

# Yamhill County Reporter

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NO. 12.

## A Mother's Misery.

The story of this woman is the every day history of thousands who are suffering as she did; who can be cured as she was; who will thank her for showing them the way to good health.

The most remarkable thing about Mrs. Nellie J. Lord, of Stratford Corner, N. H., is that she is alive to-day.

No one, perhaps, is more surprised at this than Mrs. Lord herself. She looks back at the day when she stood on the verge of death and shudders. She looks ahead at a life of happiness with her children, her husband and her home with a joy that only a mother can realize.

Mrs. Lord is the mother of three children, two of whom are twins; until the twins came nothing marred the joy of her life.

Then she was attacked with heart failure and for a year was unable to attend to the ordinary duties of the home. In describing her own experience Mrs. Lord says:

"I had heart failure so bad I was often thought to be dead.

"With this I had neuralgia of the stomach so bad it was necessary to give me morphine to deaden the pain.

"Sometimes the doctors gave me temporary relief, but in the end it seemed as if my suffering was multiplied.

"Medicine did me no good and was but an aggravation.

"I was so thin my nearest friends failed to recognize me.

"No one thought I would live.

"I was in despair and thought that my

days were numbered. My mother brought me Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and the first box made me feel better. I continued the treatment and to-day I am well.

"When I commenced to take the pills I weighed 120 pounds; now I weigh 146 and feel that my recovery is permanent. I owe my happiness and my health to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. My husband was benefited by them. I have recommended them to many of my friends and will be glad if any word of mine will direct others to the road of good health."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People have cured many cases of almost similar nature.

The vital elements in Mrs. Lord's blood were deficient. The haemoglobin was exhausted. She was unfit for the strain she was compelled to undergo. Her nervous system was shattered and her vitality dropped below the danger point.

A collapse was inevitable.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured her by supplying the lacking constituents of health by filling the veins with blood rich in the requisite element of life. The heart resumed its normal action; the nervous system was restored to a state of harmony, and the neuralgia affection disappeared.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by druggists everywhere, who believe them to be one of the most efficacious medicines the century has produced.

### PEOPLE'S PARTY CONVENTION.

Delegates Chosen to State Convention, Portland, March 23d. What Was Said and Done.

Ninety delegates, either present in person, or representing proxies, were present at the above convention last Saturday, which convened in Wright's lodge hall. It was called to order by Harry Watkins, who proceeded to adopt the name of anarchists for his audience, and described an anarchist by quoting Luke 11, telling of those who are truly blessed. He had had a dream, in which he saw a lake of fire and brimstone, and was filled with republicans. He asked Satan why he didn't let them out. The reply was that he was afraid to, for fear they would start a little hell of their own. Alongside the lake was what appeared to be a drying room, where a number of bodies were hanging up. Inquiring as to the reason for this, he was told that these republicans were too green to burn, and were hanging up to dry. He then introduced his friend, Rev. F. A. Powell, as his new convert. The convert took the floor, and told some stories. The first was to illustrate that he knew who had made him a believer in populist doctrines. Two boys were asked who made them. Johnnie, the younger, replied that God made him; the other boy didn't know. The older one being shamed for his ignorance, claimed that the little fellow ought to know, because he hadn't been made very long. The preacher said that his allegiance to other reforms had kept him from taking a positive stand with the party previous to this time. The money question had become with him the central idea—like a question between life or death, it must be settled first. The international agreement idea of the republicans was ridiculed by comparison with the man who was to be hanged, and was given his choice between two trees. He chose a gooseberry bush instead. They told him they couldn't hang him on that. "That's all right," he said, "I'm in no hurry. I can wait till it grows." Further illustration was made by the story of the man who was asked if he could build a bridge. He replied he could build one to the infernal regions, if necessary. This statement rather shocked an old deacon on the bridge building committee, but a friend apologized for the builder's bluntness, and testified to his ability, but expressed doubt as to the strength of the abutment at the other end.

These proceedings occupied the forenoon session. The afternoon session was called to order by W. R. Kirkwood, chairman of populist committee. T. L. VanOrsdal, the secretary, read the call for the convention. Watkins spoke for the election of these two officers for the convention, and nominated them. They were chosen without dissent. L. L. Hewitt moved that a committee of three be appointed by chair on credentials and order of business. Chair appointed B. B. Branson, L. L. Hewitt and I. E. Holt. While this committee prepared its report, Dr. Courtney took occasion to make a statement. He said that two years ago he had moved from Lafayette to East Dayton precinct to sow populist seed, having heard that there was but one populist living there. He had been unable to find him, and on primary day was compelled to retire to his office in sorrow. It was immediately moved that Dr. Courtney be made a delegate from that precinct with authority to cast four votes, probably based on apportionment the party wishes it had, and has not.

Mr. Watkins again introduced his new convert. The preacher said he was probably asked to speak for the same reason he had often been asked to impersonate Santa Claus—the people thought acting the fool came natural to him. He compared republicans to God's raw material—"some of it very raw." A good many of them, he thought, were like the fellow who had hold of the cow's tail. The cow was about to turn a corner, and the man's situation was perilous. He was told to let go. He cried: "I can't let go; it's all I can do to hold on." The preacher declared "The people are the saving power." (No reference to the last election was intended.) But under the gold standard, they are downtrodden and distressed. This seemed a little paradoxical from a man dressed in high-grade broadcloth and a brilliant shirt-setting, but it was taken for gospel. He was thankful that he could take his new stand for liberty with "no mortgage or patent on his mouth." Republicans were likened to hogs, befouling the political springs. He respected the republican party for what it had done years ago in abolishing slavery, but like a picture showing the place where the children of Israel passed over the Red sea, the children were not visible because they had passed over; the Egyptians were not there because they had passed under. So it would be with the populists; they would pass over, the republicans would pass under.

Mr. Watkins was then called. He told the story of the bashful courtship, in which the young man proposed to his sweetheart to tell tales. She asked that he use the more elegant term of "anecdotes." The young man went out to look after his horse, and returned with the information that the calf had chewed off the horse's anecdote. Watkins likewise extolled the republican party as one organized on the noblest creed of earth, but it had now gone to Wall street; it has placed the shackles on seven millions of slaves. It is like Judas Iscariot, with the difference that it won't go out and hang itself. It is a foul snake with slimy coils, "but the common people will carry this country, and don't you forget your umbrella."

Mose Johnson was called. He said the two ministers who had spoken were both prepared to go hence if the gold standard should win, but he couldn't say as much for himself. He thought if these men can't bury the gold standard in Yamhill county, no two men can. He made reference to his admiration for Watkins' ability to make the snakes (gold standard people) crawl. "Capital has been on top for more than a year," said Johnson, "and it will flow into the state against the anarchists, and can we make it win against them? Money will have a great influence in the state of Oregon. The opposition will have a great fight among themselves; if they don't, I don't know how we are going to have a chance, for one. The republicans will adopt our grandest principle, the referendum. I will be thankful that we have made the grand fight, if they adopt it. Some republican papers favor electing senators by direct vote of the people. The republicans made a hubbub of the legislature. Claimed they wanted to repeal the railroad commission, but it will be the same old thing if they have a majority, they will maintain the same old commission. I am not a party man; if it don't work in the interests of the people, I am not with it. I will thank the enemy if it adopts our principles. Our party is a peculiar one. It adopts the stigmas heaped upon it, and gains by it. The enemy is now ashamed to call us anarchists." Mr. Johnson's speech could not reasonably be regarded as a hopeful one. Mr. Snuffer was called. He declined, saying he was not a delegate nor a populist, but after the convention, if everything works smooth, he will be willing to put in a night or two at some of the school houses, if they are not occupied more than six nights in a week.

Milton Chapin was called. He declined because he couldn't add anything to the many good things said. He couldn't talk very well unless he had some one to quarrel with.

John Gill was called. He didn't come to speak. Wouldn't undertake to instruct. But he wanted to raise one question before the audience. The party had fallen into the hands of politicians. "We must take the primaries to the people, if they will not go to the primaries. We should have one in every school district. I would furnish every district with a platform, and explanations why each plank should be adopted. We want the people to control and take all the power out of the hands of the politicians."

The report of committee on credentials was read and adopted on motion of Linden. Linden moved the appointment of a nominating committee of three to present names of 12 or 16 parties available as delegates to the state convention. Motion lost. Gill moved to elect by rising vote. VanOrsdal suggested that one person couldn't rise for three or four proxies. Long favored the ballot. Dickens wanted to elect by districts. Branson wanted a quick vote because the gold standard had made board so high in McMinnville that they couldn't afford to stay long. A motion to proceed to ballot carried. The chair appointed J. T. Patterson, S. Howorth and Wm. Gunning as tellers, and I. E. Holt as assistant secretary. Then fast and furious came the nominations. Everyone seemed either to want to be a delegate or to have a certain person go. When order was established, by the chair checking the onslaught with the assertion that "gentlemen, you must go slow, as our secretaries are not shorthand writers, for if they were they would be goldbugs," the following persons were found listed: F. A. Powell, John Gill, C. C. Linden, W. L. Kirkwood, M. E. Johnson, Wm. Black, C. V. Kuykendall, A. A. Walker, E. P. Wallace, H. Watkins, S. Richardson, J. C. McCrea, E. J. Wood, J. C. Cooper, F. A. Dickens, T. L. VanOrsdal, L. L. Hewitt, Wm. Gilson, M. Chapin, Dr. Courtney and G. W. Olds. Of these Watkins, Wood, Cooper and Hewitt declined. Much doubt prevailed as to how to vote. McCrea had made a motion to elect one delegate at a time, and it prevailed. The doubt and disorder was due to the inexperience and inefficiency of the presiding officer. Two grave

errors were made in his rulings: one that a majority vote was included in the motion of McCrea, the other that nominations were in order at any time, after he had declared them closed. An extra motion was required to set things right. Ninety votes were cast the first ballot. Powell receiving 23, was declared elected. Johnson, who received the next highest vote, was elected by acclamation. A motion prevailed that the highest two on next ballot be elected. This resulted in favor of Kuykendall and Kirkwood. The rules were suspended, and in succession McCrea, Linden, Wallace and Dr. Courtney were chosen.

A resolution was introduced by the secretary favoring a union in the interest of silver. Watkins wanted it to read that "all reform forces" unite in favor of silver and principles on which legislation is desired. J. C. Cooper, the state organizer of the "union of forces" movement, was present as a delegate, and also served in a like capacity earlier in the day at the so-called silver republican convention. He proposed the "one platform" idea be incorporated, asserting that they should unite for principle, and not alone for office. This was the occasion for Mr. Watkins to defend the people's party as one of principle from the foundation up, and to assure the gentleman and others of the convention that it was the power behind the throne, and not only meant to preserve its autonomy, but proposed to dictate its full share of the offices. He had a letter from a populist high in authority, admonishing him to preserve the party name in Oregon until 1900, and they proposed to do so. Mr. Cooper declared that if they did not agree on the platform he "wouldn't know what party he belonged to." His suggestion was not adopted.

A committee was appointed to advance the plan of organizing ladies' silver clubs throughout the county, which is being fostered by Mrs. McKinney of Portland, as chairman.

**Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.**  
This remedy is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough and influenza. It has become famous for its cures of these diseases, over a large part of the civilized world. The most flattering testimonials have been received, giving accounts of its good works; of the aggravating and persistent coughs it has cured; of severe colds that have yielded promptly to its soothing effects, and of the dangerous attacks of croup it has cured, often saving the life of the child. The extensive use of it for whooping cough has shown that it robs that disease of all dangerous consequences. Sold by S. Howorth & Co.

**Democratic Convention.**  
The democrats met in convention at the court house on Saturday, and were called to order at 11 a. m. by Chairman H. C. Burns. On motion Mr. Burns was elected chairman of the meeting. Mr. Gist of North Yamhill was chosen secretary and Mr. Hagerty of Carlton assistant secretary. Committee on credentials appointed were: J. C. Snuffer, Tom Huston, J. D. Baker, Wm. Raleigh and Frank Wright. Chairman next appointed committee on resolutions consisting of: Chas. Grissen, H. L. Heath, W. W. Walker, I. M. Hembree and E. B. Collard. On committee on permanent organization and order of business the chairman appointed: B. F. Sparks, W. H. Fletcher, L. Kuykendall.

Convention reassembled at 1:30 p. m. After reading of various reports the committee on resolutions presented the following:  
Whereas, the democratic party stands pledged to do all in its power to restore the policy of the free and unlimited coinage of gold and silver at the existing ratio, which was substantially the policy of the government from the administration of Washington to that of Grant, and which was advocated by statesmen of all parties for more than 80 years of our national existence; and  
Whereas, the republican party has now thrown off the mask and stands avowedly for the single gold standard, and for the further demonetization of silver and retirement of greenbacks; and  
Whereas, the aforesaid policy of the republican party is destructive to the interests of all the people but the moneyed interests; and  
Whereas, the people's party and the silver-republican party agree substantially with the democratic party on the financial question, and as to the necessity of reform in state and county governments; therefore, be it  
Resolved, that the democracy of Yamhill county is in favor of union with the people's party and the silver-republican party in the approaching election, and that the delegates elected by this convention to the state convention are hereby instructed to use all reasonable efforts to effect such a union of silver forces;

Resolved, that we favor the adoption of the initiative and referendum;  
Resolved, that we favor substantial reformation in the expenses of running our state and county governments and in the expense of running our state legislature, and we arraign the republican party for its repudiation of pledges most solemnly made to do away with the needless expense and for the employment of

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a horde of useless clerks in the legislature to be paid for by taxes wrung from the hard earnings of the taxpayers, and we declare that as the republican party has repeatedly promised to reform these abuses and as repeatedly repudiated its promises, it is the duty of the people of the opposition, and that when a party deliberately and repeatedly violates its pledges made to the people for the purpose of getting their votes, there is no adequate remedy in the hands of the people, excepting to take the power of government out of the hands of such delinquent party;

Resolved, that the people's interests are paramount to all else, and that, therefore, personal interests must be subservient to that end;

Resolved, that we re-affirm the national platform of the democratic party adopted at Chicago in 1896.

On motion of Chas. Grissen the resolutions were adopted in full as read.

Henry Fletcher, T. J. Rowland, L. C. Thompson, F. Wright and Paul Fundman were appointed tellers.

The election of delegates to the state convention resulted as follows: H. L. Heath, J. H. Hendershot, Dr. Mathies, John Johnson, J. E. Todd, W. T. Raleigh, Thos. Huston, Thos. Snuffer, P. Fundman, H. Rummel, H. C. Burns.

I have been afflicted with rheumatism for fourteen years and nothing seemed to give any relief. I was able to get around all the time, but constantly suffering. I had tried everything I could hear of and at last was told to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which I did, and was immediately relieved and in a short time cured. I am happy to say that it has not since returned.—JOSH. EDGAR, Germantown, Cal. For sale by S. Howorth & Co.

**The Annual School Meeting.**

Quite a number of patrons of the public schools attended the annual meeting on Monday. The report of W. J. Loughary as clerk was read and approved.

Chairman Hunsaker asked the privilege of talking a few minutes, which was cheerfully granted. He said he proposed to retire as director, and urged that a successor be elected who would be interested in school matters, and who would rise above his own interests in the work of the public schools, be above cliques and perform his work independent of all outside influences. He would do something he had never done before—nominate his successor in office. He nominated John Evenden, and the clerk cast the ballot, there being no other candidate. He was declared elected for three years.

Mr. Kegg nominated W. L. Hembree for clerk, and Mrs. Snelling named Mr. Loughary. The latter gentleman declined with thanks, and Mr. Hembree went in under suspension of the rules.

The annual report of clerk showed the following interesting figures:

Balance on hand teachers' fund	last report	\$ 342 52
Receipts from various places	3428 24	
Warrants drawn during year	3675 00	
Balance on hand	1095 76	
Balance on hand incidental fund	last report	316 59
Receipts from various sources	2304 78	
Disbursements	2483 17	
Balance on hand	138 20	
Estimated value of all property	27200 00	
Total insurance on all property	19250 00	
Number of legal voters, 399; number of children of school age, males 296, females 317; total 613.		

**Columbus School Notes.**

Lucy Patty and Lillian Baxter returned to school this week.

There is some talk of a game of basket ball between the college and high school girls.

Miss Ora Collins of Dallas visited school on Tuesday.

Final examination in physical geography was taken by the tenth grade on Monday, and algebra will be taken next week.

Quite a number of the students seem to have the spring fever.

J. L. Hoskins of Newberg was in the city Wednesday.

## Come This Way

Having bought the

YAMHILL PHARMACY

We intend to run an up-to-date drugstore. WE CAN COMPOUND YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS AS ACCURATELY AND AS SKILLFULLY AS ANYONE. Our stock of CHRISTMAS PERFUMES is full and of the best. Our line of COMBS, BRUSHES and other toilet articles is complete. We carry the leading brands of cough syrups and Patent medicine and ask for a share of your patronage.

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Preserve Health. Save Doctor's Bills. Promote Happiness and Comfort.



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Lithograph Manikins of the Body and of the Head, in layers to dissect showing all organs in their proper positions and colors.

1157 Pages. Size 6 1-4 x 9 1-4 inches. Weight, 5 1-4 lbs. Thickness 33-4 inches.

Nineteen pages of Alphabetical Index. An Index of Symptoms, so you can tell what ails you. Complete list of Medicines, telling what each is good for, and how much of each to take for a dose. The Prescriptions are all written in Plain English, so you can copy them and get them filled without going to a doctor. It saves its cost in one case of La Grippe.

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The book contains about 200 pages on Diseases of Women and Children. This department is illustrated in a supplemental pamphlet of 32 pages, placed in a pocket made inside the cover of the book.

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