



GENERAL SHERIDAN.

Having been a deserter from the Federal army, Mr. Pat Ford, whose Irish World is trying to elect Harlan as it vainly tried to elect Blaine four years ago, cuts a rather sorry figure in a campaign in which the "soldier vote" plays so conspicuous a part. The following paragraph is a transcript from the war records of Massachusetts, furnished by the adjutant-general of that state.

The name of Patrick Ford of Boston, aged 25, occupation, printer, is found upon the muster-roll of Co. A, Ninth Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteer Infantry, Colonel Guiney; enlisted on the 13 day of August, 1862, and mustered into the service of the United States Aug. 13th 1862, for three years; deserted on the 2nd day of Feb., 1863. Underneath, opposite the word "Remarks," is written: "Deserted at Falmouth, Va."

During President Cleveland's term there have been five vice-presidents of the United States. They were David Davis, George F. Edmunds, Thomas A. Hendrix, John Sherman and John J. Ingalls. The highest number during any other president's term was three, Franklin Pierce and U. S. Grant each having that number.

A charter election was held in Newark, New Jersey, on Oct. 9th, and shows a Democratic gain on the general ticket of about 700. For the first time in thirty years the Democrats have carried the city at a charter election previous to a presidential election. This looks rather bad for the Republicans, who have stated time and time again that New Jersey would go Republican. Mat Quay where are you?

According to Professor Sargeant, the strongest wood in the United States is nutmeg hickory of Arkansas, and the weakest the West India birch; most elastic is the tamarack, the white or shell-bark hickory standing far below it. The least elastic, and the lowest in specific gravity, is the wood of the ficus aurea. The highest specific gravity, upon which depends value as fuel, is attained by the bluewood of Texas.

COPP'S LAND REVIEW.

Heroic Treatment Given Mr. Holman's Suspension Bill.

The bill introduced by Mr. Holman on August 28th, entitled "A bill to suspend all laws touching the disposal of public lands except the homestead law, and for other purposes" to which reference has twice been made by me, came up for action in the house of representatives on the 21st inst., and was most thoroughly pruned.

The entire first section of the bill, as originally presented by Mr. Holman, was stricken out, which removed nearly all of the provision against which objections were directed, leaving only that portion relating to railroad grants.

The public land laws will continue to be executed as heretofore. Persons who have made pre-emption filings and timber-culture entries may legally perfect title. Those who made homestead entries with the understanding that they could commute the same to cash at any time after the expiration of six months from date of entry, will be permitted to complete the same in accordance with the terms of their contracts, and persons who accepted pledges of the government redeemable in public land for waivers of valid and valuable claims, may continue to locate their scrip.

The people of the great Northwest are to be congratulated upon the escape they have experienced, as nothing could have more seriously injured the growth of their section, than the passage of the bill as introduced.

The bill was so changed that the title was found inapplicable and "A bill relating to railroad grants" was substituted. It simply provides that during the pending of the measures now before congress in relation to the forfeiture of certain lands heretofore granted by congress to railroad corporations and thereafter, no act done or performed by any such corporation shall in anywise enlarge the right or claim of any such corporation to any lands covered by any such grant, or diminish any right now existing in the United States to declare the forfeiture thereof. This provision shall not be construed to in anywise affect or diminish or waive any right now existing in behalf of the United States to declare the forfeiture of any of the lands embraced in any such grant.

HENRY N. COPP.

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Shortly after this he was appointed colonel of the 2nd, Michigan cavalry. He participated in several engagements during the advance on Corinth, and on the second of June was given command of the Second Cavalry Brigade of the Army of Mississippi.

On the first of July he was attacked at Booneville by a force of at least forty-five hundred strong, and at once displayed the qualities of steady determination and fertility of resource in emergencies for which afterward he was so pre-eminent. After a stiff resistance, he fell back to an advantageous position on the edge of a swamp, where he could hold the assailants at bay. Finding, however, that the enemy was passing around his left and threatening his camp, he determined to make a bold dash on the right and convert the defense into an offensive movement. Selecting four of his best sabre companies, he sent them several miles around the enemy's left to attack in rear and flank, while he was to make a simultaneous charge in front.

The plan worked admirably. The four companies appeared suddenly in the enemy's rear, not having been seen until near enough to fire their carbines, and, having emptied these they charged with drawn sabers on the astonished enemy, who doubtless took them for the advance guard of a much larger force; for it was not to be supposed that so small a body of men would have the audacity to throw themselves against a force of forty-five hundred men without the promise of speedy support.

Before the enemy could recover from the confusion of this attack, they were fiercely charged by Sheridan with his remaining handful of men, and utterly routed, fled from the field. This engagement, in which two small regiments of cavalry defeated nine, won for Col. Sheridan his first star, his commission as brigadier-general, dating from the battle of Booneville.

Those who study his after career will find numerous examples of the same peculiarities so strikingly illustrated in this his first independent fight.

The reputation Sheridan acquired by this exploit made him known to all his superior officers and gave him prominence in the army. In September 1862 Sheridan left for the support of Buell in Kentucky, and was assigned to the command of a division, and with this force in a single night constructed the whole series of rifle pits from Louisville to Portland a distance of five or six miles. In October he accompanied Buell in his advance against Bragg and on the 8th, of that month was a conspicuous figure in the battle of Perryville.

He remained in command of a division in the Army of the Cumberland until the battle of Murfreesboro. For services rendered his country in this battle he was made major-general of volunteers, on the recommendation of Rosecrans.

He participated in the march on Chattanooga, and in that battle shared the terrible fighting and disasters of the army. His part of this disastrous battle was fought under the most disadvantageous circumstances. No time was given to form line of battle, he had no supports, and one division had to contend with four or five. His command numbered four thousand bayonets, and he lost ninety-six officers and one thousand four hundred and twenty-one private soldiers. He did his best to beat back the furious storm of war against him, and never displayed more stubborn courage and military skill in a subordinate sphere than on this terrible day.

The battle of Chattanooga, two months later, redeemed that of Chickamauga, and in this it fell to Sheridan to lead a division in the famous charge on Missionary Ridge.

It was Sheridan's conduct during this battle which inspired Grant with the supreme confidence he always afterward felt in his great subordinate.

Two or three months after this Grant was appointed general-in-chief and he appointed Sheridan to the command of the army of the Potomac. Sheridan was loath to leave the west where he had made his successes but finally did so and entered upon the field where he was destined to reap a splendid harvest of renown.

On the 5th and 6th of May the battle of the Wilderness was fought and Sheridan was in it; on the 7th he led the way to Spotsylvania, fighting the battle of Todd's Tavern to clear the road for infantry.

During the remainder of the Wilderness campaign, the cavalry was engaged in the battles of Howe's shop, Totopotomoy, and Cold Harbor, and always satisfied the expectations of the general-in-chief, whether in active battle, or on the march or in the strategic maneuver of the campaigns.

In 1864, after the advance of Early on Washington the greatest alarm was felt in that city. Grant put Sheridan in command with orders to protect that city. For nearly six weeks the new commander moved cautiously about at the entrance of the Virginia valley. He was pronounced another failure but could not be forced into a fight unless he had the advantage. Finally on the 19th of September, Sheridan seeing his opportunity attacked Early and routed him and as Sheri-

dan said in his famous dispatch "sent them whirling through Winchester." On the 22nd he again defeated the rebel forces, and received a dispatch from Grant which said, "Keep on and your good work will cause the fall of Richmond."

On the 15th of October he was summoned to Washington for consultation, and during his absence Early determined once more to attack the national army. The plan was well conceived and was a complete success. The national army was driven back in great disorder, six or seven miles. Sheridan had left Washington on the 18th slept at Winchester, twenty miles from his command. Artillery firing was reported early on the 19th but it was supposed to proceed from reconnaissance, and at 9 o'clock Sheridan rode out of Winchester all unconscious of the danger to his army. Soon, however, the sound of heavy battle was unmistakable, and half a mile from the town the fugitives came in sight with appalling rapidity. He at once ordered the trains halted and parked and stretched a bridge of his troops at Winchester across the country to stop the stragglers. Then with an escort of twenty men he pushed to the front. The effect of his presence was electrical. He rode hot haste, swinging his hat and shouting as he passed. "Face the other way boys! face the other way!" And hundreds of men turned at once and followed him with cheers.

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More Terrible than War!

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NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE at Oregon City, Or., Sept. 21st, 1888. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of Tillamook county, Ore., at Tillamook, Ore., on Tuesday Nov. 13th 1888, viz: Charles L. Smith pre-emption D. S. No. 3393 for the s. w. of n. w. of n. e. of n. w. of s. w. of sec. 23, 2 & r. 10 w.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: A. N. Simmons, J. W. Johnson, J. N. McNamee all of Newton, P. O. and John Shurts of Tillamook, P. O. in Tillamook county, Oregon. W. T. BERRY, Register. Sep 28-28

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He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Sheets, Joseph McNamee, Freeman Harris and Chas. S. Smith all of Tillamook in Tillamook county, Oregon. W. T. BERRY, Register. Sep 28-28

The Only Remedy

FOR Contagious Blood Poison.

Mr. D. B. Adams, Union, South Carolina, writes: "I was afflicted with a terrible case of blood poisoning for about thirteen months, and treated by the best physicians, and used various kinds of remedies, but received no relief. I finally tried your Swift's Specific, and about four bottles cured me entirely and I am well."

Col. R. H. Kiser, editor and proprietor of the Ocala, Fla., Times, under date of August 4, 1887, writes: "When I was a young man, I was afflicted with a terrible case of blood poisoning, and it was so severe that I was unable to do my work. I was treated by the best physicians, and used various kinds of remedies, but received no relief. I finally tried your Swift's Specific, and about four bottles cured me entirely and I am well."

Mr. F. W. Wood, 211 North Avenue, Chicago, under date of Oct. 18, 1887, writes: "I do not know how to thank you for the cure I received from your contagious blood poison. I contracted a very severe case of blood poisoning about two years ago. Hearing of your medicine, I went to a drug store, the proprietor of which persuaded me to buy a preparation of his own, which he said was a cure. I tried it, but it did me no good, and I was getting worse all the time. At last I got discouraged and despaired of a cure. I finally tried your medicine, and I am now perfectly cured. I write this for the benefit of sufferers, to prevent their being misled by false representations. I thank you again for the benefit derived from your medicine."

Dr. J. S. Cheser, a prominent physician, residing in Wilkes-Schley county, Georgia, in a letter recounting the infallible success he has in curing contagious blood poison cases in his extensive practice, writes: "I do not know how to thank you for the cure I received from your contagious blood poison. I contracted a very severe case of blood poisoning about two years ago. Hearing of your medicine, I went to a drug store, the proprietor of which persuaded me to buy a preparation of his own, which he said was a cure. I tried it, but it did me no good, and I was getting worse all the time. At last I got discouraged and despaired of a cure. I finally tried your medicine, and I am now perfectly cured. I write this for the benefit of sufferers, to prevent their being misled by false representations. I thank you again for the benefit derived from your medicine."

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Attached to the 12:30 a. m. train is the Walla Walla & Dayton Sleeper, which can be boarded at East Portland station any time after 8 p. m.

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The company reserve the right to change steamers or sailing days.

TO ASTORIA.—Str. R. R. Thompson leaves Ash st wharf every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 11:30 p. m. U. S. Mail steamer leaves Ash st, daily, except Sunday, at 6 a. m., for Astoria.

TO DALLES AND CASCADES. Leave Ash st. at 6 a. m., except Sunday.

TO OREGON CITY, Dayton and Albany.—Str. leaves Portland at 7 a. m. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, for Dayton and way points. Returning leave Dayton at 6 a. m., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. For Albany and way points at 6 a. m., Mondays and Thursdays. Returning, leave Albany Wednesdays and Saturdays. TICKET OFFICE FIRST & OAK STS., A. L. MAXWELL, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent.

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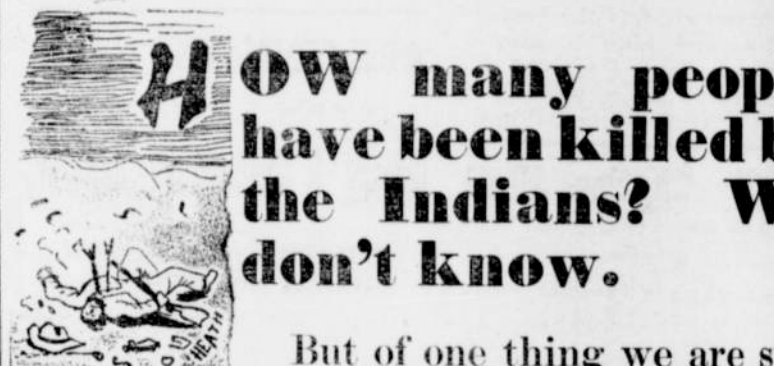
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