# AGUINALDO TO BE CAPTURED Devastation Wrought by a Tornado in

Ex-Rebels Will Join Americans in Pursuit.

MACABOLOS WILL LEAD PARTY

He Will Have One Hundred Picked Natives and Will Be Supported by United States Soldiers

Manila, Nov. 23 -General Macabolos, the ex-Filipino chief, is prepared to start in pursuit of Aguinaldo with 100 picked natives, supported by American troops. Other ex-rebel Filipinos will be used in campaigning in the country. Their offers have not been formally made yet, but they are ready if the authorities will accept their services. Aguinaldo, it is supposed, is in Northern Luzon, according to statements made by ex-rebel leaders now in Manila, confirmed from oth-

Aglipay, a renegade native priest, not long ago an insurgent leader in Northern Luzon, has written to friends in Manila asking for election news and requesting to be informed whether a decision has been reached concerning the relations between church and state, and the disposition of church properties. The replies sent him contain the information that church and state will be separate, and the entire religious freedom will be allowed.

Transport Indiana Aground. Washington, Nov. 23 .- Quartermaster-General Ludington received a cable dispatch today from Colonel Miller, chief quartermaster at Manila, confirming the press report of the grounding of the transport Indiana on the east side of Isla de Polilo, one of the smaller islands of the Philippine group, east of Luzon. Colonel Miller's dis-

patch follows: 'Indiana aground November 7. She is reported as not damaged. Palmer (quartermaster), with transport Pennsylvania and a lighter draught vessel, left Manila Sunday in order to relieve her. Nothing more necessary."

When the Indiana ran aground she was loaded with supplies and a company of the Twenty-second infantry, detailed to act as a garrison at Baloi.

TORNADO IN THE SOUTH.

Much Loss of Life in Tennessee and Mississippi.

Memphis, Tenn., Nov. 23 .- A torbounding through a narrow stretch of territory stretching from a point three miles north of Lulu, Miss., to Lagrange, Tenn., caused a heavy loss of life and property this afternoon. The storm so completely interrupted telegraphic and telephonic communicaon that neither the origin nor the euding of it can be determined tonight, nor can the extent of the disaster be learned. From meager details obtainable, covering only three points, it appears that 19 lives were lost, and the destruction of property was also heavy. It is believed that between the towns heard from numerous farm-houses and interior communities of more or less considerable population were struck. Accompanying the tornado was a rain storm of terrific proportions.

The tornado struck the town of Lagrange, 49 miles east of Memphis, on the Southern railway, in Fayette county, this afternoon. Only one church is left standing in the town. The streets are littered with the debris of destroyed buildings, merchandise, telegraph and telephone wires and poles. Several persons are dead

Six persons were injured more or less seriously, and 10 business places were totally destroyed. The Methodist. Baptist and Presbyterian churches were demolished. The residence portion of the town also suffered heavy loss, several buildings being completely demolished and a large number dam-

A perfect deluge of rain was falling when the cyclone came, but its advance was foretold by a roaring, rushing sound, followed by quick heavy reports which gave the inhabitants warning, and they rushed out from the falling buildings.

## STORM IN CHICAGO.

Rain Fell in Deluging Quantities and Thunder and Lightning Plentiful.

Chicago, Nov. 23. - Glaring flashes of lightning and loud peals of thunder. sights and sounds generally peculiar to midsummer in Chicago, accompanied the storm which burst upon the city shortly before midnight last night. Rain fell in deluging quantities, and the elements displayed all the characteristics of a summer thunderstorm. Telephone and telegraph wires were affected by the electricity in the atmosphere. The streets of the city ran like rivers. There was enough wind on the lake to endanger the safety of

light craft. Thre storm is probably the forerunner of a cold wave that has forced the mercury down to 12 degrees below zero in Montana, and which is schednled to arrive in Chicago today.

John Wanamaker has been re-elected president of the Pennsylvania State Sabbath School Association.

Frank Sargent Declines. Washington, Nov. 23 .- It was learned tonight that Frank Sargent, chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, to whom was tendered the office of chief of the bureau of engraving and printing, has decided definitely not to take the position, but to remain at the head of the labor organization he now

Railroads centering in St. Louis ask their employes to work for the proposed exposition in 1903,

SWEPT BY A STORM.

the South.

Memphis, Nov. 24. - Advices received tonight from the storm-swept sections Ex-President Was Given a of Mississippi, Arkansas and Tennessee indicate that the loss of life and damage to property is far greater than at first reported. The places affected are remote and isolated, and at the best they are not well equipped with means of communication, and the storm which last evening carried devastation Caused by Englishmen, Who Threw across the country at the same time swept away the wires, so that telephone and telegraph wires alike were put out of service. Dependence has necessarily been placed in railroad men and travelers coming from affected parts. It is estimated that the number of dead will exceed 75.

More Than 50 people Were Killed and 100 Injured.

Nashville, Tenn., Nov. 24.-Tennesdestructive storm ever known in the state. More than 50 people were killed, and 100 more injured, while the damage to houses, timber and other property will reach large figures.

The storm entered the state from Northern Mississippi and swept across on. Columbia, in Maury county, is the heaviest sufferer. Lavergne, Nolwind's fury, the storm finally losing its cities of France. force against the Cumberland mountain range. Columbia's casualties number 25 dead and 50 injured.

yards wide, and was through the north- a low voice, but one vibrating with path everything is completely wrecked. Not even the iron and stone fence on the the arsenal grounds is standing. The number of houses destroyed in

the Nolansville neighborhood is 16. At Lavergne, 16 miles south of here, on the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis road, the velocity of the wind was marvelous, and from best reports lasted only about 20 seconds. In this short time about 30 dwellings were turned into kindling wood. The wind made a swath about 200 yards wide of his determination. He announced

through the middle of the town. The Lavergne high school and the station, the two largest buildings, were laid flat. The railroad lost four sectionhouses also. The rise in the Cumberland river at

Nashville is the most rapid known in 25 years, the water having climbed 20 teet on the gauge since yesterday vaal. morning.

a result of the storm. Culverts were marred the character of the demonstra-washed out and small bridges were tion, which up to that time had been swept away. Lumber firms on Wolf unanimously and exclusively a tribute river suffered severely from the detruction of logs, and it is estimated to-\*night that their losses will foot up between \$300,000 and \$500,000.

#### IN MISSISSIPPI. A Wide Extent of Territory Swept by

the Tornado. property occurred near Tunica, Lula needed all the promptitude and energy they were killed out by being fed too that the tornado's devastation was so mained for the rest of the day in a great that it will take weeks to calcu- state of siege, while at one time a prolate and repair it. Five negroes lost cession, several thousand strong their lives on the Hamlin place. In marched in the direction of the British Tunica the church and a number of consulate, shouting, "Down with the buildings were totally demolished. English," and raising other threaten-More than 50 negroes are missing, and it is feared that several of them perished. Corn is reported badly damaged. At Hernando a white man was killed and a negro fatally injured by flying debris. Numerous sawmills, several residences and hundreds of negro cabins were blown away. At Love Station, J. S. Doney, a white man, was

pected to die. At Tracey the reisdence of J. B. Higgins was totally demolished and several other buildings were wrecked. Ten cabins were destroyed on a planta-

tion and three negroes killed. At La Grange two persons were killed ourtight and a score or more seriously injured. About 100 houses, mainly those of poor people, were de-

The damage to unpicked cotton cannot be estimated, but it is undoubtedly considerable. Traffic on the Memphis branch of the Louisville & Nashville railroad has been delayed since last night, owing to high water at places between Milan and the Tennessee river. All trains have been delayed.

## TEN LIVES LOST THERE.

Fearful Havoc Was Wrought in a Mississippi Town. Memphis, Nov. 24 .- A special to the

Commercial-Appeal from Arkabutla, Tate county, Miss., says: Yesterday afternoon a tornado de-

scended upon this little town, and as a result of its fearful intensity 10 persons were killed outright and 20 were

The storm overwhelmed the town about 5 o'clock in the afternoon, and in a few minutes every building was demolished. Many of the victims were pinned under the wreckage and were extricated with much difficulty. The tornado passed to the northeast and caused much damage through the country districts.

Steel and Wire Men Laid Off.

Cleveland, Nov. 23 .- All the night men employed at the Newburg mill of the American Steel & Wire Company in this city, about 500, have been laid off. The company officials refuse to make any explanation.

Seranton, Pa., Nov. 23 .- The strike of the 700 employes of the Forest mine, at Archbald, which has continued since last March, has been satisfactorily settled. The strikers got nearly all the concessions demanded.

# OOM PAUL AT MARSEILLES

Hearty Reception.

ONE UNPLEASANT INCIDENT

Small Coins at Mr. Kruger-Says His People Will Never Surrender,

Marseilles, Nov. 25 .- Today proved a triumph for Mr. Kruger such as even the Boer delegates and his most ardent admirers failed to anticipate. The delirium of enthusiasm which marked THE STORM IN TENNESSEE. every step of his progress from the time he landed until the hotel was reached was a revelation, even to the people of Marseilles themselves. It fully equaled if it did not surpass, the see was swept last night by the most frantic demonstration of patriotism with which France opened her arms to Major Marchand at Toulon on his return from Fashoda. An assembly of such masses, exceeding even the most sanguine estimate, might perhaps be partly explained by the ceremonious obsequies of the bishop of Marseilles, in a northeasterly direction. Great including an imposing religious pro-damage is reported from the counties cession from the cathedral, but nothcession from the cathedral, but nothbordering on Mississippi and further ing can minimize the spontaneous explosion of sentiment displayed toward Mr. Kruger by the entire population of ansville and Gallatin also felt the the first port and one of the largest

Yet the grandeur of this demonstration perhaps ranks in importance to the emphatic manifesto of "no compro-The path of the storm was about 350 mise" which Mr. Kruger delivered in western suburbs of the town. In its emotion, accompanied by energetic cestures of the right hand, stiring the hearts of all within hearing. The last sentences of his declaration were uttered with a vigor and a decision which bore out his reputation as to the incarnation of iron will and stubborn resistance. His mere delivery of a declaration of such far-reaching importance testifies to the independence of his character, as it came as a surprise even to his intimate political adivsers who, up to the last, were in ignorance to the world this morning that the Boers would be free people or die, and the faces of the men about him, Wessels, Froebler and the other Boer representatives, bore the look of fearless determination reflecting the spirit that Mr. Kruger declared animated every man, woman and child in the Trans-

The unfortunate occurrence at the In Memphis there is a heavy loss as hotel on the main boulevard alone of sympathy and admiration. "Vive Kruger," "Vive les Boers," and "Vive la liberte," were the cries that and swept over the city. Unfortunately the high reprehensible foolishness of half a dozen persons in throwing small ing cries. The result was that a strong body of police was compelled to disperse the demonstrators, although it was found not necessary to make more

## than lew temporary arrests.

Trust Companies Consolidate. New York, Nov. 23 .- The trustees of the Atlantic Trust Company and the directors of the Bankers' Trust Comcrushed by flying timber, and is expany, at seperate meetings, decided to consolidate under the title and charter of the Atlantic Trust Company. The consolidation will become operative as soon as the stockholders of both companies ratify the action of the directors. The Atlantic Trust Company was organized nearly 15 years ago, and it has at this time capital of \$15,000,000 and \$500,000 surplus. The Bankers' Trust Company was formed a little more than a year ago, with a paid-up capital of \$1,500,000.

Venezuela Buys Gould's Yacht. New York, Nov. 23.—George J. Gould's yacht, the Atalanta, with the war equipment with which she was armed for Colombia, which was to have bought her, is to go to Venezuela. Mr. Gould has completed arrangements for her sale to the latter country for \$125,000. General Nicanor Bolet-Peraza, confidential agent of the Venezuelan government, who belongs to the Castro, or Liberal party, conducted the negotiations with Mr. Gould personally, and has paid him the first installment of \$30,000.

## The Storm in the East.

Buffalo, Nov. 25 .- Inspection of the government breakwater shows that a section about 1,100 feet in length was demolished by the storm last night. This section was being repaired, and the waves which pounded upon it dashed away so much of the structure that extensive repairs will be necessary. The damage is estimated at \$200,000.

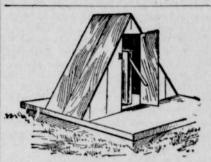
An Appeal for Help.

Memphis, Nov. 25 .- The people of Lagrange, Tenn., have sent out an appeal for help. They say all the business portion and nearly all the residence portion of the town are in ruins, and many of the inhabitants destitute. They ask that contributions be sent to W. B. Hancock, mayor of the town.

Oil Derricks Destroyed. Toledo, O., Nov. 25 .- Yesterday's



Protecting the Pump. is thus inclosed at slight cost of labor and kept from "freezing up" during cold snaps in winter. If stock is to be watered, a spout can pass through the rear side of the covering, to be removed and the opening closed when not in use. Scores of hours are consumed on many farms in winter "thawing out" pumps. A little protection of this sort will save much labor. The water in a well from which cattle are to be watered can also be kept much warmer if the platform



A PROTECTED PUMP. is closely banked with hay to keep out the cold air. It is essential not only to keep the pump from "freezing up," but also to keep the temperature of the water in the well as high as possible, since very cold water is undesirable for any stock, and particularly undesirable for cows in milk and growing young stock .- New York Tribune.

Clover Sick Land. We used to hear much of land getting clover sick, or so that while rich enough for corn or most of the usual farm crops, it seemed not to be suitable for clover. Either the seed would fail to catch or the plants would die out before they had attained size enough to show them above the other grasses. Perhaps on a poor field nearby there would be a good crop of clover growing, sown with seed from the same bag and under the same conditions of season. When we first noticed that formed a hurricane of cheering this we saw that the farmers who had used wood ashes on their fields had no trouble in growing clover, and that in pastures where bushes had been cut coins into the crowd as Mr. Kruger and burned there were often bunches Memphis, Nov. 24 .- In Mssissippi passed acted like magic in conjuring of clover, most frequently of white the greatest loss of life and damage to up an anti-British outburst, which it clover, that came in and remained until and Hernando. A report by carrier of the police to prevent becoming a closely. This led us to believe the clover from a point 12 miles from Tunica says serious disturbance. The hotel re- would be benefited by the use of wood noticed that farmers who used a commercial fertilizer in addition to their manure had no trouble in growing clover. Later studies showed us that lime formed a considerable part of both ashes and the superphosphates, and thus we do not hesitate to advise any one to apply lime where they wish to grow clover, and to use acid phosphate and muriate of potash when they sow the seed, or as topdressing afterward. We think these are a sure remedy for

clover-sick soil.-Exchange. Rack for Fodder. A very good fodder rack for cattle is made either of poles or of lumber. A plank will answer for the bottom of the rock proper, and the boards should be far enough apart to let the cattle get the fodder freely from the rack. The outside rack will catch the surplus and stock will pick that over later on when the supply runs short in the rack. It is built on runners so it can be moved from place to place with a team. The



outside rack should be made of heavy poles, as the reaching of the cattle will break ordinary lumber.

To Prevent Calves Sucking. To prevent calves and young stock from sucking the cows and the cows from sucking themselves, procure at your grocer's or druggists one pound of cayenne pepper, pour one-half pint boiling water on one tablespoonful and let it steep a few minutes. Tie a soft piece of cloth on the end of a long stock, in seasons when the soil was dry, as and with this swab rub the pepper solution over the cow's udder. If this is persevered in you will have no more trouble.-Mrs. J. Coffee, Farmers' Advocate.

Candied Honey. At the approach of winter, says

American Gardening, extracted honey will candy or crystallize unless kept in a temperature above 80 degrees, and even then with some kinds of honey it is difficult to prevent it from candying. This is regarded by most beekeepers as a test of its purity. Honey that has been adulterated with glucose or other foreign matter as a rule will not granulate or crystallize when kept in a modstorm destroyed nearly 3,000 derricks erately cool place. Honey that has in the oil fields south and east of here. gaanulated may be restored to its Breeder.

fiquid form by placing the bottle or jar in a pan and setting on the kitchen partly filled with water and heated slowly until the honey is melted. If melted gradually and only heated conditions have operated to curtail reenough to restore it to its liquid state, tail and jobbing distribution this week. it does not injure or impair the flavor and impart a quieter tone to several in the least.

Winter Work.

reach the point where they must be done. When we were farming we used the days when it was not suitable weather to work out of doors in putting all tools and machinery in good condi-The cut tells its own story. The pump | tion, including farm wagons and carts, and they were painted, if they needed it, which most of them did even after one year's use. The work might not have been done very artistically, but the paint served to protect the wood from the weather. Then harnesses were cleaned, mended and oiled, and repairs made on gates, fences, etc., while during the pleasant days manure was drawn out, and the summer wood brought home. All this so helped when the spring work began that if we desired to go on a farm again we should much prefer to take it in November than March, unless we were sure that our predecessor had beer one who spent the winter days in getting ready for the coming season.-American Cultivator.

Use Skimmilk. Skimmilk is a food which contains muscle and flesh forming material in a form to be readily taken up and digested by the system. Milk that has been skimmed has really lost but a small amount of its value as a food, the cream consisting considerably of fat, which in itself is the least nutritious part of the milk, except to create warmth. The cheesy matter left in the milk is its most valuable part for food and tends to produce a vigorous, healthful growth when fed to calves, pigs and chickens. If chickens were fed less corn and more skimmilk, it would not only be to their lasting benefit, but it would also eventually result in financial benefit to the farmer.-Poultry Keeper.

The Crothers Peach. Prof. H. E. Van Deman, while living in Kansas, came across a peach called



Crothers, which he thinks worthy to show its merits among the best peaches of the country. He procured buds and put the peach into his trial

orchard, and has been so much pleas- \$20. CEOTHERS PEACH, ed with the variety has also been fruiting at the experiment station at South Haven, Mich.. flour, \$3.25; rye flour, \$3.80@4.00. for several years, where it is much liked. The tree is a very abundant and shorts, per ton, \$14.00. regular bearer, strong growth and somewhat drooping form. The fruit is middlings, per ton, \$20; oil cake meal, of medium size, nearly round in shape, not pointed, and has a slight suture on appearance; flesh, creamy white, red at 11c. pit, very juicy, melting; flavor, rich, yet New Yorker.

Grain Weevils.

Those who are troubled by weevils in the grain bins or their barns should not Valley, nominal; Bluestem, 560 per forget that bisulphide of carbon is a bushel. sure preventive of their ravages. About one ounce of it is sure death to all that \$2.60. would be in a hundred pounds of grain and other seed, and vials of that size gray, 42c per bushel. just thrust down into the surface and uncorked will go to the bottom of the ing, \$16.50 per ton. bin, as its fumes are heavier than the air. As it is explosive take care not to carry any light near it. It is also sure ton. death to other insects and to squirrels and rats. Do not use more than the above amount, as it may prevent germination of the seed.

cows will give much more milk in winter and fattening stock will put on flesh much more rapidly if they have warm water than if it is coated with ice or even if of the natural temperature at which it comes from a well or a spring. There are heaters made to put in a trough or tank that raise the tempera- 1%c per pound. ture at very small expense, and we advise those who have many cattle to water to investigate the matter.

Drilling Grain.

The Minnesota experiment station tried for several years drilled wheat by the side of wheat sown broadcast. These were field tests on considerable areas, and they found as an average that the drilled wheat yielded 50 per cent more than that which was broadcasted. The results were most marked the seeds were well covered at a uniform depth by the drill, and thus germinated more freely and evenly.

To Keep Cider Sweet. To keep cider sweet is not an easy

proposition, remarks a New England Homestead correspondent. For domestic use on a small scale heat thoroughly for twenty minutes at a temperature of 160 degrees; then seal up in fruit jars or bottles. This, done thoroughly, will keep the year round.

Sheep's Faces. The face of a sheep does not only indicate elegance of form generally, but it is the more sure and certain indication of the best feeding quality.-Sheep

#### WEATHER A FACTOR.

stove or range. The pan should be Retail and Jobbing Trade Has Been Materially Affected.

Bradstreet's says: Unsettled weather lines indirectly associated therewith. Stock speculation, too, has been less The farmer should rejoice at the ap- rampant, and last week's record of proach of winter, not because it will be bank clearings has therefore not been season of rest, but because it will give equaled. There is, however, little or him an opportunity to do so many no apparent loss of basic strength and, things that he has neglected in the indeed, the general level of staple hurry of planting, cultivating and har-prices has been slightly advanced. vesting. There are many little things This later movement is most notable in for which there seems to be no great the iron and steel trades, in raw cotton haste. They can be done at any time, and to a lesser degree in the cereals and that means that they are never and some home products. In marine done, or done in great haste when they shipping circles a distinct improvement is reported since the first week in November.

While the volume of business in pig iron is still large, it does not apparently come up to that of last week or the week previous. No disappointment is, however, felt at this, more particularly as quotations have again been marked up. Reports of preparations to resume come from many plants for some time idle, and a sample instance is the report that every furnace in the Chicago field will be at work next week.

Plates are active, as are structural and car material, wire, bars, and, in fact, all classes of finished material. not excepting rails, which are reported being freely taken by Western railroads at the much abused \$26 basis. Other metals, notably copper, are strong.

Tin is again tending upward. Wheat, including flour shipments for the week, aggregate 3,827,296 bushels, against 4,062,02 buhels last week. Business failures in the United States for, the week number 215, against 227 last week.

Canadian failures for the week number 31, as against 25 last week.

#### PACIFIC COAST TRADE.

Seattle Market.

Onions, new, 11/4c. Lettuce, hot house, \$1 per crate. Potatoes, new. \$16. Beets, per sack, 85c@\$1. Turnips, per sack, \$1.00. Squash—11/4c. Carrots, per sack, 60c Parsnips, per sack, \$1.25. Cucumbers-40@50c.

Cabbage, native and California, 1% c per pounds. Butter-Creamery, 30c; dairy, 18@ 22c; ranch, 18c pound.

Eggs-34c. Cheese-12c. Poultry-12c; dressed, 14c; spring, 13@15c turkey, 13c..

Hay-Puget Sound timothy, \$14.00; choice Eastern Washington timothy, \$18.00. Corn-Whole, \$28.00; cracked, \$25; feed meal, \$25.

Barley-Rolled or ground, per ton, CEOTHERS PEACH. ed with the variety that he mentions it as without an equal blended straights, \$3.25; California, of its color and season combined. It \$3.25; buckwheat flour, \$6.00; gra-

> Millstuffs-Bran, per ton, \$13.00; Feed-Chopped feed, \$19.00 per ton;

Fresh Meats-Choice dressed beef one side; color, creamy white, with a steers, price 71/2c; cows, 7c; mutton bright red cheek, making a handsome 71/2; pork, 8c; trimmed, 9c; veal, 9@

Hams-Large, 13c; small, 1314; mild, vinous and very pleasant.-Rural breakfast bacon, 12c; dry salt sides, 8 %c.

Portland Market

Wheat-Walla Walla, 58@54c; Flour-Best grades, \$3.40; graham

Oats-Choice white, 45c; choice

Barley-Feed barley, \$15.50 brew-Millstuffs-Bran, \$15.50 ton; middlings, \$21; shorts, \$17; chop, \$16 per

Hay-Timothy, \$12@12.50; clover, \$7 @9.50; Oregon wild hay, \$6@7 per ton. Butter-Fancy creamery, 45@50c; store, 30c.

Eggs—35c per dozen. Cheese-Oregon full cream, 1216c; It has been many times proven that Young America, 13c; new cheese 10c per pound.

Poultry-Chickens, mixed, \$2.75@ 3.50 per dozen; hens, \$4.00; springs, \$2.00@3.50; geese, \$6.00@8.00 dez; ducks, \$3.50@5.00 per dozen; turkeys. live, 12c per pound.

Potatoes-50@65c per sack; sweets, Vegetables-Beets, \$1; turnips, 75c;

per sack; garlie, 7c per pound; cabbage, 1 %c per pound; parsnips, 85c; onions, \$1; carrots, 75c. Hops-New crop, 12@14c

pound. Wool-Valley, 13@14c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 10@12c; mohair, 25 per pound.

Mutton-Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, 3 1/20; dressed mutton, 6 1/2 @ 7c per pound. Hogs-Gross, choice heavy, \$5.75;

light and feeders, \$5.00; dressed, \$6.00@6.50 per 100 pounds. Beef-Gross, top steers, \$3.50@4.00; cows, \$3.00@3.50; dressed beef, 6@

7c per pound. Veal-Large, 61/2671/20; small, 8@ 8 %c per pound.

## San Francisco Market.

Wool-Spring-Nevada, 11@13c per ound; Eastern Oregon, 10@14c; Valley, 15@17c; Northern, 9@10c.

Hope-Crop, 1900, 131/2@17c. Rutter-Fancy creamery 24@25c; seconds, 23e; fancy dairy, 21@ 22c; do seconds, 20c per pound. Eggs-Store, 28c; fancy ranch,

Millstuffs — Middlings, \$16.50 @ 19.00; bran, \$13.00@13.50.