... E. H. Gibbins.
Trustee..... Alex Robnett.

The degree of honor will be instituted next Saturday night, and a number of members of the local lodge will go to New Pine Creek to assist.

Taken to the Asylum

Since Vernie Hopkins' incarceration he has become demented. Last Thursday County Physicians Drs. Smith and Steiner, in the presence of the County Court, examined the patient and pronounced him insane. He was committed to the asylum at Salem and John B. Blair and Ashley Follett were appointed guards to escort him to the institution for which place they started last Friday. The asylum is a better place than any other for this unfortunate young man. He may be cured under the kind treatment of the asylum doctors, and still become a useful citizen. Let us hope so.