Lake County Examiner.
SATURDAY.....JUNE 13, 1891.

Sitting Bull, the great Sioux war chief, is dying of pneumonia at Standing Rock. About eight thousand Indians are gathered at that point, wild with excitement.

The joint session of the New Hampshire legislature, last week, elected Charlet H. Bodell, republican for governor, there being no choice by the people at the election last November.

It is officially stated that an agreement has been made between President Adams, of the Union, and President Dolge, of the Northern Pacific, in regard to the election of the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company, and that it will secure a unanimous board of directors for that company, to be named jointly by Henry Villard and General G. M. Dodge, in Portland.

The Grand Army.

The indications at present are that the twenty odd thousand veterans who will attend the annual national encampment at Milwaukee next August will not be given the railroads at the rate of 1 cent a mile. Word was received that the Western States Passenger Association did not take the matter up at its session last week. John M. Abbott, chairman of the association, is quoted as authority that the action previously decided upon by the railroads will stand without change. This fixes the rate at one fare for the round trip, which is 2½ cents a mile. This will be unexpected as well as unwelcome news to old soldiers all over the northwest and all over the country in fact.

How the Census Will be Taken in Oregon.

The superintendent of the census has been in consultation with Representative Hermann as to the advisability of dividing Oregon into one or two supervisor's districts, and it was concluded to make two districts, dividing the state on the summit of the Cascade range of mountains which forms eastern Oregon, as one district, with a supervisor of census for it, and western Oregon as another. There will be, it is estimated, about 200 enumerators for Oregon, who will each have a separate division composed of precincts, whose employment will be limited to one month and who will be allowed $3 per day, owing to the sparse population in many places. In eastern states the compensation will be based on the number of names and industries enumerated. These enumerators will be under the direction of the supervisors.

TWELVE THOUSAND DEAD.

The Johnstown Horror.

A dispatch from Johnstown, June 6th, says:

The best estimates this morning on the loss of life, based on the registry of the living and an unofficial poll, are from 12,000 to 15,000.

In the midst of the scene of death and devastation, a relenting Providence is exerting a subduing influence. The temperature remains low in the Conemaugh valley. Its benefit is inestimable, and should it continue a few days longer, it is probable that hundreds of bodies may be recovered in such a state of preservation as to render identification possible. Many hundreds of victims, however, will be roasted and charred into shapeless masses. The work of clearing up the wreck and recovering the bodies is being conducted systematically. Over 6,000 men are at work, and as the rubbish is gone over and the bodies and articles of value recovered, the debris is piled up and the wreck repaired. In twenty-four hours every mass of rubbish will probably be searched, and all investigations will be confined to the smoking wreck above the bridge.

At the commissary station this morning 1,350 people were fed and 200 families furnished with provisions. Five hundred of clothing were distributed. Now almost everyone is provided for. At the Red Cross registry places 8,000 survivors of the devastated district are registered. The total population of this district was between 40,000 and 50,000. There were hundreds of people waiting around the offices to have their names placed on the list of saved. By to-morrow night 85 per cent of the survivors will have been registered.

Notwithstanding the fact that nearly every prominent city in the United States is raising a fund for the relief of the Conemaugh sufferers, the wants of the homeless and afflicted are far from being alleviated. At the various relief stations the crowd of applicants was continuous from morning until night, and many of the needy were forced to wait in line for hours until their turn came and their little portion was allotted them.

Hundreds of thousands of dollars must pour into this valley if positive suffering and privation is to be avoided. Thousands of people are homeless, and in this devastated region thousands also lost their all. Labor and manufacturing of nearly every kind is at a standstill in the valley, and weeks and months must elapse before the iron works and other industrial institutions can possibly resume and give employment to the thousands that depend upon their for support.

Dr. Loeda, Pennsylvania state board of health representative, was to-day asked his opinion about the prospects of an epidemic in Conemaugh valley.

He said: "God only knows. No man living can tell what will come out of these piles of drift and wreckage. To-day we started a corps of sanitary inspectors into the thickest of the debris, and in a little while the bodies of fifty dead animals, horses, were unearthed and hauled away for burial. If this percentage is kept up here, there is a fearful amount of decomposing animal matter to be removed or encountered. I have to-day ordered the surgeon-general at Washington to forward unlimited quantities of disinfectants to Johnstown."

There is nothing from up the mountain, and I hope to be able to have the whole city fortified inside of a few days."

A house-to-house canvass was ordered by the sanitary authorities to-day, and its revelations, so far as they went, were startling in the extreme. It was found that four and seven all families were being crowded into a single house; that as high fifty were sleeping in one room; that the doors and windows were left closed to shut out the stench and dampness; and that the result was pneumonia, the existence of which was first discovered yesterday among a dozen victims. It is a well-established fact that the pneumonia germ is growing in strength.

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LATE TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Chico asks for bids for lighting the city by electricity.

The president is not disposed to call an extra session of congress.

In China the iron-workers (considered the best in the world) make 5 cents per day.

Three Ohio newspapers have come out for McKinley for president in 1892.

Georgia expects to raise two thousand more carloads of watermelons this year than in 1888.

It is unlikely that prohibition will ever again secure a majority in any state of the American union.

His Royal Highness King Malietoa of Samoa has developed an inordinate liking for beer and pretzels.

Washington territory's constitutional convention will be composed of 46 republicans and 22 democrats.

It costs Massachusetts $1,000,000 to get the expression of voters of the state on the question of prohibition.

American pickpockets are flocking to the Paris exposition, where their business is said to be thriving wonderfully.

The report that Tarsotti, the supposed murderer of A. J. Snell, the banker, is in China is not credited at Chicago.

Ship agents say that heavy bookings are being made on vessels from England to America. On the leading vessels the saloon berths are full up to November.

Cleveland wishes it understood that he is a democrat, too, and that Hill grows restive under the infringement of copyright.

At the horticultural show at the Tuileries, Paris, during June, there will be 5,000 rose trees, of 3,000 varieties in bloom.

One inevitable result of high income is a decrease in the number of liquor saloons, and, as a rule, the survivors are the fittest.

The nineteen crematories in New Hampshire produced in 1888 about one million, two hundred and fifty thousand pounds of butter.

Miss Emma Clayton, the daughter of John Clayton, who was assassinated in Arkansas, has been appointed postmistress at Pine Bluff.

Statistics of trade show that the mines of the Lake Superior region produce nearly one third of all the iron ore put upon the American market.

Joseph Kemmler, upon whom the first experiment of death is to be made in New York, expresses himself as much interested in the coming experiment.

A man at Springfield, Mass., who does not believe in the efficacy of prayer, offers $1,000 to any church congregation who will pray for a given thing and have it come to pass.

The city council of Seattle has done well in forbidding the erection of frame buildings in the burnt district. The city will rise from its ashes safer and handsomer than before.

Europe raises 1,200,000 bushels of wheat yearly, twice as much as the American production. Our wheat land exceeds 50,000,000 bushels for seed. We export 50,000,000 bushels.

Congressman Scott, the Pennsylvania democratic leader, is said to have spent $100,000 during the last two racing seasons in endeavoring to force one of his horses to the front at the finish.

A fellow giving the name of Joseph Niles did a flourishing business for a while in assuring the Chinese of Willows $1 a head, claiming to be a collector sent by Consul Bee, but he was arrested last Sunday.

Of $116,860,000 worth of breadstuffs exported from the United States in 1888 Britain took $74,000,000 worth, or 63.31 per cent. Of $104,650,000 worth of provisions exported Britain took $71,070,000, or 67.92 per cent.

The charge for ascending the Eiffel tower is 5 francs, or $1 in our money. The receipts are already large, and a considerable proportion comes from American English people desirous of acquainting themselves with high life.

Dennis Hayes, ex-county coroner, and William Potts were returning from a picnic near Marysville, Cal., when they were thrown from their carriage. Both received injuries about the head. Those of Hayes will prove fatal. Potts's chances are doubtful.

The bank of Omaha, which was incorporated last fall with a capital stock of $100,000, very little of which was paid in, closed its doors last week. The liabilities are better $60,000 and $70,000. The assets are nominal. The failure was due to bad loans.

Much indignation has been excited at Fort Dodge, Iowa, because cows have been given the liberty of the streets. Every alderman who voted for the ordinance has been ostracized, both socially and in a business way, and they were serenaded with cow-bells.

The people of Bakersfield have done what will probably be imitated in many places. They had subscribed $1,000 for a Fourth of July celebration, but they decided to turn over this fund to the flood sufferers and dispense with the celebration. This idea is as original as it is generous.

See How Ma killed Ah Kow at Walla Walla Saturday evening. This isn't an invitation to witness a reenactment of the way mamma killed a cow, but it is a simple statement of a fact. Ah Kow owed See How Ma some money, and when he refused to pay it his creditor killed him.

The president has received letters from a committee of the National Wool Growers' Association of the United States, dated Columbus, O., urging the necessity for an extra session of congress, to convene at the earliest practicable day, for the purpose of enacting necessary legislation in regard to woolgrowing and other industries of the country.

The case with which pension frauds are committed, under circumstances that favor a suitable, can be seen by a case unearthed recently. The widow of an Andersonville victim got a pension of $8 in 1871. She married again and died in 1873. Her man took her papers and married a woman who was made to personate her until his death in 1881. She took up with another man, who learned the story and made her continue the swindle against her will. When they separated in 1888 she claimed drawing the pension and an investigation revealed these facts. Since 1873, for fifteen years, a fraudulent pension has been paid, amounting to $6,480.

NEIGHBORING NOTES.

Post Oregon Herald.

The stealing of the mail sack on the Bidwell stage line is the topic of conversation; it is the general opinion that it was stolen not for the money that was in it, but to delay the many applicants for filings on the Red-S lands.

New Era.

A private note received from Fort Bidwell, dated June 4th, says that the stage running between Bidwell and Burns was robbed and the mail sack rifled. We have not learned any further particulars.

The Indians in the employ of the corporation, have gathered an enormous amount of wild parsnips from the company's swamp lands the present season. The deadly vegetable is piled up and fences built around it.

Work is rapidly progressing at the Davis Creek flour mill, and Mr. Redo, the builder, expects to have it in running order during the present season. Henderson tells us that it will be the best mill in Modoc county.

Ashland Tidings.

Mrs. T. J. Patterson came in from Fort Bidwell last Monday, to join her husband and proceed to their new home at Port Angeles, W. T.

One of the neatest specimens of job printing received at this office for a long time is the program card of the Lakeview Academy, printed at the EXAMINER office in that place.

The members of the Lakeview brass band wanted $75 to furnish music for the 4th of July and the committee thought the price too high and refused to employ them, so that the Lakeview people will probably celebrate without any brass music. The Ashland band are usually paid $100 on such occasions and then think they are working too cheap.

Democratic Times.

We regret to learn that H. C. Fleming and family departed during the week for Lakeview county, where they will make their future home.

The convicts at the prison at Salem are engaged in making 500,000 brick for use in building a new wing at the asylum during the summer. Twenty thousand bricks are turned out each day.

The thermometer was in a lively mood the forepart of the week, running up to over 100 degrees in the shade in some portions of the valley. This weather lasted only two or three days and it is cooler now.

After inviting proposals from a majority of the good bands in the state the committee on the Fourth of July celebration at Portland secured the Walla Walla band for that day at a cost of $800 and expenses. Our boys did not put their figure high enough, or they would have secured the contract, as they play as well as anybody's band. Portland goes pretty heavy on top figures.

A Pasadena taxidermist has contracted to stuff 2,000 horned toads to be sent east.

There is renewed talk of having an early session of congress, though leading republicans are found in opposition to the move.

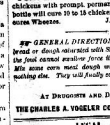
The Wyoming territorial supreme court has decided that the owners of land may fence the same, even if in so doing they inclose government or public land. This decision will be appealed.

Four generations of the Harrison family were photographed recently in the red parlor at the White House. Rev. Dr. Scott sat on the extreme right of the group, Mrs. Harrison and Mrs. McKee next, and last Benjamin Harrison McKee.

The Northern Pacific intends to build at least two hundred miles of new roads in Manitoba this year. This new mileage will run westward from Morris, a station on the Northern Pacific and Manitoba line, between the international boundary and Winnipeg.

Another sportsmen's dam near Olney, N. Y., said to be the largest artificial body of water in the United States, is reported as likely to give away. No chances should be taken with it. These great fishing preserves are fun for their owners, but thousands live in their neighbors. The Johnstown disaster should give the whole business of artificially preserved waters a bad name, and require rigid accountability from those whose business it must be to see that they are safe beyond question.

FOR CHICKEN CHOLERA.



69 Huron St., Sheboygan, Wis., Nov. 29, 1886.

I have used Jacobs Oil for scrobbed of chickens with perfect permanent cure. One bottle will cure 10 to 15 chickens; 2 to 3 drops cures Wheaton. JAS. BETHAL.

I recommend it as a sure cure. It has saved me many dollars. H. A. KUENNE, Breeder of Fine Fowls.

Bakersfield, Cal., Oct. 19, 1888.

I have used St. Jacobs Oil for scrobbed of chickens with perfect permanent cure. One bottle will cure 10 to 15 chickens; 2 to 3 drops cures Wheaton.

SF GENERAL DIRECTIONS.—Mix a pill of bread or dough saturated with St. Jacobs Oil. If the fowl cannot swallow, force it down the throat. Mix some corn meal dough with the Oil. Give nothing else. Tray will finally eat and be cured.

AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

LEGAL.

PROPOSALS FOR BRIDGE.

Bid will be received at the office of the Clerk of Lake county, Oregon, for constructing a bridge across the Chewaucan river on the road from Crooked Creek valley to Lake Abert. Plans and specifications, at the engineer's office, must accompany each bid and also be put under sealed cover. Make bids on blank forms of marked "Proposals for Bridge," and addressed to the undersigned, Lakeview, Lake county, Lakeview, Oregon. Bids will be opened by the County Court on Wednesday, July 3d, 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m. The court reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the County Court at its May term 1889. W. M. BOND, County Clerk.

DESERT LAND FINAL PROOF.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, Lakeview, Oregon, May 23, 1889.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Joseph Proctor, of Lake county, Oregon, has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in his desert claim No. 102, for the E½ of S½ of Sec. 21, SW¼ of Sec. 22, SE¼ of Sec. 28, and E½ of Sec. 33, Tp. 37 S., R. 18 E., before the Register and Receiver at Lakeview, Or., on Monday, the 8th day of July, 1889. He names the following witnesses to prove his actual, continuous and adverse possession of said land since Sept. 1, 1884: John Cochran, all of Silver Lake, Or.

may25-13 A. F. SNELLING, Register.

LEGAL.

PROPOSALS FOR BRIDGE.

Proposals to build a bridge across the creek near Henry E. Herrford's place, will be received at the office of the County Judge of Lake county, Or., until the 30th day of June, 1889. All bids must be accompanied by a bond in the sum of $500, issued to W. A. Winship, County Judge, Lakeview, Or., and be in his hands by 10 o'clock a. m. June 30th, 1889. The county reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

23-30. W. A. WINSHIP, County Judge.

CONTEST NOTICE.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, Lakeview, Or., May 11, 1889.

COMPLAINT HAVING BEEN ENTERED at this office by Geo. Cobb against Leander S. P. Marsh for failure to comply with law as to Timber Culture entry No. 476 dated Feb. 19, 1885, upon the E½ of Sec. 16, Township 31 S., R. 14E., in Lake county, Oregon, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, contestant alleging that said Leander S. P. Marsh has failed to break or cause to be broken any number of acres of said tract during the second years of his entry, and that said failure continues to exist to the present time, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 30th day of June, 1889, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged failure.

And it appearing from the affidavit of George Cobb, on file herein, that a personal service of notice of contest cannot be had, it is hereby ordered that this notice be given by publication for 30 days in the LAKE COUNTY EXAMINER.

may 23-13 A. F. SNELLING, Register.

TIMBER LAND NOTICE.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, Lakeview, Oregon, April 23, 1889.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," Georgiana W. King, Lakeview, county of Lake, state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement, No. 4, for the purchase of the SE¼ of Sec. 31, in Tp. 39, of R. 20, E. to E. Lake county, where they will make their future home.

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CASH. CASH. CASH.

HAVE YOU TRIED

A. SNIDER'S

CASH SYSTEM?

Prices Were Never so Low Before.

Great Reductions in all Departments.

GIVE us a CHANCE TO PROVE OUR ASSERTIONS.

SNIDER & LOVEGROVE,

GENERAL MERCHANTS

LAKEVIEW, OREGON,

Agents for Lake County for the Buckeye Mower, Hollingsworth Hay Rakes, Schuttler Wagons, etc.

Highest Price Paid for Wool and Grain.

HOPKINS HOTEL.

M. D. HOPKINS, Proprietor,

NEW HOUSE, NEW ROOMS, NEW FURNITURE.

EVERYTHING NEW AND FIRST-CLASS.

A FINE BAR

IN CONNECTION WITH THE HOUSE.

The best brand of Liquors and Cigars always on hand.

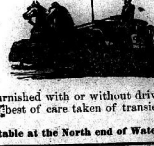
MURPHY & ALLEN

Run the best

FEED and LIVERY BUSINESS,

IN

LAKEVIEW.



Rigs furnished with or without drivers, at reasonable rates. The best of care taken of transient stock.

Stable at the North end of Water Street.

F. P. LANE,

—DEALER IN—

WINES, LIQUORS AND THE BEST CIGARS.

The Finest to be Found in the Lower Market.

TWO FIRST-CLASS BILLIARD TABLES

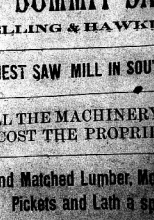
S. F. AHLSTROM

—MANUFACTURER OF—

Harness and Saddles,

—AND DEALER IN—

Whips, Spurs, Riatas, Chaprajos, Cinches, Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Hair Ropes.



Large Stock of Gloves.

In fact everything usually found in a first-class Harness and Saddle Shop.

NEW SUMMIT SAW MILL.

SNELLING & HAWKINS, Props.

THE FINEST SAW MILL IN SOUTHERN OREGON.

ALL THE MACHINERY IS NEW, AND COST THE PROPRIETORS $15,000.

Clear and Matched Lumber, Moulding, Shingles, Pickets and Lath a specialty.

RESERVE YOUR ORDERS FOR US.