Washington, Oct. 28 .- The annual report of Commissioner Hermann makes the following estimates for surveys for the coming year:

 50 townships in Central and Western Oregon
 \$ 70,000

 Occupied lands in Washington
 \$ 85,000

 Public lands in Idaho
 100,000

 Mineral monuments
 5 000

 Nondescript surveys in Alaska
 103,87

Of its entire grant, the Northern Pacific has now received 21,718,268 acres, and 14,851,832 acres are still

As the depertment now considers that it has no authority to expect payment for sheepgrazing privileges on the forest reserves, the commissioner recommends that congress authorize the secretary to make a reasonable charge for such grazing, the grazing to be confined to open areas. It is recommended that from 8 to 10 cents per head for cattle, and 1 to 2 cents per head for sheep be charged in the Cascade reserve, and at the rate of \$5 per thousand in Rainier reserve in Washington. He argues that so long as the millmen and lumber dealers pay a fair price for timber supplies drawn from public levied upon the grazing products of burg. such lands, and hopes that legislation to this effect will be early enacted.

When the geological survey has exand the lands more valuable for agricultural than for forest purposes have been segregated, the commissioner thinks a better disposition can be made for the exclusion of sheep from the reserves, and if it shall be held that no first be eliminated entirely from the re-

Among other things the commissioner recommends legislation permitting lands within forest reserves to be rented or leased for any purpose not incompatible with the purposes for which the reservations are created. the entry of lands within the reservations more valuable for coal than for forest uses. A larger force to push more rapidly the work of examining the remaining unreserved forest lands is asked for, which could be secured for \$300,000, and \$150,000 is asked for additional special agents.

Other recommendations are for the compulsory attendance of witnesses at land hearings; to prevent the mining and sale of coal during the lifetime of a coal declaratory statement, or until full payment is made for the land; for | ta Rosa. changing and enlarging the Mount of timber on such lands.

The report shows a grand total of 929,308,068 acres of unappropriated fall in the Philippines. and reserved pulbic lands in the United States.

VANDERBILT'S WILL. Its Provisions Made Public-Alfred G.

Is Now Head of the House.

New York, Oct. 28.—The provisions of the will of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt were made public tonight in a statement by Chauncey M. Depew. Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt inherits the larger portion of his father's fortune and becomes practically the head of the Vanderbilt family. The will makes no mention of the marriage of Cornelius Vanderbilt, jr., and Miss Wilson, nor to any quarrel between father and son because of the union, but apparently the father's displeasure was visited upon the eldest son, he receiving, all told, under the terms of the will, but \$1,500,000, and \$1,000,000 of this to be held in trust by the executors. Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt is, of course, the residuary legatee, and will possess a fortune of probably \$40,000,000 to

over to Cornelius about \$6,000,000. Supposed to Be Andree's Men. London, Oct. 28 .- The Times publishes a letter from Rear-Admiral Campion, summarizing a story received from his nephew, now at Fort Churchhill, Hudson bay, which says some Eskimo traders up north some time ago sioners to do on their report, but this shot two white men, supposed to belong to the Andree expedition.

Gertrude (Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney)

will receive about \$7,500,000 each.

But Mr. Depew states that Alfred will

give from his share enough to Cornelius

to make the latter as rich as his brother

and sisters. Alfred will, therfore, turn

Spanish Gunboat Raised. Washington, Oct. 28.-Admiral Watson has informed the navy department that the Spanish gunboat Arayat, sunk May, 1898, in the Pasig river, has been raised. The boat is in fair condition, and will be repaired.

Brumby Gets a Sword. Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 28.-Georgia today paid tribute to her ranking hero of the Spanish-American war, Flag Lieutenant Thomas M. Brumby, of the Olympia, by the presentation of a handsome sword, in recognition of his noteworthy services at Manila.

South of Alva, in Southern Illinois, is the banner cornfield of the world. It will give this year 600,000 bushels of corn, an average of 100 bushels to the acre.

YULE AT LADYSMITH.

Ladysmith, Oct. 28 .- General Yule's Estimates of Surveys for the ing, and was received with great enbrigade arrived here early this mornthusiasm. The column left Sunday river valley at 6 o'clock last evening in a heavy rain, which continued throughout the march. In spite of the great fatigue of the men, the retreat was affected in masterly fashion, General Yule completely out maneuvering the enemy. The services rendered by the colonial guards deserve special mention. Part of the bridge over Sunday river was destroyed to prevent the possibility of the enemy transporting

London, Oct. 28 .- A belated dispatch from Glencoe camp admits that very few Boers' dead and wounded were found on the field after the battle in that vicinity. The correspondent attempted to explain this by saying:

"Throughout the fight, the Boers, in accordance with their custom, buried their dead and carried off their wounded immediately after they fell, those left representing the casualties during the last moments of fighting."

Cape Town, Oct. 28.-According to a dispatch received here from Pretoria an engagement between the British forces under Colonel Plumer and the Boers was fought at Rhodes drift. Six Boers were killed and four prisoners taken. Durban, Oct. 28 .- Martial law has

of the rifle brigade. The governorgeneral has called out the rifle associalands, there should be an equal charge tions for the defense of Pietermaritz-

London, Oct. 28.-The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily News says it is reported there from private sources tended its surveys over the reserves, that the British issued from Mafeking Saturday last and surrounded and captured 240 Boers.

Pretoria, Oct. 26.-Via Lorenzo Marquez-The bombardment of Mafeking by General Cronje's command began sheep shall graze on any reserve, the this morning. The women and chil- with the Transvaal, and commercial agricultural or grazing lands should dren were given ample time to leave clerks.

AMERICANS AT SAN ISIDRO.

Lawton Has Established a Civil Government.

San Isidro, via Manila, Oct. 28 .- Alpio Gonzales, mayor of San Isidro, who fled when the Americans took posses-He also desires legislation permitting sion of the town, returned yesterday. General Lawton has established a civil government.

One of Law's scouts and two privates of the signal corps are missing. It is supposed they have been captured.

This morning at daybreak, General Young's command, consisting of Gastner's scouts, a contingent of the Twenty-second regiment, Chase's troop of the Third cavalry, nine troops of the Fourth cavalry, a body of engineers and Russel's signal corps, with rations for seven days, left in the direction of San-

The Filipino congress has selected a Rainier National Park; that a general | commission of native priests to proceed law be enacted which shall repeal to Rome and explain to the pope the numerous conflicting and undesirable abuses and iniquities of friars and ask statutes respecting timber on unre- for correcting intervention. Aguinalserved lands, and in their stead make do, in a recent speech at Tarlac, chardue provision for the protection and use acterized the friars as intriguers and abusers of honor, law and morality and decided they caused Spain's down-

The Thirty-fourth infantry, under Colonel Connor, preeeded to San Isidro this morning.

ON THE TWO TRANSPORTS.

Troops to Sail on the Olympia and Pennsylvania.

Vancouver, Wash., Oct. 28.-Telegraphic dispatches received at the head- the English are resting, but telegrams quarters of the department of the Co- from Ladysmith, at express rates, still lumbia today from San Francisco, state that the transports Olympia and Penn- London, and, therefore, it is not imsylvania left San Francisco last night for Portland, where they will take aboard headquarters, band and officers and men of the Thirty-ninth infantry. United States volunteers, and two companies of the Forty-fifth infantry, now in camp in Vancouver barracks, comprising in all 1,520 enlisted men, bepost, and upon their departure, which will take place in the next 10 days, the only troops left will consist of one company of the Twenty-fourth infantry, \$50,000,000. Gladys, Reginald and Major A. C. Markley, post commander.

President's Philippine Policy. New York, Oct. 28 .- A special to the Herald from Washington says: Prompt declaration by congress in favor | Boer losses were very heavy, fully 300. of asserting and maintaining complete sovereignty over the Philippines at whatever cost, and in favor of the most liberal kind of self-government when the insurrection ends, is what the president wants. It is also what the Philippine commissioners want. There is a great deal of work for the president to do on his message, and for the commisone important conclusion is certain.

Failed to Catch the Powder.

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 28 .- P. M. Hanson, of Rudley, Cal., was killed in the Van Anda mine, Texada island, yesterday. It is said that George which he failed to catch, causing the explosion.

Explosion in a Laboratory.

Chicago, Oct. 28 .- Four students and two professors of the university of Chicago were injured in an explosion of chemicals in Kent laboratory today, and many others were almost overcome by smoke and the fumes of nitric acid. It is thought none of the injuries will result fatally.

A German journal is authority for the statement that two-thirds of the trained Mr. Rhodes is cheerful and gives dinnurses actively engaged acquire and die of tuberculosis.

PLOT AGAINST GOVERNMENT

Wealthy llo llo Visayan Violates His Oath.

His Arrest May Lead to an Outbreak of Natives-Insurgents Repulsed in a Skirmish North of San Isidro.

Manila, Oct. 80 .- M. Ruperto Santiago, one of the wealthiest Visayans who had taken the oath of allegiance to the United States, and who posed as a friend of the Americans, has been arrested at Ilo Ilo, while other Visayans are being watched. The prisoner is charged with organizing a revolutionary junta. Santiago owns sugar estates throughout the island of Negros.

It is asserted that a council of 10 and the manager of the junta met daily at Santiago's office for the purpose of engineering an extensive scheme of collections for an insurrection. One of Santiago's steamers was captured car- the ship went down. rying supplies to the rebels. His arrest caused rumors of an outbreak of the natives of Ilo Ilo, and precautions have been taken to prevent trouble.

A battalion of the Eighteenth regiment and marines of the gunboat Concord, formed an expedition at Conception, Northern Panay, to search for the been proclaimed throughout Natal. A Concord's coxswain, who was lured transport has arrived with a battalion ashore by a white flag, and who is supposed to be a prisoner. They found the place deserted, and burned every house as a punishment.

Want to Fight Boers.

An informal meting was held here this evening of men proposing to proceed to South Africa to fight for the British. More than 100 Englishmen. Australians and Americans decided to go. They organized a party and believe they can secure 200 more men. The volunteers include ex-soldiers, frontiersmen, Englishmen familiar

. A Brisk Fight.

Manila, Oct. 30 .- General Young's column, which left San Isidro at daybreak, moving northward in the direction of Santa Rosa, encountered the enemy strongly entrenched just beyond the Tuboatin river. A brisk fight ensued and the rebels were repulsed. Two Americans were killed and one younded. Pursuit was impossible, owing to the width and depth of the

Filipino Envoy Will Not Be Received. New York, Oct. 30 .- A special to the World from Washington says: Secretary of State Hay, when asked if Senor Regidor, the Filipino euvoy, every detail of camp and field service would be permitted to appear before and equipment. the Philippine commission, said:

'I have heard that he contemplated visiting the United States and would from St. Louis. The mules are intendpresent some such plan as that outlined ed for use of the army in the Philipby the newspapers. He would have no pines, and will be sent on the transport ficial or diplomatic status in Washington, either as agent of the Filipino insurgents or as a diplomatic representative of the so-called Filipino government. The question of his being heard by the Philippine peace commission rests entirely with the commission itself. The state department is not concerned in the matter in any way."

LULL IN THE FIGHTING.

Boers Evidently Reconstructing Their Plans-English Are Resting.

London, Oct. 30 .- The war situation this morning presents no new features. It is presumed in Natal that the Boers are reconstructing their plans and that occupy 48 hours in transmission to possible that something is happening. The Daily Telegraph has the following from Ladysmith, dated Wednesday:

on this afternoon and chased by the enomy near the scene of the Reitfontein engagement. The Boers show signs of becoming aggressive. We learned of sides the officers. These comprise all the capture of the hussars in response the volunteer troops quartered at this to a military wire sent to Command. for his arrest. His defalcation is a ant-General Joubert."

According to the latest account of the first battle at Glencoe, the Boer army amounted to 7,000 men, and lected in the past two months. about noon another army, almost as large, under Commanant-General Joubert, advanced within 6,000 yards of Glencoe camp and then retired. The

On the Northern Border. Cape Town, Oct. 30 .- A telegram

from Buluwayo, Rhodesia, says: A Boer force is threatening Chief Khama Great Britain. The two chiefs' coun-Transvaal and includes Bechuanaland. It seems a gross mistake for the Boers The probable explanation is that the Boer force intends to destroy the rail- lirious. way to Buluwayo, which runs through Khamas' country , and thereby prevent a movement by Colonel Plumer's force to go to the relief of Mafeking. Al-Bailey tossed him a bag of powder ready there have been stories of a Rhodesian armored train engaging the Boers some distance north of Mafeking.

Rhodes Watched the Fight.

Cape Town, Oct. 30 .- According to further sadvices from Kimberley, the removed their killed and wounded in cars. No reliable estimate of their losses has been made. hodes rode out and watched the fight.

The townspeople, including omen, mounted the trenches, watching eagerly for the return of the troops.

BURNED AT SEA.

Destruction of the George B. Stetson Off the Coast of Formosa.

San Francisco, Oct. 30 .- Mrs. P. W. Patton, the wife of Captain Patton, whose vessel, the American ship George B. Stetson, was burned at sea off the coast of Formosa about two months ago, has just arrived here, and tells a HEAD OF A REBEL JUNTA graphic story of the destruction of the vessel. She was the only woman aboard.

"I did not understand at first when the alarm was given," said Mrs. Patton, "but a moment later my husband came into the cabin and told me to hurry and clothe the baby and myself for a trip in an open boat. By the time I was clothed and reached the deck, the flames had got aft as far as the mainmast, and the rigging almost above my head was all ablaze.

"The longboat was in the water longside with eight of the crew. Just as I got into the boat there was a loud roar and the skylight and roof of the cabin were lifted off by an explosion of the gases that had formed in the room aft. A moment later the whole ship was a mass of flames, and as we pulled away the mainmast fell. A few minutes later there was a sudden roll, and

"Two days and two nights we were in that boat. About noon of the second day we saw land and that evening we landed on the little island of Ti Pin Tsen, which was taken from the Chinese by the Japanese during the recent war. We landed at a small village of the natives and the baby and I were the greatest curiosities the natives had ever seen."

The George B. Stetson was bound from Portland, Or., for Tien Tsin, with a cargo of railroad lumber, in command of Captain Patton. She had a crew of 20 men. On the evening of September 10, off the east coast of Formosa, smoke was discovered coming up out of the forepeak. Captain Patton tried to rally his crew, but they were panic-stricken, and paid no heed to discipline. The boats were launched to save them from burning.

From the island the survivors of the Stetson went to Nagasaki in a small Japanese steamer.

Inspection at Vancouver.

Vancouver, Wash., Oct. 30.-Telegraphic orders from the adjutant-general's office in Washington were received today, directing the military authorities of this department to receive no more recruits for volunteer

The Thirty-ninth regiment, United States volunteer infantry, and two companies of the Forty-fifth, recruited here, were given general inspection today by Captain Henry P. McCain, assistant adjutant-general, department of largest shipment of dust that ever came the Columbia, who was appointed inspecting officer for this special purpose. The inspection was thorough in

Two hundred and fourteen pack mules and 30 men arrived here today

Rivera Dismissed.

onnoy from Portland

Havana, Oct. 30.—General Rios Rivera, ex-civil governor of the province of Havana, whose withdrawal from the governorship was reported as a resignation, denies that he resigned. He says he was dismissed, and that he does not know upon what grounds the dismissal was ordered. He admits that he had recently remarked that he would resign in the event that at least one of the three nominations he had made to public office was not approved, but he attributes his dismissal to the direct influence of Senor Domingo Mendoz Capote, secretary of state in the advisory cabinet of Governor-General Brooke.

He Took Tax Money.

Eugene, Or., Oct. 30 .- Deputy Sheriff H. J. Day has been found to be a defaulter to the amount of a little more than \$2,100. He went to Portland Our cavalry patrols have been fired last Friday on business, and telegraphed his wife from Portland Sunday, that he would be home Tuesday. ince then nothing has been heard a

A reward of \$100 has been offered great surprise to his friends, as he has always been considered trustworthy. The money taken was tax money col-

Disappearance at Sea.

Washington, Oct. 30 .- News was received at the war department of the ar- building scows and there are not rival of the hospital ship Relief at Manila. She reported the disappearance at sea, between Guam and Manila, of Lieutenant Robert D. Carmody, who went to Guam with a marine battalion on the Yosemite, when Captain Leary and Chief Linchwei, who are loyal to was sent out as governor to take possession of the island. There are no details try lies at the extreme northwest of the of the occurrence. It appears Carmody was taken aboard at Guam, presumably provoke war among the natives. furlough. It is thought possible he may have jumped overboard while de-

quantity of medical supplies and a

route to Manila.

Helen Gould and Mormontsm. New York, Oct. 30 .- Miss Helen Gould has given \$6,000 to the League for Social Service to be used in a crusade against Mormonism. The league has issued 1,000,000 pamphlets in pursuance of Miss Gould's directions. They are aimed directly at Mormonism and Brigham H. Roberts, as congressman, and will be distributed all over the country. When they are exhausted

MINES OF ALASKA.

Favorable Report From Head Waters of the Big Horn-Glowing Reports From the Porcupine.

Herman Olson has returned to Skagway from the headwaters of the Big Horn river, which empties into Taku Arm opposite the Golden Gate. He found a foot or 14 inches of snow at Ptarmigan pass on his return, and a week ago there was even more of it in the Big Horn mountains. While the snow was too deep for Olson to reach the highest point desired, he was foranate enough to find another copper and gold ledge, which is from 25 to 50 leet in width, and carries ore which oeks remarkably similar to the wonderful rock taken from the famous Engineer's group on Taku Arm. Olson staked four claims for his principals on this ledge. Cook's Inlet Country.

John W. Cliff and Captain S. B. Johnson and wife, have just arrived at Skagway from Cook Inlet. "We left Sunrise City, Cook Inlet, September 15," said Mr. Cliff, "making the trip lown in 14 days. The mining season for that part of the country had about closed when I left. This has been one of the most favorable seasons, so far as Mimate conditions are concerned, ever seen in that country. But few, if any, new gold discoveries have been made the Kenai peninsula this season. The old established mines have been 'esonably successful. Mills creek, Lynx creek, Granite creek and Upper Six-Mile river, may be mentioned .mong those that have produced well in the Sunrise mining district. They are .ll sluicing propositions. The properties mentioned have yielded all the way from \$8 to \$100 per day to the man for part of the season. The Turnagain Arm district has several paying streams, among which are Resurreczion, Bear, Palmer, California, Glazier, Indian and Crow creeks."

Fortune in Gold Dust.

There came to Skagway the other day 11 boxes of gold dust, each weighng nearly 400 pounds, and the whole valued at \$750,000. The gold dust was brought out by the Flyer Line Steampoat Company for the Canadian Bank of Commerce, and on its arrival there was taken to the Brannick hotel and deposited in the downstairs front room, 'n which a bed was laid for the guards, H. E. Rudd and G. H. Berns, who dave lived with it ever since it left Dawson. Rudd and Burns were formerly mounted Policemen and went in with Major Walsh in 1897, when Rudd remained in this town for nearly a year. These men say this is certainly the out this way, and they believe it is the largest single shipment that ever left Dawson.

Dyea Is Reviving.

E. B. Whalen made a business trip to Dyea from Skagway and found the town easily carrying its new honors as a prospective railroad terminus. The old narrow gauge tram is being torn up, and standard gauge railroad bed is being constructed along the street and out to Canyon City. At Sheep Camp the new company has constructed a large commissary building and also a bunk house, and it is sai! 11 men are now at work on the tunnel; but this is not likely, as the engineer has scarcely had time to make the exact location of that important piece of work. A large stock of supplies has already been taken out to the new station, and several pack animals are employed in taking out further supplies.

When Navigation Closes. Charles Sperry says the Yukon was

closed by ice at an unusually early period last year. He says that in 1886 he was at the mouth of Stewart river on the Yukon, and the river did not close that year until on Thanksgiving day, November 24, on which day three scows, bringing 13 men, arrived at Stewart river. On November 10, 1888, Mr. Sperry and another man, took their dog team in a boat and started for Circle City, but on the 13th of the same month they were blocked by ice at the mouth of the Klondike river. From these experiences it appears that there have been years during which naviga-tion was open much later than last year, when it closed at Dawson, November 3.

Bennett Is Booming. Bennett is experiencing a great boom, says the Skagway Alaskan. The whole lake shore is lined with men enough restaurants to feed the people. All kinds of business is flourishing, and it is probable that things will remain in this state until the close of navigation.

Conditions at Dawson.

Private telegrams were received by E. S. Busby, Canadian customs inspector in Skagway, saying that Dawson sick, and on orders home, or else on was enjoying fine weather and excellent business. His advices also conveyed the information that there is a scarcity of socks, potatoes, hay and oats in the Klondike capital. A great Missouri at Port Said.

Port Said, Oct. 30.—The United Skagway, but most of the hay and oat States transport Missouri, with a large is for the Canadian Development Com pany. Within the last two weeks over number of nurses, has arrived here, en 200 tons of hay have gone forward from Skagway.

Likes the Percupine District.

J. A. Cameron, who was for six years deputy warden of the state penitentiary at Walla Walla, has just returned from a 10 days' trip to the Porcupine district, with which he is very favorably impressed. Mr. Cameron was accompanied by his brother-in-law, T. D. Stewart, who was so much taken up with the different mining propositions on Porcupine and McKinley creeks millions more will follow them. The that he concluded to remain a week or 41c. Mr. Rhodes is cheerful and gives dinner parties daily, at which luxuries are pamphlets and blank petitions will be 10 days longer in that country, reports Millstuffs — Middlings,
20.50; bran, \$17.50 @ 18.00.

WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW.

African War Has Helped Business in

R. G. Dun & Co.'s trade review says: Fears and not facts made a war in South Africa seem a menace to property here, and a week of conflict has cleared away the fear. British markets for securities have been helped by the belief that mining shares would be worth more without Boer control in mining

Large purchases here of ammunition and meats have swelled the balance due this country. Money markets have grown less embarrassed, stocks have gradually advanced, industries are still supported by a volume of demand for which no precedent can be found, and payments through the principal clearing houses for the past week have been 36.6 per cent larger than last year, and 57.3 per cent larger than in 1892. So great an increse shows the net business of many potent forces making for public prosperity.

The heaviest transactions in steel rails ever made so early cover 1,500,000 tons for next year's deilvery, or twothirds of the entire capacity of the works.

Markets for minor metals are reacting, tin having fallen to \$30.62, with a recovery to \$31.25 on sales in October 400 tons larger than usual, and Lake copper is largely offered at \$17.37 \(\). Lead is a shade lower at \$4.57 %, and spelter is demoralized and offered at \$5. Coke holds strong, shortness of cars hindering deliveries. though more ovens than ever before are

producing. Wheat remains practically unchanged, while Atlantic exports, flour included, have been 12,932,812 bushels, in four weeks, against 13,483,056 last year; Pacific exports, 2,197,771, against 3,124,306 last year.

Failures for the week have been 190 in the United States, against 226 last year.

PACIFIC COAST TRADE.

Portland Market.

Wheat-Walla Walla, 55@551/20; Valley, 58c; Bluestem, 59c per bushel. Flour-Best grades, \$3.25; graham, \$2.65; superfine, \$2.15 per barrel.

Oats-Choice white, 34@35c; choice gray, 32@33c per bushel. Barley-Feed barley, \$15@16.00; brewing, \$18.50@20.00 per ton. Millstuffs-Bran, \$17 per ton; mid-

dlings, \$22; shorts, \$18; chop, \$16 per Hay—Timothy, \$9@11; clover, \$7 @8; Oregon wild hay, \$6@7 per ton. Butter-Fancy creamery, 50@55c;

econds, 42 1/2 @ 45c; dairy, 37 1/2 @ 40c; store, 25@35c. Eggs-23 1/2 @ 25c per dozen. Cheese-Oregon full cream, 13c; Young America, 14c; new cheese 10c

per pound. Poultry-Chickens, mixed, \$3.00@ 4.00 per dozen; hens, \$4.50; springs, \$2.00@3.50; geese, \$5.50@6.00 for old; \$4.50@6.50 for young; ducks, \$4.50 per dozen; turkeys, live, 13@14c per pound.

Potatoes-60@70c per sack; sweets, 2@214c per pound.

Vegetables—Beets, \$1; turnips, 90c; per sack; garlic, 7c per pound; cauliflower, 75c per dozen; parsnips, \$1; beans, 5@6c per pound; celery, 70@ 75c per dozen; cucumbers, 50c per box; peas, 3@4c per pound; tomatoes, 75c per box; green corn, 121/2 @ 15c per dozen.

Hops-7@11e; 1898 crop, 5@6c. Wool-Valley, 12@13c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 8@14c; mohair, 27@ 30c per pound.

Mutton-Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, 3 1/2c; dressed mutton, 6 1/2 @ 7c per pound; lambs, 7 1/2c per pound. Hogs-Gross, choice heavy, \$5.00; light and feeders, \$4.50; dressed, \$6.00@6.50 per 100 pounds.

Beef-Gross, top steers, \$3.50@4.00; cows, \$3@3.50; dressed beef, 61/2@ 71/4c per pound. Veal-Large, 61/2071/20; small, 8@

Seattle Markets. Onions, new, \$1.00@1.25 per sack_ Potatoes, new, \$16@18.

8 %c per pound.

Beets, per sack, 85c. Turnips, per sack, 75c. Carrots, per sack, 75c. Parsnips, per sack, 90c. Cauliflower, 75c per dozen. Cabbage, native and California, \$1 @1.25 per 100 pounds.

Peaches, 65@80c. Apples, \$1.25@1.50 per box. Pears, \$1.00@1.25 per box. Prunes, 60c per box. Watermelons, \$1.50. Nutmegs, 50@75c. Butter-Creamery, 28c per pound; dairy, 17@22c; ranch, 20c per pound.

Eggs-Firm, 30c. Cheese-Native, 13@14c. Poultry-11@12½e; dressed, 13½o. Hay-Puget Sound timothy, \$12.00; choice Eastern Washington timothy,

\$17.00. Corn-Whole, \$23.00; cracked, \$23; feed meal, \$23.

Barley-Rolled or ground, per ton, \$21: whole, \$22. Flour-Patent, per barrel, \$3.65; blended straights, \$3.25; California, \$3.25; buckwheat flour, \$3.50; graham, per barrel, \$2.90; whole wheat flour, \$3.00; rye flour, \$3.75.

Millstuffs-Bran, per ton, \$15.00; shorts, per ton, \$16.00. Feed-Chopped feed, \$20.50 per ton;

middlings, per ton, \$22; oil cake meal, per ton, \$35.00.

San Francisco Market. Wool-Spring-Nevada, 12@14c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 12@15c; Val-

ley, 18@20c; Northern, 8@10c. Hops-1899 crop, 9@111/20 Onions-Yellow, 75@85c per sack. Butter-Fancy creamery 29@30c; do seconds, 27 1/2 @ 28c; fancy dairy, 25

Eggs-Store, 25@28c; fancy ranch, Millstuffs - Middlings, \$19.00 @

@27c; do seconds, 23@24c per pound.