Hessian Band Furnished the Music for the First Official Jollification-Noise in the Early Days Was Given Secondary Place on Programme,



N ye olden time they celebrated "independence day" and not the "Fourth of July." The change of name came with the change in the manner of celebrating the anniversary of the signing of the declaraion of independence. Many people deplore the present method of showing appreciation of national freedom and deplore as well the

fact that the rising generation speaks of the coming "Fourth" rather than of "Independence day," a name so pregnant with meaning. Perhaps the people who "deplore" are right.

One of the signers on that famous Fourth of July, 1776, declared on his deathbed that he would like to sleep a century, then wake up to find out how future generations were celebrating Independence day. If the old gentleman's wish were to be granted, when he heard the fish horns, the multitudinous snapping of John Chinaman red wrapped inventions, the reports of the dangerous torpedoes and dynamite crackers be might be willing enough to hurry back to the tomb.

When some staid New Englander finds fault with the present method of celebrating the nation's birthday the noise making small boy may with good grace tell him that New England's patron saint, John Adams, recommended that the day be recognized by just such a din as young America is making. It is true, however, that President John suggested that the early part of the day should be given over to solemn acts of devotion. Then he said the day should be commem orated "with pomp, parade, games, sports, guns, bells, bonfires and illuminations from one end of the continent to the other for evermore." Of the first celebration of a Fourth of July by the continental congress Adams in writing to his daughter said: "The people shouted and huzzahed in a way to strike utmost terror to every lurking tory. There was a splendid illumination and while a few surly houses were dark the show would have given King George a heartache."

Hessian Band Played.

On this first official celebration of Fourth of July by Congress that body secured music for the day and at the same time afforded the people a great chance for amusement and laughter by forcing the Hessian band, which was captured by Washington at Trenton the December previous, to play in the public square all day long. There is on record a fairly full account of an Independence day celebration which George Washington attended as the guest of honor. The celebration was held at the Spring gardens, near

READY TO CELEBRATE HIS BIRTHDAY. ..



had not as yet come into general use as a synonym for the features of the Fourth of July. All through Virginia the public and private feasts on Independence day had as a dish what was known as Bruns wick soup or stew. The name probably arose from a desire on the part of the Virginia householders to suggest that the kingly house of Brunswick was "in the soup.

In the staid land of steady habits, Connecticut, in the town of Hartford it was the custom for years to have a great dinner "in the field." A newspaper of 100 years or so ago gives an account of one of these dinners and a list of twenty toasts. The crack military companies of the section were in attendance at the

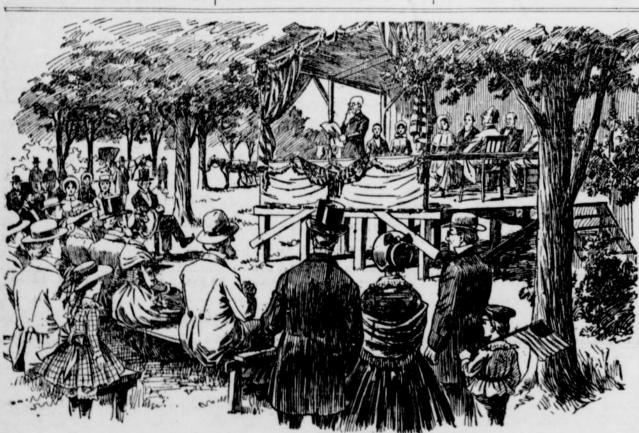
The Boston official dinners on Indepen-

out any fear that a cannon cracker was fore breakfast, as some boys do, and to be exploded under him before he had have none for the rest of the day, and finished his first course. Pandemonium have every one think you a nuisance be

> We had no accidents; that is, nothing to speak of. Polly burned two or three of her fingers a little, but we made that all right with soda and a rag, and she never cried a bit; but there was an episode, and it happened to me. This was the way it happened:

> I wanted both my hands to use, and I and a piece of punk in one of them, and there was no place to lay it down, and everybody else's hands were full, too, so I-well, I just put it into my pocket for a minute. It was lighted, but I didn't think it would do any harm just for a minute. I forgot that I had a whole bunch of firecrackers in that same pock-

Suddenly I heard some one cry out, "Tom is afire!" and then there came a



AN OLD-TIME INDEPENDENCE DAY CELEBRATION.

Alexandria, Va., "with a large company dence day were held in the hub's cradle of civil and military people of Fairfax County.'

Things were not particularly bright for the colonial armies on the first anniversary of the declaration of independence. The soldiers at Morristown heights, however, under Washington's command each received an extra gill of rum with his ration in recognition of the day. The third anniversary of the signing of the declaration was made memorable by the issuing of an order by the commanderin-chief that all military prisoners under

the sentence of death should be pardoned. Perhaps the most enthusiastic and heartfelt celebrations of Independence day did not take place on the day itself. News traveled slowly in the year 1776, and it was some days before New York knew that the country had been declared When the pleasing information did reach there, however, the town went wild. The king's statue was pulled down and melted up into bullets for the Ameri-Two or three days after New York had given vent to its enthusiastic feelings Boston celebrated. A British army officer who was a prisoner in the hub at the time wrote an account of the rejoicings of the "deluded people. He was escorted by a band of patriots to see the "goings on" and confesses that he enjoyed the occasion as a break in a motonous life of captivity. crowd of Bostonians tore down the lion and the unicorn from the old headquarters of the British Government, afterward the old Massachusetts state house.

It was not until after the signing of the treaty of peace with Great Britain that celebrations of Independence day were held regularly in all places. Dinners were favorite features of the day. Everybody was invited and it was seen to that there was enough for all. The citi-

of liberty, Faneuil Hall, Edward Everett Hale tells of one of the earliest Fourth of pop! snap! bang! crack, fizz, whizz! crack-July celebrations of his remembrance. It was that of the year 1833, and on that day for the first time a great chorus of school children sang "My Country, 'Tis

Character of Celebration Changes. It was just about this time that the character of the celebration of the anniversary of the birthday of American independence began to change. Parades were held as usual, but noise began to take the place of speeches and in the larger towns of the reading of the declaration of independence, which had always been a feature of the celebration. The opening of trade with China brought in the small firecrackers and American factories soon found the means of making big ones. Noise assumed the scepter and has reigned ever since. There is a strong desire on the part of many people to-day to change the character of the celebra-tion of Independence day and to make it like unto that which it once was. sorts of plans have been suggested for a more orderly and solemnly impressive elebration of the republic's natal day The effort to change the methods of the day's recognition are being exerted in a virile way, and it may be that the present generation will live to find something more in the Fourth of July than a picnic, the explosion of a pack of crackers under a tin pan or the rush of a rocket which,

An Episode of the Fourth.

tions, ends in a "stick."

like too many Independence day celebra-

Oh, yes, we had a glorious time, of ourse. We always do. We didn't begin course. firing till 7 o'clock, partly because it wakes people up, and partly because it is they used thim things fer caudles!-New en sat down at the outdoor table with so silly to use up all your crackers be | York Journal.

puff of smoke in my face, and I felt something hot against my leg, and thenlety-bang! the crackers began to go off

Everybody was yelling, and just for a minute I didn't know what to do. I ran, but the crackers ran with me, and the faster I went the harder they popped. Then all at once I saw what to do, and I pulled off my jacket and threw it on the grass. Luckfly it was my jacket, and

not my trousers pocket! Billy took it up and shook out the crackers, and then he turned out the pocket, but there wasn't much left to turn. It was just a black rag, and it dropped into little pieces. Then there was a big piece that looked as if it had once been white, and that, they said, was my handkerchief, but I should never have

Well, of course they all laughed at me good deal, but I didn't mind much, for it really was very funny, I suppose; but my advice to other boys is, don't carry crackers in your pocket, and if you do don't put a lighted slow-match in with them !- Laura E. Richards.

Good Reason.

Parson Goodman-Little boys, do you know just why it is that you are shooting off that cannon and those giant crack-

Boy-Sure! The old slob wot lives in that house hates boys and can't stand noise and won't let us play ball in his

Fourth of July Night.

Mr. Mulcahey-Begob, an' thim Ro-mans moosht hov loved excoltement all

TRUMPET CALLS.

Horn Sounds a Warning Note to the Unredcemed.



WOU can usually tell a man's prospects by his aspect.

The greatest cowards kick the dead lion most heartily.

A saloon may change hands but it never changes heart. The rattle of

the wheels of life is call for the oil of

True courtesy is of the heart. Purity is not negative, but positive. Saints are not made by polishing sin-

An honor bought dishonestly is a dishonor.

A lost opportunity never finds its way back.

The hero is he who does what others dare not do. A thing is not necessarily true be-

cause it is new. The hands of Christ were the pulses

of the heart of God. Readiness in criticism often marks Ignorance of the task.

The men who deny the existence of sin still go on locking their doors and taking receipts.

Before some preachers will throw a stone at a sin they want to know who

is hiding under it. It is not so much what would Jesus do in my place as what shall I do with Him in my heart,

Do not fool yourself. If the first man was made with eyes and ears, his Maker can both see and hear.

WOLSELEY AND THE TROOPERS. The Great English Commander's Way of Making Friends.

An incident happened some years ago in the cafe of a restaurant of rather good class in the city of Dublin, which is an apt illustration of how a gentleman can place himself on a footing of equality with an inferior in station without sacrificing his dignity. At that time, and probably the same narrowminded spirit and ultra snobbishness exists there still, it was the babit for the proprietors of the better class barrooms to refuse to serve drinks to private soldiers. It was immaterial how well behaved they might be or how they might rank as non-commissioned officers, the rule was inflexible.

On the occasion referred to two finely set-up men of a dragoon regiment, both wearing long-service stripes and the chevrons of troop sergeant, entered his place, and, approaching the bar, asked for drinks. They were refused, rather curtly. They said nothing, but, turning on their heels, prepared to leave. The fine appearance of the two men had attracted the attention of the guests, among whom were three or four who were sitting together quietly smoking are prone to castle building. Gerald at one of the tables. The men had al- thought he would claim this bit of femmost reached the door when one of the | ininity for his own. smokers arose, calling out sharply, 'Halt!" The habit of obedience to the command caused the soldiers to stop, although they did not acknowledge the right to be halted by any one in civillan clothes. The man who had been smoking walked up to the bar and said to the attendant: "I can purchase what drink I require here, I suppose?" "Yes, sir," replied the man. "Then immediately serve these two gentlemen (emphasizing the word) with whatever they demand." Turning to the soldiers, he said: "Gentlemen, will you drink with me?" "With pleasure, sir," said one, replying for both. They drank torether, and when the soldlers were about leaving one of them, turning to the man in civilian clothes, said: "Excuse me, sir, but we should like to know the name of the gentleman to whom we owe this courtesy." The man smiled. "Certainly, my name is Wolse-

ley, Col. Wolseley." In a trice two pairs of heels came together with a click, and two left arms were brought up with precision to a salute, which Wolseley as formally returned. He turned away with a smile, and as the two sergeants marched out an outburst of hand claps testified to the cordial appreciation of every witness of the scene. That was a good many years ago. Wolseley had a capttal war record even then, but he has since seen much service, and is now better known to the world as Viscount Wolseley, commander-in-chief of the English army.-Philadelphia Times.

Wallace's "Ben Hur" Royalties.

Gen. Lew Wallace made an independent fortune out of the novel of "Ben Hur," and it appears likely that he will acquire another by the stage version of his book. Klaw & Erlinger have paid him \$30,000 in royalties for the six months the play ran at the Broadway Theater, the gross receipts for that period being \$450,000. Gen. Wallace was not required to write anything for this money. All that he didfor it was to sign a contract giving William Young permission to dramatize it for the use of Klaw & Erlinger. It looks as if the play would last for several seasons, and it is possible that Gen. Wallace will receive at least ten times \$30,000 before "Ben Hur" is laid on the shelf.

Aluminum Type.

It is announced that a company at Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany, has been formed to manufacture aluminum type. These will be lighter, cheaper and better, it is claimed, than the present style, and freedom from lead dust will wake it safer on sanitary grounds.

THE DAFFODILS.

ong, long ago, when this old world was Before first thrushes on first blossoms swung;

While yet Night reigned, in fragrance soft and still, O'er all the world there crept a subtle thrill:

Strange, steady, strong, it came apace, and Night. Affrighted, fled before the triumphant

Light. And where the sun's first kisses touched the hills, There sprang and grew, the golden daffo-

******************* HIS OWN GIRL.

ERALD FANCOURT flung himself out of a house in Grosvenor place one night about 12 o'clock with an excessively bored expression upon his features. He was in evening dress and had evidently been attend-

ing some society function. He had a kindly face, and, as he walked rapidly along, he seemed to inhale the cool air of the night with a sense of delightful relief. He pursued his way on the Green park side of Pic-

adilly. As he passed beneath the flare of a vivid lamp his eye was attracted by an object insignificant in size, but great him appealingly. in pathos-a female child in poor rags and with naked feet. The child's hair was tangled and not too clean; her face pinched and white, but her eyes were large and brilliant and stared out with an expression of bewilderment sad to

Gerald bent down to her and said gently, "Little one, what are you doing here?"

The child looked at him much as a very tame cat regards a stranger-not frightened, but doubtful.

"I dunno," she replied, after a pause. "Where do you live?"

"I dunno." "Have you no mother?"

'Ees. Mudder far away." "Are you hungry?" "'Ees."

"Will you come with me?" A long pause-then a little sigh. "I'se so tired."

Without another word Gerald lifted the child in his arms and carried her into a small restaurant off King street. There he ordered for her a little warm soup and an egg pudding. She took them greedily. Her hunger being appeased, Gerald again lifted her in his arms and bore her to his chambers in a fashionable hotel. She fell asleep on the way. Indoors he laid her on a soft couch and then sat down to contemplate this "find" of his over a ci-

The thoughts of what he should do with this waif of humanity, which fate had thrown in his path, gradually shaped themselves into a vision of prophetic fancy. Sanguine temperaments

ucated. He would make of her all that money and care could make of her. If the total result pleased him he would make her his sister; if it more than satisfled him he would make her his wife.

The waif, under the name of Carrie King, was sent to a series of schools and finishing academies. Fancourt stuck to his scheme; he never saw her. He signed checks; he answered school principals' letters; he gave permission for his ward to visit her school fellows at their homes, and he provided her with pocket money to keep up her position as a lady; that was all.

The crowning pleasure and reward for all his care and expenditure was to come at the end of ten years, when she would be 19 years old, and he would see her in the glory of her budding womanhood.

The period of ten years was nearly closed. The night before the final day when Carrie was to appear before her protector and guardian, Gerald invited one or two choice chums to dine with him

They were laconic men of the world. He had told them the tale of his fancy and its approaching completion.

"I have taken a little house for her.' he concluded, "and to-morrow she enters into possession." "Is she pretty?"

"How do I know? She promised to be so ten years ago." "The whole thing seems Quixotic and

risky." "To-morrow will decide whether she is to be my wife or not."
"Not wise," replied the more taciturn

of the two friends.

Next morning Gerald entered the drawing room of Carrie's newly furnished house. The maid informed him that the young lady had arrived late the night before; she had breakfasted in bed, but would be down in a few minutes to receive him.

'What would she be like?" he kept asking himself.

After about five minutes he heard the soft rustle of skirts coming down the stairs. The door was gently opened and a sweet-faced young girl stepped into the room, dressed all in a flowing morning robe of white. It seemed to Gerald afterwards as if it were embroldery and lace, with a soft drapery as though covered with an ethereal angel webbing. As it was, the girl came slowly down the room with one hand outstretched timidly, yet with a sweet

Gerald had time to notice that she was tall and slender, quite fair, with a and has a population of some 25,000—mass of red gold hair and the prettiest Americans, Cubans, negroes and Chiplak cheeks he had ever seen. "A plak nese.

determination of manner.

and white prettiness," he thought to himself, but in that one glance he had to acknowledge that there was a depth behind the pink and white softness

which spoke of earnest thought. "I am so very glad to see you," said she, hesitating for her words; "so very, very glad. I cannot tell you how often

I have thought of this moment." Gerald took her hand in his. "I suppose I should call you my daughter," said he, smiling, "but I shall do noth-

ing of the sort." "Please do," sald she, "I would like so much to have you, for I feel as if you were my father-the only father I

have ever had." Gerald took a seat and the girl sat down by the side of him. "Do you know," said she, "I have been afraid to meet you. I almost wished, sometimes, that I had seen you and had it over. I so dreaded it; and then there were other things I wanted to tell

Gerald sat spellbound. Such a pretty girl he had never seen. What a sweet voice; what glorious color; how prettily she spoke. So she had been afraid of him, dreaded to meet him. Well, well.

"I hope now we shall be the best of friends," he said awkwardly; "the very best."

"Oh, indeed we shall," said the girl, but there is one thing I must tell you first. Oh, please do forgive me."

"I could forgive you anything," murmured Gerald, looking straight into the beautiful eyes that were upturned to

"Then forgive me for getting married. Jack Leonard-you know I visited the Leonards last holidays-and I got married yesterday. We have been engaged three years. He waited for me to graduate from school."

Gerald rose, picked up his hat and strode out of the room without a word.

BOGUS PORTER AND BAD RING. Lieutenant Perry Tells of a New Confi-

dence Worked in Chicago. Several detectives were sitting around the Central station, in the City Hall, telling stories of "smooth" confidence games they had encountered

during their police experience. "The old gags catch the farmers every day or two, but I'll tell you about a new one, which caught a young society fellow," Lieut. George Perry said, as he slid down in a chair and lit a nondescript cigar. "Just the other night this young fellow, who was dressed strictly up to date, came in and called me to one side. He produced a ring with a stone setting and asked me if it was a diamond. I examined the stone closely and saw right off that it was 'con.' I told him this and asked him where he got it. He said be didn't want to make any complaint and was afraid his name might get into the papers. Of cource, I told him there was no danger of that, and then he

"I bought that ring of a Pullman car porter. I was coming down Madison street near the union depot when a colored fellow wearing a porter's suit came up and said he wanted to speak to me a minute. We stepped into a hallway and he produced this ring, of-He was rich. He would have her ed- | fering to sell it cheap. He told me that he found it in one of the berths while making it up at the end of his trip. He was afraid the owner would miss it and the boss would search him, I looked at the stone, thought it was a good one, and bought it for \$20, all the money I had with me. I took the ring up to a friend of mine and told him how cheap I had bought it. The friend said he thought I had been swindled, and that's the reason I came to see you.'

"Then, and not till then, did that fellow realize that the porter as well as the ring was a fake."-Chicago Inter Ocean.

An Exciting Run.

The following incident in Lord Wolseley's military career is recorded as having taken place when he was in his twenties, and had been in the British army three years. He speaks of it himself as the most exciting experience of his life.

It was in Burma, and Wolseley was in charge of a small detachment. During the advance he had the bad luck to fall into a deep hole, and when he crawled out found himself on the enemy's side. As he emerged, he was met with such a shower of bullets that he slid back in short order. After a few minutes he came out again, and amid a vigorous volley, ran for his life. He was nearly two hundred yards from the British line, and was hit three times before he reached a place of

Accommodating Diseases.

Perhaps the record for school attendance belongs to a Walworth lad named Thomas Ward, who was never absent or late during his eleven years of school life, beginning with his fourth. The local member of the school board for London tells the story that when the proud boy received the attendance medal for the eleventh year-which had to be specially struck to meet his case-the mother was questioned as to how her boy had been able to make so remarkable a record. "Had he the usual children's complaints?" she was asked. "Yes, sir." "The measles?" "Yes, sir." "Whooping cough?" "Yes, sir." "How is it, then, that he has never been away from school?" "Well, sir, he had them in his holidays," was the interesting reply.-London Westminster Gazette.

Island of Key West.

The island of Key West is of coral formation, contains about 2,000 acres