

TERMS: (One Year, \$2.00
Six Months, 1.00
Three Months, .50)

LAKEVIEW, OREGON, NOV. 24, 1900.

THE CHINESE PROBLEM.

The ruin of the Russian Empire is now predicted, and it is the Russian press that so predicts this terrible calamity to its country. The "Rossiya," leading journal of St. Petersburg, says that the Chinese troubles "threaten to ruin the Russian Empire." If the powers, it is added, continue their present policy, China will be unable to pay a money indemnity, and consequently the powers will demand and secure mining, railroad and commercial concessions, which will result in the division of the Chinese Empire into spheres of influence and, ultimately, in the partition of China, in spite of the assurances of the powers to the contrary. The Chinese, it is further asserted, indignantly, will emigrate to Siberia, and the "yellow horde" will again "precipitate itself toward European Russia, which will sink to the position of secondary power. The other powers probably will be satisfied with this eventually, their interests being solely commercial."

The Novoe Vremya finds the situation even worse, and says the powers must act independently. Henceforth, it asserts, each power must bear the responsibility of its own army. It is true that the English journals in Japanese ports have endeavored to convince the Japanese, with some success, that they can easily vanquish the Russians. The present campaign, however, gave the armies of the two powers an opportunity to learn and esteem each other. The Novoe Vremya says: "Russia and Japan will dictate the future of East Asia."

The English press has been severe in its criticisms upon the attitude of the United States relative to the Chinese complications, based upon the unreliable advices of their American correspondents. After careful inquiry these correspondents are found to completely misunderstand the policy of the United States. This government has not interposed any obstacle to an agreement among the powers at Peking, but, on the contrary, Mr. Conger has been instructed frequently and in urgent terms to do everything possible to bring about a speedy agreement. This government took no part in the expedition to Pao Ting Fu, but it made no protest against it, and has given no expression of opinion to the other power as to its propriety. The United States government agrees with the powers in demanding severe and swift punishment of the principal wrong-doers, indemnity for the past and security for the future. It does not, however, at this time and distance, presume to decide who are the most guilty, what punishment must be inflicted in each particular case and what sentences are possible of execution. The United States is in accord with the powers to exact a reparation from China which is wholly within the power of China to grant, and no more. These correspondents of the English press should be "muzzled" as it is evident they would like to create dissension in the general arrangement of the Chinese difficulty.

WORK FOR THE FOOL-KILLER

"Jesus Christ, Thomas Jefferson and W. J. Bryan will live in the hearts of the true men and women until the end of time. To repudiate either one would be to repudiate all three. They will be the illustrious trio in the world's history." — "Kentucky," correspondent from Grant's Pass in Medford Enquirer.

Then Christ has been repudiated along with Bryan. It's a wonder that "Kentucky" did not include Kentucky state in the list, and put Bryan before the Son of God. The fool-killer should make a trip to Grant's Pass.

COMMISSIONER HERMANN.

A telegram from Washington under date of Nov. 13, announces the resignation of Hon. Binger Hermann, Commissioner of the General Land Office. Mr. Hermann is a candidate to succeed Mr. McBride as Senator from Oregon. The latter's term expires on March 4, next. Mr. Hermann feels confident of his ability to win the seat, and has asked President McKinley to name a Commissioner to succeed him within three months. Mr. Hermann has many warm supporters in the state, but there appears to be a great opposition to his candidacy in some quarters, particularly in Portland. The Oregonian is a bitter enemy of the Commissioner, as is of course the Telegram. The dispatch says there is a doubt in Washington among Oregonians about Hermann being able to win. It is announced in this connection that President McKinley believes in Mr. Hermann's sincerity of purpose, and has promised the Commissioner to a well known Minnesota man. Mr. Hermann declines to say whether or not the rumors of his contemplated retirement and candidacy for the Senatorship is authentic. If true there will no doubt be a bitter contest, for the present Commissioner is not only a particularly fortunate man in politics and a brainy man, but he is a hard fighter as well.

In connection with this rumor, Commissioner Hermann advises a friend in Salem that while he visited the President immediately after the election, and Mr. McKinley expressed his gratification at the splendid vote given him in Oregon (an increase of nearly 12,000 over that of four years ago) no mention of his resignation was made to the President, nor was anything said regarding the Senatorial situation in Oregon. So there you have it!

Congressman Catchings' Advice.

Congressman Catchings of Mississippi gives the Democrats this advice:

"Drop free silver, drop fusionism, drop the cry of government by injunction, drop the cry of imperialism and militarism, drop all discussion about the Philippines until peace has been restored; drop appeals to the passions and prejudices of the idle and discontented; revive the Federal question of taxation; teach the Democratic doctrine that people cannot be made rich by taxing them; assail the favoritism and wrongs of a high protective tariff; stand for the control of trusts and combines by methods not oppressive; demand an enlargement of the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission and the liberal improvement of harbors; insist on local self-government, and let the next presidential candidate remain at home during the campaign."

Should this advice be taken by the Democrats it will mean that the party will follow on lines almost identical to those of the Republican party. In this case Bryan will doubtless drift toward the doctrines of "Social Democracy," as advocated by Debs and Altgeld.

It seems that a standing army is necessary in Kentucky to keep the peace. No other state in the Union so disgraces and debases itself as does the hoisted "blue-blood" state. Murder, cold-blooded, dastardly murder, stalks abroad in that state, and no man is safe to express an honest opinion. If such a thing were possible, the right of state government should be taken from Kentucky and a protectorate placed over it. Another clash is imminent between the Federal and State authorities there over the recent gross election frauds. This is only the beginning of another prolonged and bitter contest in Kentucky. The Blue Grass State is certainly earning, with its repeated assassinations and ignoble deeds, the reputation of "The Dark and Bloody Ground." Just now that state is a disgrace to the Union.

Our good friends of Lake county who have not yet figured out that creamery would be a well-paying industry, but who are sitting down and waiting patiently for other fortunes to come along and smile on them, are apt to have need of soft cushions.

Now for that Nicaraguan Canal!

We make Prosperity a Fact to our Customers

How? By giving them the most for their money. No matter how large or how small a man's income it should be spent carefully—that is where it will obtain best value. As we have often said—trashy goods are dear at any price. Our large business has been built up by selling reliable dry goods at close prices. Never have we been more thoroughly equipped to serve our customers than this fall. We challenge comparison of goods and prices.

BAILEY & MASSINGILL,
...THE PIONEER STORE...

AT THE COURT HOUSE

Business Transactions Found on the County Records.

Records of Important Affairs Placed on the Good Book to Make Them Safe in Law.

COMPILED BY WM. GUNTHER, CLERK.

The following transactions were recorded in the office of the County Clerk of Lake county from November 1, 1900, to November 17, 1900, inclusive:

DEEDS RECORDED.

- November 2—C. C. and Blanche Cannon to Frank and Nettie Cannon—Piece of land at New Pine Creek; consideration, \$95.
- November 4—L. T. Rhodes to Thomas McGrath—100 acres in Goose Lake valley; consideration, \$500.
- November 5—Mary J. Hammersley to A. H. Hammersley—Lot in Lakeview; consideration, \$450.
- November 5—J. S. Field et ux to Lakeview Lodge No. 63, I. O. O. F.—Support of second story building, Lakeview; consideration, \$1.
- November 8—California & Oregon Land Company to William Harvey—1593 acres of land, Goose Lake valley; consideration, \$3,180.
- November 12—John McElhinney and Ida E. Ross (trustees estate of Ed. B. Ross) to H. H. Dunlap—Lot in Lakeview; consideration, \$800.
- November 15—J. H. and Karne Tomningson to G. Schlagel—Lot in Lakeview (undivided one-half interest); consideration, \$750.
- November 16—George H. Ayres et ux and J. H. Tomningson et ux to George Jannerthal—Lot in Lakeview; consideration, \$400.
- November 17—Charles Hutchins to E. Campbell—Lot in Paisley; consideration, \$150.

MORTGAGES, REALTY.

- November 5—William Sweeney et ux to Cressler & Bonner—Land in South Warner (160 acres); consideration, \$500.
- November 5—Thomas Ferris to J. D. Edler—Land in South Warner (319 1/2 acres); consideration, \$300.
- November 13—J. S. Field et ux to William Harvey—Brick building and lot, Lakeview, consideration, \$2,000.
- November 16—P. W. Jones et ux to Lulu Corum—Land in Silver Lake; consideration, \$200.
- November 17—G. Schlagel et ux to J. H. Tomningson—Lot in Lakeview (undivided one-half interest); consideration, \$750.

MORTGAGES, CHATTEL.

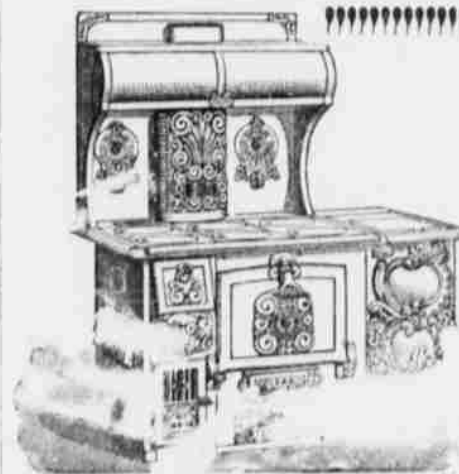
- November 7—George H. Bogue to Bank of Lakeview—75 head of steers; consideration, \$900.
- November 7—B. W. Hartman to Bank of Lakeview—58 bales of wool; consideration, \$800.
- November 12—Manuel Sanders to J. L. Coleman—1,100 stock sheep and increase; consideration, \$338.37.
- November 12—L. E. McCulley to J. S. Coleman—600 head of stock sheep and increase; consideration, \$570.23.
- November 13—J. W. Brown to J. S. Field—900 head of sheep; consideration, \$500.

Our esteemed contemporary, the Harney Valley Items, advertises in its last issue a "neck-tie social" to be held at Burns. What! Is the good Brother Cochrane going to hang what is left of the Populist party of Harney?

Everybody likes a good meal and all know Sib

THE **EXCHANGE**
25 CTS.
SIB HARBER, Proprietress
Main St., Lakeview

She superintends all o the COOKING herself
Go there for a Fine Meal
Special inducements offered for board by the week or by the month



Aluminum STEEL RANGES
AIR TIGHT HEATERS
And everything in **HARDWARE**

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All work done on short notice; guarantee satisfaction

NORTH OF OPERA HOUSE

Stops the Cough and Works off the Cold.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure no pay. Price 25 cents.

At frequent intervals for three days and nights snow has fallen in Goose Lake Valley and at this writing, Wednesday morning, it lies about six inches deep on the level, and anywhere from a foot to twenty inches in the drifts. The storm has doubtless reached the desert, which will be joy for the sheepmen.

When you go to Klamath Falls don't fail to see C. D. Wilson the popular caterer at the Gem saloon. He carries the finest stock in town and will treat you right. The Gem is the popular resort. Try the Hermitage whisky there. 25-tf

LAKEVIEW PLUSH STAGE LINE

GEO. H. STEVENS, Proprietor.

Leaves Lakeview Mondays and Fridays—Returning, Leaves Plush Tuesdays and Saturdays, at 7 o'clock a.m. Carries Passengers, Packages and Freight. STAGE OFFICE—Bailey & Massingill's Store.

Lakeview, - - - - Oregon.

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HAS MOVED INTO HIS

NEW STORE

WITH A COMPLETE LINE OF

Harness Hardware Saddles Stoves

...I'm in it...

See me for bargains