

Yamhill County Reporter

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FRIDAY, MAY 31, 1901.

Three new British battleships planned for this year will cost \$6,250,000 each. It takes a long purse to keep in the modern naval swim.

A desire on the part of the Cuban convention to add a preamble and several new clauses to the Platt amendment will necessarily keep the American forces in Cuba until congress assemblies again.

The Toledo, Ohio, Evangelical churches, representing 102 church buildings, have formed a trust, the object being to discourage further church building. The argument is made that the economy in money, and union of strength and forces will do more in the fight against evils than a lot of churches under different leaderships and all swamped by debts.

Where there is a committee to superintend the spending of a dollar, scandal follows. There is no surprise, therefore, at learning that there is "talk" about the manner in which the relief fund for the Galveston sufferers, amounting to \$1,243,495 in cash, was spent. It is charged that much of it was used in rebuilding houses, and as a great deal of land was washed away, the houses were built on the land of well-to-do people who exacted rent from the beneficiaries. Also that money was used in filling up hollows and improving the property of those who had property in the bank.

The recent dismissals and suspensions from West Point are clearly in the interest of army discipline. The military academy at West Point was established to educate and train officers for the army. The cadets are supported at the expense of the government. They take upon themselves certain obligations when they enter the academy, and they certainly enter upon their careers as cadets fully informed as to the exacting discipline and army regulations. Every cadet before his admission to the academy enters into an engagement to serve in the army of the United States for eight years unless sooner discharged by competent authority, to support the constitution of the United States, to bear true allegiance to the national government, to obey at all times the legal orders of his superior officers, and to observe the rules and articles governing the army of the United States. The taking of this oath is voluntary. When he takes it the cadet is virtually a part of the United States army. He is taught from the first that army organization cannot exist or be made effective without discipline.

The Cuban cat is now fairly out of the bag and proves to be a projected raid on the American pocketbook compared with which all that we have hitherto spent for the Cubans would be a mere trifle. What they want is absolute independence and no nonsense about it, and perfect freedom of access to our markets. If they cannot get entire freedom they would grudgingly agree to pay a nominal duty on their sugar and tobacco. It is evidently the opinion of the inhabitants of Cuba that if we were fools enough to go to war for them we can be induced to support them in luxury ever after. The United States imported in 1899 3,980,250,569 pounds of sugar, which paid a duty of \$61,428,331. In 1894 we received from Cuba alone 2,127,497,454 pounds, and the same year she exported to Spain and the United Kingdom very large quantities. Cuba could supply every pound of sugar consumed in the United States, and if her present modest request were granted would come very near doing it. If we maintain the duty on other imported sugar our experience with Hawaii under the reciprocity treaty proves that the Cuban planter would receive every dollar remitted—which would otherwise go into our treasury—without reducing the price to consumers in the least.

During the next few months the harvest fields will offer abundant employment at good wages. The job is hunting the man in country and city alike.

By including an "outer ring of suburbs" London counts up a population of 6,578,784. Other cities could increase their figures in the same way. Inside its corporation lines London has 4,536,034 inhabitants.

At Calcutta, India, bids were called for nine locomotives. An American firm offered to furnish them in six months for \$6890. A British firm offered to furnish them in nine months for \$7745. The Americans of course got the job. This is expansion that expands.

The supreme court of the United States has just decided with reference to our island possessions that the constitution does not necessarily follow the flag. This is one of the most important decisions in the history of the country and sustains the government in its contention over the question.

A colored woman in Atlanta, Ga., has brought suit against a street railroad company for \$1,000 damages on account of a peculiar accident. She was seated in a crowded car when the vehicle suddenly started. A fat man, weighing about two hundred pounds, who was standing, grabbed at a strap, missed it and fell into the woman's lap, temporarily crushing the breath out of her.

Near Rio Grande City, Texas, an immense deposit of an unknown gaseous substance has been discovered. Pieces of it ignite quickly and give out a strong flame, which lasts for a remarkably long period. It is said by scientists that the substance is either an unknown mineral or ordinary clay highly charged with gas. In either case, the value of the deposit as fuel is immense, as it covers many thousands of acres, and is of immense depth.

Gold is now so abundant in the different national treasuries of the world that it is hard to understand how only five years ago intelligent men should have regarded it as a small and diminishing hoard. The United States treasury holds half a billion in gold; the bank of England has increased its stock in spite of the drain caused by the wars in Africa and China, and the bank of France is so very flush that it has adopted the unheard-of practice of compelling customers to take 20 per cent gold in all cash payments. The banks of Germany, Spain, Holland, Austria-Hungary and Belgium also report gains in gold, showing that the abundance of coin is not a mere local condition, but a universal one.

The colored men who live in the United States grow most of the cotton produced, and now it is to be ascertained whether the colored man in Africa cannot produce that article. In other words, an enterprising Liverpool firm is going to make an experiment by sending six American cotton-growing experts to the west coast of Africa to start plantations. During the days of the civil war cotton was planted on the coast of Africa and a few thousand bales were produced, but eventually the plantations were given up. According to United States Consul Boyle of Liverpool, who reports on the matter, the British cotton men generally do not attach much importance to the undertaking, believing that our southern states will always have a monopoly in cotton growing.

At the beginning of May on a basis of 77,536,000 inhabitants in the United States, the per capita circulation was \$28.31, declares the Globe Democrat. This, of course, is a far higher figure than has ever been reached in the past. There has been a pretty constant increase in the proportionate circulation for several years. It is nearly 33 per cent greater now than it was when Mr. Bryan was starting his reign of terror in the canvass of 1896, and it is undoubtedly twice as great as it would be if Mr. Bryan had been elected in that year or the year 1900. The gold element of the circulation is the largest ingredient, and that would practically all have disappeared a few months after the inauguration if he had been elected. Still there is a possibility that Mr. Bryan may be a caudate in 1904. He has many warm friends yet, and they are not discouraged at the defeats of 1896 and 1900. The fight for supremacy

in his party between Mr. Bryan and his enemies is yet to come off.

CHINESE ASKING AMERICA TO STAY.

The petition which 5600 residents of Pekin sent to Gen. Chaffee, asking to have the American troops remain in Pekin, is something new in war. The United States was one of the nations which joined in the march on Pekin last summer to relieve the members of the legations whose lives were threatened in that city, and to give protection to the other Americans and Europeans who were at that point. The Americans did brilliant service in the campaigning and the fighting which resulted in the relief of Pekin. They remained in the city for several months afterward to suppress the disorder, and now they are leaving the country. Before they evacuated Pekin, however, 5600 Chinese residents of that city asked them to stay and continue the good work which they had done in protecting the weak and in feeding the hungry.

This is a strong tribute to the beneficent part which the American soldiers took in the war in China. It is known that in the outrages which were committed by the foreign soldiers last year the Americans had no part. The conduct of Gen. Chaffee's army was exemplary throughout. This is the testimony of English, German, Japanese and other critics on the ground. It is the testimony of the Chinese themselves, as we see from the petition which was sent by the residents at their capital asking the American troops to remain. The fact that this appeal was made to the Americans has just been made public by the war department. Of course, the request could not be complied with. The fact that it was made in good faith is a compliment to the American army which the American people will appreciate. Gen. Chaffee's army is booked to sail today from China to the Philippines. Its work in China is done, and there is no reason to suppose that it will have to return to that country. The program which was marked out in Washington for the army at the beginning of the war last year was carried out to the letter, and Gen. Chaffee and his troops now abandon China and go to their other field of activity in the Philippines. The troops of the other nations of the concert remain, and the length of their stay cannot be foretold. America has made a record for itself for courage, honesty and enlightenment in the war in China which forms a striking contrast with the shuffling and duplicity of the other nations which took part in that conflict.—Globe Democrat.

It is a most significant and gratifying characteristic of the trade that wherever flour has been introduced in China there has been such rapid increase in the demand and in the consumption as to give an assurance of a continued and growing market therefor in all sections where the cost of transportation does not bar its use. The increase of the imports of flour into China is one of the marvels in oriental trade, from \$809,193 in 1897, to \$2,054,892 in 1899, an increase of 254 per cent in two years, and there was a further gain in 1900, notwithstanding the unfavorable conditions that have existed since the outbreak of the boxer riots. The most encouraging feature is not alone in the enormous increase of total import, but in the fact of the very large increase at each and every port.

The World Grows Better.

A man who served as a clerk in the legislature several years ago, paid into the state treasury last Monday \$280, the value of a number of inkstands, erasers, etc., carried away by him when the legislature adjourned. Some time ago he wrote to Secretary of State Dunbar enumerating the articles taken by him, and inquiring their value. He said that he is trying to lead an upright christian life, and, having repented of his wrong, desired to make restitution. The value of the articles was stated and he remitted the money. If all the clerks and members who have taken such articles had as tender consciences as this man, the state would have a new source of revenue. Treasurer Moore did not disclose the name of this honest man, and says he will agree not to give the name of any other person whose conscience directs him to make restitution to the state.

Attorney O. H. Irvine is living at the point of death at Albany. His death is hourly expected.

Supt. Littlefield and Prof. Alderman are busily engaged examining the papers of the eighth grade examination of the public schools of the county.

The music class at the college is preparing the cantata, "The Merry Milkmaids," for presentation next Friday evening. Fuller mention will be made next week.

The residents of Happy valley observed Wednesday as decoration day, and more than one hundred gathered at the cemetery to strew flowers over the last resting place of loved ones.

At the interstate oratorical contest at Walla Walla Wednesday night, Arthur Hauerbach, of Whitman college, was adjudged the champion. His only competitor was Elwood Minchin, who represented Pacific college, Newberg.

Gratitude

Always seeks to find some expression for itself, and womanly gratitude will not keep silence. Cynical people sometimes say Why do women write these testimonials to the value of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription? The answer can be put in one word, Gratitude. When, after years of agony a woman is freed from pain, when the weak woman is made strong and the sick woman well, the natural impulse is to write a word of grateful thanks for the medicine which caused the cure.



Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures diseases peculiar to women. It establishes regularity, stops weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

"Having used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery' during the past year," writes Mrs. Mattie Long, of Ploats Valley, Perry Co., Pa. "I can truthfully recommend the medicine for all female weaknesses. I have used several bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' which I consider a great blessing to weak women. I was so nervous that I hardly knew what to do. Your kind advice for home treatment helped me wonderfully. Thanks to Dr. Pierce."

Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness, and sick headache. They should be used in connection with "Favorite Prescription," whenever the use of a laxative is indicated.

AMITY.

I. B. Osborn is home from eastern Oregon, where he has been for some time past.

If we celebrate the great and glorious Fourth it's time to make a move that way.

And still the prospect for crops is the best for some years at this time of the season.

Mrs. Jennie Warner of Cottage Grove is here visiting her mother, Mrs. Newby and other relatives.

Mrs. Fisher came up from Portland last Friday night and spent a few days with the professor.

Lyle Wright killed two rattlesnakes on the big hill Sunday, one of them had eight rattles and a button.

But very few from here went to the Ballston picnic last Saturday. Those who went report a very good time.

Some converts from Perrydale were baptized by Elder Cane at the Christian church last Wednesday at two p. m.

John Breeding is home from his trip to eastern Oregon. While there he took up a homestead and will return to same about Oct. 1st.

Frank Ferguson who went to Boise City as a delegate to the Odd Fellows' convention, is back home looking none the worse for his trip.

Our public schools will close the 7th of June. Prof. Fisher has taught a successful term of school and has made many friends while here.

Mrs. Lee, wife of the pastor of the M. E. church at this place, has been very sick the past week, and their son and daughter who reside at Astoria have been with them.

Mr. Harpole has moved his building which stood on leased ground on Trade street, to his lots in the west part of town, and will use same as a dwelling.

John Putnam has moved his confectionery store into the building vacated by the postoffice. The barber's chair has also been moved to the same place.

This town makes no pretensions as a city, but as a good little business place and a quiet home town it has no superiors and our citizens rank among the best.

When the Hair Falls Out

accompanied by mucous patches in the mouth, eruptions on the skin, sore throat, copper colored spots, swollen glands, aching muscles and bones. The disease is making rapid headway, and far worse symptoms will follow unless the blood is promptly and effectually cleansed of this violent destructive poison.

S. S. S. is the only safe and infallible cure for this disease, the only antidote for this specific poison. It cures the worst cases thoroughly and permanently.

My Condition Could Have Been No Worse. In the fall of 1897 I contracted Blood Poison. I tried three doctors, but did me no good; I was getting worse all the time; my hair came out, ulcers appeared in my throat and mouth, my body was almost covered with copper colored spots and offensive sores. I suffered severely from rheumatic pains in my shoulders and arms. My condition could have been no worse; only those afflicted as I was can understand my sufferings. I had about lost all hope of ever being well again when I decided to try S. S. S., but must confess I had little faith left in any medicine. After taking the third bottle I noticed a change in my condition. This was truly encouraging, and I determined to give S. S. S. a thorough trial. From that time on the improvement was rapid; S. S. S. seemed to have a disease completely under control; the sores and ulcers healed and I was soon free from all signs of the disorder; I have been strong and healthy ever since.

L. W. SMITH, Lock Box 651, Noblesville, Ind.

SSS is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known. \$1.000 is offered for proof that it contains a particle of mercury, potash or other mineral poison. Send for our free book on Blood Poison; it contains valuable information about this disease, with full directions for self treatment. We charge nothing for medicinal advice; cure yourself at home.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

GRANGE STORE SPECIAL SALE

Commencing May 18th we will inaugurate the greatest

Cut Price Sale

Ever held in Yamhill County. We will do just what we say. We will offer our entire stock of Clothing at

20 per cent discount.

In this sale will be included nearly every line in the store.

Every Ladies' Trimmed Hat Must Go!

See our windows Saturday for Prices.

GRANGE & FARMERS CO.

You Are Interested

If you are a buyer of Groceries in getting the most and the best for your money. In the coming and going of grocery stores the little opera house grocery goes right along. Our Sugar, Coffee, Flour and fruits are down to bottom prices this month. Come and see.

L. E. Walker.

The First National Bank

Of McMinnville, Oregon.

The Oldest Bank in Yamhill County. Established in 1858. Capital and Surplus, \$90,000.

Buys and sells exchange on all the principal cities of the United States, and draws direct on all the principal points in Europe. The accounts of Firms and Individuals solicited.

M. JOHNSON, Tailor

Will make Suits to order from \$17 up. Pants from \$5 up. Cleaning and repairing promptly done. \$1 a month keeps your clothing cleaned and pressed; buttons sewed on and rips sewed up.

Fletcher Building, D Street.

John Thurman died at the state hospital for the insane last Friday and was brought here for burial Saturday. The father and other relatives have the sympathy of the entire community.

Mrs. Claud Lemasters of California is here for a two-months visit with her mother, Mrs. S. E. Hamilton. Mr. Lemasters is engaged in a meeting at present and will be here later on.

A large number of our people went to Perrydale last Sunday evening to witness the children's day exercises at the Christian church at that place. They all came back well pleased with the exercises and the manner in which they were received by the church.

How about a picnic at Amity this year? After placing the grounds in good condition and surrounding them with a good substantial fence, surely our citizens will not allow the season to go by without having a good old-time picnic, such as only Amity has the reputation for giving.

A man from Iowa passed through here going to Sheridan last Monday. Eastern people are coming to learn that Oregon is a very good place to locate if they wish a nice climate free from storms and many other drawbacks that they have farther east. A family came in on the train last Friday from North Dakota. They moved northwest of town to a farm which they had purchased.

Mrs. John Dumphrey and family moved to Portland this week.

Warren Cressley, formerly with R. Jacobson & Co., has decided to remain in North Yakima.

Hendrick & Briedwell have furniture, carpets, stoves, wall paper, and an endless array of articles to supply the home. A. D. Hoskins has purchased the five-acre tract of Joel Martin adjoining the city on the west. He has employed himself the last few days in preparing the ground for a crop, and finds the work more beneficial to his health than making harness.