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ADVERTISING RATES.

Reading notices in local columns 10 cents per line for first week and 5 cents per line thereafter. Display advertisements, annual rates, one inch per month \$1; each additional inch 50 cents per month.

Obituary and marriage notices not exceeding 10 lines published free, if furnished in time to be current news. Additional matter 10 cents per line.

Mexico shows that it is advancing along with the rest of the world when it supplants Latin with English in its educational institutions.

It is reported that the peach crop of southeastern Michigan is ruined, but Washington, Oregon and Idaho will be able on a pinch to furnish the unfortunate Michigan people with all the fruit of this kind that may be needed next year.

Those statesmen who are trying to figure out how the surplus may be reduced are perhaps giving themselves unnecessary trouble. The physicians who attended President McKinley will reduce the surplus if their bills are allowed in full.

Great Britain will probably ask that work on twenty warships, now under construction, be expedited, and proposals have been invited for two battleships, five armored cruisers and two protected cruisers. It is not likely that there will be another peace conference. The powers seem satisfied to obtain peace by fighting for it.

It may have been sentimental for the emperor of Germany to request that President Roosevelt's daughter christen the yacht he is having built in this country, and for President Roosevelt to cordially grant the request, but it should not be overlooked that sentiment is an important factor in the world's affairs.

It is announced that a monument will be erected at Shanghai to the memory of the late President McKinley, the funds therefor being provided through voluntary contributions by native Chinese. This is a decidedly unique tribute to a president of the United States and is in recognition of the part taken by the late president in preventing the dismemberment of the Chinese empire.

Not only are our farmers our chief producers, but they are our chief consumers as well. And when a community offers the means to the small farmer of marketing his seasonable produce he will contribute the returns of that produce to the channels of trade within that community. Give the farmer a cannery and a dryer and note the difference in the bulk of trade among McMinnville's business community.

For the first time in the history of the United States senate its chaplain prayed for the press representatives in that body, referring to them as "that body of able and accomplished men who send forth reports of the proceedings." Whether the chaplain broke all precedent in this matter because the press representatives are more in need of prayers now than formerly, or, which seems the more likely, because they are more deserving of them than their predecessors, it is something to be grateful for that they have at last been included in his invocations.

Such a howl of indignation has gone up all over the country about the big sum of money paid to Admiral Sampson and the small sum paid to Admiral Schley, that Secretary of the Navy Long has found it necessary to make an explanation that he had nothing to do with it. This he has done in a letter to Senator Nelson, of Minnesota, in which he says: "The commander-in-chief of a fleet or squadron is entitled to one-twentieth of all prize moneys awarded to any vessel under his immediate command, whether he is personally present during an engagement or not. As commander-in-chief Admiral Sampson would, therefore, under the law, have been entitled to his share of the bounty for the destruction of the Spanish ships at Santiago if he had been on the north shore of Cuba at the time. This was the law for which the navy department is in no wise responsible."

In the new election law it is provided that electors may protest against any election judges or clerks appointed by the county court. The law orders the list appointed at the January meeting to be posted up in the county clerk's office. If any judge or clerk named by the court is unsatisfactory, protests may be filed with the court, and after hearing the objections the court may substitute other judges or clerks for those against whom the objections are made. The law provides that these objections shall be considered and passed upon by the court on the first Wednesday in February. The date for these changes to be passed upon falls on February 12th.

There are men in this country who want tariff protection, and there are men who hate tariff protection. No power that can be exerted can forbid these two sets of persons from striving to have their wishes fulfilled by act of congress. The protectionists may all agree to take the tariff out of politics, but if the free-traders resolve to keep it in politics, it will assuredly stay in. This is the thing called "Politics," according to the Philadelphia Textile Record, and represents, in fact, contention between different policies or lines of action upon the part of the government. One party demands a certain policy; the other party denounces that policy and clamors for an opposite policy. Furthermore, suppose all hands should consent to take from politics the questions of tariff and currency and foreign policy and other matters upon which public opinion is divided, what would be left to discuss or act upon? Politics would become nothing more than a wild, desperate scramble for office, and nobody but professional politicians who want the offices would care to take the trouble to go to the polls and vote; but no good reason can be imagined why, if the tariff be taken out of politics, all the other disputed questions should remain in.

Representative Hepburn, chairman of the interstate and foreign commerce committee, says the offer of the Panama Canal Company to sell its property to the United States for \$4,000,000, will have no effect in the progress of the pending bill for the Nicaragua route. The Chicago Inter Ocean, in speaking of the Panama scheme, says: "For a generation now every board of survey, every commission of inquiry sent by the United States government to examine the canal routes across the isthmus has reported in favor of the Nicaragua line. Even DeLesseps himself wrote in 1876: 'The project of a canal through Nicaragua offers the greatest facility in execution and the greatest security in exploitation.' Yet, after the recommendations of the commissions, after the reports of the surveying parties sent out by Admiral Walker, after millions of dollars have been spent in surveys and resurveys and investigations by commissions—all to the condemnation of the Panama route—the American people are asked to consent to further delay in building the Nicaragua canal, that we may not lose the opportunity to purchase the ruins of this bankrupt enterprise—a thing that we have never wanted and do not want now as a free gift."

Secretary Long, in his last report, recommended the construction of three first-class battle-ships, two first-class armored cruisers, six gun-boats, three picket-boats, three steel training-ships, and one large collier. This was not regarded as an extravagant program, but certain gentlemen in Massachusetts protested against the estimate of \$100,000,000 for the navy department. The plaint of the Massachusetts gentlemen against the estimates for 1902 ignores the necessities of the navy as well as the advantages of increasing it. The truth is that a strong navy is insurance against war, and money paid to build war vessels and to keep them in repair is money saved. It is generally admitted that if our navy had been as strong in 1898 as it is now there would have been no war with Spain. The war cost ten times as much as the war vessels that have been added to the navy in two years. Our commerce is increasing rapidly in the Pacific, and there are already investments of millions in new vessels for the new ocean traffic. This money would not be invested if we did not have a navy strong enough to insure our commerce in new fields against attack. The investment of

money in the navy is protection against war, a stimulant to enterprise, and a promoter of prosperity. But, of course Massachusetts statesmanship is unable to see clear across the continent, and cannot therefore discern any unusual commotion on the Pacific.

TO HARMONIZE CAPITAL AND LABOR.

Senator Hanna declares that he regards the recent conference in New York as "the greatest step ever taken for the speedy settlement of disputes between capital and labor." Mr. Hanna was appointed chairman of a committee of thirty-two, composed of representatives of both labor and capital, which is to form a permanent organization. He says the purpose is to "establish a relationship between the two interests" which will "serve as a foundation to work on." He warns the public against thinking that an attempt is going to be made to completely revolutionize things, and adds that it is not the intention of the joint committee to undertake arbitration by compulsion.

Whatever the immediate effects of the conference and the organization resulting from it may be, they can hardly fail ultimately to accomplish good. The principal cause of the constant friction, and the frequent conflicts—some of them terrible in their consequences—between labor and capital has been that they did not understand each other. The misunderstandings, usually small at first, have been increased by the officiousness and desire for self-aggrandizement of walking delegates, and the blindness to results and stubborn and tyrannical dispositions of many employers. The time is coming, if it is not already here, when capitalist and laborer will frankly recognize the fact that a strike is almost certain to inflict losses on each side greater than the gains made by either, and that the safest and best way is for the men who are directly concerned to meet and honestly discuss their differences face to face. The suppression of the walking delegate will be a long stride in this direction. A less stiff-necked and superior attitude on the part of many employers will be another.

It is a somewhat singular fact that the man who for the last six years has been denounced from end to end of the land as the champion of plutocracy and an enemy of the masses should be more prominently identified than any other person with this movement to better the relations between labor and capital. The spectacle might have astonished the country a few years ago, but it does not now, for the people have become acquainted with the real Hanna and are forgetting the miserable lying caricature of him which passed current in democratic newspapers and speeches in 1896, 1898 and 1900. If Senator Hanna and his associates accomplish even half as much as they have undertaken, they will be entitled to the lasting gratitude of all classes. The Ohio senator's past life has been marked by few failures, and the confidence and energy with which he has entered upon this new work is a good omen.

THE FIRSTBORN.

Why is it that the firstborn child is so often the healthiest of a family of children? The reason seems to suggest itself. As child follows child the mother has less and less vitality; often not enough for herself and none, therefore, for her child.

Expectant mothers who use Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription find that it keeps them in vigorous health. They eat well, sleep well and are not nervous. When baby comes its advent is practically painless, and the mother is made happy by the birth of a healthy child. If you would be a healthy mother of healthy children use "Favorite Prescription."

"I will be very glad to say a few words for Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Mrs. P. S. Douglas of Mansville, Brno Co., Quebec. "During the first four months, when I looked forward to becoming a mother, I suffered very much from nausea and vomiting, and I felt so terribly sick I could scarcely eat or drink anything. I hated all kinds of food. At this time I wrote to Dr. Pierce, and he told me to get his 'Favorite Prescription' and a bottle of 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I got a bottle of each, and when I had taken them a few days, I felt much better, and when I had taken hardly three parts of each bottle I felt well and could eat as well as any one, and could do my work without any trouble (I could not do anything before). I feel very thankful to Dr. Pierce for his medicine, and I tell all who tell me they are sick, to get these medicines, or write to Dr. Pierce."

Those who suffer from chronic diseases are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, free. All correspondence strictly private. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness and sick headache.



The Stockholders Meeting Grange & Farmers Company

decided to continue the business of the And unanimously voted to change the business to a strictly cash basis. All goods must be sold hereafter for Cash. No book accounts to be kept. We will sell for cash and pay cash for all produce. McMinnville Grange & Farmers Co. CHAS. P. NELSON, Manager.

Full Line of Carpets

NOW IN Consisting of Tapestry Brussels, Imperial Body Brussels, Royal Wilton Velvets and Ingrain Carpets. New Fine Line of Mattings and Linoleums. Window Shades and Lace Curtains A Fine Line. A Larger and More Superior Stock of Furniture than ever. On WALL PAPER, old stock will be put down to bedrock, to make room for new. I do not give commissions to paper hangers, preferring to give it to my customers.

Complete Line of Undertaking Goods. New Funeral Car may be found at Henry & Newell's. H. C. BURNS.

A CHANGE IN BUSINESS.

We desire to give McMinnville and vicinity a better service in the line of building materials. What we need is a mill nearer our city, and, better yet, a mill situated in our fair, growing city, where Lumber, etc., can be made the year round, giving employment to a larger number of men, supplying material during winter months, and above all keeping our money at home and distributing it among our business men and employes, instead of sending it away to build up other communities to our loss. By careful investigation we have been able to locate

A Large Body of Excellent Timber

consisting of White and Yellow Fir, Cedar and Hardwood. This body of Timber is available to our city, but will require a large amount of capital to handle the enterprise, and if we can reduce our stock sufficiently to get the required capital, we will be able to give our patrons the benefit of the saving in the long haul from our present mill, which means a saving of at least \$2 a thousand on Lumber. To secure this capital, and to secure it quickly, we will commence

On January 10, 1902, A Sale Strictly For Cash

of our Entire Stock of Goods, consisting of Lumber, Sash and Doors, Mouldings, Paints, Oils, Glass, etc., etc. We have a large stock of strictly first-class Finishing Lumber under our sheds, and it will pay those contemplating building during the coming season to take advantage of this sale, and secure strictly first-class Dry Lumber at a price that will never be equaled again. TO DEALERS who handle small stocks of Mouldings and Shop Work etc., here is a chance to secure your Spring Stock at a money-making price. Send in your list of goods wanted in this line, and let us quote you prices. We have one of the largest stocks of Paint Brushes in the valley, and to Painters or Dealers this will afford an opportunity to lay in your season's stock of high-grade brushes at little money. In fact, everything that we carry in stock will go at some figure. In addition to our stock of goods we will offer our

SASH AND DOOR FACTORY FOR SALE

Located in McMinnville. Also Four Head of Work Horses, Five Work Cattle, several Wagons, Harness, etc., etc. Come and make us an offer on same. No discount on any line of goods except for Spot Cash. All goods sold and entered on book, even for one day, will be entered at regular prices. We have just added a Shingle Mill to our sawmill in the mountains, and Shingles will not be sold at a discount. All amounts due must be settled at once. If not paid by February 1st, will be handed to an attorney for collection. If you desire to help us in this enterprise, come in and pay up and buy something for your Spring repairs.

JONES & ADAMS.

Change in Business—Pay Up. I have sold my harness business to J. A. Young, and must get in all accounts due me in order to meet my own obligations. It is the time of year to settle up, and I respectfully request those knowing themselves indebted to me to call and pay their accounts. ELSA WRIGHT.

The charge that President Roosevelt disregards the feelings of the politicians is not half so serious as would be a charge that he disregards the interests of the people.

Licenses to Marry. Jan. 11—D. B. Alsop, 27, of Idaho, and Desirée Parkes, 28, of this county, married by Rev. A. L. Platt at Hotel Yamhill.

The Washington penitentiary jute mill will manufacture about 1,400,000 grain bags in 1902, and it is not anticipated that this number will by any means supply the demand of the farmers, as the penitentiary bags are very much in demand because the price is considerably less than for the Calcutta bags. The state board of control has fixed the price of grain bags for the coming year at \$6.35 per hundred. This is a raise of forty-five cents over last year, but the jute plant at Walla Walla enables the Washington wheat growers to purchase a limited number of bags at a lower rate than they could if the state did not manufacture them at the penitentiary.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and acting administrator of the estate of George T. Hutchcroft, deceased. Now, therefore, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified and required to present the same duly verified to the undersigned at North Yamhill, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice. Dated this January 15th, A. D. 1902. R. J. HUTCHCROFT, Administrator of said estate. F. W. FENTON, Attorney for Estate.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, the duly appointed and acting administratrix of the estate of Alex C. Martin, deceased, has filed her final report of her administration of said estate, and the county court has fixed March the 3d, 1902, at one o'clock of said day, at the county court room in Yamhill county, Oregon, as the time and place for hearing said final account and objections thereto. SARAH M. MARTIN, Administratrix of the estate of Alex C. Martin, deceased.