BOERS ENTER CAPE COLONY

The Burghers Have Not Yet Invaded Natal, Though They Hold Laing's Neck-Armored Train Destroyed.

Johannesburg, Oct. 14.-War was formally declared at 10 o'clock this morning.

The Boers' Plans.

London, Oct. 14.-When the cabinet meets at noon today, it is evident the Boer advance will be in full swing. Judging from present appearances, the Boers are preparing for a simultaneous invasion at five separate points-Laing's Nek, Kimberley, Vryburg, Mafeking and Lobatsi. Therefore it is almost impossible to guess the plan of campaign.

A dispatch from Durban, dated Thursday morning at 8 o'clock, announces that the Boers seized Albertina station and demanded the keys, which were delivered to them by the station-master, who reached Ladysmith on a trolley car. The excitement at Ladysmith is increasing, and the troops are ready to act at a moment's notice.

Crossed Into Cape Colony. London, Oct. 14.—The Free State burghers, according to a private message just received, have crossed Orange river into Cape Colony and have occupied Philipstown. Their object, it is supposed, is to cut the railway at Deer Junction, which is considered an important strategic point. According to a dispatch from Cape Town, it is asserted there that the Boers have arranged with Chief Linchwe, a prominent chief of the northwestern border. to take up arms against Great Britain

English Moved Too Late. London, Oct. 14.-A dispatch from Mafeking, under today's date, says Colonel Baden Powell has just sent a strong British force from Mafeking toward the border with field guns and ambulances, presumably with a view of occupying advantageous defensive high ground. The movement at Mafeking this morning is held to indicate that he is not prepared for sharp fight-

Bechuanaland Invaded.

Vryburg, Oct. 14 .- A body of Boers have cut the border fence, advanced to the railway and cut the telegraph wires. the railroad line.

Armored Train Destroyed. Cape Town, Oct. 14.-A dispatch from Vryburg says that an armored train has been destroyed. It is feared that much loss of life resulted. The news has been unofficially confirmed.

Mafeking Expects an Attack. Mafeking, Oct. 14.—Half a battery been ordered to concentrate within the

town limits. Natal Reserves Called Out.

Durban, Oct. 14 .- The Imperial reserves in Natal have been called out Everybody has left Charlestown The Fifth dragoons arrived this morning from India, landed immediately and at once proceeded to the front,

Lrenzo Marquez, Oct. 14.-Information has reached here that the Boers have mined three piers of the bridge at Komati port, on the Komati river.

Boers Occupy Laing's Nek. London, Oct. 14.-A special from Ladysmith says: The Boers occupied Laing's Nek the moment the ultimatum

Streaming to the Natal Border. Volksrust, Oct. 14 .- President Kruger's son and grandson, as well as half the Thirteenth infantry, June 30, 1898. the members of the Transvaal legislature, are now at the front. Men arriving here report that the Boers are still streaming from the different points to the Natal frontier, many who have been and following one of this morning, it refused by the enlisting officers going on foot.

Murdered His Wife.

San Francisco, Oct. 14.—Ellen Richardson was shot in the head and in- other shocks of a similar nature, but hei and killing instantly some 4,000 stantly killed by her husband, Charles less severe, followed. Henry, in a saloon conducted by the woman on Howard street late last night during a quarrel between the two. The murderer was caught with the

Americans Burned Alive.

Marquette, Mich., Oct. 14 .- Willis Magurie, formerly an attor y at Marquette, now of the mining Vistrict of Sonora, Mexico, has written that his two mining partners, Ramsey and Miller, undertook to work and prospect in territory overrun by Yaqui Indians,

Charleston, Ill., 14.-Broom, corp. has advanced to \$100 ton. This is an advance of \$30 in 10 days, and as ready out of the farmers' hands, the price is likely to go higher.

Temporary Alaska Boundary. London, Oct. 14.-Sir Louis Davies, Canadian minister of fisheries and marine, will confer again tomorrow re garding the Alaskan question with the secretary of state for the colonies. Sir Louis today informed a press representative that the temporary line upon which it is expected an agreement will be reached will be a mere tentative neasure for the purpose of preventing local friction while the negotiations on the main question are in progress.

REBELS DRIVEN SOUTH.

Filipino Bands Are Being Scattered by General Schwan.

Manila, Oct. 14.—General Schwan's column, having accomplished its purpose of punishing the rebels, is returning from San Francisco de Malabon with artillery and the transportation service.

The naval expedition that recently went to the mouth of the river Pasig to raise the Spanish river gunboat Aravat, reports that no resistance has been encountered from the Filipinos, and that the work of salvage is proceeding slowly.

During the early morning hours today there was some firing near Angeles, with the result that eight Americans were slightly wounded. Artillery was used, and the enemy responded. General MacArthur does not attach special significance to the incident.

A small party of Americans was fired upon by the Filipinos near Maraguayan, two of our men being wounded.

Promotion for Wholley.

Washington, Oct. 14.-Adjutant-General Corbin today stated that the charges that have been filed against Colonel John H. Wholly, First Washington volunteers, have been thoroughv investigated, and that the colonel has been completely exonerated. General Corbin says that this is a repetition of the Stotsenberg case, where violent charges have been filed by subordinate officers, who are malcontents and mischief-breeders, jealous of the success of their superior. General Corbin says that Colonel Wholley's record is untarnished; that he has shown himself a brave and efficient officer, and, in recognition of this service, General Otis has recommended to the department that Colonel Wholly be promoted to the rank of brigadier-general of volunteers. In view of this development, the charges of cowardice and inefficiency will count for naught with the department.

Oregon Farmer Found Gold. Cottage Grove, Oct. 14.-Felix Curren, a farmer, living near here, recently located a mine in Bohemia that shows up very rich. There is now a 50-foot tunnel, and the ledge is seven feet wide, three feet of which is in free milling ore, and gold can be seen in half of the vein. The remainder of the ledge is base, but very rich, containing black sulphites, most of which is copper, lead and iron. Samples brought in today show that the ore is heavily mineralized, and gold can be seen all ing, but probably expects it at that through the quartz.

Rejoicing in Kansas.

Topeka, Kan., Oct. 14.-Upon the receipt of the bulletin announcing the arrival of the Twentieth Kansas at San Francisco, bedlam broke loose in Tope-Two thousand Boers are now occupying ka. The whistles of all the manufacturing institutions began to screech, and every church bell in the city rang out the glad tidings. The streets soon filled with people and there was great rejoicing. Reports of similar demonstrations come from Lawrence, Ottawa, Hutchinson and other cities.

Escaped From Prison.

Denver, Oct. 14.—James K. Stratof artillery from Kimberley has just ar- ton, the noted mailbox robber and rived. Police at outlying stations have forger, has escaped from the penitentiary at Canyon City, where he was serving a sentance of 21 years' imprisonment, in a most mysterious manner. Warden Hoyt says no tools were nesd. and believes the prisoner must have received help from some one on the outside. Stratton escaped from the same prison in September, 1894, and was recaptured a year later in Chicago.

Oregon Captain Killed.

Washington, Oct. 14. — Captain Woodbridge Geary, Thirteenth infantry, who was shot October 10, while on a reconnoissance near San Francisco de Malabon, Philippine Islands, and died at 3 A. M. today from the effects, was a native of Oregon. He was born in 1857, was graduated from the West Point military academy, and appointed second lieutenant in 1882 and promoted to first lieutenant in 1891. He received his commission as captain in

Earthquake at Santa Rosa. Santa Rosa, Cal., Oct. 14.-One of the severest shocks of earthquake ever felt here took place tonight at 9 o'clock. created much excitement. Chimneys were thrown down, and plaster in many parts of the city was shaken from the laths. A few minutes after, two

Grain Rates Advanced. Chicago, Oct. 14.—Central Freight Association lines have adopted the weapon still in his hand and taken to recommendation of the trunk line committee to make a further advance in grain rates on November 1. The rate on export corn from Chicago to New York will be 18 cents per 100 pounds,

and on domestic corn 20 cents.

Will Accept Canada's Offer. Ottawa, Ont., Oct. 14.-In response to intimations that the Canadian government would furnish a military conwere captured and burned at the stake. tingent for service in the Transvaal, a cablegram has been received from the war office stating that the imperial government will accept two "units," or about 500 men, for such service. three-fourths of this year's crop is al- No officer higher than a major will be required, indicating that the contingent will be attached to an imperial corps.

Address at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Oct. 14.-President Mc-Kinley spent over 12 hours in the twin cities today, leaving this city a little before midnight for Duluth and West Superior, where he will make a short visit early in the morning, thence proceeding direct to Fargo, N. D., to pay his respects to the Dakota volunteers, who have just returned from the Philippines.

America makes 4,000,000,000 cigars

BRITISH SOLDIERS KILLED General Schwan's Expedition Accom-

Boers Captured an Armored Railroad Train.

WAR HAS BEGUN IN EARNEST

The Afrikanders Suffered Several Repulses While Attacking Mafeking-Vryburg Is Threatened.

London, Oct. 16 .- An Edinburg paper, the Scotsman, asserts that a battle has taken place between General Sir George Stewart White, commanding the forces in Natal, and the Boers, who entered Natal by way of Van Reenan's Pass. General White, the Scotsman says, is very sanguine of the success of the British movement.

A dispatch to the Daily Telegrapt from its correspodence at Ladysimth, dated at noon Friday, says:

"A strong mobile column under Sin George Stewart White, accompanied by General Sir Archibald Hunter, proceed ed before daybreak this morning toward Acton Homes for the purpose of reconnoitering. General White's object was to observe what was going on and also to test the mobility and efficiency of his forces. All the men are well and the weather is fine."

According to dispatches from Ladysimth to the Standard and the Daily Telegraph, dated Thursday, heavy storms have begun and forage is scacre on the veldt. General White has 12 guns and the Boers 11.

The Daily Mail's Cape Town correspondent says:

"I learn on good authority that the Boers are attacking Mafeking. They are reported to have already suffered several repulses. It is generally admitted that Vryburg cannot stand a strong Boer attack."

The war office has received the following dispatch from the general commanding the Cape forces:

Cape Town, Oct. 16 .- An armored train from Mafeking escorting two seven-pounder guns sent from here to Mafeking was 'attacked last night at Kraaipan. Apparently a rail had been removed. The train left the track, and the Boers fired into it with artillery for an hour and captured it." The Ladysmith correspondent of the

Times says: "A subsequent reconnoisance shows that the invading force from the Free State numbers approximately 12,000

Glencoe, Oct. 16.-It is reported that the Boers have crossed the border at Ingogo, and that the Free State govenment has taken possession of the railway to Van Reenan, and seized a Natal government train.

Plan to Trap Aguinaldo.

New York, Oct. 16 .- A special to the Herald from Washington says: While General Schwan is engaged in scattering the enemy in Cavite projynce, Generals Lawton and MacArthur are making preparations for an important movement to the north of Manila. General MacArthur and Lawton will proceed to the north in the hope of trapping Aguinaldo and his forces between the three columns.

General Schwan's movement to the southward of Manila is merely in the nature of a demonstration, and for the purpose of scattering insurgents who have intrenched themselves in Cavite province, the home of Aguinaldo and the nest of the rebellion.

Situation in Beelmanaland.

London, Oct. 16 .- A notable change in the position of affairs is the presence of the Boers at Martiboga, 45 miles south of Mafeking, which seems to indicate that they are endeavoring to get Colonel Baden Powell between two fires. The gravity of the Boer advance can be better estimated when it is realized that they will thereby cut the railway and telegraphic communication to the north, isolating several British positions which must be speedily re-

Four Thousand Perished.

Amsterdam, Oct. 16 .-- A dispatch to the Mandetsblad from Batavia, capital of Java, says a violent earthquake has visited the south side of the island of Ceram, next to the largest of the Mobetween Booroo and Papua, luccas, completely destroying the town of Ampeople, as well as injuring some 500 others. The dispatch says details of the disaster have not yet been obtained.

Wireless Telegraph in Hawaii. San Francisco, Oct. 12.—The steamer Australia arrived from Honolulu today. Among her passengers was Frederick J. Cross, who visits this country to confer with Marconi, the inventor of wireless telegraphy, regarding a system of wireless telegraphy which is to be placed in operation among the islands of the Hawaiian group.

Canada's Contribution.

Ottawa, Ont., Oct. 16.-At a meeting of the cabinet today, a decision was reached to send 1,000 Canadian soldiers to South Africa as Canada's contribution to the British force now fighting the Boers This is double the number of troops asked for by the imperial government.

An American Ill-Treated.

Cape Town, Oct. 16 .-- No news of fighting has yet been received. It is nggested that with a view of retaining the good will or the Basnetos, the authorities shall not press for payment

of the hut tax. An American citizen has sworn to an affidavit before the American consul here, in which he states that he has been subjected by burghers of the Free State to great ill-treatment. His limbs bear marks showing the effects of the treatment he has received.

DOWN IN CAVITE.

Manlia, Oct. 16.—General Schwan's expedition, having accomplished its object, the troops are all returning to their former positions, abandoning the towns taken.

General Schawn is en route from Peres Desmarimas to Imus with the infantry, while the artillery and cavalry and all mule teams are retracing their route from Malabon to Bacoor, with the signal corps removing the wires. Genreal Trias, with the organized bodies of insurgents, retreated to Silang and Indan, at the base of the mountain.

In Cavite province, the scene of the hottest fights and their great successes over the Spaniards, the Filipinos might have been expected to make a resolute stand, if anywhere, but after their whippings at Cavite Viejo and Noveleta, their tactics consisted chiefly in a continuous exhibition of their agility and their transformation from warriors to amigos.

The marines, while reconnoitering about the scene of Sunday's encounter, find that the trenches have been already reoccupied, although the enemy manifested more than their usual willingness to retreat before the Americans.

At Malabon, the Americans corralled 200 or 300 natives, supposed to be fighting men. A few of them were caught with arms in their hands, but large numbers were found in hiding, dressed in khaki, like the American uniform. A majority of them were in the garb of amigos, but they are suspected of shooting at the troops from houses, a growing habit, which flourished throughout the advance whenever small parties of Americans strayed from the main body. The prisoners are a white elephant on the hands of the Americans.

SHOT HIS RECREANT WIFE.

Bullet Intended for the Man Who Was in the Room With Her.

Oregon City, Or., Oct. 16.—A. Brooks, of Canemah, who is employed in the paper mills, returned home unexpectedly between 11 and 12 o'clock last night and found Frank Freeman and Mrs. Brooks together in the house. He shot at Freeman with his revolver, but missed the mark and one of the bullets entered Mrs. Brooks' abdomen, perforating the intestines and lodging against the hip bone. Dr. Carl extracted the bullet, but says the woman cannot live. Freeman was arrested this afternoon, charged with assault

to the circuit court. Brooks says he found Mrs. Brooks' younger sister in the front room with Pat Freeman, and in the rear room found his wife and Frank Freeman. year. He fired four shots, two hitting the body of Mrs. Brooks. He further says he has been carrying a pistol for a month, expecting to return home at midnight and find Freeman with his wife, but he did not muster enough courage to return until last night.

Freeman's father and two brothers were drowned nearly two years ago by accidentally going over the falls in a row boat. The Brookses have only resided here a short time.

LED INTO AMBUSH.

German Expedition Massacred by Natives in Southwest Africa.

Liverpool, Oct. 16.-The steamer Niger, which arrived today from Southwest Africa, brings news of the massacre of Lieutenant Guise, German commissioner, at Rio del Rey, near Old Calabar river, on the bight of Biafra, and also of Herr Leemeyer, a German trader, together with 100 native sol diers and carriers, constituting an expedition formed by Lieutenant Guise to quell disturbances near the Cross river, which forms the boundary between British and German territory. A native chief was taken as a guide, but he led the expedition into ambush. He was promptly shot when the Germans received a volley. They fought courageously, but were outnumbered and slain. The natives then looted the neighboring factories and murdered the native employes, after which they crossed into British territory. British traders, who were warned, ha a narrow escape, managing to get down the river in a canoe and to reach Rio del Rey, where they found only a solitary German official and a half dozen black soldiers.

Great excitement prevailed at Rio del Rey when the Niger left, September 27, as it was thought the natives might come there. News has been sent to the Camerons, from which point a German relief expedition could be dis-

San Francisco, Oct. 14.-The transport Conemaugh arrived here today, 33 days from Manila. Fifty-seven soldiers who deserted from the Newport came home on the Conemaugh. Among them were 15 men of the Fourteenth infantry, 7 of the Third artillery, 13 of the Fourth cavalry, 2 of the Twentysecond infantry, and 1 each of the Thirteenth, Twentieth and Sixteenth

Civil Rule for French Colonies. Chicago, Oct. 16 .- A special to the Chicago Tribune from Paris says: The cabinet today voted to place all French colonies under civil authority and to

abolish all military administration.

Activity at Halifax. Halifax, N. S., Oct. 16.-The military officers here are active on account of the Transvaal situation. Lord Seymour has issued an order for all the reserve men in and about Halifax to be prepared to shoulder guns and go to the Cape if necessary.

New York, Oct. 16 .- The committee for the perpetuation of the Dewey victory arch in marble has received pledges purpose

ALONG THE COAST.

Items of General Interest Gleaned From the Thriving Pacific States.

The Stage Robbery.

It transpired that Van C. Alexander, the man who gave up \$170 of the money stolen from the United States mails on the stage near Westfall, Or., on September 22, is admittedly the main person responsible for the hold-up. indications during the examination in United States Commissioner Hailey's court here on Saturday, pointing to Alexander as the one planning the robbery, with the two boys as his accomplices, are confirmed by the developments. It is announced here that this phase of the case will be called to the attention of Judge Bellinger, of the federal court at Portland, before who:u the two boys are to be tried.

Big Steam Heating Plant. Upwards of \$600,000 is to be spent by the Boston capitalists who have parchased the plant of the Seattle Steam Heat & Power Company, and six of the street railway lines of Seattle, in the erection of a new and modern power plant will be almost wholly reconstructed, new mains being laid in conformity with the latest ideas of steam engineering. This is but the beginning of large improvements which will be made. Plans are now being drawn for the new building and plant, which will be finished by January 1, and for the rebuilding of several of the street car lines recently purchased.

Motioned Sustained.

Judge Burnett, of Salem, has sustained a motion for non-suit against the plaintiff in the case of L. H. Mc-Mahon vs. The Canadian Pacific Railway Company. The action was begun to recover about \$550, alleged to be due the plaintiff on account of advertising in the Woodburn Independent and the Salem Independent. The defense claimed that the agent who made a contract for the advertising had no authority to do so, and that the newspaper company was to take pay in transportation.

Labor Scarce at Fairbaven.

Labor is so scarce in Fairhaven, Wash., that railroad contractors and others are delaying work on various enterprises until more plentiful supply of workmen are to be had-a change from three years ago, when laboring upon the woman, and was bound over med were sitting around on the curbstones, waiting for something to turn up. Fairhaven's pay roll is almost 16 times larger than it was two years ago, with a certainty of an increase next

Hillsboro Young Man Hurt. Charles V. Doughty, a young man and resident of Hillsboro, Or., while riding a bicycle at a rapid rate over a crosswalk, was thrown from his wheel and seriously injured. He was rendered unconscious for about two hours, and received a deep cut across the left eye and his upper lip was badly lacerated. The wheel was completely demolished. Young Doughty was a memunteers, and enlisted from Hillsboro.

Landlords Smiling.

Portland hotels are generally doing good business these exposition times, and would soon be filled to overflowing were it not that guests keep going away as well as coming in. About two days is the average length of the out-of-town visitor's stay in the city, and his place is taken just about as quickly as he has vacated. The principal hotels have good long lists of names on the daily

A Ninety-Pound Pumpkin.

A clothing house at New Whatcom. Wash., gave farmers pumpkin seeds last spring, and offered five prizes for largest results. The first prize went to R. D. Perry, of Clearbrook, whose pumpkin weighed 90 pounds; second, Cal Watkinson, of Edison, 88 pounds; third, Cyrus Bradley, of Lynden, 61 pounds. The fourth and fifth weighed 42 and 37 pounds respectively.

Gold Hill Water Ditch.

Engineer J. S. Howard, of Medford, Or., has completed the survey of the Gold Hill water ditch. He employed a party of 12 men, who completed the permanent survey in 98 days. Much interest is shown in the ditch, not only by local enterprise, but by many Eastern capitalists, who are ready to invest money in it.

To Propagate Steelheads.

The Willapa hatchery will be completed this week. As steelheads are more numerous in Willapa river than in any other stream in this section, a special effort will be made to propagate them here, and to stock other streams form this hatchery. The propagation of steelheads has not as yet been attempted in any Washington hatchery.

Catches All the Fish.

Lew and Sanford Mayhew have one of their floating traps located near the Point Francis portage, near Whatcom, ash. It has 300-foot leads and catches all the fish that come its way. The boys say the trap's success is as sured, and they will have it towed farther up the Sound, where the fall run of fish is better.

A potato phenomenon is being displayed in Colfax, Wash. The growth consists of several large vines, on which there are scores of potatoes ranging in size from a bird's egg to a man's fist, The potatoes grow entirely above, instead of under the ground.

The exports from Tacoma last week included 2,100 tons of coal to Honolulu. 5,000 tons of wheat and barley to Antwerp, and 4,000,000 feet of lumber of \$100,000 toward carrying out the to Honolulu. The imports were 3,000 tons of tea, silk and curios.

ACTIVITY IS WIDESPREAD.

Volume and Value Testify to Prevailing

Prosperous Conditions.

Bradstreet's says: Trade activity is widespread, all volume and value testifying to prevailing prosperous conditions. Only good reports are received from distributive trade centers, and some markets report fall demand as holding out longer than expected. Railway earnings, bank clearings, returns and quotations of staple prices are all encouraging, pointing as they do to a maximum volume of business for this period of the year. Crop returns for October bear our earlier impressions of shortened yields of most leading agricultural products. Expectation of more moderate yields of leading cereals is not confined to this country; the world's wheat crop will admittedly be smaller, and rye, barley and oats yields are not expected to be so large as a year ago. The higher range of prices of all staples, and particularly of agricultural products, will furnish a profitable balance of producers. The liberality of foreign demand is,

perhaps, best known in the September report of exports of leading products. Shipment of breadstuffs are as large as those of August, and there as naturplant and in the rebuilding and the ally a heavy gain in cotton exports, distributing system. This part of the which are doubled those of the same month a year ago. Totals of leading exports show an increase of 23 per cent over September, 1896, but a decrease of 8.5 per cent from September 1897, which witnessed very heavy shipments of breadstuffs.

Wheat, including flour, shipments for the week aggregate 5,265,634 bush els, against 5,183,398 bushels last week, 4,729,996 bushels in the corresponding week of 1898, 5,549,720 bushels in 1897, 4,156,817 bushels in 1896, and 2,409,446 bushels in 1895.

Business failures in the United States number 164, as compared with 146 last

PACIFIC COAST TRADE.

Portland Market. Wheat-Walla Walla, 57@58c; Val-

ley, 58c; Bluestem, 60c per bushel. Flour—Best grades, \$3.25; graham, \$2.65; superfine, \$2.15 per barrel. Oats-Choice white, 35@36c; choice

gray, 33@34c per bushel. Barley-Feed barley, \$15@16.00; brewing, \$18.50@19.00 per ton.

Millstuffs-Bran, \$17 per ton; middlings, \$22; shorts, \$18; chop, \$16 per

Hay—Timothy, \$9@11; clover, \$7 @8; Oregon wild hay, \$6 per ton. Butter—Fancy creamery, 45@50c; seconds, 40@421/2c; dairy, 30@35c; store. 22 16 @ 27 16c. Eggs-20@221/2c per dozen.

Cheese-Oregon full cream, 13c; Young America, 14c; new cheese 10c per pound. Poultry-Chickens, mixed, \$3.00@ 4.00 per dozen; hens, \$4.50; springs, \$2.00@3.50; geese, \$6.00@7 for old; \$4.50@6.50 for young; ducks, \$4.50@ 5.00 per dozen; turkeys, live, 121/2 @

14c per pound. Potatoes-50@60c per sack; sweets,

2@2¼c per pound. Vegetables—Beets, \$1; turnips, 90c; per sack; garlie, 7c per pound; cauliflower, 75c per dozen; parsnips, \$1; beans, 5@6c per pound; celery, 70@ per dozen; cucumbers, 50c per box; peas, 3@4c per pound; tomatoes, 25c per box; green corn, 12 % @

15c per dozen. Hops-7@10e; 1897 crop, 5@6c. Wool-Valley, 12@13c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 8@14c; mohair, 27@

30c per pound. Mutton-Gross, best sheep, wethers and ewes, 3 1/2c; dressed mutton, 6 1/2 @ 7c per pound; lambs, 71/2c per pound. Hogs-Gross, choice heavy, \$5.00; light and feeders, \$4.50; dressed, \$6.00@7.00 per 100 pounds.

Beef-Gross, top steers, \$3.50@4.00; cows, \$3@3.50; dressed beef, 6@714q per pound. Veal-Large, 61/2@71/2c; small, 8@

8 1/2 c per pound. Seattle Markets. Onions, new, \$1.25@1.50 per sack-Potatoes, new, 75c@\$1. Beets, per sack, \$1.10. Turnips, per sack, 75c. Carrots, per sack, 90c. Parsnips, per sack, 90c. Cauliflower, 75c per dozen.

Cabbage, native and California, \$1

@1.25 per 100 pounds. Peaches, 65@80c. Apples, \$1.25@1.50 per box. Pears, \$1.00@1.25 per box. Prunes, 60c per box. Watermelons, \$1.50. Cantaloupes, 50@75c. Butter-Creamery, 28c per pound;

pound. Eggs-27@28c. Cheese-Native, 13@14c. Poultry-14c; dressed, 151/c.

dairy, 17@22c; ranch, 121/2@17c per

Hay-Puget Sound timothy, \$8@11; choice Eastern Washington timothy, \$14@15. Corn-Whole, \$23.00; cracked, \$23;

feed meal, \$23. Barley-Rolled or ground, per ton, \$21: whole, \$22.

Flour—Patent, per barrel, \$3.50; blended straights, \$3.25; California, \$3.25; buckwheat flour, \$3.50; graham, per barrel, \$2.90; whole wheat flour, \$3.00; rye flour, \$3.75.

Millstuffs-Bran, per ton, \$15.00; shorts, per ton, \$16.00. Feed-Chopped feed, \$20.50 per ton: middlings, per ton, \$22; oil cake meal,

per ton, \$35.00. San Francisco Market. Wool-Spring-Nevada, 12@14c per

pound; Eastern Oregon, 12@15c; Valley, 17@19c; Northern, 8@10c. Hops-1899 crop, 9@12e pound. Onions-Yellow, 75@85c per sack.

Butter-Fancy creamery 29@30c; do seconds, 25@28c; fancy dairy, 24 @25c; do seconds, 20@22c per pound. Eggs-Store, 22@27 %c; fancy ranch,

Millstuffs — Middlings, \$18.50 @ 20.00; nran, \$16.50@17.50.