

# The Yamhill County Reporter.

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NO. 41.

**THE COMMERCIAL**  
LIVERY STABLE.  
GATES & HENRY, Props.

**Matthies Brothers,**  
CITY MARKET.  
FRESH MEATS OF ALL KINDS.  
CHOICEST IN THE MARKET.

**CITY BATHS**  
TONSORIAL PARLORS,  
Logan & Kutch, Prop's.

**ELSIA WRIGHT,**  
Manufactures and Deals in  
**HARNESS!**  
SADDLES, BRIDLES, SPURS.

**National Bank**  
McMinnville, Oregon.  
Paid up Capital, \$50,000

**JOHN F. DERBY,**  
Proprietor of The McMinnville  
**TILE FACTORY,**

**E. J. Qualey & Co.,**  
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in  
**GRANITE MONUMENTS**  
AND ALL KINDS OF  
CEMETERY FURNISHINGS

**Calbreath & Goucher,**  
PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.  
McMinnville, Oregon.  
**McMinnville Truck and Dray Co.**  
B. E. COULTER, Prop.

**WHITE'S Restaurant**  
MEALS AT ALL HOURS  
Best 25¢ Meal in City.  
Choice Fruits, Confections, Nuts and Cigars.  
**ICE CREAM!**  
Lemonade, Soda Pop, Etc.

## A Great Scheme

Is Hatching at  
**WALLACE & WALKER'S**  
GROCERY.

It interests everybody who desires to buy cheap Groceries.  
You are asked to call and learn the proposition.

Are You Considering The Purchase of a  
**HEATING STOVE?**

A Large Line of the Best Styles at  
**HODSON'S.**

1894 PRICES.  
CALL EARLY AND MAKE SELECTION.

**NEW FURNITURE**  
LARGE INVOICES JUST IN!

We invite the attention of all persons contemplating the purchase of new goods in our line. Come and see them.

**BURNS & DANIELS**  
Upholstered Novelties.  
HOME SEEKERS, ATTENTION!

### The Sheridan Land Company

Located at Sheridan, Yamhill County, Oregon, are just now offering bargains in real estate that can't be duplicated in the Willamette valley. Lands that have been held in large tracts are now being subdivided into tracts to suit purchaser, and at prices that defy competition. People with small means and desiring homes on the installment plan, will find it to their interest to call upon or address this company. Sheridan is in a favored fruit district of Oregon, out of range of the codlin moth and other insect pests. We also have some fine business openings and mill properties for sale or exchange for other property. Trades of all kinds negotiated. Correspondence solicited. Descriptive circular and price list will be forwarded on demand.

Below we give a few farms we are offering for sale:

NO. 1. 488 acres, 400 in cultivation, large two-story house, large barn, two large bearing orchards, nice stream of water running through the pasture, furnishing abundance of water at all times of year, situated on county road and railroad, 2½ miles from Amity. This will be sold at a great sacrifice and divided to suit purchaser.

NO. 2. 180 acres, 80 acres in crop, balance easy cleared, situated on county road 3 miles from Sheridan, ½ mile from school, splendid hop, grain or fruit land, price \$15 per acre.

NO. 3. 200 acres, 50 acres cleared, balance young oak and fir land, nice stream water, a splendid stock ranch, situated 3 miles from Sheridan; price \$7 per acre.

NO. 4. 100 acres all in cultivation, adjoining the city limits of Sheridan, fine hop land, price \$35 per acre.

NO. 5. 30 acres, 15 acres clear, all lays fine to cultivate when clear, 1½ miles from Sheridan; price \$12.50 per acre.

SHERIDAN LAND COMPANY, Sheridan, Oregon.  
ISAAC DAUGHERTY, Manager.

## The Reporter

—IS ONLY—  
**ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR**

### LOCAL NEWS.

S. A. Manning went to Albany on business Saturday.

Dr. H. C. Fenton of Portland was in town the first of the week.

J. P. Love, the jeweler, has gone to Vancouver after his family.

Few more sewing machines left at a bargain at C. G. Grimes's.

Fresh milk cow wanted. Jersey preferred. Inquire of W. L. Warren, 4111.

In the estate of J. N. McDaniel, Nov. 6th has been set to hear final account.

Field Allen's family has moved into the Baker house near Jones' lumber yard.

Robert Henderson has taken charge of the delivery department with Wallace & Walker.

Mrs. Martha Coulter of Salem visited friends in the city last week, returning home on Friday.

An infant child of Mr. Dowell, who lives on the Wallace farm, died on Sunday, aged 2½ years.

A section of the plank on Third street in front of the Hotel Yamhill has been replaced by new.

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J. B. Gardner is fitting up the Harris property at the corner of B and Cedar streets in good shape, and will occupy it as his residence.

An eight day, mantle, striking clock with alarm for \$5, without alarm \$4.50 at Wm. F. Diehlmeider's, the leading jeweler of Yamhill county.

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### Dentistry in China.

In the department of dentistry the Chinese have, strange to relate, anticipated by centuries the profession in Europe and America in the insertion of artificial teeth. Utilizing the femur of an ox, and sawing a circle of half or three-quarters of an inch from the shaft, a section of this circle is used sufficient to fill the vacant space in the mouth. The section of bone is then dressed with a file, so as to imitate the teeth to be replaced, and through holes drilled in each end, copper wires are passed to fasten it to the adjoining teeth. These artificial teeth are designed more for good looks than for purposes of mastication, and since the cost of inserting three or four teeth amounts to about twenty-five or thirty cents, this means of remedying uncomely defects is within the reach of all.

American and English dentists of high standing have practiced their profession in Hong-Kong, Shanghai, and other cities open to foreign commerce, and have employed Chinese young men to assist in the mechanical part of the work. With the talent for imitation for which the race is noted, these young men have not been slow to avail themselves of the opportunity of learning the more delicate parts of the work performed by the dentist himself. A number of these young men have become successful practitioners among their own countrymen, and with foreign instruments and material, are superseding the crude and unsatisfactory work of the native artists. They have not yet attained to the skill in the treatment of diseases of the mouth which requires scientific knowledge, but that will come in time.

The theory that toothache depends on the presence of worms in decayed teeth is universally believed, and is demonstrated by a process peculiarly Chinese, and which was investigated some years ago by Dr. Rogers, a dentist of Hong Kong. The native operator holds back the lips with a wooden spatula while he works around the offending tooth with a pointed instrument until there is a flow of saliva and blood; adroitly turning the spatula and placing the other end in the mouth, a piece of delicate paper attached to one side is moistened by saliva and the worms, confined under it, are liberated, and become mixed up in bloody saliva. With a pair of forceps the operator picks them out and satisfies the patient.—Dental Register.

### Never Rose From the Banks.

Few men who attended the recent national encampment of the Grand Army at Pittsburg are better known to the public than Private Dalzell, of Caldwell, Ohio. His unique and pungent contributions to the press have frequently attracted attention, not the least being that which, not long ago, he issued to the private soldier veterans, protesting against their practical exclusion from the governing councils of the order. Private Dalzell, whose full name is James D. Dalzell, was born fifty-five years ago in Allegheny City, but moved to Ohio when a boy, with his family. Shortly after the outbreak of the war he joined the union forces and remained in the army until the surrender at Appomattox. Though his army record is good, he remained in the ranks, and now is rather proud of the fact. He was one of the founders of the Grand Army, and has always been an enthusiastic promoter of soldiers' reunions. By profession he is a lawyer and has served several terms in the Ohio legislature. His life has been a busy one, and now that he has enough of this world's goods to last him through life, he declares his intention of passing his remaining years in quiet.

### THE COST OF LIVING.

For subsistence Englishmen have to expend about 25 per cent. more money than we for the same quantity and quality. Food is cheaper in the United States, and, as for drink, the tax on whisky is nearly six times greater in Britain, and that on beer almost twice as great. Tobacco pays a tax fourteen times greater in England than it does in this country. Tea and coffee, free to the American, are taxed in Great Britain. Sugar, free in England, is taxed under the Havemeyer act so as to increase the cost per pound.

Rent is lower by about one-third in Great Britain. Clothing, the Massachusetts bureau of labor computes, represents 7 per cent. of the wage earner's outgo in the United States, and exactly the same percentage in England. Everything worn by our wage earners, whether made of wool, cotton or leather, is manufactured in the United States.

For fuel American and British workmen spend exactly the same percentage of their incomes, namely, 6 per cent. The greater cheapness of the combustible in the United States being offset by the fact that more of it is needed, owing to the severer cold.

The English workman pays about 10 per cent. more than the American for the necessities of life. Since the Massachusetts report was compiled, wages which were about twice as high in the United States have fallen in this country some 10 per cent. upon an average; but their purchasing power has more than correspondingly increased, for nowhere in the world have the prices of food and clothing declined so fast and so far as they have in the United States during the last sixteen months. The American artisan can live more cheaply than the English workman, provided he is willing to live the same kind of life, but he is unwilling to do this.

### Kissing Mother.

A father talking to his careless daughter, said:

"I want to speak to you of your mother. It may be that you have noticed a careworn look upon her face lately. Of course it has not been brought there by any actions of yours, still it is your duty to chase it away. I want you to get up to-morrow morning and get breakfast, and when your mother comes, go right up to her and kiss her in the mouth. You can't imagine how it will brighten her dear face."

"Besides, you owe her a kiss or two. Away back, when you were a little girl, she kissed you when no one else was tempted by your fever-tainted breath and swollen face. You were not as attractive then as you are now. And those years of childish sunshine and shadows, she was ready to cure, by the magic of a mother's kiss, the little dirty chubby hands whenever they were injured in those first skirmishes with the rough old world."

"And then the midnight kiss, with which she routed so many bad dreams as she leaned above your restless pillow, how all been on interest these long, long years."

"Of course she is not so pretty and kissable as you are, but if you had done your share of work during the last ten years, the contrast would not be so marked."

"Her face has more wrinkles than yours, and yet if you were sick, that face would appear far more beautiful than an angel's as it hovered over you watching every opportunity to minister to your comfort, and every one of those wrinkles would seem to be bright wavelets of sunshine chasing each other over the dear face."

"She will leave you one of these days. These burdens, if not lifted from her shoulders, will break her down. Those rough, hard hands that have done so many unnecessary acts for you, will be crossed on her lifeless breast. Those neglected lips that gave you your first baby kiss, will be forever closed, and those sad, tired eyes will have opened in eternity, and you will appreciate your mother; but it will be too late."—Ex.

### A Horrible Suspicion.

Lysander Dickerson of Sterling, Ill., thus writes to the Chicago Journal: "In a recent issue of your paper I find an item describing at some length the moving of the old Liberty bell into its new quarters in Independence hall at Philadelphia, and a recital of the safeguards with which the historic relic is now surrounded. In this item the bell itself is described with more or less minuteness. The article recalls to my mind the fact that some 45 years or so ago, in company with E. S. Dana of Wilkes-barre, Pa., I visited Independence hall and naturally made a close and careful inspection of this historic relic. At this time there was a place a foot or more deep chipped out at one of the outer edges. When it was exhibited to the fair, there were no evidences of vandalism. This convinces me of the truth of the story, which is generally unbelieved, to the effect that years ago the old bell was sold to an enterprising Yankee and by him worked up into trinkets. I claim to have one of them."

### Berlin Warnings.

Customs That Proved Rather Mortifying to Two American Girls.

Two young girls were made miserable by an unwritten law which laid me low not long ago, writes a lady correspondent in Berlin. They were calling upon German women, and as they entered the room they saw that the least comfortable seat was the sofa, where they naturally seated themselves. One after another of the older women surveyed them

### Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

## Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

BROUGHT BACK TO LIFE.

Sensations Experienced by Two Prisoners Set at Liberty After Twenty Years.

At 5 o'clock on Sunday morning Warden Chase of Lansing, Kan., unlocked the cells of Arthur Winner and Charles McNutt. He took Winner and McNutt to the prison barber shop and after they were shaved gave them two government suits, which did not fit at all. Winner, who worked in the prison shoe shop, had brought two pairs of patent leather shoes. The men put these on. With the highly japanned and stylishly pointed footgear and with the ridiculously cheap and awkward clothes they, in company with Senator O. H. Bentley of Wichita, stepped outside the great stone walls.

For 20 years they had seen neither trees, shrub, bird, flower, grass nor domestic animal. Two of Warden Chase's daughters met them just outside the door and presented them with two bouquets of flowers. Several trustees approached them, beaming, and presented them with bouquets as they went down the path.

Tears were in both men's eyes. "See!" cried Winner, the more demonstrative of the two. "There is a town. There was no town here when I went in."

"That is Lansing," said Mr. Bentley. "Let's not go there," said Winner. "I want to go to those woods."

McNutt agreed, and they went over to a thicket by the roadside. The two came across a cow.

"Is that a cow?" asked Winner hesitatingly. "Don't go on. Let me look at it."

And he circled around the animal. Then he approached her timidly and laid his hand on her back. "This," he said, "is the only cow I have seen in 20 years."

"Arthur," said McNutt very slowly and deliberately, "do you notice how queer it is to talk loudly? How queer the words come? After that the great lady was very stiff, and I fear I was even stiffer. Looking again to see if she had faltered, I saw her calmly eating with her knife and no longer felt uncomfortable. It she scorned me for my reason, I certainly should be ashamed of her at my own table. I learned several days later from an American woman versed in German properties that my unpardonable offense had been in presuming to sit on a long bench my lady without a European title of high rank to back me up."

### WILL HE GET HER!

The Rhine of Egypt Wants to Marry One of the Sultan's Daughters.

The young khedive of Egypt is having a very uncomfortable time in Constantinople and is doubtless sorry that he ever went there. The sultan appears to take malicious delight in making the young man feel his inferiority and has carried this so far as to refuse to allow his daughter to be given in marriage to the common Egyptian pasha who owes his position to the support of Englishmen. The khedive's mother, however, continues assiduously to intrigue in the harem on her son's behalf, and as she is admittedly a very clever woman it is believed that her persistency will ultimately be rewarded by success.

The sultan at present has only two recognized daughters of marriageable age. One is 13 years old, and the other is 10. It was suggested early in the negotiations that the sultan's daughter is forbidden by unwritten law to marry outside the limits of the Ottoman empire, but his majesty himself promptly disposed of that argument by declaring that Egypt is an integral part of his empire, and it is certainly recognized as such by all the European powers. If the sultan should relent, the marriage will take place in Constantinople after the khedive, by his suzerain's gracious permission, has taken a short holiday trip through Europe.

Unlike the khedive, young King Alexander was treated by the sultan with the greatest distinction and has returned to Serbia more persuaded than ever that he is the greatest man in Europe.—Constantinople Letter.

### UNEASY ABOUT HAZINTOFF.

HEATY TO KILL A PRISONER AND HAS ESCAPED FROM ST. PETERSBURG

Private notices from St. Petersburg say that great uneasiness prevails in official circles there over the escape of the young man Hazintoff, who a couple of months ago attempted to kill Privy Counselor Polydomosoff. When in prison, Hazintoff's demeanor was so strange that he was sent to an asylum for the insane and there kept under observation night and day in special care. On June 27 he pleaded that the terribly hot weather was killing him, and in consequence he was for the first time allowed to take exercise in the asylum grounds with the other inmates. On the same afternoon he managed to escape, evidently with the connivance of somebody within the asylum, and nothing has since been heard of him.

The uneasiness referred to is due to the belief that Hazintoff will most certainly be heard from sooner or later in connection with some desperate deed. He is a militant nihilist, imbued with a fanatical belief in the necessity for shedding the blood of tyrants who stand in the way of the regeneration of his country, and he is utterly reckless of his own life. The police are confident that he will not attempt to leave Russia and are equally certain that he will not long remain idle.—London Cor. New York Sun.

### Cincinnati a Drinking Company.

"How many small pocket flasks do you suppose are used in this city in a year?" said a wholesale bottle man.

"Give it up."

"There were 1,000 carloads disposed of in this city in 1892."—Cincinnati Enquirer.