

Look at the Map.

State of Oregon, Yamhill County. Here you will find the most productive section in the world. Land is cheap, offering special inducements to fruit raisers and dairymen.

Look at the Map.

REGISTER—Established August, 1881.
Telephone—Established June, 1899.
Consolidated Feb. 1, 1889.

HOTEL YAMHILL.

E. SANDERS, PROPRIETOR.
First Class in Every Particular. Free sample Room for Commercial Men. Farmers can get the best dinner in town for twenty-five cents. Formerly the Cook House.

W. F. DIELSCHNEIDER.

Watchmaker and Jeweler.
Dealer in All Kinds of Watches, Jewelry, Plated Ware, Clocks and Spectacles. McMinnville, Or.

J. P. TURNEY.

SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN.
Specialty of surgery and diseases of women.
Union Block - McMinnville, Or.

J. C. MICHAUX.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
LAFAYETTE, OREGON.

CALBREATH & GOUCHEIR.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.
Office over Draly's Bank.
McMinnville, Oregon.

J. D. BAKER.

SURGEON AND HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
Office upstairs in the Garrison Building.

RAMSEY & FENTON.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.
McMinnville, Oregon.
Office, Rooms 1 and 2 Union Block.

W. E. MARTIN.

Has the Finest Saloon in the City and keeps the Best Brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Billiard, Pool and Card room in connection. Patent Millwright here on draught.

McMinnville
TRUCK AND DRAY CO.
CARLIN & COULTER, Proprietors.
Goods of all descriptions moved and careful handling guaranteed. Collections will be made monthly. Hauling of all kinds done cheap.

New Chinese Star Laundry
Does the finest washing and ironing in the city. Rates reasonable. Leave order at the foot of 4th St., on A.
HIS LOY, Prop.

THE COMMERCIAL STABLE
Gates & Henry, Props.
McMinnville, Oregon.

Livery, Feed and Sale!
Everything New
And First-Class.
Special Accommodations for Commercial Travellers.
Corner Second and E Streets, one block from Cooks Hotel.

J. W. COWLES, LEE LAUGHLIN, E. C. APPERSON
President, Vice President, Cashier
McMinnville National Bank
McMinnville, Oregon.
Paid up Capital, \$50,000.

J. B. ROHR,
House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter
The Only Sign Writer in the County.
Homes fitted up in the Neatest and Most Artistic Style.
Designs furnished for Decorations.
Remember Paper Hanging and Inside Furnishing a Specialty.
Work taken by Contract or by the Day. Experienced men employed.
Third Street, McMinnville, Oregon.

DERBY & BOYER,
Proprietors of The McMinnville
TILE FACTORY
TILE
TILE
Sited at the Southwest corner of the Fair Grounds. All sizes of
First-Class Drain Tile
Kept constantly on hand at lowest living prices.
DERBY & BOYER,
41 - McMinnville, Oregon.

A. H. GAUNT
DEALER IN—
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES.
The Finest Line of Confectionery in the City.
All kinds of Produce taken at the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.
Call and examine my Stock and get Prices.
A. H. GAUNT.

Red Front Grocery.

MILLSAP & SON, Props.
Of the fine business houses of McMinnville to-day.
We have something Or Millsap's grocery to say.

We'll speak of his store. With good things complete. For he surely has everything Wholesome to eat.

Best of coffees, best of teas, Best of butter, best of cheese, Best of sugars, best of spices, Best of all at moderate prices.

Millsap & Son have on hand Family flour of finest brand. Fruit, Canned goods, preserves, delicious And pickles that we know will suit.

Nuts and raisins, mustard Keen, Soap, starch and bling, kerosene, Tobacco, for to smoke or chew, And excellent cigars for sale to you.

All kinds of fancy cakes for tea At Millsap's grocery you may see And crackers, too, of every grade And choice confections are displayed

Unto your interest it will be To purchase here; call in and see. This is the hobby, mark it well: None but the best of goods they sell. And prices low, as heretofore, At Millsap & Son's grocery store.

JUDGE NELSON'S DECISION.
Speaking of patent medicines, the judge says: "I wish to deal fairly and honorably with all, and when I find an article that I do not recommend to do, I am not ashamed to say so. I am acquainted with Dr. Vanderpool (having been treated by him for cancer), and have used his medicine. Known as the S. B. Headache and Liver cure, and while I am seventy-five years old, and have used many pills and other remedies for the blood, liver and kidneys, I must say that for a kidney tonic in Bright's disease, as an alternative for the blood, or to correct the action of the stomach and bowels it is a very superior remedy, and beats anything I ever tried."

J. E. NELSON, Yakima, Wash., At 50 cents a bottle, it is the poor man's friend and family doctor.

JAMES EDSON, Carlton, Oregon, Importer and Dealer of
RECORDED POLAND CHINA HOGS and Cotswold Sheep
Forty-eight head of pure bred Poland-China hogs—Young stock for sale.

Notice of Executor's Sale of Real Estate.
Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of an order of the County Court of the County of Yamhill and State of Oregon dated October 8th, A. D. 1892, in the matter of the estate of J. B. Edson deceased and under and by virtue of the terms of said will and testament of said deceased the undersigned as the executor of said estate will on Saturday the 20th day of November, A. D. 1892, duly sell at public auction for cash in hand at the Court house door at McMinnville, Oregon, at the hour of one o'clock p. m. of said day, the following described real estate belonging to said estate to-wit:

The donation land claim of James P. Yocum in township 3 south, range 2 west, of the Willamette Meridian in Yamhill County, State of Oregon, containing 100 acres more or less, and also the following described parcel to-wit: Beginning at a point 1/2 chains west of the northeast corner of said donation land claim, thence west 13 1/2 chains, thence north 12 degrees and 10 minutes east, 7 1/2 chains, thence north 5 degrees east, 10 1/2 chains, thence easterly parallel with south boundary of James Coleman's donation land claim, 5 1/2 chains, thence easterly to east line of James Coleman's donation land claim, 1 1/2 chains, thence north 13 1/2 degrees and 10 minutes east, 1 1/2 chains, thence south 4 1/2 chains to the place of beginning, containing 10 acres situated in said county and state as described on pages 40 and 41 of book "1" of the records of deeds of said county.

Dated this 18th of October, A. D. 1892.
ISAAC LAMBRIGHT,
Executor of said estate.
RAMSEY & FENTON,
Attorneys for estate.
Oct 24-43

Bile Beans
Small
Guaranteed to cure Bilious attacks, Sick Headache and Constipation. 40 in each bottle. Price 25c. For sale by druggists.
Picture "7, 17, 70" and sample dose free.
J. F. SMITH & CO., Proprietors, NEW YORK.

Prevent and cure Constipation and Sick Headache, Small Bile Beans.

OCEAN LAMPLIGHTERS.

INTERESTING RECENT OBSERVATIONS OF MARINE ANIMALS.

Some Sculpins Have Lights Overhead and Others Under the Chin—Sharks Depend on their Hearing to Sense Straight-A Jelly Fish that Sends Barbed Darts into its Enemies—Jelly Fishes that Live in Larger Ones.

Government biological laboratories at Wood's Holl and elsewhere along the coast were very busy during the last summer studying fishes and other creatures that live in the sea. Sculpins engaged much of their attention. One species, known as the "sea robin," has pectoral fins resembling hands. They are discovered to be actually organs of touch, and the fish walks on them over the bottom, feeling for its food as it goes. The slime of these "toadfishes," as fishermen call the family, is secreted by rows of glands. All fishes have slime-secreting organs. In those which live in the depths of the ocean, where there is inky darkness, the slime glands are so modified as to be transformed into phosphorescent spots, the slime being luminous. Thus the finny dweller in the dark, unfathomed caves of ocean carries a light with it to see by. One species, recently discovered, is called the Midshipman. It has luminous disks along its sides and belly, on its head and at the base of its back fin. In fact, it is as profusely decorated with lights as a midshipman is with buttons—hence the name. Each of these luminous disks is a complete bull's-eye lantern on a small scale, having a lens for concentrating the rays of silicious spicules. The light comes from a layer of phosphorescent cells between the reflector and the lens.

No other known fish has such an equipment for illuminating purposes. There are a good many species which have reflectors without lenses, but others have lenses without reflectors, but brighten the glow of their luminous spots. But the midshipman is the only marine dweller thus far discovered which possesses both reflector and lens. It is a veritable animated assemblage of lanterns. There is a wide variation among deep-sea fishes as to their manner of carrying their lights. One kind has a barbed hanging to its chin, on the end of which is suspended what might be likened to an electric bulb, while another sort upholds its light over its head on the highest point of its back fin. In certain species it is believed that the luminous mucous from the modified slime glands keeps running continually down the sides of the fish, rendering the whole animal brilliant.

It is considered likely that these lantern-bearing fishes of the depths, which are chiefly head and mouth and highly carnivorous, are able to turn their lights on or off at will. This seems probable on account of the nerves and blood-vessels communicating with the slime glands which have no other apparent purpose. Thus the midshipman may have the power, on approach of an enemy, to suddenly extinguish his torch, whereas, when seeking prey, he can throw out search lights and brilliantly illuminate his neighborhood. This phosphorescent light is similar to that of fireflies, which Prof. Langley, of the Smithsonian Institution, declares to be the most economical and perfect of all known lights, giving the greatest illumination with the least waste and without perceptible heat. It would be of enormous value to mankind if the secret of this light which the fishes use for their torchlight processions under the ocean could be discovered. Unfortunately the nature of it is widely a mystery, all efforts to find it out having thus far proved unavailing.

Sharks have lately been affording contribution to science. The biologists have been witnessing them for the purpose of finding out about the functions of the ear, which in fishes is made to some extent on the same pattern as in man. The fact has been known for some time that the ear is not merely an organ of hearing. It has to do with the sense of equilibrium. Light has been thrown on this matter by removing portions of the auditory apparatus of sharks, which are thus rendered unable to maintain their balance in the water. The part on which this faculty seems to depend is "labyrinth," and Sir Isaac Newton's theory is confirmed. Science is paying much attention now to the observation of marine forms, because the animals that dwell in the ocean are the oldest in existence. According to the theory of evolution human beings as well as all other land animals, are descended from them. It is difficult to realize that our ancestors in the distant past lived under water, and that they made their first vertebrate appearance as sea worms, but the scientific men insist that such is the fact. Sharks are selected for certain experiments because they are the most ancient of all surviving types of fishes.

Jelly fishes have likewise been made a subject of study at the scientific biological laboratories, and ever so many interesting things have been learned about them. They have a nervous system and a more complicated structure than most people suppose. Many of them are phosphorescent. The most remarkable of them all is the "Portuguese man-of-war." It looks somewhat like a football as it floats on the surface of the water, with a fringed top and colored blue and purple. It is filled with air, and from the body of it many tentacles hang down. Some of these tentacles are as much as twenty feet long. On coming into contact with an animal, these long dangling arms twine about it and paralyze it by shooting into it hundreds of small darts. The darts are situated all along the tentacles to which they are attached by threads coiled spirally when the creature is

quiet. But in response to an irritation they are projected like so many poisonous needles into the flesh of the victim, which is drawn within reach of the shorter tentacles and absorbed.

It is believed that these darts discharge an acid poison. The quantity contained by each weapon is infinitesimal, but the wounds produced by hundreds of them acting at once are not to be despised. Bathing in waters where this jelly fish is found dreads it very much.

On coming into contact with a human being it winds its tentacles around him and it is only with much difficulty and pain that they can be removed, owing to the fact that the darts are barbed. Many other species of jelly fishes are armed with similar darts, as lathurs who have met with them know very well. They are sometimes called "sea nettles." There is a curious little fish that lives always inside of the umbrella of jelly fishes, presumably for the sake of the protection thus gained. Being obliged to leave its protector to procure food it is sometimes very anxious to observe its efforts to get back inside of the umbrella after it had been out on a foraging expedition. It is very much afraid of being wounded by the darts, and is apt to find much trouble in obtaining an entrance without touching the business parts of the animal. There are some small jelly fishes which live under the umbrellas of the big ones.

At Wood's Holl some attention has been devoted to the study of horseshoe crabs, which are more interesting animals than most people imagine. To begin with, they represent by far the most ancient type of existing crustaceans, resembling the "trilobites" of the Paleozoic age, which are found so frequently in fossil-bearing rocks of that formation. They seem strange survivors of a vanished epoch, their very outliness of shape carrying the observer's imagination back to an era when monstrosities overran the earth. One curious thing ascertained about them is that they are nearly related to spiders and scorpions.

COURT LADIES IN SIAM.
A Natural Gossip About Inmates of the King's Harem.

The Siam Free Press, published at Bangkok, is very outspoken in its freedom to all matters concerning the royal family, and has even dared to speak in uncompromising terms of the beauty of the ladies of the harem. The editor, presumably English, has a very poor opinion of Siamese ideas of female loveliness. He says that Siamese beauty requires only a yellow face, bright eyes and a small waist to be regarded as very charming, and if in addition ten inches in height she may aspire to the highest places. Above that stature she is out of the race of women, and it is very rare to see a tall, handsome woman among the Siamese. If any of the ladies have pretty mouths they are quickly disguised by betel chewing.

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The Siamese think that white teeth are too much like those of their remote animal progenitors, and so they darken their teeth in an attempt to destroy the resemblance. Nearly all of the beautiful young women, according to Siam's standard of beauty, are inmates of the palace or are distributed among the various princes and minor officials. Beauty in Siam, as in a few other countries, compensates for want of rank or birth, and blue blood is recruited and reinvigorated by selections from the ranks of the lowest in the kingdom. The highest in the land do not disdain to mate with the offspring of slaves, and the children of these unions are royal highnesses and keep their little courts with great ceremony.

Here is an incident printed in the Free Press: A princess of Siam, sister of the king, collected a number of children for the purpose of teaching them to dance, and many members of nobility eagerly sought places for their daughters in the hope that their graceful dancing might bring suitors and better dowries. High prizes, by which means they might pay their gambling debts. Among the number was a pretty girl of ten, with a yellow face, bright eyes, small waist and limbs well rounded and plump. During a rehearsal the beauty, begged that she might be placed in his corps de ballet, which was immediately done. The child was of ignoble origin, but after her master had improved his hands on her the maiden was announced as his daughter, and adopted daughter, and a year later she became a member of the harem. Here she was petted and caressed, though her father was still a slave carpenter with debts unpaid. The child of some years ago is now a thin and faded woman. She has had her day and is no longer noticed.

Another royal beauty was the daughter of a hard-headed peasant, who unable to pay his taxes, was reduced to slavery and driven to sell his daughter for the small sum of \$65. She became a noble lady, and her daughter became the principal wife of the king, but after a reign of eleven years she had to make room for a younger favorite. The newspaper says also that there is in the harem a handsome young girl who has had the unparagonable audacity to grow stout, yet such is her influence still, that she brings bracelets of gold to those who love her, and her favor and her power are anked of iron. Her powerful hand still directs the destinies of the kingdom.

It is quite certain that in no other capital of the world do newspapers speak so freely and with such gossipping recklessness of the ruler and the ladies of his household as in the capital of Siam.

One Small Bile Bean every night for a week cures Torpid Livers. 25c. per bottle. Prevent and cure Constipation and Sick Headache, Small Bile Beans.



THIS BIRD COULD NOT BE CAUGHT WITH CHAFF.

OLD HIDING PLACES. CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES. MAUD S. TO TROT AGAIN.

Where Wealthy Southerners Concealed their Valuables During the War. To many Canadians the question of annexation of the dominion to the United States is one of great importance; to very few people of this country is it a matter of any importance whatever. The fact that this subject is under consideration at all has been recently brought to the attention of the citizens of Boston by the visit of a gentleman who holds a commission in the Canadian militia, and who came to this country for the purpose of consultation with the annexation party that he expected to find in the United States. This gentleman will discover that here there does not exist what does exist on the other side of the border. In the dominion there is annexation there is hardly anyone who regards the question as of sufficient importance to be counted among the subjects of contemporaneous interest. It is more natural that a country of 6,000,000 of people should be concerned about sharing the benefits of a country of 62,000,000 than that the larger community should be disturbed about adding the burdens of the 6,000,000 to its own.

In Canada there are several parties, or factions, that are anxiously discussing the good to be gained by a union of the dominion with the United States. There are the extreme Liberals, who are thorough believers in the republican form of government, and who wish to escape from even the slender cord that connects them with the imperial government of Great Britain. Many of the people of the maritime provinces are desirous of union because nearly all their trade is with the New England states and it is limited and hampered by the tariff war which is maintained on both sides. The few French Protestants in the province of Quebec are uncertain because, under the agreement by which upper and lower Canada were united, it is the duty of the British Government to maintain the power of the Roman Catholic church in the old parishes of what used to be Lower Canada or New France. On the other hand, many of the leaders of the French Catholics, especially those whose connection with the church is merely the formal one due to their ancestry, believe that their ancient province of Quebec would have more autonomy if they could become a state of the Union, because in its present condition its local affairs are generally speaking over their own matters, and might have what religion, customs, language, they might prefer, without fear of interference.

On the strength of this card it is in order for Mr. Forbes to be surprised for Mr. Bonner withheld the \$5000 for just the reason which is here stated. Mr. Bonner further declares that he did not offer the money as an inducement to persons engaged in mechanical pursuits or devising mechanical improvements. Mr. Bonner has stated very fully his reasons for bringing Maud S. out of retirement when most persons thought her days as a speed mare were over. He has also unreservedly himself in regard to pneumatic tires, Indiana tracks and other matters of vital interest to horsemen.

"My chief reason," he says, "for bringing Maud S. before the public again is to show Mr. Forbes that she is the queen of the trotting world and that I was perfectly justified in not paying out \$5,000, as some persons think I should have done. There is no doubt in my mind that Maud can lower her own record many seconds in front of a bicycle sulky, provided, of course, she can be got into condition. If she can make a mile in Nancy Hanks' time or less, under the same conditions, then there will be no question as to which is the factor, and the public will know that I was perfectly right in offering the horse which should be the fastest, not necessarily the one which should make the fastest time. You see you might put a horse on an express train and it would go a mile very fast."

"There is a greater difference than is generally supposed between the old and the new fashioned sulky. In the latter, the trotter, besides having a lighter weight to pull, is able to move at a perfectly pure gait. When drawing the ordinary sulky the heavier load gives the horse a tendency to throw out the hind legs further than he otherwise would do. This makes his gait strained and unnatural. The advantages derived by the trotter from the bicycle sulky are the same as when trotting hooked up with a running mate. In that case the runner at every leap forward takes the sulky along with

him, leaving the trotter free to move in a perfectly natural manner. The new style of sulky will in time do away altogether with any necessity for weights and bandages, that were used in order to counteract the tendency to an unnatural gait.

"The end has not been reached in pneumatic-tire sulky. It will be observed that Nancy Hanks, Stambol, Mascott and other so-called record breakers have been doing all right. Owing to the fact that they have not been in less than two minutes. You may depend upon it that when Maud S. is ready for her trial, she shall want nothing in the way of mechanical appliances. There may be something invented by that time which will push the horse along from behind.

"I wish also to remark," continued Mr. Bonner, "that soil in Indiana is of a peculiarly elastic character. It is springy, like rubber, and permits of very fast time being made over it. Why, just look at those two bicyclists, Zimmerman and Johnston. Zimmerman, I believe, considered to be much the superior, but the other man beat his record several seconds, simply because he had the advantage of the Indiana soil."

In order to offset this advantage, Mr. Bonner is making arrangements to improve his own track. Owing to the long dry spell, the track became as dry as bone, and none of the animals at the farm would extend itself over it. Down in a grove near the sound there was found some rich, fertilizing soil made up of generations of decayed leaves. Quantities of this soil have been dug up and scattered on the track by a patent distributor. The time and expense incurred by the operation are great, but they go to show how earnest Mr. Bonner is in his determination to vindicate Maud S.'s title to the queenship of trotters.

A BEAUTIFUL BAY WINDOW.
How You May Have One in here Told.

Nothing that can be bought so cheaply will add to a home such a pleasing grace as will vines and hanging baskets. The secret of success with hanging baskets is good soil, plenty of water, and complete drainage. For the soil, take a garden, and mix it thoroughly with a goodly amount of well-rotted stable manure. To have them appear to the best advantage, fastened to the ceiling where the window opens into the room, three strong hooks; for these suspend three baskets, planted with vines that will droop, others that will climb; above these hang two other baskets and in the center, above these, hang one more, the whole to be arranged in the shape of a triangle. Then, on the floor, on each side of the opening place a good sized pot or rustic box, in which grow an English ivy, or a Madeira vine, on one side, and a German ivy on the other. The Madeira vine, which, outside grows so rank, if planted indoors, out of the direct sunlight will produce a vine almost as delicate as smilax, and will grow to the ceiling, twining all around everywhere on its way to it.

Besides these, hang three or four smaller baskets close to the windows. Make one of them of oxalis, another of musk plant, another of sweet alyssum and forget-me-not combined, and another of ice plant. To finish the bay window, place against the front of it a round flower stand, that has three or four graduated shelves. On the top shelf place a calla not of the long, slim, one bulb sort of plants, with only three or four long, ungraceful leaves, and one flower at the top; but one where the small bulbs have been allowed to grow, and where the leaves are of all sizes, from mammoth to tiny, and bearing three or four blossoms at a time. Then arrange the plants so that each tier of pots shall be hidden by the plants below. In the pots on the lower shelf, plant the upward growing plants, some clerodendrum, joint plant, ivy-leaved geraniums, manradyas, nasturtiums, or any sort of vines or mosses that will grow to the floor and hide the vacant spaces. Just above the center window hang a basket containing a thunbergia, or if you can make a success of its culture, a climbing monthly rose.

In the matter of the arrangement of vines, there is room for the exhibition of a wonderful amount of individual taste, and our modern seed and plant catalogues describe enough varieties to satisfy the cravings of any woman, no matter how dearly she may love flowers. Many sorts, that are exquisitely pretty, grow quickly and readily from the seed. The finer varieties of nasturtium, smilax, convolvulus minor, coxias, manradyas, and thunbergia, come easily from the seed, and grow rapidly. Even the morning glory, if given a sunny location, makes a pretty house vine, while a sweet potato vine looks quite well. A bay window is a good investment, as sunshine and flowers do for a home what nothing else can. Children who grow up under their influence cannot but develop refined tastes and love of beauty; and they will carry through all their lives the sweet memories of the flowers that bloomed in mother's bay window in the shelter of the old home.—Eleana J. Millett, in American Horticulturist.

They increase appetite, purify the whole system and act on the liver. Bile Beans.

For Sale—A stock ranch of 160 acres, good house and barn, situated 10 miles northwest of McMinnville. For particulars enquire at this office.

Look at the Map.

McMinnville, Yamhill County. Here is the County seat. Here is published THE TELEPHONE REGISTER, Monarch of home newspapers, accorded first place in all the Directories.

Look at the Map.

VOL. IV. NO. 42