

THE LOWEST IN PRICE:

No other County Weekly in the State can be had at the price of THE TELEPHONE-REGISTER. One Dollar Per Year. AND THE BEST.

The Telephone-Register.

PROGRESS IN ALL THINGS.

The price of this paper has been reduced to One Dollar per Year. Money can be saved now.

Take The Telephone-Register. FIRST IN THE STATE.

Circulation Guaranteed Greater Than That of Any Other Paper Published in Yamhill County.

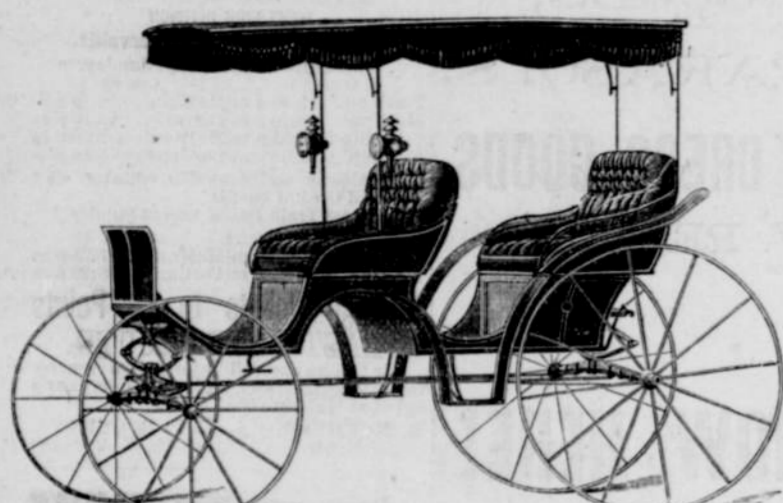
REGISTER—Established August, 1881. Consolidated Feb. 1, 1889. TELEPHONE—Established June, 1889.

McMINNVILLE, OREGON, THURSDAY, JUNE 23, 1892.

VOL. IV. NO. 21

UNION HARDWARE CO.

Headquarters for



FINE SURREYS,
CABRIOLETS PARK WAGONS,
FARMERS' CARRIAGES, ETC.
Selected Material! Elegant Finish!
Give Us a Call.

UNION HARDWARE CO.,

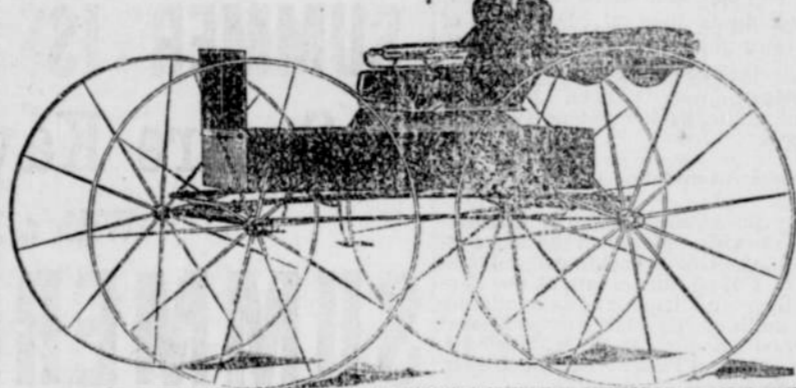
A Fine Assortment of

BUGGIES!

Phaetons, Carts, Road Wagons, Bicycles

We are a Home Concern, and if we are fortunate enough to make any money it remains in the County.

PRICES THE LOWEST, QUALITY CONSIDERED, then why not BUY OF US.



M'MINNVILLE, OR.

J. D. BAKER,

SURGEON AND HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.

Office upstairs in the Garrison Building.

RAMSEY & FENTON,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

McMinville, Oregon.

Office, Rooms 1 and 2 Union Block.

CALBREATH & GOUCHER,

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.

McMinville, Oregon.

(Office over Braly's Bank.)

J. C. MICHAUX,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

LAFAYETTE, OREGON.

Jan. 21, 1892.

J. P. TURNEY,

SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN.

Specialty of surgery and diseases of women

Union Block - McMinville, Or.

The People's Market.

Carries the Best Line of Choice Meats in the City. Game and Fish in Season. Poultry, hides, etc., bought for the highest market price and cash paid for same. Your attention is called to the fact that we always serve the best meats to be found. Your patronage is solicited.

BOND & CO.

J. W. COWLES, LEE LAUGHLIN, E. C. APPERSON

President. Vice President. Cashier

McMINNVILLE NATIONAL BANK.

McMinville, Oregon.

Paid up Capital, \$50,000.

Transacts a General Banking Business.

Deposits Received Subject to Check.

Interest allowed on time deposits.

Sell sight exchange and telegraphic transfers on New York, San Francisco and Portland.

Collections made on all accessible points.

Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

J. B. ROHR,

House, Sign, and Ornamental Painter

The Only Sign Writer in the County.

Homes fitted up in the Neatest and Most Artistic Style.

Designs furnished for Decorations.

Remember Paper Hanging and Inside Furnishing a Specialty.

Work taken by Contract or by the Day. Experienced men employed.

Third Street, McMinville, Oregon.

DERBY & BOYER,

Proprietors of The McMinville

TILE FACTORY

Situated at the southwest corner of the Fair Grounds. All sizes of

First-Class Drain Tile

kept constantly on hand at lowest living prices.

DERBY & BOYER, 41-

WANTED. SALESMEN

Local and Traveling.

To represent our well known

house. You need no capital to

represent a firm that warrants

nursery stock first-class and true to name.

WORK ALL THE YEAR. \$100 per month to

the right man. Apply quick stating age,

Nurserymen, Florists, L. L. MAY & CO.,

St. Paul, Minn.

Tickle The Earth

With a Hoe, SOW FERRY'S SEEDS and nature will do the rest.

Needs largely determine the harvest—always

plant the best—FERRY'S.

HOTEL YAMHILL.

E. SANDERS, PROPRIETOR.

First Class in Every Particular. Free

Sample Room for Commercial Travelers.

Farmers can get a good dinner here for

25 cents; give us a call. Formerly the Cook

House.

McMINNVILLE

TRUCK AND DRAY CO.,

CARLISLE & KULTER, Proprietors.

Goods of all descriptions moved and careful

handling guaranteed. Collections will

be made monthly. Handling of all kinds

done cheap.

The Duke of Yamhill.

The Old Inproved Chester boaf, Duke

of Yamhill, N. S. 8450 property of Wm. B.

Turner, will be permitted a limited number

of seats this season. Can be seen at owner's

farm 6 miles southwest of McMinville. FEB.

\$2.00.

A. H. GAUNT

DEALER IN

STABLE AND FANCY GROCERIES.

The Finest Line of Confectionery in the City.

All kinds of Produce taken at the

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

Call and examine my Stock and

get Prices.

A. H. GAUNT.

REAL MERIT

Does the Advertiser

ILLS! NO!!

If you take pills it is because you have

never tried the

S. B. Headache and Liver Cure

It works so nicely, cleansing the Liver

and Kidneys; acts as a mild physic without

causing pain or sickness, and does not stop

you from eating and working.

To Try it let it become a Friend to it.

For Sale by ROGERS BROS.

CARD OF THANKS.

Prompted by gratitude

to Dr. DeFreye, the European

specialist, who has

succeeded in curing me of

chronic kidney, liver and

gastric sickness, for the

treatment of which I had

consulted a number of

other physicians, through

which I was brought to the

verge of despair, fearing I

never could be cured. I

consider it my duty to recom-

mend him to my fellow

citizens who may be afflicted.

W. K. WHITE.

Whiteson, Yamhill Co.,

Oregon.

Dr. DeFreye, corner of 1st and

Facts Worth Remembering

—THAT—

BURNS & DANIELS

Have the Largest Stock of

Furniture, Wall Paper, Carpets, etc.,

In the valley outside of Portland.

THAT

They can and will sell for CASH, or a reasonable length of time,

cheaper than the public have ever been able to buy.

THAT

This does not mean six months or one year, and then 10 per cent.

to our attorney for collection.

THAT

It is a mistaken idea that goods can be sold as cheap on time as

for Cash.

THAT

The proposition is this: That CASH IS THE BASIS, and that

those who allow their names to go on our books must pay from 5 to 10

per cent. for that luxury.

BURNS & DANIELS.

WE WANT YOUR EYE

Points to Remember for 1892, in the purchase of Gro-

ceries.

Fully one-half of the People do not stop to consider

the money they can save during the year in purchasing goods of a

firm that pays strict attention to the selling of First Class Goods

at a Small Profit.

People usually go to the nearest place regardless of

cost. We sell our goods cheap and deliver them at Your door.

You will be able find every thing in the grocery line in our store.

We are in it--The Grocery Business; and we will al-

ways give you the best goods in the city for the money. We give

cash or trade for all produce, suit yourself in the matter.

MILLSAP & SON.

Combination? Yes

O. O. HODSON

HAS MADE A BIG COMBINATION!

I have enlarged my store and have combined a full and complete stock of

Sash, Doors, Mouldings, Glass, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes,

And everything belonging to this class of goods

Have also Combined a Line of Fishing Tackle & Guns

This with my Immense Stock of

HARDWARE, STOVES AND TINWARE

ALTOGETHER MAKES A COMPLETE COMBINATION

As to stocks, but not with any other firm or men.

I STILL RUN MY BUSINESS AT THE OLD STAND, WHERE PRICES

AND GOODS CAN'T BE BEAT.

Call and see me before buying.

O. O. HODSON.

\$3000 A YEAR! I undertake to locate

any person who will invest \$3000 in a

business that will pay him \$3000 a year

for the next 10 years. I have a number of

such places for sale. If you are interested

write to me at once. My address is

St. Paul, Minn. I will send you a

copy of my book "How to Invest \$3000

for a Living." It is a valuable book and

will show you how to make money.

Write to me at once. My address is

St. Paul, Minn. I will send you a

copy of my book "How to Invest \$3000

DEATH-DEALING WEAPONS.

The Springfield Rifle May Supply the Need of Magazine Gun.

The United States wants a magazine gun of small caliber. The present infantry weapon, the Springfield rifle, will kill at a mile and a quarter, and with it a man's heart may be found every few shots by a sharp shooter distant from the mark 1,700 yards. There is a private in the United States army, says the Chicago Tribune, who can load, aim and fire the single-shot Springfield seven times in fifteen seconds, and four of the bullets will tear through the shoulders of the prone figure used as a target. Any company of foot picked at random from the twenty-five regiments of regulars will fire twenty shots each minute per man with a degree of accuracy sufficient for the ordinary battlefield. One shot per man every three seconds, and yet to keep pace with the advance of small ordnance something that will kill farther and oftener is needed!

In the advance on Plevna Russian soldiers fell dead from the Turkish fire at a time when the Russian officers thought that their advance line was hundreds of yards beyond the limit of the enemy's fire. The Turks had better rifles than the northern invader and knew how to use them. The effect of seeing their comrades fall under a fire that they could not return told on the Russian soldiers, and a lesson was learned by all Europe of the advantage that a weapon slightly superior in range gives one of the belligerents.

The advantage of rapid firing guns was known from previous wars, but after Plevna increase of range and decrease of caliber were added questions of study. One of the conditions to which the new rifle must conform is that of a caliber of .30 of an inch. At a test of an American rifle recently before the Magazine Gun Board, the weapon failed to meet a "defective cartridge" test. This and other failures to produce as yet a perfect American gun under the new requirement is explained by a message from the last report of the chief of ordnance which runs thus: "The radical change from a caliber of .45 inch (our present service standard) to the much smaller one of .30, the use of the long narrow cartridge thereby necessitated, and the introduction of smokeless powders for imparting a greatly increased velocity to the bullet without subjecting the barrel and breech system to undue augmented strain, have all operated to retard the efforts of American inventors to perfect their guns, and the result is that few magazine arms of American design have yet been brought before the board."

Rifles of the Springfield pattern have been manufactured with a caliber of .30 inch and with them excellent results have been obtained. The Springfield rifle for simplicity of action and ease of loading has no rival among shot weapons—a fact long since conceded by military men. With a reduction of caliber, increased initial force to the projectile and smokeless powder as added factors, there are those who think that a magazine rifle is not an absolute necessity.

Progress of the National Gun Factory.

Forgings for the first one of the 12 15-inch guns which are to be placed on the battleships Indiana, Oregon and Massachusetts have been received at the Washington gun foundry and the labor of finishing the tubes and jackets and assembling the various parts will be prosecuted with vigor, and, when completed, this gun, with a diameter of 15 inches and a weight of 70 tons, will be the heaviest and most powerful gun yet made in this country. Up to date there have been completed at the Washington gun foundry eighteen 10-inch guns, nineteen 8-inch and 12 6-inch high-power rifled guns, while under construction, but practically completed, there are four 10-inch and two 8-inch guns, the whole number being intended for the primary batteries of the new vessels of the navy. As secondary batteries of the battleships or as primary batteries of certain other vessels, particularly those of the gunboat and smaller cruiser class, there are completed, or nearly so, twenty 5-inch and thirty-five 4-inch rapid fire guns, from which excellent results are expected.

When it is remembered that only a few years ago many of the forgings for our guns were shipped from England, as were all our armor plates, it is a satisfaction to know that we have a plant where we can turn out a great number of high power rifled guns which, caliber for caliber, equal in range, velocity, penetration and accuracy those manufactured in any other country.—Scientific American.

Peruvian Indians for the Fair.

Upon the return of Lieutenant W. E. Stafford, the Chicago Fair commissioner, from a long journey in Bolivia, to Lima, he entered actively upon the work of urging the immediate action of the Peruvian government in regard to its representation at Chicago. A meeting was called by the officials interested in the fair and the latest information, distributed the illustrations showing the progress that had been made in the last few months, and created new enthusiasm in its behalf. He says that now everything looks very hopeful. Col. Palacios, the Peruvian commissioner, is making preparations to bring representatives of all the principal tribes of Indians of the Peruvian forest region who are said to be very interesting from an ethnological point of view. He is a man of action, learning and means, and for some time was prefect of the provinces of Amazonas and Loreto where those wild Indians live.



CHECKMATE.

JOHN BULL.—Suppose I try a little Protection, where will you be then Bre'r Jonathan?

Medicine and the Death Penalty.

An exceedingly interesting report on capital punishment has been presented by a special committee of the Medical Society of the state of New York. The purely physiological objections to taking human life as a punishment for crime are ably and exhaustively considered. The committee does not attempt to consider the religious and philosophical arguments for and against. It is a principle of law that no murderer shall pay with his life for the crime which he has committed when it can be shown that he was not responsible for his acts. The committee points out that responsibility and irresponsibility have uncertain boundary lines, and that it is extremely difficult for a jury having no special knowledge of medicine and perplexed by the arguments of counsel, to decide justly. Irresponsibility is marked by some abnormal condition of physical structure, either in body or brain. The seeds of murder may be sown in infancy. Hereditary predisposition, derangements of the nervous system may create the legal insanity, the innocent and the murderer. These inherent tendencies, as the committee points out, are neither diseases nor crime, but they may lead to both. Favorable or untoward influences determine the development of a hypochondriac into either a famous humorist, who makes tens of thousands of sturdy men snifle through tears, or a homicide, who sends a shudder over dunder and women; or a boy suffering from excessive headaches may develop either into a heart moving and soul stirring poet or a raving maniac. For normal growth and exaggerated overgrowth are but two different results of the same vascular action.

Education, early evil influences or the contagion of publicity may incite the victims of feeble will power to murder. An accident of birth, the effect of illness, the use of drugs and poisons, alcohol and narcotics, heart trouble and affections of the brain, too much or too little blood in the head, epilepsy and physical malformation, each may be the cause of homicide, and each may be as valid an excuse for the murderer as an actual lunacy would be. This variety of causes leading to murder, renders extremely difficult the decision of the question of responsibility in any individual case. The testimony of experts is often conflicting, and the arguments of counsel so confusing that juries frequently prefer to give the prisoner the benefit of the doubt rather than run the risk of a mistake, and so let loose upon the community an irresponsible person perhaps to work further harm. The report concludes: "This medical society of the state of New York—having the advantages of physiological knowledge and being aware of the difficulties of being always correct, and of the absolute impossibility of making a positively safe diagnosis in every case of alleged crime or presumable cerebral disease or anomaly—expresses its opposition to the perpetuation of capital punishment, and its hope that means will be found to protect the community by less uncertain and less inhuman methods.—Albany Evening Journal.

NATURE'S DYNAMO.

A Wonderful Electric Plant in the Jungles of India.

India, the land of poisonous serpents, immense jungles, fabulous wealth, fevers, cholera and mysticism, now claims a share of attention on account of her famous "electric plant." In the United States an "electric plant" consists (generally) of a wooden building covered with sheet iron, a second class engine of 5,000 candle power trying to give a second class 50,000 candle-power light, but the Indian novelty alluded to is a real vegetable production with electric properties equal to a Brush dynamo. To attempt to pull a leaf from this marvelous plant is to invite an electric shock equal to that produced by an induction coil. If a compass be held within six meters of this lightning charged vegetable the needle acts as strangely as if it had brought in direct contact with the magnetic pole.

Professor Englemann, in his "Botanical rarities," says of the Indian electric plant: "Its electrical qualities do not astonish the student of nature to as great a degree as do the wonderful variations in its magnetic powers. These are most manifest at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, gradually diminishing until at midnight, or between midnight and 2 o'clock a. m., when it can hardly be noticed. Day after day these wonderful changes take place, the plant gradually losing magnetism as the darkness becomes more intense, only to have the mystic current shot through its fibers with seeming increased vigor as the sun mounts the tropical skies. A thunder storm augments its peculiar qualities a hundred, and, even though sheltered, it drops its leaves and branches as if shivering with a death stroke. Birds and beasts, as well as the natives, shun the plant as do the Javanese the deadly Upas tree. One would naturally suppose that this wonder of electric vegetation would be found growing in regions abounding in magnetic metals; the contrary is the case.—Philadelphia Press.

A Yakima (Wash) artesian well is exhibiting most peculiar characteristics. The drill was sent down 250 feet when work was suspended, awaiting casing, owing to a phenomenon which cannot be accounted for. Sometimes there is a suction and sometimes a blast of air from the well. One day a piece of paper placed over the hole would be drawn down, while the next it would be sent flying in the air. That an air chamber has been struck, there is little question, but the varying mood of the wind is what is puzzling those who are interested.

A tricycle to be propelled by electricity and to run at the average speed of ten miles an hour has been patented at Washington.

The Way She Did It.

"So you went out shopping, eh?" gasped Mr. Newwood, at dinner last evening in the cozy home in Columbus avenue, says the New York Recorder.

"Yes, dear, and I want to tell you all about it."

"I gave you \$50, I believe," he murmured, swallowing a double allowance of coffee noir.

"You did, Charlie, and that's just it, I started for the shopping district at 3 o'clock and have been trotting up and down ever since. You have no idea how much we poor women have to contend