

SIX LIVES LOST IN A STORM

Accident Was Due to Poor Seamanship.

ONLY ONE PASSENGER SAVED

The Victims Were All Members of One Family on a Pleasure Trip on Their Private Yacht—Part of Crew Saved.

Cleveland, O., July 10.—The schooner yacht Idler was lost in a terrific storm 16 miles off this port this afternoon, with six persons, all members of the family of James Corrigan, wealthy vessel-owner of this city.

Mrs. John Corrigan was the only passenger aboard who was saved. C. H. Holmes, the captain; Samuel Biggam, the mate; four sailors, two cooks and the ship's carpenter were also saved.

It was about 2:05 when the squall struck us. The yacht laid down on her beam ends, and the water rushed through the decklights and companionways, and in three minutes she sank.

It was realized that nothing could be done to save those in the cabin, and attention was turned to saving those on deck. The latter, outside of the captain, mate and crew, were Mrs. John Corrigan and her daughter, Miss Etta Corrigan.

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Pittsburg Fireman Died. Pittsburgh, July 10.—Stewart Burns, of Engine Company No. 4, who was taken out of the wrecked Evans building last night, died at an early hour this morning, making the list of dead number five.

None Bodies Yet Recovered. Cleveland, O., July 10.—None of the bodies of the six persons drowned by the capsizing of Captain James Corrigan's yacht, the Idler, 15 miles off this port yesterday, have yet been recovered.

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Seattle, Wash., July 5.—A \$50,000 fire caused by a skyrocket in the hands of a careless boy last night burned a business block occupied by Holden & Wilson, Randolph Gross and Rhodes Bros., on Second avenue.

The Ashantee War. London, July 9.—The colonial office has received a dispatch from Governor Hodgson, of the Gold Coast colony, saying that owing to the non-arrival of the relief column at Atekwade, June 26, and the reduction of the food supply he had decided to push through the rebels and had deceived the enemy regarding the route followed.

WORD TO THE FILIPINOS.

Proclamation Circulated Bearing the Name of Aguinaldo.

Manila, July 4.—Two rebel documents have lately been circulated in Manila the most important of which is an alleged proclamation from Aguinaldo concerning the coming civil commission. The proclamation warns the Filipino people to beware of the commission and its promises of future benefits, and begs them never to give up their arms in the vain hope of thereby enjoying ultimate freedom and happiness.

"Ask them for the kind of municipal government you most desire, and be not afraid to speak boldly to them. Remember the dark days of Spanish outrages are past, and that the Americans allow freedom of speech." In other words, get all you can out of the commission, but put no faith in them.

The proclamation is very similar in purport to one circulated here about 10 days ago, printed in Spanish and sent over to Manila from Hong Kong by the junta. These proclamations were concealed in the soles of shipments of shoes, and were very generally circulated throughout the city.

MURDER OF VON KETTELER.

Germany Will Avenge the Death of the Minister.

Berlin, July 4.—From well-authenticated sources the representative of the press is able to state that today, after the detailed statement by Count von Bulow, secretary of state for foreign affairs, regarding the Chinese situation, Emperor William made up his mind to insist upon full satisfaction for the death of Baron von Ketteler, for which purpose he resolved to send altogether armed forces approximately as large as those of the other powers chiefly interested in restoring order in China.

The Chinese legation here is still smilingly snug. Minister Lu Hai Houn told a representative of the press that he was extremely sorry for the bloody events in Pekin, but he felt sure that the dowager empress was guiltless.

Smallpox at Nome. Seattle, July 4.—The steamer Tacoma arrived from Nome at 2 o'clock this afternoon with nine passengers. Her officers report the steamer Charles Nelson added to the quarantined fleet at Egg Island with smallpox on board.

Helingsfors, Finland, July 4.—The Finnish senate has addressed a memorial to the czar, declaring its inability to promulgate the imperial rescript regarding the introduction of the Russian language in Finland, the limitation of the right of public meeting, and the granting of the right of Russians to carry on certain trades prohibited to Finns.

Labor Troubles in Alabama.

Birmingham, Ala., July 4.—All the union miners in Alabama, about 10,000 in number, suspended work today pending the settlement of the wage dispute between them and the operators. The old wage contract expired yesterday and the miners demand a raise and other concessions. The operators refuse this demand.

When some people lose their positions they look around for sympathy instead of a new job.

CAR'S WILD LEAP.

Carried 56 to Death—Three Score Others Injured, Many Fatally.

Tacoma, July 5.—Nearly 100 people, passengers on a car bound for this city, were plunged down a gulch at Twenty-sixth and C streets, shortly after 8 o'clock yesterday morning. Those who were standing on the platform dropped off only to be crushed and wounded by the heavy body of the coach, while others inside were killed and maimed before they knew what had happened.

The car which carried its human freight into a deep ravine instead of to the city was No. 116, of the United Traction Company's cars, and was on the Edison line. It left Edison at about 8 o'clock, in charge of F. L. Boehm, motorman, and J. D. Calhoun, conductor.

The car ran moderately along, the passengers chatting with each other, for they were nearly all acquainted, and everything was pleasant until it reached the crest of the hill just beyond Tacoma avenue. From this point the stories differ. One is that the motorman, after starting down the hill, turned on his current instead of shutting it off, and when the car had gained such a momentum as to threaten to get away from him, he turned off the current, but it was then too late, for the car was going at lightning speed, and there was nothing to bring it to a standstill, for the incline is steep.

Where the car went off there is a sharp curve, at the foot of a steep grade. As the car struck the curve, instead of following the rails, it whirled completely over and pitched from the bridge, striking on its top, the heavy trucks and body of the car crashing the frail upper works to splinters and smashing down upon the mass of men, women and children, with which the car was loaded.

It was one of the most appalling accidents that has ever occurred in this city, and it came at a time when it was least expected. Here were happy people, residents of the nearby towns, Edison, Lakeview, Parkland, Lake Park and other places, coming to Tacoma full of joy and patriotism to spend the Fourth of July.

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FOUR CHILDREN KILLED.

Terrible Effects of an Explosion of Fireworks.

Philadelphia, July 5.—A blank cartridge fired at close range by a small colored boy into a large collection of fireworks of a highly explosive character yesterday, cost the lives of four children, the probable death of three others, and severe burns and lacerations to 20 other persons, only two of whom were adults.

The explosion occurred in front of a small shop of Antonio Mammarella, on Eighth street, in the most thickly populated section. The fireworks were on a stand on the pavement, and consisted largely of giant firecrackers, torpedoes, rockets and "chasers."

The Fourth at Washington.

Washington, July 5.—The birthday of the republic was celebrated in the capital yesterday with the usual accompaniment of crackers, cannon and oratory under a burning blue sky. The Sons of the Revolution, the Sons of the American Revolution and the Oldest Inhabitants' Association abandoned their customary exercises at the foot of the Washington monument and read the Declaration of Independence in the cooler recesses of churches and the hotels.

WHAT THE MINES ARE DOING

THE LOWER YUKON NEWS THE JOHN DAY VALLEY

American Mining Camps in That Section Are Doing Well. Many Locations Reported on Dixie and Strawberry Spurs.

Seattle, July 4.—The Post-Intelligencer has the following special news from Skagway:

The first news of the season from the remote American mining camps of the lower Yukon has just come out to Skagway.

Latest arrivals report a new strike 100 miles back of Circle City, on three creeks known as Faith, Hope and Charity, which empty into the Tanana. A new strike is also reported on Walker's fork of the Forty-Mile, which was once before staked. A stampedee has resulted, and others have rushed in and re-staked the country.

Fine pay has been struck on a number of claims not heretofore considered payers. Eureka, struck last summer, has proved a wonder so far, and has a pay streak 80 feet wide and four feet deep. It is expected Eureka will this year yield \$1,500,000.

The Rampart Camp.

Col. Wiggins believes the Rampart camp is as good as the creek camp of Nome, and thinks many of the overflow at Nome will push up the river to Rampart and help make it a big producer. He has the belief there is gold in Koyukuk, but feels that the developments are scarcely enough yet to warrant great faith in the camp.

E. G. Lenont, who has just arrived from Forty-Mile and other promising American camps, reports the clean-up on Jack Wade this spring has been demonstrative of a good camp. The creek is scarcely prospected, yet No. 7 below upper discovery yielded \$80,000 at this year's clean-up.

Rich Copper Strike.

Good Values on Old Claim in a British Columbia Camp. Phoenix, B. C., July 9.—An important ore strike has been made on the War Eagle claim in this camp. The strike occurred in the west drift of the 100-foot level, about 175 feet from the shaft, where a raise was being driven.

The ore body dipped a little to the east and was followed 11 feet, when the workmen went back and continued work on the raise. Up to date the men have gone through 25 feet of clean chalcopryrite ore and have not reached the further wall. The width of the ore body, therefore, has not been determined.

The celebrated Nickle Plate mine is situated near the head of Twenty-Mile creek, and there are several high grade properties within sight of it.

THE ROSSLAND DISTRICT.

Group of Camps in the Summit Show Some Activity.

Spokane, July 9.—Considerable assessment work is being done at Summit camp, about eight miles northwest of Olalla, B. C. It is described in the Rossland Miner as rather a series of camps at the headwaters of the six or seven creeks which rise there. Three of these, Keremeos, Cedar and Olalla creeks, flow eastward to Keremeos valley, while Fifteen-Mile, Sixteen-Mile and Twenty-Mile creeks flow west and then south to the Similkameen.

COMING TO THE FRONT.

Toroda Creek Mines Again Attracting Attention.

Republic, Wash., July 9.—Toroda creek mines are again attracting attention. Seven companies are working and some of them expect to cut their ledges within a few days. Some of the ledges have shown large values on the surface, and it was this that turned the attention of mining men in that direction.

Northwest Notes.

The pay roll of Rossland, B. C., camp, runs over \$100,000 per month.

Boise's first ice plant will be installed and in operation within 15 or 20 days.

Petitions are being circulated in Lincoln county, Or., protesting against the proposed location of fishtraps in Yakima bay.

Bids are being solicited for the erection of a two-story brick hotel in Lakeview, Or. The owners will be Miller & Lane, who paid \$2,500 for a site last week.

Professor E. H. McAllister of the department of applied mathematics at the University of Oregon has been appointed by the regents as supervisor of the drainage system to be put in at the university this summer.

The county court of Union county, Or., has ordered road supervisors to prosecute all persons who damage the highways by permitting irrigation water to run in the roads.

A Pacific coast Indian institute is to be organized. A conference of educators interested in the training and education of Indians, will take place at Chemawa, August 14 to 19. Washington, Montana, Idaho and California, will be represented and perhaps several other Western states.

A stir is reported on West Fisher creek, 80 miles from Libby, Mont., where \$50 ore is reported in an old claim.

It is reported in Ferguson, B. C., that a rich strike has been made in the Nettie L. A vein three to four feet wide of solid galena, carrying more copper than usual, was exposed.

THE DULL SEASON.

Railway Earnings Are Good, However, and Business Failures Few.

Bradstreet's says: Business is unusually dull at this season, and this year no exception to the general rule is remarked. A review of the past six months, however, gives little comfort to pessimists. Bank clearings, it is true, are smaller by about 11 per cent than they were in the first half of 1899, but railway earnings are about 10 per cent larger, and business failures, as reported to Bradstreet's, are the fewest reported for 18 years back, with liabilities of failing trades the same, with one exception, and that last year, since 1892.

Wool is dull and manufacturers are supplying only actual wants. In manufacturing lines dullness and weakness are most marked in products of iron and steel.

The settlement of labor troubles is effected in the better demand for building materials at affected centers, while rains in the Northwest have allowed white pine manufacturers to open their works, and give employment to many thousands of men.

Sugar has been marked up again this week, coffee is higher, while tea holds the full advance scored on the outbreak of the Chinese troubles. Wheat, including flour, shipments for the aggregate 3,018,832 bushels, against 3,184,144 bushels last week.

Business failures in the United States for the week number 196, as compared with 185 last week.

Business failures in Canada number 25 as compared with 18 last week.

PACIFIC COAST TRADE.

Seattle Markets.

Onions, new, 1 1/2c. Lettuce, hot house, \$1 per crate. Potatoes, new, 1c. Beets, per sack, 90c@91c. Turnips, per sack, 75c. Carrots, per sack, \$1.25. Parsnips, per sack, 50@75c. Cauliflower, California 90c@91c. Strawberries—\$2 per case. Cabbage, native and California, \$1.00@1.25 per 100 pounds.

Tomatoes—\$1.50 per case. Butter—Creamery, 22c; Eastern 22c; dairy, 17@22c; ranch, 15@17c. Eggs—20c. Cheese—12c. Poultry—14c; dressed, 14@15c; spring, \$3.50.

Hay—Puget Sound timothy, \$11.00@12.00; choice Eastern Washington timothy, \$19.00. Corn—Whole, \$23.00; cracked, \$23; feed meal, \$23. Barley—Rolled or ground, per ton, \$20. Flour—Patent, per barrel, \$3.25; blended straight, \$3.00; California, \$3.25; buckwheat flour, \$6.00; Graham, per barrel, \$3.00; whole wheat flour, \$3.00; rye flour, \$3.80@4.00. Millstuffs—Bran, per ton, \$18.00; shorts, per ton, \$14.00. Feed—Chopped feed, \$19.00 per ton; middlings, per ton, \$20; oil cake meal, per ton, \$30.00. Fresh Meats—Choice dressed beef steers, price 8c; cows, 7c; mutton 8c; pork, 8c; trimmed, 9c; veal, 8 1/2@10c. Hams—Large, 13c; small, 13 1/2; breakfast bacon, 12 1/2c; dry salt, 8c.

Portland Market.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 56@57 1/2c; Valley, 57 1/2c; Bluestem, 60c per bushel. Flour—Best grades, \$3.20; Graham, \$2.70; superfine, \$2.10 per barrel. Oats—Choice white, 35c; choice gray, 33c per bushel. Barley—Feed barley, \$14.00@15.00; brewing, \$16.00 per ton. Millstuffs—Bran, \$12.50 ton; middlings, \$19; shorts, \$13; chop, \$14 per ton. Hay—Timothy, \$10@11; clover, \$7@7.50; Oregon wild hay, \$6@7 per ton. Butter—Fancy creamery, 35@40c; store, 25c. Eggs—16c per dozen. Cheese—Oregon full cream, 13c; Young America, 14c; new cheese 10c per pound. Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$3.00@3.50 per dozen; hens, \$4.50; springs, \$2.00@3.50; geese, \$4.00@5.00 for old; \$4.50@6.50; ducks, \$3.00@4.50 per dozen; turkeys, live, 14@15c per pound. Potatoes—40@50c per sack; sweets, 2@2 1/2c per pound. Vegetables—Beets, \$1; turnips, 75c; per sack; garlic, 7c per pound; cabbage, 1 1/2c per pound; parsnips, \$1; onions, 1 1/2c per pound; carrots, \$1. Hops—2@8c per pound. Wool—Valley, 15@16c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 10@15c; mohair, 25 per pound. Mutton—Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, 3 1/2c; dressed mutton, 7@7 1/2c per pound; lambs, 5 1/2c. Hogs—Gross, choice heavy, \$5.00; light and feeders, \$4.50; dressed, \$5.00@6.50 per 100 pounds. Beef—Gross, top steers, \$4.00@4.50; cows, \$3.50@4.00; dressed beef, 6 1/2@7 1/2c per pound. Veal—Large, 6 1/2@7 1/2c; small, 8@8 1/2c per pound.

San Francisco Market.

Wool—Spring—Nevada, 13@15c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 10@15c; Valley, 18@20c; Northern, 10@12c. Hops—1899 crop, 11@13c per pound. Butter—Fancy creamery 18@19c; do seconds, 17 1/2c; fancy dairy, 17c; do seconds, 15@16 1/2c per pound. Eggs—Store, 13 1/2c; fancy ranch, 17c. Millstuffs—Middlings, \$17.00@20.00; bran, \$12.50@13.50.