The Yamhill County Reporter.

VOL. XXV. Entered at the Postoffice in McMinnville, as Second-class matter. M'MINNVILLE, OREGON, FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1895. SUBSCRIPTION PRICE $2.00 PER YEAR. One Dollar if paid in advance, Single numbers five cents. NO. 10.

THE McMINNVILLE

National Bank

—McMinnville, Oregon.—

Paid up Capital, $50,000

Transacts a General Banking Business.

President, - - *J. W. COWLS.*
Vice President, - *LEE LAUGHLIN.*
Cashier, - - *E. C. APPERSON*
Asst. Cashier - - - *W. S. LINK*

Board of Directors:
J. W. COWLS, LEE LAUGHLIN,
A. J. APPERSON, WM. CAMPBELL,
J. L. ROGERS.

Sell Sight Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers on New York, San Francisco and Portland. Deposits received subject to check. Interest paid on Time Deposits. Loans money on approved security. Collections made on all accessible points.

E. J. Qualey & Co.,

QUINCY, MASS.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GRANITE MONUMENTS

AND ALL KINDS OF CEMETERY FURNISHINGS

All work fully guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction. Refers by permission to Wm. McChriman, Mrs. L. E. Bewley, Mrs. E. D. Fellows.
Holl's Old Jewelry Stand, 2d Street.

ELSIA WRIGHT,

Manufactures and Deals in

HARNESS!

SADDLES, BRIDLES, SPURS,

Brushes and sells them cheaper than they can be bought anywhere else in the Willamette Valley. Our all home made sets of harness are pronounced unsurpassable by those who buy them

JOHN F. DERBY,

Proprietor of The McMinnville

TILE FACTORY,

Situated at the Southwest corner of the Fair Grounds.

All sizes of first-class Drain Tile kept constantly on hand at lowest living prices.

McMINNVILLE, - - OREGON

CITY BATHS

—AND—

TONSORIAL PARLORS,

Logan & Kutch, Prop's.

For a Clean Shave or Fashionable Hair Cut Give Us a Call.

Baths are new and first-class in every respect. Ladies' Baths and shampooing a specialty. Employ none but first-class men. Don't forget the place. Three doors west of Hotel Yamhill.

THE

COMMERCIAL

LIVERY STABLE.

GATES & HENRY, Props.

E Street, north of Third. Everything New and First-class. Conveyance of Commercial Travelers a specialty. Board and stabling by the day or month. We solicit a fair share of the local patronage.

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS COPYRIGHTS.

CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of Information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. $3 a year. Sample copies sent free.

Building Edition, monthly, $2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

You Can Get Ferry's Seeds at your dealers as fresh and fertile as though you got them direct from Ferry's Seed Farms.

FERRY'S SEEDS

are known and planted everywhere, and are always the best. Ferry's Seed Annual for 1895 tells all about them. — Free.
D. M. Ferry & Co.
Detroit, Mich.

SUMMONS.

In the circuit court of the state of Oregon, for Yamhill county.

Julia L. Snyder, Plaintiff, }
vs. } Summons.
Geo. W. Snyder, Defendant. }

To Geo. W. Snyder, the above-named defendant:

IN the name of the state of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above-entitled suit on or before the first day of the next regular term of the above-named court, to-wit, the 25th day of March, 1895, and if you fail to appear and answer said complaint, the plaintiff will apply to said court for an order and decree dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between plaintiff and defendant. This summons is served by publication in the Yamhill County Reporter by order of the Hon. H. H. Hewitt, judge of the above-named court, which said order was duly made and dated the 17th day of January, 1895. 4-6

IRVINE & COSHOW, Att'ys for Plaintiff.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

THIRTY years' observation of Castoria with the patronage of millions of persons, permit us to speak of it without guessing. It is unquestionably the best remedy for Infants and Children the world has ever known. It is harmless. Children like it. It gives them health. It will save their lives. In it Mothers have something which is absolutely safe and practically perfect as a child's medicine.

Castoria destroys Worms.
Castoria allays Feverishness.
Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd.
Castoria cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic.
Castoria relieves Teething Troubles.
Castoria cures Constipation and Flatulency.
Castoria neutralizes the effects of carbonic acid gas or poisonous air.
Castoria does not contain morphine, opium, or other narcotic property.
Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.
Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk.
Don't allow any one to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose."
See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE INTER OCEAN

—IS THE—

Most Popular Republican Newspaper of the West And Has the Largest Circulation.

TERMS BY MAIL { DAILY (without Sunday).....$6.00 per year
DAILY (with Sunday).....$8.00 per year
The Weekly Inter Ocean PER YEAR..... $1.00

AS A NEWSPAPER THE INTER OCEAN keeps abreast of the times in all respects. It spares neither pains nor expense in securing ALL THE NEWS AND THE BEST OF CURRENT LITERATURE.

The Weekly Inter Ocean
AS A FAMILY PAPER IS NOT EXCELLED BY ANY.

It has something of interest to each member of the family. ITS YOUTH'S DEPARTMENT is the very best of its kind. ITS LITERARY FEATURES are unequaled.

POLITICALLY IT IS REPUBLICAN, and gives its readers the benefit of the ablest discussions on all live political topics. It also gives them THE NEWS OF THE WORLD.

IT IS A TWELVE-PAGE PAPER.

THE INTER OCEAN IS PUBLISHED IN CHICAGO, THE NEWS AND COMMERCIAL CENTER OF ALL WEST OF THE ALLEGHANY MOUNTAINS, AND IS BETTER ADAPTED TO THE NEEDS OF THE PEOPLE OF THAT SECTION THAN ANY PAPER FARTHER EAST.

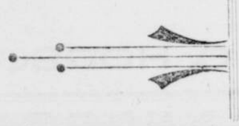
It is in accord with the people of the West both in Politics and Literature.

Please remember that the price of The Weekly Inter Ocean is ONLY ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR. Address THE INTER OCEAN, Chicago.

The Inter Ocean and the Reporter one year for $1.85.

NEW FURNITURE

LARGE INVOICES JUST IN!



We invite the attention of all persons contemplating the purchase of new goods in our line. Come and see them.

Upholstered Novelties.

BURNS & DANIELS

The Reporter

—IS ONLY—

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR

McMINNVILLE

Truck and Dray Co.

B. E. COULTER, Prop.

Goods of all descriptions moved and careful handling guaranteed. Collections will be made monthly. Hauling of all kinds done cheap.

W. J. CLARK, D.D.S

Graduate University of Mich.

Has opened an office in Union Block, Room 6, and is prepared to do all work in the dental line.

CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK A SPECIALTY.

LATEST METHOD OF PAINLESS EXTRACTION.

Matthies Brothers,

PROPRIETORS

CITY MARKET.

FRESH MEATS OF ALL KINDS.

CHOICEST IN THE MARKET.

South side Third St. between B and C.

C. F. CALBREATH. E. E. GOUCHER.

Calbreath & Goucher.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

McMINNVILLE - - - - OREGON

(Office over Braly's bank.)

ARTHUR J. VIAL, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon,

ROOMS IN UNION BLOCK

McMINNVILLE, OREGON.

Clara Louise Kellogg, whose sweet voice once charmed two continents, is living in New York in comparative poverty. Once she was worth nearly $1,000,000, but it has all been swept away by unfortunate business ventures. The once famous woman has lost her voice entirely, and has no way of recouping her shattered fortunes.

The Best for the Family.

MACON, GA.—"I have found Simmons Liver Regulator the best family medicine. I have used it in indigestion and biliousness, and found it to relieve immediately. After eating a hearty supper, if on going to bed I take a dose of it, I never feel any bad effects of the supper."—Ovid G. Sparks, Ex-Mayor.

WHAT PEOPLE WILL EAT A CENTURY HENCE.

According to Professor Berthelot, the distinguished French chemist, the time may be approaching when the farmer will go out of business, and bread and beef and milk, or their equivalents, will be produced artificially in the laboratory of the chemist. It is true that we have not yet got beyond the first steps in the process, but, according to Professor Berthelot, who is entitled to speak with authority, these first steps are a guarantee of extended triumphs in the same field. The professor, as reported by Henry J. W. Dam, in *McClure's Magazine*, said that "new sources of mechanical energy would largely replace the present use of coal, and that a great proportion of our staple foods which we now obtain by natural growth would be manufactured direct, through the advance of synthetic chemistry, from their constituent elements, carbon, hydrogen oxygen, and nitrogen." He continued: "I not only believe this, but I am unable to doubt it. The tendency of our present progress is along an easily discerned line, and can lead to only one end. I do not say that we shall give you artificial beafsteaks at once, nor do I say that we shall ever give you the beefsteak as we now obtain and cook it. We shall give you the same identical food, however, chemically, digestively, and nutritively speaking. Its form will differ, because it will probably be a tablet. But it will be a tablet of any color and shape that is desired, and will, I think, entirely satisfy the epicurean senses of the future; for you must remember thaf the beefsteak of to-day is not the most perfect of pictures either in color or composition. There is a distinction which I would like to make at this point between the laboratory stage and the commercial stage of any given discovery in food making. From the scientific point of view, the labratory result is the important one. As you, and all the world know, the commercial result follows inevitably in time. Once science has declared that a desired end is attainable, the genius of invention fastens upon the problem, and the commercial production of the result slowly attains perfection by gradually improved processes at less than cost. Take aluminum for instance. Once a very expensive metal, its steadily decreased cost in production is bringing it within the reach of all. The use of sugar is universal. Sugars have recently been made in the laboratory. Commerce has now taken up the question, and I see that an invention has recently been patented by which sugar is to be made upon a commercial scale from two gases, at something like one cent per pound. As to whether or not the gentlemen who own the process can do what the inventor claims, it is neither my province nor my desire to express an opinion."

The professor here cited as an instance of laboratory products, the dye stuff alizarin, the coloring principle of madder, which was formerly a great agricultural industry, but which is now almost wholly supplanted by the artificial product from coal tar. The chemists, he said, have succeeded also in making indigo direct from its elements, and artificial indigo will soon be a commercial product. "Tea and coffee could now be made artificially, if the necessity should arise, or if the commercial opportunity, through the necessary supplementary mechanical inventions had been reached. The difference of name between thein and caffein has arisen from the sources from which they were obtained. They are chemically identical in constitution, and their essence has often been made synthetically. The penultimate stage in the synthesis is theo-bromine, the essential principle of cocoa. Thus, you see, synthetic chemistry is getting ready to furnish from its laboratories the three great non-alcoholic beverages in general use. And what is true of food substances is equally applicable to all other organic substances."

As regards tobacco the professor said: "The essential principle of tobacco is nicotine. We have obtained pure nicotine, whose chemical constitution is perfectly understood, by treating salomin, a natural glucosid, with hydrogen. Synthetic chemistry has not made nicotine directly as yet, but it has very nearly reached it, and the laboratory manufacture of nicotine may be expected at any moment. * * Perhaps the greatest importance, and certainly the profoundest charm, in the study of synthetic chemistry is the certain evidence which it offers of the discovery and manufacture of many compounds now entirely unknown, whose effect upon human health, human life, and human happiness none can possibly conjecture."

As regards the future supply of heat, which is no less important than that of food supply. Professor Berthlot speaks confidently of improved appliances enabling man to make use of the illimitable supply of the earth's central heat. In conclusion, the professor says: "If one chooses to base dreams, prophetic fancies, upon the facts of the present, one may dream of alterations in the present conditions of human life so great as to be beyond our contemporary conception. One can foresee the disappearance of the beasts from our fields, because horses will no longer be used for traction nor cattle for food. The countless acres now given over to growing grain and producing vines will be agricultural antiquities, which will have passed out of the memory of men. The equal distribution of natural food materials will have done away with protectionism, with custom houses, with natural frontiers kept wet with human blood. Men will have grown too wise for war, and war's necessity will have ceased to be. The air will be filled with aerial motors flying by forces borrowed from chemistry. Distances will diminish, and the distinction between fertile and non-fertile regions, from the causes named will have passed away. It may even transpire that deserts now uninhabited may be made to blossom, and be sought after as great seats of population in preference to the alluvial plains and rich valleys."

Don't neglect that cough, it leads to consumption. One Minute Cough Cure possesses a double virtue. It cures and cures quickly. Rogers Bros.

HOME AND FARM OWNERSHIP.

In connection with the late census a special inquiry was made concerning farm and home proprietorship and indebtedness. It was one of special difficulty and had never before been undertaken. Perhaps the results are not so accurate as is desirable, but they may be taken as approximately correct. This is a land of homes. We have often felicited ourselves with the idea that this is the poor man's paradise and that no man, however poor or humble or obscure, need despair of having a home of his own. It is a little surprising to find that only 37 per cent. of the 12,690,152 families in the United States own the houses in which they live, 63 per cent. occupying hired or rented houses.

Of course the conditions of life in our crowded cities (and our urban population is rapidly increasing) must operate to reduce the percentage of those who live in their own houses. The cost of lots is so great that men of ordinary means cannot aspire to homes of their own. In the rural districts it is different. Land is cheap, materials are cheap and labor is cheap, and there are practically no such restrictions on the kind of house one may build, as there are in most municipalities. As a matter of fact the census statistics show that the percentage of ownership in the cities is quite small, amounting in the twenty-eight cities having 100,000 population and over, to a little less than 23 per cent., while 77 per cent. occupy hired houses. It will not surprise any one to learn that the lowest percentage of ownership is to be found in New York City, amounting to 6.33 per cent. That is, out of every 100 families 94 live in rented house and only six in homes which they own. There is no other city that even approaches this in extreme smallness. The next above is Boston, where the percentage is 18.43. Strange to say Brooklyn, which is a city of homes, occupies the third place, Jersey City the fourth, Cincinnati the fifth, New Orleans the sixth and San Francisco the seventh. These report the lowest percentages. The highest percentage of ownership is in Rochester, where it reaches nearly 44. The next highest is in Milwaukee, 42.13. The explanation of the extremely low percentage in New York is of course to be found in the fact that the area of the city is greatly restricted for the amount of the population, that it is the commercial and financial metropolis of the country and is more largely devoted to business than any other city, and that therefore the land values are so high that only the well-to-do and rich classes can hope to secure fortune enough to own a home. The tenement-house system is more largely developed here than in any other city in the country.

Going back to the states it is interesting to note that the highest percentage of ownership is found in the newer states and in the territories. In Oklahoma, for example, it is 68.46; in New Mexico, which is second, it 62.70; in Utah 60.65; in Idaho 58.47. The other states which report more than 50 per cent. are Kansas, Nevada, South Dakota and Wisconsin. In these territories and most of these states the urban population is a very small fraction of the total, and probably the average value of the homes is much smaller than it is in the older states where there are large municipalities.

It is a somewhat curious fact that when we pass from homes to farms we find the percentages representing those owning and hiring are reversed. Of the 4,767,179 families who occupy farms, nearly 66 per cent. are owners, and only 34 per cent. hire. In the newly settled territory of Oklahoma, where land was taken under a government act, the percentage of those owning farms is upward of 95; in North Dakota it is also very large, exceeding 90; in Maine it is 92.33. The lowest percentage is in the southern states. Mississippi reporting 37.73 per cent. of families as owning their farms while 62.27 hire them.

The elaborate statistics of this inquiry, which are given in a special bulletin of the census office, just issued, are deserving of a great deal of study. They show that in the United States we have yet scarcely begun to feel the pressure which comes from crowded population. Some of the problems which have so long worried European countries have not yet arisen to vex us, but are certain to present themselves for our consideration sooner or later. The fact seems to be that as the country becomes more thickly settled the laboring class lose many of the advantages which they possess where the population is sparse. Thousands of families which now occupy comfortable homes in rural districts would be driven to close quarters in the tenement districts of thickly settled cities. And yet the wave of migration is not to the farming sections, where so many comforts are possible, but to the teeming cities; and here we have the tenement-house problem and many other questions which press themselves upon the humanitarian and statesman for solution.—*N. Y. Independent.*

Headache is the direct result of indigestion and stomach disorders. Remedy these by using DeWitt's Little Early Risers, and your headache disappears. The Favorite little pills everywhere. Rogers Bros.

Will not Be Executed.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 2.—The steamer Australia arrived in seven days from Honolulu. Among her passengers are 13 exiles from the Hawaiian islands. They were put on board by officials of the republic at the last moment before the sailing of the steamer. Among the number are only a few who have been accused of actual complicity in the recent revolution. The others are mostly Britishers and Germans, who made themselves obnoxious to the republican government by doing too much talking.

Among the exiles who became known as supporters of the revolutionary party are Wundenberg, Creighton, Peterson, Rathernil, Brown and Fitzsimmons.

The most important news brought by the steamer is the decision of President Dole and his cabinet commuting to imprisonment death sentences imposed by the court-martial upon Wilcox, Seward, Rickard and Gulick, the four leading rebel plotters. The sentences were commuted to 35 years' imprisonment and a fine of $10,000 each. This means there will be no executions as a result of the recent revolution.

Other sentences recently made were: Thomas Wilker, 30 years' imprisonment and $5000 fine; Carl Weidemann, 30 years; William Greig, 20 years; Louis Marshall, 20 years; James C. Lane, five years.

Samuel Nowlein and Henry Bertleman, revolutionists, who gave evidence to the government, were allowed their liberty.

Captain Davies, the skipper, who landed arms for the rebels, was sentenced to 10 years and fined $10,000.

Though no public announcement to that effect has been made, a cabinet officer stated just before the sailing of the steamer that Queen Liliuokalani had been sentenced to serve five years in prison and to pay a fine of $5000.

On Feb. 22, 21 native rebels were sentenced to five years' imprisonment at hard labor.

Martial law will probably be discontinued after the military commission shall have finished the trials for treason and misprison.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Grand Duke Alexis, second cousin of the czar, died on the 2d.

General John A. McClernand is seriously ill at Springfield, Ill.

Fire destroyed over $75,000 worth of property in Toronto, Ontario, on the 3d.

Senator Mitchell presented the credentials of Senator McBride to the senate on Saturday.

Henry Studebaker, of the famous wagon factory of South Bend, Ind., died on the 2d, aged 62.

Two buildings collapsed in New York city on the 1st, killing and injuring several people.

Salina, Kansas, suffered the loss of four of her finest blocks by fire on Monday. The loss was over $300,000.

Prof. Blackie, noted scholar and translator of Goethe's "Faust" into English verse, died in London on the 2d.

The lower house of the Washington legislature has passed the pure butter and milk bill, and it is just as likely to pass the senate.

Twenty-five indictments were found by the grand jury against persons in various ways connected with the Brooklyn strike.

Senator Mitchell and Representative Ellis are congratulating themselves on getting through both houses the bill long pending, extending time of payment for settlers on forfeited railroad lands for two years. Many Oregon and Washington people are interested.

Governor Budd of California denies any effort to secure the democratic nomination for vice-president. He said: "I would rather be governor of California four years than have the office of vice-president 40 years. An honest man as governor can do his people far more good in four years than he could as vice-president in a lifetime."

Of the 88 senators of the last senate 16 ceased to be senators on Monday. The retired senators were: Butler of South Carolina, Camden of West Virginia, Carey of Wyoming, Coke of Texas, Dixon of Rhode Island, Dolph of Oregon, Hunton of Virginia, McLaurin of Mississippi, McPherson of New Jersey, Manderson of Nebraska, Martin of Kansas, Power of Montana, Ransom of North Carolina, Walsh of Georgia, Washburn of Minnesota, Wilson of Iowa.

Ismail Pasha, ex-khedive of Egypt, died on the 2d. In 1874 he was the absolute owner of all the land in Egypt, which his subjects cultivated on terms prescribed by him. He was also largely engaged in manufacturing enterprises, the whole industry of the country being under his control, the common people being practically his slaves. From an architectural point of view, he considerably improved Alexandria, almost rebuilt Cario, and constructed immense public works throughout his kingdom.

The Chicago *Times* and *Herald* have been consolidated, and the first issue under the name of *Times-Herald* came out Monday. James W. Scott is editor-in-chief. The *Times-Herald* will be the only democratic morning paper in Chicago. The exact amount involved in the consolidation is not known, the *Evening Post* being included in the sale to Mr. Scott, but it is said to be about $2,000,000, which would make the deal the largest in the newspaper history of the country.

Advices from the Orient state that the empress of Japan has ordered that artificial arms and legs be supplied at her cost to all soldiers who lost those members, either in battle or through exposure to frost. Chinese prisoners brought to Japan who have similarly suffered are included in her bounty. The Corean government has ordered the abolition of all forms of torture and proclaimed that hanging shall hereafter be the sole method of capital punishment for ordinary criminals and shooting for those condemned by martial law.

The Minnesota house adopted by unanimous vote on Friday a resolution stating that whereas, the fifty-third congress would cease to exist Monday; that the people during this congress have been subjected to untold domestic misery, financial distress and political disgrace, Resolved, That American patriots are invited to celebrate the hour of their delivery, thereby declaring that they have determined that never again will they trust the business affairs of this great nation to democratic hands.

A wreck of an excursion train on the Inter Oceanic railway occurred near the city of Mexico on the 28th ult., in which 110 persons lost their lives. Five coaches jumped the track on a curve in the road and went down the side of the mountain, three of them being smashed into kindling wood. This is the most serious wreck in Mexico since 1891, when a trainload of soldiers went through a bridge, 400 of them being killed. No Americans were aboard. According to Mexican custom all the train crew who were not killed were arrested, the laws placing responsibility for such accidents upon them.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

Better Than Pills

"As old as the hills" and never excelled. "Tried and proven" is the verdict of millions. Simmons Liver Regulator is the only Liver and Kidney medicine to which you can pin your faith for a cure. A mild laxative, and purely vegetable, acting directly on the Liver and Kidneys. Try it. Sold by all Druggists in Liquid, or in Powder to be taken dry or made into a tea.

The King of Liver Medicines.

"I have used your Simmons Liver Regulator and can conscienciously say it is the king of all liver medicines. I consider it a medicine chest in itself.—GEO. W. JACKSON, Tacoma, Washington.

EVERY PACKAGE

Has the Z Stamp in red on wrapper.

In these days of telephone, telegraph, electricity and steam, people cannot afford to wait days or as many hours for relief. This is our reason for offering you One Minute Cough Cure. Neither days, nor hours, nor even minutes elapse before relief is afforded. Rogers Bros.

Mining in the Arctic Circle.

Few people are probably aware of the fact that modern industry has already got a foothold in the arctic regions; and that mines are worked on a large scale and a railroad regularly operated in such high latitudes. This is the case in Sweden, where the Lulea-Gellivare railroad, built for the purpose of carrying iron ore from the Gellivare mines to the seaport at Lulea, extends fifty miles above the arctic circle and enjoys the distinction of being the first railroad to open up the frigid zone. Gellivare excursion trains will yet be running to arctic summer resorts. In the meantime explorers will keep on hunting for lecture material and returning to civilization to peddle it out on the platform.—*New Orleans Picayune.*

Promptness is a commendable virtue. That's why we offer you One Minute Cough Cure. It is prompt in relief and prompt in curing. That is what it is made for. Rogers Bros.

Those Good Old Times.

An old file of the Darien (Ga.) *Gazette* has been unearthed dating back to 1819. In those days Sea Island cotton sold at 47c to 50c per pound; bacon, 18c to 20c; flour $12 per barrel; whiskey, 70c per gallon. The mutation in the price of food and drink that has brought us cheaper bread and meat and dearer whisky is not altogether regrettable. If it could be possible to take a plunge backward into the "good old times" which the graybeards recall with tearful reminiscence, how dreadful the change would be! No railroads, no telegraphs, no trolleys, no steamships, no great daily newspapers, no fast mails, no electric lights. Though we should sometimes drown regret in cheap whisky, there would be moments of soberness and sadness unutterable.—*Philadelphia Record.*

Old Proverb Reset.

Mr. Newera—Madame, I saw our daughter flying along the public streets on a bicycle to-day, and dressed in hat, coat, vest and bloomers. Mrs. Newera—Oh, well, girls will be boys, you know.

Found at Last.

A lady had been looking for a friend a long time without success. Finally she came upon her at an unexpected place. "Well," she exclaimed, "I've been on a perfect wild goose chase all day long, but thank goodness, I've found you at last."

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured J. G. Gorrell of the worst case of eczema ever known in the state of Indiana. It cures scalds, burns, indolent sores and never fails to cure piles. Rogers Bros.

A law case that has seldom been paralleled has come up in Cincinnati. A legal gentlemen of high standing, Mr. W. B. Burnett, has been sentenced to 60 days imprisonment for contempt of court. His contempt consisted in his refusal to give up certain papers which he was ordered to produce. Burnett is to stay in prison till he does hand over the papers, if at the end of 60 days he still refuses. If he continue obdurate, he runs the chance of being a prisoner for life.

Hillsboro is already taking action for a grand July 4th celebration. It will be in connection with the Washington county soldiers' and sailors' reunion.