

YAMHILL COUNTY REPORTED.

D. I. ASBURY, Publisher.

McMINNVILLE, OREGON.

EVENTS OF THE DAY

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Presented in a Condensed Form.

Lord Pauncefote is ready to begin work on the canal treaty.

A cargo of wheat and flour left Portland for South Africa.

Coal or gas believed to be burning underground near Stevenson, Wash.

Brigands have been employed to try and catch the abductors of Miss Stone.

Seven regiments of British cavalry in India have been sent to the seat of war in South Africa.

Trial has begun at Seattle of John Considine, charged with murder of Chief of Police Meredith.

Four hundred cigarmakers are going from Havana to Tampa, Fla., to take the places of strikers.

Admiral Gaillard, the French commander, has arrived at Smyrna and seized the Turkish customs.

Germany believes that mismanagement of affairs in South Africa is the cause of the war being prolonged.

London and other ports of England have been enveloped with so thick a fog the last few days that all navigation is at a standstill.

A large force of Venezuelans were crossing a bridge when a Colombian force attacked them and in the fight nearly all the Venezuelan soldiers were drowned or shot.

France has sent an ultimatum to Turkey.

Carnegie is not a believer in the Nicaragua canal.

Oregon hops took the first prize at the Pan-American.

No fresh plague cases have been reported at Liverpool.

The Subig bay naval station will cost nearly \$20,000,000.

All navigation on the Yukon has stopped on account of the ice.

An attempt was made to assassinate the dowager empress of China.

President Roosevelt has issued his first Thanksgiving proclamation.

Efforts are being made to prevent Samar rebels from receiving supplies.

The acting governor of Hawaii asks that Oriental laborers be admitted.

The report is current in Washington that Chinese Minister Wu has been recalled.

Commissioner Hermann reports nearly 35,000,000 acres of unreserved land in Oregon.

Botha personally led the attack on the British a few days ago which ended so disastrously for the latter.

A captive balloon containing nine persons broke loose at San Francisco and floated away. The occupants landed safely after a ride of 50 miles.

The cross examination of Admiral Schley has been concluded.

Canada opposes the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty.

The postal estimates for the coming fiscal year call for \$15,000,000.

A French squadron sailed for Turkey to press France's demands.

Six deaths from plague have occurred at Liverpool since September 2.

New York city is flooded with light weight half dollars, which have been "sweated".

A force of British soldiers surprised the Boers, capturing 22 men and two commanders.

Two men have been arrested at Roseburg for the Southern Pacific train hold-up.

Anarchists throughout the world have held dances and other demonstrations in honor of Czolgosz.

Late steamers from Nome say that a reign of terror is expected in Alaska this winter as there are hundreds there who have no means of support.

Ten states will vote for state officers this fall.

It is believed at Sofia that Mjas Stone is dead.

Ten persons were killed in the Louisiana race war.

A heavy storm has been raging on Puget sound for two days.

The Northern Pacific has insured its property for \$20,000,000.

King Edward's physician attended him at an official reception.

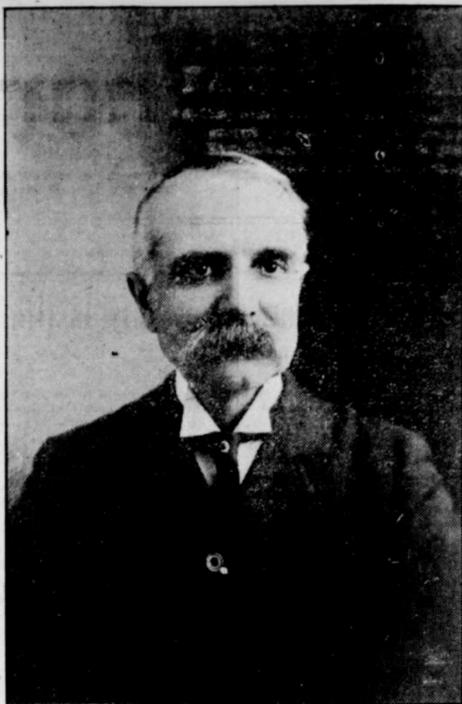
The Czolgosz autopsy proved that the murderer was perfectly sane.

Noyes has made application for a postponement of the hearing in his case.

The administration will not suspend the reduction of the Philippine army.

France has a soldier to every 59 inhabitants, Germany one to every 89, Italy one to every 14, Great Britain one to every 100.

The Ganz system of electric traction uses 3,000 volts in each phase which is fed directly to two trolley wires, the track forming the third conductor. This system provides for hauling a 250-ton train of freight 20 miles an hour on a 10 per cent. grade by a 600-horse power locomotive.



COLONEL R. C. JUDSON.

Devotes Himself to Developing Agricultural Resources of Washington, Oregon and Idaho.

The latest good work started by Colonel R. C. Judson, of Portland, is the holding of exchange fairs at central business points at frequent intervals. Farmers and stockmen attend these fairs and display their farm products, also cattle, horses and sheep, in the streets for a day or two. Sales are then made to local merchants. They in turn are patronized freely. Business moves briskly. Ideas are exchanged. The women folks enjoy shopping and a brief rest. Land sales are also made. Settlers are attracted by the newspaper publicity. Colonel Judson's efforts are always original, attractive and substantial. He believes in amity rather than animosity, a principle that makes friends and business for his railroad, the O. R. & N.

The practical experiments conducted by Mr. Judson on the O. R. & N. Walla Walla farm, his broad views in encouraging diversified farming, and work of organizing farmer's institute meetings, have made him a familiar figure to all the progressive industrial workers of the United States. The United States agricultural department has been attracted by his work and used his methods as object lessons in encouraging the same kind of work in other states.

PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION.

Sets Apart Thursday, November 28, as a Day of National Thanksgiving.

Washington, Nov. 2.—President Roosevelt today issued his proclamation fixing Thursday, November 28, as a day of national thanksgiving. It reads:

"A Proclamation. The season is high when, according to the time-hallowed custom of our people, the president appoints a day as the special occasion for praise and thanksgiving to God.

"This Thanksgiving finds the people still bowed with sorrow for the death of a great and good president. We mourn for President McKinley because we loved and honored him, and the manner of his death should awaken in the breasts of our people a keen anxiety and a resolute purpose not to be driven by any calamity from the path of strong, orderly, popular liberty, which, as a nation, we have thus far safely trod.

"Yet, in spite of this great disaster, it is nevertheless true that no people on earth have such abundant cause for thanksgiving as we have. The past year, in particular, has been one of peace and plenty. We have prospered in things material, and have been able to work for our own uplifting in things intellectual and spiritual. Let us remember that, as much has been given us, much will be expected from us; and that true homage comes from the heart as well as from the lips and shows itself in deeds. We can best prove our thankfulness to the Almighty by the way in which, on this earth, and at this time, each of us does his duty to his fellow men.

"Now, therefore, I, Theodore Roosevelt, president of the United States, do hereby designate as a day of general thanksgiving, Thursday, the 28th of this present November, and do recommend that throughout the land the people cease from their wonted occupations and at their several homes and places of worship thank the giver of all good for the countless blessings of our national life.

"In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the City of Washington, this 2d day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and one, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-sixth.

(Seal)

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

"JOHN HAY, Secretary of State."

PACIFIC REGALIA COMPANY.

Business of This Home Industry Requires a Larger Factory and More Capital.

Portland, Nov. 6.—The Pacific Regalia Company, of Portland, has been re-incorporated by Paul Pfordner, J. L. Mitchell, John S. Pinney, T. B. McDevitt and May Pfordner, with \$50,000 capital stock. The company manufactures badges, buttons, regalia and lodge supplies of all kinds. The factory now operates 30 machines of various kinds and will be still further enlarged to accommodate its growing business.

SELLS FOR MILLIONS.

Colorado Mine Purchased by Eastern Capitalists for \$6,875,000.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Nov. 6.—The control of the Elkton Consolidated Gold Mining Company on the property of which a remarkably rich strike was made recently, has passed into the hands of Eastern capitalists for a consideration based on a valuation of \$6,875,000 for the entire capitalization. The names of the buyers are withheld for the present by E. M. Delavergne, their local agent, himself a prominent stockholder.

The deal is perhaps the largest involving Colorado mining property since Stratton's Independence was sold in April, 1899, for \$10,000,000. In local mining circles it is thought that the purchasers are New York capitalists.

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REAR-END COLLISION.

Rosalia, Wash., Nov. 5.—A rear end collision of freight trains occurred in front of the depot here today. The engines were badly smashed, two freight cars and caboose were wrecked, the depot was wrecked and the building fired, and one tramp was slightly hurt. The local freight train was standing on the main track. The engine was detached and was doing some switching. An extra freight train, with cars loaded with wheat, and pulled by two engines, came down the track.

REMAINS OF ADMIRAL VILLAMIL.

New York, Nov. 5.—The Spanish steamship Montserrat, on her way home from Havana, came into port today with her flag at half-mast. In a mortuary apartment aboard the liner is the body of Admiral Villamil, who lost his life during the encounter with the American ships at Santiago. Before the Montserrat leaves, the Spanish consul and Spanish residents of this city hold memorial services.

OREGON STATE NEWS

Items of General Interest From All Parts of the State.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NOTES, ETC.

A Brief Review of the Growth and Improvements of the Many Industries Throughout Our Thriving Commonwealth.

The normal school building at Weston is nearing completion.

Klamath Falls has six cases of smallpox. The public schools are closed.

Grants Pass is considering the prohibition of bicycle riding on the sidewalks within the city limits.

George A. Forbes has been engaged as physical director of the Monmouth normal school. Prior to his coming to Oregon he was at the Berea college, in Kentucky.

A contract has been let by the school teachers and clerks who have filed on land in the south end of Umatilla county, to build 18 cottages and 10 miles of fence on their property.

Cattle feeding has begun at Butter creek. About 4,200 are being fed, more than ever before in the history of that section. The condition of the cattle is much better than usual at this season.

The congestion of railroad ties in the mill company's yards at Nicolai has caused the mill to only run half time, and consequently many men have been thrown out of employment and have moved away.

The cougar, lynx, wildcat, panther and an occasional bear are still to be found in Malheur valley. Coyotes, jackrabbits and cottontails are numerous. Ducks, geese, sage hens and prairie chickens are plentiful. There are a few bob white quail. Back in the hills there are still a few deer and an occasional antelope. A few beaver are also found in the valley.

Many improvements are contemplated on the Golden Standard mine, on Galls creek.

It is estimated that the Douglas county prune crop will approximate 5,000,000 pounds.

Hoboes broke the seal on the door of a freight car at Eugene and took herefrom a box containing a large number of rifle cartridges.

The coal bunkers at Riverton, Coos county, are filled with coal. The mine is now in position to get out a large amount of coal if the proper arrangements for shipping can be made.

A 30 foot steel tower, weighing between 500 and 600 pounds, will arrive at Athena this week for the new fire bell. This bell was presented to the department by C. A. Barrett, of Athena.

Bailed timothy hay continues to be hauled to Athena by the ranchers of Weston mountain. The hay is stored in warehouses and later will be shipped to market. The price paid is \$9 per ton, or \$3 less than was paid in Athena last season.

The city of Ontario has let the contract for a 500 foot artesian well. The material taken from the well will be assayed for gold. If oil indications are good it will be sunk to a much greater depth. The machinery is on the ground and has started to work.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Walla Walla, nominal, 55@55 1/2c; bluestem, 56c; Valley, 55@55 1/2c.

Flour—Best grades, \$2.65@3.50 per barrel; graham, \$2.60.

Oats—Nominal 90@1.00 per cental.

Barley—Feed, \$15@15.50; brewing, \$16.00 per ton.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$17@18; middling, \$20@21; shorts, 19@20; chop, \$16.

Hay—Timothy, \$11@13; clover, \$7@9.50; Oregon wild hay, \$5@6 per ton.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 25@27 1/2c; dairy, 18@20c; store, 14@15c per pound.

Eggs—Storage, 20c; fresh, 23@24c; Eastern 20@21.

Cheese—Full cream, twins, 12 1/2@13c; Young America, 13 1/2@14c.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$2.50@3.00; hens, \$4.00; dressed, 10@11c per pound springs, \$2.50@3.00, per dozen; ducks, \$3 for old \$3.00@4.00 for young; geese, \$6@7 per dozen; turkeys, live, 10@11c; dressed, 8@10c per pound.

Mutton—Lamb, 3 1/2c gross; dressed 6@6 1/2c per pound; sheep, \$3.25 gross dressed, 6c per pound.

Hogs—Gross, heavy, \$6@6.25; light, \$4.75@5; dressed, 7@7 1/2c per pound.

Veal—Small, 8@8 1/2c; large, 7@7 1/2c per pound.

Beef—Gross top steers, \$3.50@4.00; cows and heifers, \$3.00@3.50; dressed beef, 5 1/2@6 1/2c per pound.

Hops—\$8@10 1/2c per pound.

Wool—Valley, 11@13 1/2c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 8@12 1/2c; mohair, 20@21c per pound.

Potatoes—65@85 per sack.

Kansas City is troubled with a gang of female footpads.

Senator Hanna's secretary says that since 1896 500 children have been named after the senator.

Bankers and brokers unite in saying that Roosevelt's attitude has inspired confidence.

It is said that King Oscar will send one of his sons to represent Sweden and Norway at the St. Louis exposition.

ABUSED LATE PRESIDENT.

Naval Electrician Sentenced to One Year's Imprisonment.

Washington, Nov. 6.—"To be confined one year in such place as the secretary of war may direct, to do extra police duty during that time, to lose all pay except \$2 per month for prison expenses, and the further sum of \$20 to be paid to him at the expiration of this confinement and to be dishonorably discharged from the service of the United States," is the sentence imposed by court martial upon John S. Stoll, a third class electrician of the receiving ship Columbia, lying at the New York navy yard, for foul abuse of the late President McKinley.

On the day of the late president's death, Stoll, in the company of a number of sailors, is charged with having declared, with an obscene oath, that the president should have been shot long ago and have added other foul and profane expressions of same tenor. He was arrested promptly and tried by court martial, with the result above announced, on two charges—first, conduct to the prejudice of good order and discipline; second, scandalous conduct, tending to the destruction of good morals. Stoll made a vehement plea of innocence, declaring that his language referred to the president's assassin, but the evidence of the bystanders and the language itself was regarded by the court as completely establishing his guilt. He will be confined in the prison ship at Norfolk.

WARNING TO ENGLAND.

South African War May Necessitate a Higher Rate of Taxation.

London, Nov. 6.—What is regarded as an important announcement preparing the people of Great Britain for new taxes and fresh loans was made tonight by the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, in a speech at Bristol. After alluding to the enormous increase in the ordinary expenditures of the government, he reviewed the war taxes, and said that the ever increasing demand of the national exchequer gave reasons for careful thought, and even anxiety, for the future. "The cost of the war in South Africa is enormous," said Sir Michael. "It still drags, that I may have to ask the people of this country to bear even greater burdens, and to make even greater sacrifices."

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach announced that the government was communicating with the authorities in South Africa with a view to a change in the situation of the concentration camps and to an amelioration of their conditions.

John Morley, M. P., speaking today at Forfar, Scotland, asserted that the ordinary annual expenditures of the British government had increased £26,000,000 during the past 10 years, or, including the suspension of the sinking fund, £32,000,000. He directed attention to the fact that there was a real danger ahead of the country.

SUBIG BAY NAVAL STATION.

According to the Plans of the Naval Board It Will Cost Over \$19,000,000.

Washington, Nov. 5.—The majority report of the naval board, headed by Rear Admiral Taylor, which has prepared plans for the proposed new naval station at Olongapo, P. I., shows that the station will cost this government \$19,359,500, exclusive of defensive works, signal station, water supply, coal station, magazines, hospital, encampment grounds and a native village under the control of the naval authorities, which it is proposed to provide for the workmen who will be employed regularly at the Olongapo dockyard. The board recommends that in addition to the four prominent points selected for the defensive works by Admiral Remy's board—Silanguan Island, at the entrance of Port Silanguan; at the point on the west side of the entrance to Subig bay; Grandee Island, at the mid entrance, and Port Hlan, on the east side of Subig bay entrance—another fort be located to protect the landing in Calaguaguin bay on the west coast of Zambales province, and that the mountain passes leading to the naval reservation on the north and east be fortified. The board's estimate for equipping the station for efficient work of repair and outfit of vessels, pending general development, is \$12,903,500.

WELSH MINERS' THREATS.

Cardiff, Wales, Nov. 4.—At a mass meeting of the Merthyr-Tydevel colliers today, the action of their representatives in agreeing to stop work last Friday and Saturday and threatening to stop on other days, in order to keep up the price of coal, and therefore wages, was confirmed and resolutions in support of the future action of the leaders was adopted. The situation is critical, as the employers are strongly inclined to resort to a general lockout.

LOWER CABLE RATES TO THE PHILIPPINES.

New York, Nov. 4.—The Commercial Cable Company today sent out the following notice: "We are advised that the following reduced rates to the Philippine Islands go into effect on the 15th inst.: Luzon Island, \$1.66 per word from New York; all other islands, \$1.75 per word from New York."

TAKEN FROM TURKS

Customs House at Smyrna is Held by France.

THE FRENCH NAVY TAKE THE PLACE

Action Sustained By Large Majority of the French Chamber of Deputies—Admiral Caillaud in Charge.

London, Nov. 6.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily Mail says he understands that dispatches have been received at the French capital announcing that Admiral Caillaud's division of the Mediterranean squadron had arrived at Smyrna and seized the customs.

FRANCE SUSTAINED.

Paris, Nov. 6.—After a speech delivered by the foreign minister, M. Delcasse, today, the chamber of deputies sustained, by a vote of 305 to 77, the government's action towards Turkey.

CALLED ON SECRETARY HAY.

Lord Pauncefote is Ready to Begin Work on the New Canal Treaty.

Washington, Nov. 6.—Lord Pauncefote, the British ambassador, called upon Secretary Hay today to announce formally to the secretary his return from a vacation in England and his readiness to undertake at once the conclusion of the new Hay-Pauncefote treaty. The interview lasted about half an hour. Many topics were touched upon besides the treaty, which was not given particular consideration today, the conversation on that point being rather preliminary to the beginning of the treaty drafting. Lord Pauncefote did not bring with him to the state department a copy of the proposed convention. In fact, this document does not exist as such, for, although the principal points of the treaty have been agreed upon between the two principals, they have yet to be transferred from protocols into a formal treaty. This work of transference will begin in about a week, according to the present expectation, and it is probable the new treaty will be in shape for submission to the senate immediately after that body convenes, next month.

FIRE UNDERGROUND.

Coal or Gas Believed to Be Burning Near the Town of Stevenson, Washington.

Stevenson, Wash., Nov. 6.—The residents of this place were thrown into great excitement this morning when J. T. Tatton and W. Udill reported that they had discovered a coal deposit on fire within a quarter of a mile of the town. The greater part of the population turned out to see what was the matter. A subterranean fire is burning in a crevice in the rocks with a sulphurous smell. So hot was the fire that it was difficult to make any headway at excavation. It is a wonder to the people here and is thought to be coal or gas on fire. In the near vicinity of the fire are small veins of coal running back from the Columbia river. Some years ago a coal prospector sunk a shaft some 50 feet, but abandoned it. Recently coal prospectors were operating in the neighborhood and declared there were excellent indications of coal and gas.

PAN-AMERICAN CONGRESS.

Chamber of Deputies of Madrid Sends Mexicans a Vote of Thanks.

Mexico City, Nov. 6.—At today's session of the Pan-American congress a note was read from the Spanish minister, Marquis De Prat, conveying the thanks of the chamber of deputies of Madrid for the friendly sentiments of the conference toward Spain as expressed by General Reyes, delegate of Colombia, at the municipal banquet. General Reyes made a speech further explaining and justifying his toast. The secretary of the conference announced that the following papers had been entered for consideration: A report on arbitration and the treaty of arbitration on the Pan-American court of claims, on behalf of the Mexican delegates; a report on the court of claims by the Guatemalan delegates; a report to a proposal to appoint a committee to draw up a code of public international law, and another on private international law.

TELEPHONE FROM LONDON TO NETHERLANDS.

Washington, Nov. 6.—Belgium and the Netherlands are to have telephonic communication with London and other large cities of England, according to a report to the state department from United States Consul Roosevelt. Consul Roosevelt says that very soon a new submarine telephonic cable will be laid connecting Brussels with London, and that the circuit will be so disposed as to serve, besides London and Brussels, Antwerp, Liege, Birmingham, Manchester and Liverpool.

CONSIDINE ON TRIAL.

Seattle, Nov. 6.—The trial of John Considine, charged with the murder of Chief of Police Will Meredith began in the superior court this morning before Judge Emory. The attorneys for the defendant renewed their motion for a continuance, which was again denied. The work of impaneling a jury was at once commenced. The case of Tom Considine, jointly accused with his brother, John, has not yet been set for trial.