

Yamhill County Reporter.

F. H. BARNHART. PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR.

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FRIDAY, JUNE 22, 1894.

The New York Herald very appropriately mixed the news of the Oregon election with its obituary department.

The Toledo Blade suggests that no law is needed restricting immigration while the democrats are in power, as times are so hard nobody wants to come here.

It will be observed that no senator who is suspected of crookedness in the sugar matter has yet said a word in favor of open sessions of the investigating committee.

The result of the Oregon election is the best bid that could have been made by that state for capital to develop her resources and multiply her industries.—Globe-Democrat.

What a thinking the author of "The Wilson bill" must keep up these days! He lost health, and nearly his life, before sending it to the senate. Today it is not second cousin to his wife's step-mother.

SEVENTY-FIVE of the democratic members of the house of representatives exhibited their contempt for the democratic platform, adopted in national convention, by voting against wildcat bank issues.

OREGON, as well as Pennsylvania, knows good politics. Eastern people who think the west made up of cranks know but little. Scholars and thinkers are between the plow handles in the great west.—Inter-Ocean.

The tariff uncertainty is costing the government \$1,000,000 a day, and the country a great deal more than that; but the sugar trust is making money—and so are the democratic senators who are speculating in its stocks.

A DEMOCRATIC banner for 1896 should have painted upon its ample folds a dead sheep and a black queen poking her head above a sugar hog's head. It would be historically suggestive of the sheep-killing, flag-pulling, sugar-trust party.

Two years ago Oregon elected Pierce presidential elector for the populist candidate for president, J. B. Weaver, by a vote of 25,575, the highest vote any elector got. This year the republicans carry the state by 41,000 for Lord. Pierce got 25,000 votes and Galloway 18,000 for governor.

The colored congressman who sits next to Galusha Grow in the house was a slave boy when Mr. Grow served in congress before the war. The democracy are now glad that the slave boy is a free citizen, though they held a different view in 1859. They could save themselves from another mistake by ceasing to fool with the tariff.

The city council of Chicago has adopted a resolution to provide each pupil of the public schools with free school books, in order to remove the inability of a large percentage of poor children to receive a common school education on account of their parents' financial circumstances. Now let this extend to the states, and one of the biggest strokes of statesmanship in the country will be accomplished, and the standard of education materially heightened. By abolishing her numerous commission incubuses Oregon could readily meet the expense without distress to the state finances.

The temperance people of Haverhill, Mass., have succeeded in advancing the cost of a saloon license to \$2,000, and find that twenty-six saloons still hold the fort. They now propose to open a large saloon, where the price of whiskey will be 5c and of beer 2c. When all the other saloons are broken up by competition they will close up themselves. Whether this temperance whiskey will taste just right or not is an open question. It might be the ripest Bourbon county can produce, and yet it would make the regular customers feel as if they were taking a moral good cure.

A CONSIDERABLE travesty on justice is the postponement of the sentence of Prendergast until September. He shot Carter Harrison October 28th, last year, was indicted by grand jury two days later, tried and found guilty December 29th, motion for new trial was argued and overruled and his execution set for March 23d. The supreme court affirmed the sentence. Now an inquiry into his sanity postpones the case. He asserts himself that it is purely a question of guilt or innocence. A course of dignified justice would seem to suggest that the brazen assassin be taken at his word, and such punishment as the law provides for murderers be meted out.

The income tax feature has been reached by the senate. It is thought but little time remains before the final vote on the amended tariff bill.

JUNE 19th marks an epoch in the history of the Oregonian. On that date the big daily came out with her reading matter entirely set by machinery, giving the paper a much brighter appearance. The Mergenthaler is a great revolutionizer and money-saver.

M. M. ESTEE was named for governor of California on Wednesday. The platform adopted favors free silver, woman suffrage, and protection to home industries. It declares against mob violence, for the exclusion of Chinese, and for a reduction of cost of transporting agricultural products to foreign seaboard, and favors the use of a limited portion of the receipts of United States customs for this purpose.

OUR peculiar governor maintains his reputation in the midst of defeat. The pardon last week of nine criminals, five of whom were murderers, and the commutation of sentence of George Morey, this week, to life imprisonment for the murder of Gus Barry in Portland in January, 1893, who was to hang on this date, is a record in its line unsurpassed anywhere, and forces the query whether the criminal jurisdiction of Oregon isn't an utter force while such an executive holds his seat. There is scarcely enough of his term left to justify Penney in making this the first step to liberating Morey, but with such an executive it would be only a question of time till this were accomplished.

WOMEN IN POLITICS.

The women of the Ashland district, of Kentucky, are to be revered as a beautiful force making for righteousness. It is they who are obstructing, and if the prayers of the delect and availing, to whom will belong the honor of having defeated the insolent and impious claims of the Breckinridge to reelection.

We shall not now dwell upon the insolence of this fellow who tells the people of the district in which the historic University of Kentucky is situated that "Parnell fell, and Ireland found no successor to Parnell." As if he were the equal to Parnell, or as if Kentucky were Ireland, or as if all the Ashland women save those who married Breckinridges bear sons that are dullards. Nor shall we dwell on the impiety of the wretch who, while denying reparation to the woman who is the mother of his ill-begotten children, casts of his having "heard in the still watches of the night the sweet voice of Jesus, saying to me, Thou art forgiven; come unto me, oh heavy laden one, and I will give thee rest."

As if Jesus were not the priest of reparation as well as of forgiveness. As if any one who has sinned as foully as he can be forgiven before he has made reparation. As if the fellow who is trying to avoid the paltry pecuniary compensation that a law court has awarded to a victim of his false promises can be forgiven either in a court of manly honor or of divine justice. As if the fellow who has outraged the hospitality of honorable women by foisting his mistress, under pretense of betrothal, upon their own society, and who has not asked pardon for his offenses, were a fit person to represent in congress a region that has boasted of its high standard of honor.

These things we pass. What pleases us is the true womanhood of Kentucky. It is of this that we like to speak. It is an indication of what may follow wherever woman takes part in politics. It is an answer to the slander that woman is weak. It is an answer to the plea that womanly interest in politics is degrading to women. It is proof that in politics, as in domestic life, the influence of woman is a force making for righteousness.—Inter-Ocean.

"WILDCAT" SCHEME FAILED.

The large democratic majority in the national house of representatives has, on a square vote, condemned that plank of the Chicago platform which demands the repeal of the 10 per cent tax on the circulation of state banks. The bill repealing that provision of the national banking law was defeated by the decisive vote of 170 to 120. The entire southern contingent from Speaker Crisp down, put forth every effort to pass the measure; but the northern democrats, reinforced by the known opposition of the president to the scheme, stood firm, and the Chicago platform went down in the struggle.

To say that the southern men are angry is to put the case mildly. They feel that Cleveland has fooled them. They declare that the repeal plank was put into the Chicago platform simply to afford a means of dividing the democracy on free silver. There are those who favor free silver for silver's sake alone—and they are found in the west, in the silver-producing states; and there are those who are for free silver simply in order to increase the amount of money in circulation. The southern democrats are largely of this class, it is said. So the issue of wildcat bank notes would suit the latter just as well as the free coinage of silver. They say in support of their grievance against the president, that when the bill repealing the purchase clause of the Sherman law was be-

fore the extra session of congress last fall, that Secretary Carlisle not only unqualifiedly supported the repeal of the 10 per cent circulation tax, but that the president allowed it to be understood that he would not oppose the proposition. This led men to vote for the repeal of the Sherman law, they say, who would not otherwise have supported it. And now his influence was cast against the bill for the repeal of the bank tax, and they feel themselves overreached and deceived.

However, every friend of honest money will rejoice at its defeat. It increases the chances of the rehabilitation of silver, and the increase of the coin basis of the country's currency. The steady drift of public opinion in the direction of true bimetallism is unmistakable, and the growing sentiment will soon prove irresistible.—Toledo Blade.

THE COLLEGE GRADUATE.

We are in the midst of the commencement season. A few weeks ago the colleges that close the year the earliest held their closing exercises. Some held them last week, others are holding them this week, and still others will hold them later. The papers are full of the reports of the addresses that are given and especially full in noticing the speeches of the graduates. One cannot read all this without being forced to ask himself many questions. Here is one of the questions: What become of these college graduates? What occupy as will they enter? Those who are fifty years old remember when the college graduate entered one of the professions. If a young man went to college, it was taken for granted that he was going to be either a lawyer, a doctor or a preacher; no one was insane enough to take a college course unless he was going to be a professional man. But those good old days are gone, gone never to return. To-day, the fact that a young man is going through college gives his friends no information as to the occupation he is to follow for life. He may expect to be a preacher or a farmer, a lawyer or a merchant, doctor or a mechanic, a teacher in the public schools or an engineer on the railroad, a real estate agent or a blacksmith. The simple fact is this, that a college education has won for itself such a reputation for usefulness that the young man who expects to be anything or to do anything realizes that his surest road to success is to go through college. Eminent successful business men have stated again and again that the first duty that the young man owes to himself is to get a college education. President Elliott of Harvard asserts that the graduates of that institution have had eminent success in business life. Whether the college graduate enter upon one of the learned professions, or whether he follow some other avocation, his education is equally valuable to him. So then, the question what become of the college graduates, is not a difficult one to answer. They go into every sort of business that offers an open door; they stand behind the counter to wait on customers; they sit at the book-keeper's desk; they are in the architect's office; they are on the farm, enjoying life the more because of their education; they are in the editorial chair, wielding the larger and purer influence because of what they have learned in college; they enter the halls of legislation, better fitted to grapple with the difficult problems that come to their attention; they are in the public school, imparting to the pupils who gather around them something of their own enthusiasm for the mastery of the sciences and the arts; they are in homes, educating the children that to-morrow will be the voters at the polls. In a word, it is true, as it has always been true, and even more than it has always been true, that the college graduates are holding the highest places of power and influence, in all walks of life, in all occupations of society. By their love for learning, they are among the most potent forces in elevating this nation and giving it such a position as it is steadily coming to hold among the cultured nations of the earth.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Pope Leo, who was very near death, is now reported in excellent health.

The senate has passed a bill allowing the Bell telephone company to increase its stock to \$50,000,000.

Secretary of State Walter Q. Gresham is said to be the candidate of the Illinois populists for United States senator to succeed Senator Cullom.

It is said the Chesapeake & Ohio railroad, for which Breckinridge has been an attorney for years, will disperse with his services, believing that he has lost his influence.

Ex-Representative Thomas M. Bayne of Pennsylvania committed suicide by shooting himself in Washington on the 16th. Ill health and financial reverses were the causes.

Wm. Walter Phelps died at Englewood, N. J., on Saturday. He was minister to Germany under Harrison, was an ex-congressman from New Jersey, and a judge of the court of appeals. He left a fortune of ten millions.

Senator Sherman on the 16th inst. reached a term of service in that body equal in length to that of Senator Benton, whose service had hitherto held first rank in duration, covering a period of 29 years, 2 months and 27 days.

Galvin's army of Coxeyites, which has been at Hyattsville, Md., has become weary of waiting for something to turn up and now contemplates a march on the back track to the Pacific coast. There are between 150 and 200 men.

The officials of Weber county, Utah, have filed suit at Ogden against the Southern Pacific for \$540 damages, growing out of the bringing of numerous so-called common-law suits without means of support into said county. If this suit is successful the city of Ogden will file a similar suit.

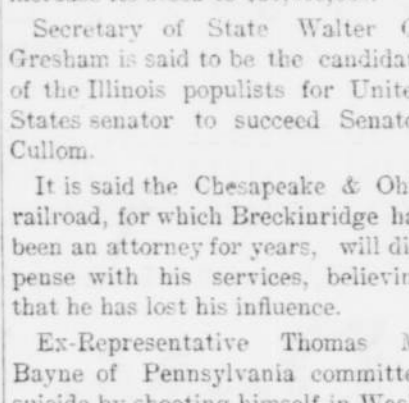
At Kingman, Kansas, when Editor Brown arrived from the state populist convention, where he bitterly fought woman suffrage, he was met at the depot, taken from the side of his wife, clothed in a Mother Hubbard dress and compelled to march through the streets before a brass band. The friends of woman suffrage did it.

If Senator Mitchell's bill for one additional judge for the ninth judicial district, which includes California, Oregon, Nevada, Montana, Washington, Idaho, Alaska and Arizona, passes the house, this district will then have three circuit judges. The appointment is expected to go to some prominent California democrat.

At Death's Door

Blood Poisoned After Typhoid Fever

A Marvellous Cure by Hood's After All Else Failed.



*C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.: "Dear Sir: Twenty-five years ago I had a bilious fever, and later it turned into typhoid fever, and for five weeks lay like one dead, but at last I pulled through and got up again. I soon discovered on my left leg just above the knee a small brown spot about as big as a three-cent piece, which, as I said, did not hurt me or feel sore. I did not pay any attention to it until two years after, when it commenced to spread and take the appearance of a ring worm. It fished and burned and I commenced doctoring but to no avail."

Cot Only Momentary Relief, And sometimes not even that. I could not sleep at night and on account of the itching and burning the spot until the blood would run. In not weather my elbows and all my joints were just the same, and what I suffered I cannot describe with a pen. Last February I tried an herb for the blood and it broke out in the worst form of a rash all over my body. I began my scratching and scales would fall off. The sores continued to discharge and I longed to die. Finally my husband bought a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I had not taken more than half of it before I began to change for the better. I have had four bottles.

Now I Am All Well but two little spots on my leg, an hour's sleep and eat well and work all the time. I am 54 years old, and the mother of eleven children, and think I can do as much as any one my age. My son has also taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for dyspepsia, and has been greatly benefited by it. I feel very grateful for the benefit I received from Hood's Sarsaparilla. Mrs. Phoebe L. Hall, Galva, Kansas.

Hood's Pills not easily, but promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 2c.

of brown paper may be tied over the glass to keep out the dust. The cake of paraffine may be easily lifted off when the jelly is used, and if washed and put away can be melted over again to serve the same purpose another year.

Paraffine is a clear wax which is absolutely tasteless, and this method of treating jellies has been tried many times by the writer, who recommends it unhesitatingly. Its use was first suggested by a chemist, who once saw his wife laboriously cutting little rounds of white paper and dipping them in brandy for the tops of her jellies. One trial was sufficient to prove its value as a time-saver, and she did not hesitate to publish her discovery for the benefit of others.

Read this Letter from a Chicago Lady.

Chicago, 735 W. Adams St., Apr. 20, '91. Mr. Norman Lichty, Des Moines, Ia. Dear Sir—A sample of Krause's Headache Capsules was left in my husband's office a few days since, and as I am subject to headache, neuralgia, nervousness, and in fact every other kind—I thought I would try the sample box home. The very next day I had a chance to try them and one capsule relieved me in less than an hour. Next day I was attacked again, took another capsule with the same delightful result, in less than half an hour my head felt as well as ever, with no bad feeling as the after result. I have had these terrible headaches for twenty years, and have tried every remedy I ever heard of, but nothing I have ever taken has cured or relieved me as quickly as Krause's Headache Capsules. Mrs. N. A. SINGER.

For sale by Rogers Bros., sole agents, McMinville.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.

J. T. Smith was appointed to fill vacancy in road viewers for N. L. Wiley road in place of Samuel Hobson, resigned. In matter of rebuilding bridge across Hess creek near Fullquarts landing. Ordered that T. W. Perry superintendent of the work.

In matter of rebuilding and repairing approaches to bridge across South Yamhill river between McMinville and Dayton. Ordered that J. J. Henderson superintendent of the repair of same or rebuild in a manner that in his judgment will be to the best interest of the county.

In the matter of J. M. Myers, indigent, living near Gaston. Ordered that he be sent to the Good Samaritan hospital for care, till this order be countermanded. In the matter of assessors to assess damages sustained by hauling gravel from land of E. T. Branson. Ordered that order of June 9th be countermanded.

THE WEAKEST SPOT in your whole system, perhaps, is the liver. If that doesn't do its work of purifying the blood, more trouble will come from it than you can remember.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery acts upon this weak spot as nothing else can. It rouses it up to healthy, natural action. By its purifying, purifying, the blood, it rouses, builds up, and invigorates every part of the system.

For all diseases that depend on the liver or the blood—Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Biliousness, every form of Stomach, Liver, Gall, Constipation (or Langue-acrofula) in its earlier stages, and the most stubborn Skin and Scalp Diseases, the Discovery is the only remedy so unfaunting and effective that it can be guaranteed. If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back.

On these terms, it's an insult to your intelligence to have something else offered as "just as good." Notice of Appointment of Administrator. NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned, as sheriff of Yamhill county, state of Oregon, under and by virtue of a writ of execution, to me directed, dated the 12th day of June, 1894, issued out of the circuit court of said county in that certain foreclosure suit wherein The American Mortgage Company of Scotland was plaintiff and Charles D. Chandler, Jennie E. Chandler, J. W. Davis, Mrs. W. Davis, his wife, and Everett Sink were defendants, to enforce the decree made by said court on the 14th day of March, 1894, for the foreclosure and sale of the real premises hereinafter described, will, on the 12th day of July, 1894, at one o'clock p. m. of said day, at the court house door in McMinnville, in said county, sell at public auction for cash the following described real premises, to-wit: The northwest quarter of section thirteen (13) in township five (5) south range seven (7) west of the Willamette meridian in Yamhill county, state of Oregon, containing one hundred and sixty acres, and that said lands will be sold to obtain cash with which to satisfy the judgment sum of \$67.49, with interest on said sum from the 10th day of March, 1894, at the rate of eight per cent per annum, and also of attorney's fees and costs of said proceedings of said suit taxed at \$27.75, and accruing costs, said sum having been found due the plaintiff by said decree. Dated June 12th, 1894. W. L. WARREN, Sheriff of said Yamhill County.

IT WILL BE OUR AIM

To make our Show Window Displays conform as near as possible to the Seasons. This week it's muslin and other light weight underwear on the one side, straw and other Summer Goods on the other.

BARGAINS IN THESE DEPARTMENTS

- Clothing—60c buys \$1 worth. In Ladies' Taffeta Gloves—60c Gloves reduced to 45c. 50c Gloves reduced to 30c. Men's Gloves—1 line of \$1.25 and \$1.50 reduced to 75c. In Ladies' Fine Shoes—\$5 and \$5.50 line reduced to \$3. \$4 and \$4.50 line reduced to \$2.25. As other lines become broken in sizes they will be placed on bargain counters.

Attention of the Trade

Is called to the fact that our Eastern houses are advising us through their circulars that the newspapers in the East are giving out statements in regard to smallpox having been found in outside places in the city where Clothing, Cloaks, and other goods manufactured in the so-called sweat shops, and a fear exists in the minds of some that the infection might be carried in goods manufactured in such places. While this may be exaggerated, it would be well for our people to avoid peddlers and deal with people they know buy from first-class houses. It is always risky to buy cheap trash coming through auction houses.

A. J. APPERSON.

Advertisement for A. J. Apperson, featuring a large 'HELLO NO. 3!' headline and text about clothing and trade attention.

Advertisement for W. J. Clark, D.D.S., Graduate University of Mich., offering dental services and a notice of sheriff's sale.

Advertisement for Burns & Daniels, featuring 'WE HAVE' headline and listing various furniture and home goods.