

WEST SIDE TELEPHONE.

VOL. I.

M'MINNVILLE, OREGON, FEBRUARY 22, 1887.

NO. 73.

WEST SIDE TELEPHONE.
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CLUSTER POST BAND,
The Best in the State.
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Livery Feed and Sale Stables
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LOGAN BROS. & HENDERSON,
Proprietors.
The Best Rigs in the City. Orders promptly Attended to Day or Night.

"ORPHANS' HOME"
BILLIARD HALL.
A Strictly Temperance Resort.
Good Church members to the contrary notwithstanding.

"Orphans' Home"
TONSORIAL PARLORS,
The only first class, and the only parlor-like shop in the city. None but
First-class Workmen Employed
First door south of Yamhill County Bank Building.
M'MINNVILLE, OREGON.
H. H. WELCH.
Cigars and Coffee.

"A cigar tastes best when accompanied by a cup of aromatic coffee after a luxurious repast," most smokers will say. Speaking in the abstract, the coffee does not enhance the cigar, nor vice versa, but the fact is that nature gives a hint how to counteract injurious effects upon the gustatory nerves. It is the demonstration of the homeopathic "Similia similibus curantur"—one narcotic poison destroying another. The stimulating potency of the caffeine overcomes, or at least paralyzes, the restraining power of nicotine, and it is the fight between these two powerful agencies which imparts to the observer in whose system the battle is raging that degree of contemplative comfort which is the desideratum of every smoker.—Chicago News.

A bin of bituminous coal in New Haven, Conn., 200 feet long, 50 feet wide, and 14 feet deep, and containing about 4,000 tons, caught fire from spontaneous combustion, and smoldered for a week in spite of all the water poured upon it. Then workmen shoveled out the coal to cool it off.

An ancient custom was observed recently at a London church where, in accordance with the will of Peter Symonds, which dates so far back as the year 1586, sixty of the younger boys of Christ's Hospital attended divine services in the morning, and afterward received a new penny and a bag of raisins. It was stated that this was the two hundred and ninety-first celebration of this quaint ceremony.

ALONG THE COAST.

Devoted Principally to Washington Territory and California.

Hailey, I. T., is to have electric lights.

Dayton, W. T., has organized a board of immigration.

The new town of Kelso, Cowlitz county, W. T., has a postoffice.

An oat-meal mill is in course of construction at Spokane Falls, W. T.

A team ran away and smashed a stage to pieces near San Buenaventura, Cal.

A calf with eight legs and two heads is in possession of a farmer at Livermore, Cal.

An N. P. passenger coach was burned at Wallula. Origin of fire unknown.

An eleven-year-old girl committed suicide at Salt Lake City by taking strychnine.

George Crittenden of Cottonwood, Merced county, Cal., committed suicide while insane.

John Ketcherside, living near Centralia, W. T., was found lying dead in the woods near that place.

A cable railroad company has offered the Los Angeles council \$50,000 for a franchise.

Delipe Robles was murdered at Tucson, A. T., by unknown parties. His head was split open with an axe.

John Kearney's dead body was found in the brush by the side of the Sonoma road, near Petaluma, Cal.

A diamond weighing one and a half carats was found in a Butte county (Cal.) gravel mine recently.

A resolution was passed by both Houses of the Nevada Legislature, disfranchising Mormons in that State.

Gabriel Dennis, a fireman, was fatally injured by the explosion of a boiler in the sugar refinery at Alvarado, Cal.

The body of Miss Sunderland, who was drowned while crossing a slough near Anderson, Cal., has been recovered.

Andrew Felter murdered his wife and then committed suicide in the saloon at 119 Fifth street, San Francisco.

Wm. Dowst, a dray-driver was fatally injured while endeavoring to stop his team that was running away at Merced, Cal.

Two Mexican miners had a desperate fight at Nogales, A. T., a few days ago and one was killed. The murderer escaped.

Ex-Governor Stoneman of California has been appointed a member of a committee to examine a section of the California and Oregon railroad.

There were 200 fallen trees on the track of the Northern Pacific railroad, during the recent rough weather, between the 60th and 75th mile post.

Sixty traps were counted in one camp near San Bernardino, Cal. They had an abundance of chickens and other delicacies of the season.

Daniel Sexton, a shepherd, hanged himself in a barn near Livermore, Cal. He had just squandered considerable money, in a prolonged spree.

The bark Astracan, from the Columbia river to the United Kingdom, was wrecked on Melbourne Island, December 17. The vessel was a total loss; crew all saved.

Wells, Fargo & Co.'s office at Palisade, Nev., was entered by two armed and masked men, who attacked the agent and compelled him to open the safe, which they robbed.

An edition of 20,000 pamphlets descriptive of Fresno county, Cal., was recently printed, but the Board of Trade ordered them all destroyed on account of some errors therein.

The Canadian Pacific workshops at Yale, B. C., were totally consumed by fire. The origin of the fire is supposed to have been a spark from a passing locomotive. Loss, \$100,000.

Andrew J. Leonard, convicted at Vancouver, W. T., a year ago of manslaughter, and sentenced to fifteen years at the Territorial penitentiary, was shot and killed at Seasco, while attempting to escape.

Col. O. R. Putney, an old miner, was killed by a snow-slide at Bay Horse, Idaho. In an old valise were found some letters and some bones, with a note, saying: "I wish these bones buried with me."

Patrick Donahue, a convict in the Arizona Territorial prison, played the insane dodge successfully on the officials of that institution and was sent to the insane asylum at Phoenix, from which place he made his escape the first day.

It is reported that the railroad company have abandoned their proposed plans of laying a double track from Oakland to Martinez for the present year, unless the weather becomes so dry, unless the Oregon division that they cannot continue work.

CONGRESSIONAL.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC REPORT.

A Synopsis of Measures Introduced in the National Legislature.

Senate.

The Committee on Commerce made the following increases over the House appropriation for Pacific Coast improvements:

Mouth of the Columbia, from \$125,000 to \$300,000.

Cascades, from \$100,000 to \$150,000.

Yaquina, from \$50,000 to \$80,000.

Lower Willamette and Columbia rivers, from \$35,000 to \$80,000.

It will be seen that the increase, including \$15,000 for a boat railway, is \$315,000 over the House bill. The total for Oregon rivers and harbors, as passed by the House, was \$365,000.

Mr. Dolph's efforts to secure large appropriations were supplemented by those of two or three Senators who have visited Oregon. Senator Gorman was the most outspoken of non-resident Senators for liberal appropriations. The exceptionally large increase for the mouth of the Columbia was secured largely through his influence. He holds that by far the largest single appropriation should be applied at this point.

Beck's bill to prohibit members of Congress being in the employ of railroad companies passed the Senate. Following is the text of the bill: "That it shall be unlawful for any member of either House of Congress to accept employment as attorneys-at-law, or payment for services of any kind, in opposition to the United States in any case to which the United States may be a party, or to which their interests may be concerned, or from any railroad company if such member shall have reasonable cause to believe that a measure specially affecting the interest of such company is pending before Congress, or about to be so pending during his term of office. Any person who shall violate the provisions of this act shall be guilty of misdemeanor, and may be punished by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by a fine not exceeding \$5,000, or both, in the discretion of the court."

Dolph secured an amendment in the Indian appropriation bill, which passed the senate, authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to purchase eighty-five acre additional land for the Indian training school near Salem.

Mitchell submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to the river and harbor bill, appropriating \$500,000 for a final survey, estimates and commencement of the work of constructing a boat railway at the dalles, and for blasting open contracted waterways at Ten Mile and Three Mile rapids.

Jones, of Nevada, presented a petition from Horace F. Cutter, of San Francisco, praying Congress to make suitable acknowledgement of the humane services by Japanese fishermen to the crew of an American vessel wrecked by a typhoon in the Eastern seas.

Dolph, from the conference committee on the Senate amendments to the House bill to repeal all pre-emption, timber culture and desert land laws, reported disagreement, and asked for a new conference. He said, in answer to a question by Ingalls, that the differences in the conference committee were quite radical, but they might be overcome. The most important point was as to whether alleged fraudulent cases should be finally decided by the inferior department or by the courts. The House conferees took the ground that the interior department should be sole and final judge in the matter, whereas the Senate conferees insisted that a man whose title was attacked in the land office should have the right of appeal to the courts.

The Nevada Legislative passed an Act consenting to receive Idaho or any other Territory that Congress might annex to her upon such terms and conditions as Congress may prescribe. The Act declares that it is not the fault of Nevada that her population is small. Congress fixed her boundaries, but did not include in them enough good land to make a State, hence Nevada now asks for more. Congress has the power to give it, and if it refuses it will be the fault of the United States, not Nevada, if she has unequal representation in the United States Senate.

The little seven-year-old son of Peter McMahon of San Bernardino, Cal., shadowed a couple of thieves who were prowling around in the brush near his father's ranch, one and a half miles west of the city, and after discovering the spot where the robbers had a lot of valuable stolen property secreted, mounted a horse, rode to the city and notified his father, who, with an officer, was guided to the place by little Barney and the goods secured. The stolen property amounted to several hundred dollars' worth of various articles, and had been taken from the house of a prominent merchant.

AGRICULTURAL NOTES.

A Column Devoted to the Interests of Farmers and Stockmen.

Poultry should not be fed exclusively on grain.

String beans sell for 50 cents a pound in Los Angeles.

A carload of cabbage was recently shipped from Redwood, Cal., to Chicago.

Run the roller over the field wherever the wheat has been thrown up by the frost.

The product of oats in the United States for 1886 is put at 624,600,000 bushels, valued at \$186,000,000.

Leonard Parker sold his crop of oranges on his five-acre grove at Anaheim, Cal., for \$2,000, the purchaser to pick and pack the fruit. There is some profit in growing oranges at that rate.

Don't forget to put your farm roads in good repair before it is too late. You will save more than the whole cost of the job in a week when you need a good track in the busy spring time.

France insists on the light or pig grade. England takes her ham, bacon and pork of medium and heavy mixed, while Germany wants the "whole hog or nothing." She buys the heavy part.

The fleece of the Merino sheep is sometimes so thick and heavy that in Vermont and Wisconsin, when the sheep are shorn early in the season they are blanketed to prevent them from becoming chilled.

Sheep require careful watching, for if they get into trouble of any sort, as getting down in gullies or fastened in between logs or fence-rails, they become so frightened or discouraged they succumb at once and die.

If a Holstein cow, giving forty quarts of milk per day, and requiring no more room than a common cow, giving ten quarts, can be raised as easily as the inferior one, is it wise in farmers to keep the poor milker?

Beef may be smoked or corned at this season with but little difficulty, and the farmer who raises a steer for his own use annually, will be provided with a better quality of meat than if he depends upon the pork barrel.

Modern farming is more and more becoming a race for the "survival of the fittest." The poor farmer must "go." The good farmer only will be able to hold out against competition. It is a rule that is applicable to all branches of industry.

W. S. Benedict lately presented the Los Angeles Times with a box of tomatoes grown eight miles from the city on a Cahuenga foothill ranch. There were 62 tomatoes in the box, and their net weight was 29 pounds. What locality can beat this in February?

According to experiments made at the Pennsylvania State College, soiling rye yields twenty tons per acre of green crop, and pasture grass seven and one-half tons. Some rye yields four and one-half tons per acre of dry substance, and pasture grass two and three-fourths tons. The rye contains nearly twice as much crude fiber and only half as much protein as is present in pasture grass.

It is estimated that 45,000,000 eggs are consumed every day in the United States, and yet there are people who fear the poultry business will be overdone. What nonsense to talk about three-quarters of an egg being consumed every day by each man, woman and child in the country!

The plan of a farmer to raise large crops is thus stated: "I tell my men to harvest as much as they think it is worth, as it only costs as much as it is worth to tell them it is worth anything, and the soil is more fertile than other work lands."

The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, as submitted to the House, provides for \$1,800 for the salary of the surveyor-general of Oregon; \$1,500 for clerks; \$500 for incidental expenses. For the salary of the surveyor-general of Washington and Idaho, \$2,500 is allowed; clerks, \$4,000; incidentals, \$1,500. Provision is made for removing the office of surveyor-general in Idaho to Olympia. The salaries of the commerce, secretary and judge of Washington are the same as those of Oregon. Twenty-two thousand dollars are provided for legislative expenses in Alaska. The salaries of the surveyor-general of Alaska are \$2,500 and \$2,500 respectively.

DOGS' EARS.

Some Good Reasons Why They Should Never Be Cropped.

Sir Edw'n I. Andse, r. one of the judges at the dog show in London, England, endeavored to exclude all dogs that had been mutilated by ear-cropping or otherwise. The principal reason for Sir Edw'n's protest is that the cropping of ears is most cruel and hurtful to the dog. The cruelty complained of is not in the operation—that, after all, is a small matter. It consists in depriving the animal of a defense which nature has given it against the entrance of earth and sand into the ears. The entrance of these into the ears distresses the dogs much, causing deafness, abscesses and cancer. All dogs, more or less, require to be protected from sand and earth by overlapping ears; but especially do terriers—literally "ear-dogs"—the species which, of all others, is most persecuted by cropping. They go into a burrow, the ears get full of sand, and they suffer ever afterward. Surely Sir Edw'n's protest is right in saying that judges of dogs ought not to sanction such gross treatment of the animal, and that the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals should look to the practice. The only excuse that can be set up for this system is a delusive one. It is said that fighting dogs have better eyes when their ears are cropped, and that the eyes of fighting dogs have not the same brilliancy as those of dogs with their ears left on for all others. As a matter of fact, it is not so. It is true that some dogs with their ears cropped have better eyes than some dogs with their ears left on. But this is not a general rule. It is only a few dogs that are better off in this respect. The eyes of most dogs are not improved by cropping. In fact, the eyes of many dogs are injured by cropping. The eyes of many dogs are injured by cropping. The eyes of many dogs are injured by cropping.

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