WEST SIDE TELEPHONE.

The Official Democratic Paper.

H. L. HEATH.---- Publisher.

McMINNVILLE, FRIDAY Dec. 2, *1887.

BOOMING A TOWN.

A San Diego business man who grew rich by it, tells how that prosperuus city increased in wealth and prosperity so rabilly, in this wise:

We organized. We held almost nightly meetings, and among the first things we agreed upon was to together aud stay by each other through thick and thin.

We advertised by hundreds of thousands of circulars. We set forth all our advantages in such a manner that strangers who, led by our circulars to give us calls, were not deceived, but on the contrary, agreed that we had not put it in as strong a light as we might

Every town in the east of notoriety was not only served with our circulars, but our newspapers.

And the newspaper advertising did double duty. Our people made it a rule to advertise in our local papers, and to ask their friends to advertise.

We then subscribed for a large number of copies, loaded with local advertising and full accounts of our future prospects and great advantages, and we found by conversing with parties who finally came here prospecting that the full advertising columns of our papers which they had seen did more than all else to impress them with the growth and importance of the place.

We found that we could not overdo this thing—that the more paid out for these purposes the more were our profits. Every new comer was a customer to most of our stores, and while their advertising paid them rich returns it served the double service to impress the eastern man, who had an eye to business, with the fact that San Diego was in fact a rising town, and thus we have gone on, until we have an added population since I came here of over 20,000, and property has increased in business places more than one 1,000 fold, and in the country around about us the appreciation has been over 400 per cent.

Western towns which have a boom on appreciate the power of the press. The people of Tucson, Arizona buy 8,000 copies of their local paper every month for the purpose of sending it abroad, and in addition pay $200 a month for special "write ups", and the citizens of Fort Scott, Kansas, have just spent $7,000 in advertising the town. Hutchins, Kansas, claims to give its local paper a bonus of $10,000 a year for remaining alive and kicking, while Newton, Kansas, pays its paper $15,000 a year. There is nothing at all improper in this, as the money is paid for legitimate advertising. On the contrary it is very creditable to the citizens of these towns that they thus encourage their local papers and at the same time benefit themselves. All of these towns have never had it bad, they are growing on their merits. Advertising a town properly through the local press is in fact, the only way to make a town grow. Give to the world the natural advantages of a town and people will flock there.

The reply of attorney General Garland to secretary Lamar's questions in regard to the interpretation of the act for the adjustment of the railroad land grants is summarized as follow: Settlers whose entries were erroneously canceled for the benefit of a land grant road must have opportunity to reassert their rights. If such settlers fail to reclaim the lands which were wrongfully taken from or have become disqualified to reclaim them other settlers who have bought the same lands in good faith from the company, supposing that the company owned them, shall have a right to obtain title from the government. The rights next in succession shall be those of settlers in good faith residing on the lands in question. Patents to such lands cannot be issued until the lands shall have been reconveyed by the company or shall have been recovered to the United States by judicial proceeding. Finally, the fifth section, which provides that settlers who have in good faith bought from a company lands which had not been granted to the company may obtain patents by paying to the United States the ordinary government price, applies to lands in the indemnity belts as well as to those in the grant belts. These seem to be reasonable and just interpretations of the law.

Referring to the scheme of Herbert J. Jones of Toronto, to build a railroad from Portland, Oregon, to Alaska, it may be of interest to give the route of this proposed road. In his letter to the Pacific Coast Steamship company, Jones gives it as his opinion that there will little difficulty in raising the capital stock, $50,000,000 divided into 2,000,000 shares at $10 each. Starting from Portland the proposed Coast road is to run north to Tacoma, Seattle and Port Townsend, and thence to Vancouver, B. C., where the Canadian Pacific road may be intersected. It will then go north through British territory sticking pretty well to the coast, passing between Chilco lake and Gervia inlet, and after crossing the Hornatcho river reach Salmon House. From there the route is in a northeasterly direction to Port Essington and Torse village, where the river of the same name is crossed. Continuing in the same direction Fort Wrangle is reached, and then Devir's Thumb, Mount Window and Licenshead are passed, and at last the route is to terminate at far away Juneau.

One by one the leaders of the anarchists are being brought before courts of justice to be tried for making speeches of a riotous character. The day will surely come when this curse to the American people will be entirely obliterated. Their whole creed is damnable and no good can ever come of it. The principle of anarchy consists of a condition of things wherein the people rule themselves in communities without any state or general government, without courts, without law. People rule themselves; and others if possible; by common sense. There should be no punishment for wrong doing; except the guilty persons own concience. This would be in fact a degeneration, instead of advancing in civilization, it would be falling back to the practices two hundred years old. Under the rule of anarchism, every point which admits of fortification would be fortified, and instead of the beautiful practices of agriculture, petty wars and strife would be rampant. At each of these places admitting of fortification would be reared a castle, and as long as the superiority of one mind over another exists, there would be a leader in each sect or faction having control of these points. Instead of being in perfect peace, practices would exist similar to those of the feudal times in days long passed; from which people have advanced and it is to be hoped to which they will never go back.

Claus Spreckles is making strenuous efforts to introduce the raising and manufacturing of beets into sugar in California. He has in contemplation, a scheme which if carried out would bring into this country a well paying industry. In a speech before an audience of farmers in southern California, he declared his intention to build a beet sugar factory, and if he could get the support of the farmers in the raising of beets he would build more. This industry is vast in the European countries. Farmers own the factories and raise the beets. Mr. Spreckles stated that his great ambition was to see the time when America could raise enough sugar for home consumption and to export also. He said if the farmers would enter into a stock company whose purpose would be to advance this industry, he would give $100,000 toward it. He has been through Europe looking at the practical workings of this enterprise and declares that California can produce enough sugar to supply the whole consumption of the United States. Mr. Spreckles wrote to the treasury department declaring his intention to import the machinery necessary for the manufacture of beet sugar and requesting that it be allowed free entry. He has been informed that the law which admitted beet root sugar machinery free of duty lapsed July 1, 1883, and that such machinery is now dutiable on importation. This is no obstacle to Mr. Spreckles and it is to be hoped that this industry will be pushed and that some energetic men from Oregon will take hold of it. Oregon has as fine a soil climate, etc., for such an enterprise as can be found elsewhere.

The county seat has been voted to McMinnville, now let them be put where ever the county court decides. As the town is in the county the citizens should not care where they are. The county will undoubtedly put them in a good location.

Senator Mitchel of this state will introduce the following bills at the first opportunity after congress assembles: A bill to repeal all laws, whether treaties or acts of congress, which permit Chinese immigration. This is the same bill which he introduced at the last session of congress. He said that the general impression that his bill would prohibit or prevent commerce between China and the United States is erroneous. It will only indirectly have a bearing on the trade relations of the two countries, in so far that it absolutely prohibits the coming of Chinese to this country, except those who come in government capacities. A bill to protect purchasers of land from the Northern Pacific railroad, in case there is forfeiture of the land granted to that corporation between Wallula and Portland. He will also introduce a bill to reimburse settlers on even numbered sections of public land within the limits of land grants in case of forfeiture of odd numbered sections. This bill is intended to reimburse those settlers who were compelled to pay $2.50 per acre for public land within the limits of land grants which subsequently became forfeited; settlers receiving no benefit by the building of a railroad because none was built, while other public land has been sold at $1.25 per acre. Also a bill making an appropriation for the establishment of a life-saving station and a life-saving crew at Yaquina bay. Oregon.

Also a bill to provide for the erection of a public building for a custome house at Yaquina bay. Also a bill to provide for the appropriation of $1,300,000 for continuing the improvement of the mouth of the Columbia river. Also $750,000 for improvement of the locks of the Cascades, and also an appropriation for Yaquina and Coos bays.

He will introduce the bill which was favorably reported by senate committee during the last session of congress appropriating $50,000 for the construction of a boat railroad at The Dalles of the Columbia.

Also a bill to amend section 3019 of the revised statutes relating to drawbacks on dutiable imported materials when manufactured and exported. This bill is designed to be of benefit to canners of salmon who use tin, upon which a duty has been paid. He will also introduce a bill appropriating sufficient money for the final survey and estimates for the Umpqua river for light draught steamers, the surveys and estimates to be separate, one being between the mouth of the river and Scottsburg, and the other between Scottsburg and Hart's rapids, near Elkton. He will also introduce a joint resolution for the appointment of a commission by the secretary of the navy for the purpose of selecting a site for the naval station on the Pacific coast.

He will also introduce a bill authorizing the construction of a railroad through the Cœur d'Alene Indian reservation. Also a bill for relief of settlers on school lands in Washington Territory. Also a bill appropriating sufficient money for the resurvey and relocation, shortening and improvement of the military wagon road between Rogue River valley and Fort Klamath, Oregon. Also a bill appropriating money for the purchase of a site and the construction of a wharf for the use of the lighthouse department at Astoria.

Edward Atkinson is the originator of a scheme to purchase the provinces of Canada for $50,000,000. He says speaking of annexation: "The additional cost of government which would be incurred by the United States would be a trifle, while while under the present system of taxation in the United States the net proceeds of taxation each year would be about $5,000,000. If we paid $50,000,000 for the Provinces it would be recovered by taxation in ten years."—If the provinces could be secured for $50,000,000 it would be cheap. When Canada expresses herself as being willing for annexation it is time enough to think of buying. Open commercial relations between the United States and Canada would be a good thing.

President Grevy of the French Republic has resigned. He is 80 years of age. Since 1871 France has had three head executives. Thiers ruled for two years, MacMahon, for six years and Grevy has ruled for over eight years, showing that he was the most popular man in France. Clemenceau, the radical, is in office now.

Reporter seems to be troubled in regard to the location of the county buildings. The county court will attend to that and no one else.

How a Dying Child Was Saved!

—o—

CICERO, HAMILTON CO., IND., Sept. 19, 1887.—The following is a true account of what your S. S. S. has done for our little daughter. Hazel, now four years old. When 12 months old a lump appeared on her foot, which slowly grew larger. The family physician thought it was caused by a piece of broken glass or needle, but failed to bring anything to light. The child became feebler all the time, seeming to lose the use of her legs, and finally quit walking entirely. The middle finger and thumb of either hand became enlarged, the flesh becoming hard. The hip joint became involved, so that when seventeen months old she could not stand, having lost the use of leg and arm. Partial curvature of the spine also followed. The nervous system was wrecked, muscles contracted, and there was general wasting of flesh and muscle. At eighteen months of age she was placed under the treatment of a prominent physician of Boston, Mass., but at the end of ten months he had decided beyond a doubt that she was in a dying condition. This was in April, 1884. We took the child away not knowing what to do. In this sorrowful dilemma we were overpersuaded by friends to try "one bottle" of Swift's Specific, which we did, and before it had all been taken we saw a change for the better in her symptoms. We kept it up, and have done so to this day, and will keep it up, if the Lord wills, for many days to come, for it has brought our dying child to life, to vigor, to strength and health again. The ashen hue of her cheeks has changed to a rosy tint. She is able to walk anywhere, her languor and melancholy have passed away, and she is now a blithe, cheerful, happy romping child. Should you wish to increase your testimonials of proof of the virtue of S. S. S., our names and what we have said is but a portion of what we owe to you, should you wish to use them.

Kindly yours,
BEN. F. SWIFT.
GERTRUDE E. SWIFT.

P. O. Box 35.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta Ga.

For Sale by Rogers & Todd

Sheriff's Sale.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution and order of sale, duly issued out of the circuit court of the state of Oregon for Yamhill county, tested of date November 15, 1887, upon a decree of foreclosure in favor of Roswell H. Lamson, plaintiff, and against Abraham Blackburn, Caroline Blackburn, Henry H. Murphy, Adam Grant and J. H. Ford, partners in business in San Francisco, California, as Murphy, Grant & Co., Charles Wright, doing business as Charles Wright & Co., J. W. Shelton, J. A. Ford, T. W. Perry, F. P. Hembree, H. B. Stevenson, M. J. Peckham, ames McCain and H. Hurley, partners as McCain & Hurley, H. W. Price, Edgar Poppleton, Matthew Blackburn, Mrs. Matthew Blackburn his wife, Libbie Geiger, Albert Edson, Robert Handkinson and Clarence M. Blackburn, as defendants, duly rendered by said court, and enrolled and docketed in the clerk's office of said county on October 1st 1887, and a judgment therein in favor of plaintiff and against defendant Abraham Blackburn, as in said decree specified, for the sum of ($2994.38), twenty-nine hundred and ninety-four dollars and thirty-three cents, together with interest thereon from October 1, 1887 at 6 per cent. per annum, and ($250) two hundred and fifty dollars special attorneys fees, and ($91 98) ninety-one dollars and ninety-eight cents, costs and disbursements, I, have levied upon the premises in said decree specified and herein after described, and will, on Saturday, December 24, 1887, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., of said day, at and in front of the court house door, at Lafayette, Yamhill county, Oregon, at public auction, for cash in hand to the highest bidder, duly sell in the order hereinafter named, said premises to satisfy said sums so due plaintiff, costs and accruing costs, and the several sums, in said decree specified due, said several co-defendants of said Abraham Blackburn, to-wit:

1st.

All the following parts of the donation land claim of A. G. Elder and wife, claim No. 68 in township 3, south of range 4 west of the Willamette meridian, and in the county of Yamhill, state of Oregon, to-wit: Beginning at the south east corner of said claim, thence north 10 chains and 85 links, thence east 2 chains and 39 links, thence north 84 chains and 33 links, thence west 17 chains and 34 links to center of county road, thence south 1 degree and 30 minutes, east 28 chains and 45 links, thence west 36 chains and 50 links to west boundary of claim thence south 13 chains and 53 links, thence east 36 chains and 70 links to stake in center of county road, thence south 1 degree and 30 minutes, east 55 chains and 54 links with center of county road to south boundry of claim, thence east 11 chains and 81 links to place of beginning, containing 289 acres save and excepting 62 acres thereof conveyed to J. H. Carse, the deed to which is recorded on page 467 of book Q of the records of deeds for said county.

Also the following described tract to-wit: Being a part of the donation land claim of A. G. Elder and wife, claim No. 68 in township 3 south of range 4 west of the Willamette meridian in Yamhill county, Oregon, and more particularily described as follows: Beginning at a stake in center of county road running from the covered bridge across the North Yamhill river to intersect the county road near James Johnson's, said stake being south one and one-half degrees east in center of road 28 chains and 48 links from intersection of said road with the south line of the said James Johnson's donation claim, thence south 89 and one-half degrees, west 36 chains and 65 links, thence north 34 chains and 75 links, thence east 13 chains and 17 links, thence south 5 chains and 15 links, thence east 22 chains and 16 links, thence south 1 degree east with center of county road to place of beginning containing 110 acres, excepting therefrom and from both of said tracts, the following parts thereof conveyed by Abraham Blackburn on June 22, 1885, to William Loyd by deed recorded on page 32 of Volume X, of the records of deeds of Yamhill county, Oregon, and now owned by Libbie Geiger to-wit: Being part of the donation land claim of Alfred R. Elder and wife, claim No. 68 notification 1582 and the donation land claim of Jas. Ramage claim No. 65 in township 3 south of range 4 west of Willamette meridian in Yamhill county, Oregon, and said part being bounded as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of the donation land claim of Alfred R. Elder aforesaid, thence west 55 chains and 80 links to the track of the Oregon & California railroad, thence south 21 and a half degrees east to a point where the said track crosses the west boundary of said donation land claim of said Alfred R. Elder, thence south on said west boundry line of said claim to a point 23 chains and 38 links south of the north boundry line of this tract and 12 chains and 78 links south of the point where said track crosses said west boundary line, thence east 53 chains and 22 links to east boundary line of said claim, thence north 23 chains and 38 links to the place of beginning containing 126 acres more or less. Said tract first to be sold to contain 122 acres more or less.

2d

The donation land claim of Wm. D. Clark and Phebe Clark his wife, claim No. 84, being parts of section 9, 10, and 11 of T 3 S R 4 W of Willamette meridian in Yamhill county, Oregon, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point 13 chains and 35 links south and 8 chains and 7 links west of the northeast corner of said section 9, thence north 89 degrees and 30 minutes, east 80 chains and 35 links, thence north 89 degrees and 45 minutes, east 76 chains and 76 links, thence south 21 chains and 31 links, thence north 89 degrees and 45 minutes, west 33 chains and 20 links, thence north 89 degrees and 30 minutes, west 57 chains and 11 links, thence south 25 chains and 70 links, thence north 89 degrees and 45 minutes, west 89 chains and 84 links, thence north 2 chains and 71 links, thence north 89 degrees and 45 minutes, east 24 chains and 15 links, thence north 15 degrees, west 41 chains and 69 links to place of beginning, containing 493 62-100 acres more or less, except one hundred acres heretofore sold off the west end of said claim to James Thomas, April 6, 1857, and containing 393 62-100 acres in Yamhill county, Oregon.

T. J. HARRIS,
Sheriff of Yamhill County, Oregon
Dated November 16, 1887.

AYER'S Sugar-Coated Cathartic PILLS.

If the Liver becomes torpid, if the bowels are constipated, or if the stomach fails to perform its functions properly, use Ayer's Pills. They are invaluable.

For some years I was a victim to Liver Complaint, in consequence of which I suffered from General Debility and Indigestion. A few boxes of Ayer's Pills restored me to perfect health.—W. T. Brightney, Henderson, W. Va.

For years I have relied more upon Ayer's Pills than anything else, to

Regulate

my bowels. These Pills are mild in action, and do their work thoroughly. I have used them, with good effect, in cases of Rheumatism and Dyspepsia.—G. F. Miller, Attleborough, Mass.

Ayer's Pills cured me of Stomach and Liver troubles, from which I had suffered for years. I consider them the best pills made, and would not be without them.—Morris Gates, Downsville, N. Y.

I was attacked with Bilious Fever, which was followed by Jaundice, and was so dangerously ill that my friends despaired of my recovery. I commenced taking Ayer's Pills, and soon regained my customary strength and vigor.—John C. Pattison, Lowell, Nebraska.

Last spring I suffered greatly from a troublesome humor on my side. In spite of every effort to cure this eruption, it increased until the flesh became entirely raw. I was troubled, at the same time, with Indigestion, and distressing pains in

The Bowels.

By the advice of a friend I began taking Ayer's Pills. In a short time I was free from pain, my food digested properly, the sores on my body commenced healing, and, in less than one month, I was cured.—Samuel D. White, Atlanta, Ga.

I have long used Ayer's Pills, in my family, and believe them to be the best pills made.—S. C. Darden, Darden, Miss.

My wife and little girl were taken with Dysentery a few days ago, and I at once began giving them small doses of Ayer's Pills, thinking I would call a doctor if the disease became any worse. In a short time the bloody discharges stopped, all pain went away, and health was restored.—Theodore Esling, Richmond, Va. ††

Ayer's Pills,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE at Oregon City, Or., Nov. 19, 1887.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the county judge or clerk of Tillamook county, Oregon, at Tillamook, Oregon, on Tuesday, January 19, 1888, viz: William O. Hara, homestead entry, No. 4,339, for the S W ¼ of N E ¼ N W ¼ of S E ¼, and lots 1, 2 and 3 of sec. 5, T 2 S R 10 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: J. Biggs, B. S. Thompson, S. Earl and J. Earl, all of Tillamook post office, Tillamook county, Oregon. 31 W. T. BURNEY, Regieter.

Notice For Publication.

LAND OFFICE at Oregon City, Or., Nov. 11, 1887.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Judge or Clerk of Yamhill county, Oregon, at Lafayette, Oregon, on Thursday, January 5, 1888, viz: Jacob Bailes, homestead entry, No. 6921, for lot No. 4 of sec. 31 T 5 S R 3 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: G. C. Davidson, Wm. Fowler, J. T. Asham and P. H. Fowler, all of Wheatland P. O., Yamhill county, Oregon.

30 W. T. BURNEY, Register.

Notice For Publication.

LAND OFFICE at Oregon City, Or., Nov. 10, 1887.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Judge or Clerk of Tillamook county, Oregon, at Tillamook, Oregon, on Wednesday, January 4, 1888, viz: John I. Turner, homestead entry, No. 4572 for the N E ¼ of S E ¼ of sec. 32, and N ½ of S W ¼ and S W ¼ of S W ¼ of sec. 33, T 2 S R 9 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Sidney McCarger, H. B. Moore, G. Munsow, and David Reasoner, all of Nestocton, P. O. Tillamook county, Oregon.

30 W. T. BURNEY, Register.

Notice For Publication.

LAND OFFICE at Oregon City, Or., Nov. 10, 1887.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the County Judge or Clerk of Tillamook county, Oregon, at Tillamook, Oregon, on Tuesday, January 17, 1888, viz: Sidney McCarger, homestead entry, No. 4734 for lots No. 2, 3, 4 and 7 of sec. 5, T 3 S R 9 W.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: H. B. Moore, J. T. Turner, B. W. Turner, and G. Munsow, all of Nestocton, P. O., Tillamook county, Oregon

30 W. T. BURNEY, Register.

Executors' Sale of Real Estate.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of the County Court of Yamhill county, Oregon, duly made and entered of record July 7, 1887, the undersigned executors of the last will and testament of Lydia J. Cook deceased, will, by virtue of said order on Saturday, December 17, A. D. 1887, at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day, upon the premises, duly sell at public auction for cash in hand, on day of sale, lots (7) seven and (8) eight, of block (10) ten, of Rowland's addition to the town or city of McMinnville, Yamhill county, state of Oregon. Title perfect. Deed at expense of purchaser.

A. J. APPERSON
C. H. COOK
Executors aforesaid.

FENTON & FENTON,
Atty's for Estate
Dated Nov 15, 1887 305

Is Consumption Incurable.

Read the following: Mr. C. H. Morris, Newark, Ark., says: "Was down with abcess of lungs, and friends and physicians pronounced me an Incurable Consumptive. Began taking Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, am now on my third bottle, and able to oversee the work on my farm. It is the finest medicine ever made." Jesse Middlewart, Decatur, Ohio, says: "Had it not been for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption I would have died of lung troubles. Was given up by doctors. Am now in best of health." Try it, sample bottles free at Rogers & Todd. (5)

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malaria fevres.—For cure of headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price 50 cts. and $1.00 per bottle at Rogers & Todds Drug Store. (5)

Save the Children. They are especially liable to sudden Colds, Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, etc. We guarantee Acker's English Remedy a positive cure. It saves hours of anxious watching. Sold by Geo. W. Burt, Druggist.

The reason why Acker's Blood Elixir is warranted, is because it is the best Blood Preparation known. It will positively cure all Blood Diseases, purifies the whole system, and thoroughly builds up the constitution. Remember, we guarantee it. Geo. W. Burt, druggist.

BISHOP & KAY.

CLOTHING! CLOTHING! CLOTHI

The Best Qualities & Substantialy Ma

Our new Fall and Winter stock of C ing is now on exhibition.

Our Qualiti s.

We are prepared to offer the very highesr grades of texture forded at the price and we confidently believe that on this point without competition, we urge a critical examination of these go

Our Styl s.

They show for themselve that they are the latest and nobiest. body wants Fashionable Clothing to keep abreast with the costs our patrons nothing to do so.

Our Prices

We are determined not to be undersold and we are equaly de ed that no such bargains shall be obtained elsewhere as we off means low prices to all who come.

Special attention is called to our new line of Furnishing Goods Caps, Gloves, Trunks, Valises etc. etc.

DEPEND UPON IT, EVERYTHING SOL A BARGAIN.

Entire satisfaction always guaranteed. We are also agents BROWNSVILLE WOOLEN MILLS carrying a full line Mens' Youths' and Boys' Clothing, Blankets and Flannels, these are so well and so favorably known that further comment is they simply have no equal. Remember our motto, —[THE GOODS FOR THE LEAST MONEY.]—

BISHOP & KAY.
The Clothiers and Furnishing Goods Men of Yamhill.

Family Grocery Store
Third St., McMinnville Or.
J. Harv. HENDERSON:
(Successor to L. Root)
—DEALER IN—
All Fresh Goods, Groceries, Flour, Bacon, Glassware and Crockery.
All goods delivered to purchaser in the city.

L. C. TRIPLETT,
—Proprietor of the—
PEOPLES MARKET.
Dealer in eggs, chickens, meats of all description, hides, tallow, etc., will pay cash for all produce. A nice, neat place will be kept, and respectfully, a share of the public patronage is solicited.

EWING & PERRY,
—Having bought the—
Eurisko Market,
Will keep a choice line of meats, and do respectfully request a share of the public's patronage.

APPLETON'S
Cyclopædia of American Biography.
THE ONLY NATIONAL STANDARD
Containing Over Twenty Thousand Articles on Prominent People.
This standard work is the only National Cyclopædia of Biography in this country, and worthy to rank with the great national works of its kind in the Old World, now being prepared in England, Germany and Belgium. No name eminent in literature, art, music, science or invention will be omitted. Sold only by subscription.
W. W. BECK, Agent.

Can't Sleep Nights is the complaint of thousands suffering from Asthma, Consumption, Coughs, etc. Did you over try Acker's English Remedy? It is the best preparation known for all Lung Troubles, sold on a positive guarantee at 10c., 50c. Geo. W. Burt Druggist.

OVERLAND TO CALIFORNIA

VIA

Oregon & California R. R.

And Connections.

THE MT. SHASTA ROUTE.

Close connections made at Ashland with stages of the California, Oregon and Idaho Stage Company

Only 13 Miles Staging,
Time between
Portland and San Francisco,
39 Hours.

California Express trains run daily BETWEEN PORTLAND and ASHLAND.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	4:00 P. M.	Ashland	8:30 A. M.
Ashland	5:40 P. M.	Portland	10:40 A. M.

Local Passenger Daily, Except Sunday.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	8:00 A. M.	Eugene	2:40 P. M.
Eugene	9:00 A. M.	Portland	3:45 P. M.

Pullman Buffet Sleepers.

Daily between Portland and Ashland, Siskiyous and San Francisco.

Emigrant Sleeping Cars Between Portland and Ashland, Siskiyou's and San Francisco, Free of Charge.

The O. & C. R. R. Ferry makes connection with all the regular trains on the East Side Division from foot of F Street

West Side Division.
BETWEEN PORTLAND & CORVALLIS.
Mail Train.
(DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAYS)

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	7:30 A. M	McMinn	12:25 P. M.
Corvallis	1:30 P. M.	Portland	6:15 P. M.

At Albany and Corvallis connect with trains of the Oregon Pacific R. R.

Express Train Daily Except Sunday.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Portland	4:50 P. M.	McMinnville	8:00 P. M.
McMin'ville	5:45 A. M.	Portland	9:00 A. M.

R. KOEHLER, Manager
E. P. ROGERS, G. F. & Pass. Agt

There will allways be —AT— COOK'S HOT a fine line of Cigars and S COME AND HAVE A GOOD T. M. Fields, Prop Of Refreshment Rooms.

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