

# Lake County Examiner

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LAKEVIEW, LAKE COUNTY, OREGON, THURSDAY, NOV. 15, 1900.

NO. 45.

## AMIDST A SHOWER OF BALLOTS REPUBLICANS ARE VICTORIOUS

AND SOUND  
DOCTRINES

THE PARTY OF  
PROSPERITY

The Greatest Political Landslide Ever Known in the History of this Republic Has Just Been Witnessed by its Citizens.

WITH NEARLY 300 ELECTORAL VOTES

William McKinley and Theodore Roosevelt, The Plumed Knights, March Down the Line to the White House in a Blaze of Glory to Preside over the Destinies of the People, and to Give us Four Years More of Good Cheer.

As was reported meagerly last week the country went to McKinley with a gigantic land-slide and buried Bryan deep beneath the great avalanche. Even Nebraska, Bryan's home state, voted for prosperity and gave its electoral votes to McKinley. Nevada was considered doubtful for a time, but went 1500 for Bryan. Kentucky, with its 13 electoral votes, is still doubtful, but will probably be declared for McKinley, finally, which will give the Republican standard bearers 305 votes in the Electoral College. Lake county, Oregon, gave Bryan 32 majority in 1896 and now repudiates him by a majority of 225 for McKinley and Roosevelt.

In other columns will be found tables of comparison of the result in 1896 and the official vote of Lake county. Followingin, brief, is the result in each state where the contest waged the hottest:

### BRYAN TO M'KINLEY.

"Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 8.—Hon. William McKinley, President of the United States: At the close of another Presidential campaign it is my lot to congratulate you upon a second victory." W. J. BRYAN.

### NEBRASKA.

Almost complete returns give McKinley a plurality of over 6,000, while the Republican state ticket is elected by 2,000. Republicans elect 2 and Fusionists 4 Congressmen. Legislature will stand, Republicans, 16; Fusionists, 16; vacant, 1. House, Republican, 51; Fusionists, 49.

### KENTUCKY.

Both parties claim the state. Charges of fraud on every hand. Official count now in progress. Republicans claim Verkes fairly elected Governor and the state for McKinley. Trouble expected.

### KANSAS.

Republicans carry the state by 25,000 for McKinley and 20,000 for state ticket, and elect every Congressman but one; Republicans claim the Legislature by safe majority on joint ballot.

### MONTANA.

Democrats carry Montana by some thing over 10,000, and Republicans claim the election of Folsom for Governor, but it is probable he is defeated.

### INDIANA.

Republicans carry the state by over 30,000 and elect 11 of the 13 Congressmen. Legislature safely Republican.

### MASSACHUSETTS.

The vote in the state complete gives McKinley 239,405; Bryan, 156,507; Crane (Republican) for Governor has 98,771 majority over Payne, Democrat. Republicans make heavy gains in the Legislature. Senate Republican by 23; House Republican by 117.

### MINNESOTA.

Minnesota gives McKinley and Roosevelt 75,000 plurality. Both parties claim Governor, but undoubtedly Van Sant (Republican) is elected by 10,000. All Republican Congressmen, a large majority of the Representatives in the Legislature and all state candidates are elected.

### WASHINGTON.

The state gives the national Republican ticket 4,000 plurality, and probably elects a Democratic Governor by a small plurality.

### IDAHO.

State goes Democratic by small plurality.

### CONNECTICUT.

Republican plurality, 28,415; McLean (Republican) elected Governor by 15,000; all Republican Congressmen elected. Senate will stand 22 Republicans and 2 Democrats; House Republican by 202 to 51—Republican gain of 21.

### MICHIGAN.

Republicans carry the state by plurality of 88,017. They elect Bliss (Rep.) Governor by 60,430 plurality. Legislature overwhelmingly Republican.

### OHIO.

McKinley has a plurality of 80,000—an increase of 30,000 over 1896. State ticket Republican by same plurality. Walcott will be defeated for U. S. Senator, as the Legislature is lost to the Republicans.

### NEW YORK.

Republicans carry the state by 146,000; Democrats carry Greater New York by 27,000. Republicans expected to carry the state by less than 100,000 and conceded Greater New York to Bryan by at least 50,000. Croker says: "No power on earth—noting but death—can prevent Mr. Bryan from remaining the national leader of the people." Republican gains in both Houses of the Legislature.

### NEVADA.

State Democratic by 1,500 plurality. Newlands (Dem.) elected to Congress by 2,000.

### MISSOURI.

Democratic by reduced majority.

### ILLINOIS.

The Republicans carry the national ticket by about 100,000 and elect Yates for Governor by 80,000.

### NEW JERSEY.

Republicans gain as the count progresses and the Republican electors will have over 5,000 plurality; Republicans elect 6 of the 8 Congressmen.

### NORTH DAKOTA.

Republican plurality of over 10,000; Republican state ticket elected and it is almost sure that White (Rep.) is elected Governor.

### MARYLAND.

"Maryland; My Maryland," gives McKinley 14,146 plurality. All Republican Congressmen are elected.

### COLORADO.

Fusion Democrats-Silver Republicans and Populists make a clean sweep in Colorado, and give Bryan 35,000 plurality. Walcott will be defeated for U. S. Senator, as the Legislature is lost to the Republicans.

### UTAH.

The State of Utah gives the Republicans about 4,000 plurality, national, state and congressional. Republican Legislature.

### CALIFORNIA.

California gives about 40,000 plurality for the Republicans and all Republican Congressmen are elected.

### IOWA.

The state again goes Republican by 100,000 plurality. Solid delegation of 11 Republican Congressmen elected. The entire Republican state ticket is elected by the largest plurality ever had in Iowa.

### KANSAS.

Kansas gives McKinley and the Republican legislative ticket 25,000 plurality. All Republican Congressmen are elected.

### MAINE.

Republican by 40,000 plurality, and all Republican Congressmen elected.

### NEW HAMPSHIRE.

State gives McKinley 20,000 plurality, both Republican Congressmen elected, and Legislature overwhelmingly Republican.

### PENNSYLVANIA.

Pennsylvania gives McKinley the greatest majority of any state in the Union, something like 300,000. Quay will probably be elected to the senate.

### RHODE ISLAND.

The state gives a Republican plurality of 20,000. This is a loss of about 3,000 to the Republicans since 1896.

### OREGON.

Republican by 14,000 plurality.

### SOUTH DAKOTA.

State gives McKinley 12,000 plurality, and Senator Pettigrew will be replaced by a Republican.

### VERMONT.

McKinley has 30,000 plurality and all state and congressional tickets are elected by the Republicans.

### WEST VIRGINIA.

McKinley gets a majority of 17,000. All 4 Republican Congressmen are elected and a majority of 20 on joint ballot in the Legislature insures the re-election of Senator Elkins.

### WISCONSIN.

Wisconsin comes to the front with a plurality of 105,000 Republican. Republican Governor elected.

### DELAWARE.

Republicans get the electoral votes of Delaware and both branches of Legislature, insuring the election of two Republican United States Senators.

### WYOMING.

State gives 4,000 Republican plurality.

### TEXAS.

The state gives Bryan 175,000 plurality. Bailey (Dem.) will succeed Horace Chilton (Rep.) in the U. S. Senate.

### CHILTON.

The Solid South, of course, is in the Democratic column, giving Bryan 142 electoral votes, outside of Kentucky, doubtful. There will be 204 Republicans in the next House—a majority over all of 51.

### OREGON'S VOTE.

Complete returns from 19 counties and incomplete returns from the others show Oregon's vote to be as follows:

Baker county, plurality ..... 30 Dem [This county went 2 to 1 for Bryan in '96.] Benton county, plurality ..... 188 Rep Clackamas county, " ..... 600 " Clatsop county, " ..... 638 " Columbia county, " ..... 480 " Coos county, " ..... 599 " Curry county, " ..... 89 " Douglas county, " ..... 275 "

### M'KINLEY TO BRYAN.

"Executive Mansion, Washington, D. C., Nov. 9—Hon. William J. Bryan, Lincoln, Neb.: I acknowledge with cordial thanks your message of congratulation and extend you my best wishes. WM. M'KINLEY."

### ELECTORAL VOTE—1896-1900.

Following is a tabulated statement of the electoral vote of 1896 and 1900, which gives McKinley 21 more electoral votes in the electoral college (not counting Kentucky, which is still doubtful) than he received in his first contest with Bryan:

| STATES.        | 1896.    |       | 1900.    |       |
|----------------|----------|-------|----------|-------|
|                | McKinley | Bryan | McKinley | Bryan |
| Alabama        | 11       | 11    | 11       | 11    |
| Arkansas       | 8        | 8     | 9        | 8     |
| California     | 4        | 4     | 4        | 4     |
| Colorado       | 6        | 6     | 6        | 6     |
| Connecticut    | 3        | 3     | 3        | 3     |
| Delaware       | 4        | 4     | 4        | 4     |
| Florida        | 13       | 13    | 13       | 13    |
| Georgia        | 24       | 24    | 24       | 24    |
| Idaho          | 15       | 15    | 15       | 15    |
| Illinois       | 13       | 13    | 13       | 13    |
| Indiana        | 10       | 10    | 10       | 10    |
| Iowa           | 12       | 1     | 12       | 12    |
| Kansas         | 8        | 8     | 8        | 8     |
| Louisiana      | 3        | 3     | 3        | 3     |
| Maine          | 8        | 8     | 8        | 8     |
| Maryland       | 8        | 8     | 8        | 8     |
| Massachusetts  | 15       | 15    | 15       | 15    |
| Michigan       | 14       | 14    | 14       | 14    |
| Minnesota      | 9        | 9     | 9        | 9     |
| Mississippi    | 17       | 17    | 17       | 17    |
| Missouri       | 3        | 3     | 3        | 3     |
| Montana        | 3        | 3     | 3        | 3     |
| Nebraska       | 3        | 3     | 3        | 3     |
| Nevada         | 4        | 4     | 4        | 4     |
| New Hampshire  | 4        | 4     | 4        | 4     |
| New Jersey     | 10       | 10    | 10       | 10    |
| New York       | 26       | 26    | 26       | 26    |
| North Carolina | 11       | 11    | 11       | 11    |
| North Dakota   | 3        | 3     | 3        | 3     |
| Oregon         | 23       | 23    | 23       | 23    |
| Pennsylvania   | 4        | 4     | 4        | 4     |
| Rhode Island   | 4        | 4     | 4        | 4     |
| South Carolina | 9        | 9     | 9        | 9     |
| South Dakota   | 4        | 4     | 4        | 4     |
| Tennessee      | 12       | 12    | 12       | 12    |
| Texas          | 15       | 15    | 15       | 15    |
| Utah           | 3        | 3     | 3        | 3     |
| Vermont        | 4        | 4     | 4        | 4     |
| Virginia       | 12       | 12    | 12       | 12    |
| Washington     | 4        | 4     | 4        | 4     |
| West Virginia  | 6        | 6     | 6        | 6     |
| Wisconsin      | 12       | 12    | 12       | 12    |
| Wyoming        | 3        | 3     | 3        | 3     |
| <b>Totals</b>  | 271      | 176   | 292      | 142   |

## AGAINST THE WARNER SETTLERS.

Commissioner Binger Hermann Reverses the Decision of the Register and Receiver of the Lakeview Land Office in the Warner Land Cases.

The officials of the local land office received yesterday a copy of the decision of Commissioner Hermann of the General Land Office in the case of The State of Oregon and Warner Valley Stock Company vs. J. L. Morrow, et al., involving lands in the Warner valley. The decision is on appeal from the Lakeview Land Office, and, after going into the testimony of the case at length, the Commissioner renders his decision against the settlers in the following language:

"After a careful consideration of all the testimony submitted in this case, I must hold and decide that the lands involved were not, in 1890, covered by the waters of a permanent lake