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—BY—
Talmage & Turner,
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SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
Per year.....\$2 00
Six months.....1 25
Three months.....75
Entered in the Postoffice at McMinnville, Or.,
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Physicians and Surgeons,
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Livery Feed and Sale Stables
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Proprietors.
The Best Rigs in the City. Orders Promptly Attended to Day or Night.

"ORPHANS' HOME"
BILLIARD HALL.
A Strictly Temperance Resort.
Some good Church members to the contrary notwithstanding.

"Orphans' Home"
TONSORIAL PARLORS,
The only first class, and the only parlor-like shop in the city. None but
First-class Workmen Employed.
First door south of Yamhill County Bank Building.
McMinnville, Oregon.
H. H. WELCH.

Cigars and Coffee.
"A cigar tastes best when accompanied by a cup of aromatic coffee after a luxurious repast," most smokers will say. Speaking in the strictest sense, the coffee does not enhance the cigar, nor vice versa, but the fact is that nature gives a hint how to counteract injurious effects upon the gustatory nerves. It is the demonstration of the homeopathic "Similia similibus curantur"—one narcotic poison destroying another. The stimulating potency of the caffeine overcomes, or at least paralyzes, the prostrating power of nicotine, and it is the fight between these two powerful agencies which imparts to the observer in whose system the battle is raging that degree of contemplative comfort which is the desideratum of every smoker.—Chicago News.

—A bin of bituminous coal in New Haven, Conn., 200 feet long, 50 feet wide, and 14 feet deep, and containing about 4,000 tons, caught fire from spontaneous combustion, and smoldered for a week in spite of all the water poured upon it. Then workmen shoveled out the coal to cool it off.

—An ancient custom was observed recently at a London church where, in accordance with the will of Peter Symonds, which dates so far back as the year 1586, sixty of the younger boys of Christ's Hospital attended divine services in the morning, and afterward received a new penny and a bag of raisins. It was stated that this was the two hundred and ninety-first celebration of this quaint ceremony.

ALONG THE COAST.

Devoted Principally to Washington Territory and California.
Hailey, I. T., is to have electric lights.
Dayton, W. T., has organized a board of immigration.
The new town of Kelso, Cowlitz county, W. T., has a postoffice.
An oat-meal mill is in course of construction at Spokane Falls, W. T.

A team ran away and smashed a stage to pieces near San Buenaventura, Cal.
A calf with eight legs and two heads is in possession of a farmer at Livermore, Cal.
An N. P. passenger coach was burned at Wallula. Origin of fire unknown.

An eleven-year-old girl committed suicide at Salt Lake City by taking strychnine.
George Crittenden of Cottonwood, Merced county, Cal., committed suicide while insane.
John Ketcherside, living near Centralia, W. T., was found lying dead in the woods near that place.
A cable railroad company has offered the Los Angeles council \$50,000 for a franchise.

Delipe Robles was murdered at Tucson, A. T., by unknown parties. His head was split open with an axe.
John Kearney's dead body was found in the brush by the side of the Sonoma road, near Petaluma, Cal.
A diamond weighing one and a half carats was found in a Butte county (Cal.) gravel mine recently.

A resolution was passed by both Houses of the Nevada Legislature, disfranchising Mormons in that State.
Gabriel Dennis, a fireman, was fatally injured by the explosion of a boiler in the sugar refinery at Alvarado, Cal.
The body of Miss Sunderland, who was drowned while crossing a slough near Anderson, Cal., has been recovered.

Andrew Felter murdered his wife and then committed suicide in the saloon at 119 Fifth street, San Francisco.
Wm. Dowst, a dray-driver was fatally injured while endeavoring to stop his team that was running away at Merced, Cal.
Two Mexican miners had a desperate fight at Nogales, A. T., a few days ago and one was killed. The murderer escaped.

Ex-Governor Stoneman of California has been appointed a member of a committee to examine a section of the California and Oregon railroad.
There were 200 fallen trees on the track of the Northern Pacific railroad, during the recent rough weather, between the 60th and 75th mile post.
Sixty tramps were counted in one camp near San Bernardino, Cal. They had an abundance of chickens and other delicacies of the season.

Daniel Sexton, a shepherd, hanged himself in a barn near Livermore, Cal. He had just squandered considerable money in a prolonged spree.
The bark Astracan, from the Columbia river to the United Kingdom, was wrecked on Melbourne Island, December 17. The vessel was a total loss; crew all saved.
Wells, Fargo & Co.'s office at Palisade, Nev., was entered by two armed and masked men, who attacked the agent and compelled him to open the safe, which they robbed.

An edition of 20,000 pamphlets descriptive of Fresno county, Cal., was recently printed, but the Board of Trade ordered them all destroyed on account of some errors therein.
The Canadian Pacific workshops at Yale, B. C., were totally consumed by fire. The origin of the fire is supposed to have been a spark from a passing locomotive. Loss, \$100,000.
Andrew J. Leonard, convicted at Vancouver, W. T., a year ago of manslaughter, and sentenced to fifteen years at the Territorial penitentiary, was shot and killed at Seasco, while attempting to escape.

Col. O. R. Putney, an old miner, was killed by a snow-slide at Bay Horse, Idaho. In an old valise were found some letters and some bones, with a note, saying: "I wish these bones buried with me."
Patrick Donahue, a convict in the Arizona Territorial prison, played the insane dodge successfully on the officials of that institution and was sent to the insane asylum at Phoenix, from which place he made his escape the first day.
It is reported that the railroad company have abandoned their proposed plans of laying a double track from Oakland to Martinez for the present year, unless the weather becomes so stormy on the Oregon division that they cannot continue work.

CONGRESSIONAL.

LATEST TELEGRAPHIC REPORT.
A Synopsis of Measures Introduced in the National Legislature.
Senate.
The Committee on Commerce made the following increases over the House appropriation for Pacific Coast improvements:
Mouth of the Columbia, from \$125,000 to \$300,000.
Cascades, from \$100,000 to \$150,000.
Yaquina, from \$50,000 to \$80,000.
Lower Willamette and Columbia rivers, from \$35,000 to \$80,000.

It will be seen that the increase, including \$15,000 for a boat railway, is \$315,000 over the House bill, as passed by the House, was \$365,000. Mr. Dolph's efforts to secure large appropriations were supplemented by those of two or three Senators who have visited Oregon. Senator Gorman was the most outspoken of non-resident Senators for liberal appropriations. The exceptionally large increase for the mouth of the Columbia was secured largely through his influence. He holds that by far the largest single appropriation should be applied at this point.

Beck's bill to prohibit members of Congress being in the employ of railroad companies passed the Senate. Following is the text of the bill: "That it shall be unlawful for any member of either House of Congress to accept employment as attorneys-at-law, or payment for services of any kind, in opposition to the United States in any case to which the United States may be a party, or to which their interests may be concerned, or from any railroad company if such member shall have reasonable cause to believe that a measure specially affecting the interest of such company is pending before Congress, or about to be so pending during his term of office. Any person who shall violate the provisions of this act shall be guilty of misdemeanor, and may be punished by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by a fine not exceeding \$5,000, or both, in the discretion of the court."

Dolph secured an amendment in the Indian appropriation bill, which passed the senate, authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to purchase eighty-five acres additional land for the Indian training school near Salem. Mitchell submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to the river and harbor bill, appropriating \$500,000 for a final survey, estimates and commencement of the work of constructing a boat railway at the dalles, and for blasting open contracted waterways at Ten Mile and Three Mile rapids.

Jones, of Nevada, presented a petition from Horace F. Cutler, of San Francisco, praying Congress to make suitable acknowledgement of the humane services by Japanese fishermen to the crew of an American vessel wrecked by a typhoon in the Eastern seas.
Dolph, from the conference committee on the Senate amendments to the House bill to repeal all pre-emption, timber culture and desert land laws, reported disagreement, and asked for a new conference. He said, in answer to a question by Ingalls, that the differences in the conference committee were quite radical, but they might be overcome. The most important point was as to whether alleged fraudulent cases should be finally decided by the inferior department or by the courts. The House conferees took the ground that the interior department should be sole and final judge in the matter, whereas the Senate conferees insisted that a man whose title was attacked in the land office should have the right of appeal to the courts.

House.
The legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, as submitted to the House, provides for \$1,800 for the salary of the surveyor-general of Oregon; \$1,500 for clerks; \$800 for incidental expenses. For the salary of the surveyor-general of Washington and Idaho, \$2,600 is allowed; clerks, \$4,000; incidentals, \$1,500. Provision is made for removing the office of surveyor-general in Idaho to Olympia. The salaries of the governor, secretary and judges of Washington are the same as last year. Twenty-two thousand dollars are named for legislative expenses. The salaries of the governor and judge of Alaska are reduced from \$3,000 to \$2,600 and \$2,500 respectively.
Reed, of Maine, acting for Dingley, introduced a bill to protect the fisheries of the United States. The bill provides for the seizure and forfeiture of any vessel found taking fish within three marine miles of the coast of the United States, and further provides that if any person of such vessel is found taking fish within the limit named he shall be subject to a fine of \$50 for each offense and the vessel upon which he is employed shall be subject to sale.

Louis Bemis, a freight engineer, was killed in a collision at Echo, Utah. He and another engineer were running a double-header freight train east and side-tracked there to let the west-bound passenger train pass. Hearing that the train was late they concluded to go on the main track to the coal sheds and coal up. While doing this the passenger train came along and dashed into them, making a bad wreck.
Henry Wymann, an old man, was fatally beaten by a man who was concealed in the building in which Wymann lived at Oroville, Cal. The latter's screams brought neighbors to the rescue, but the rascal escaped. This is the third mysterious assault committed by unknown persons within a year in the neighborhood of Oroville. F. W. Miller was beaten to death last spring in a restaurant in the main block of the town. During the summer John S. Moore, an old miner living some miles above Oroville, was found killed in the same manner. No clue.

The Nevada Legislature passed an Act consenting to receive Idaho or any other Territory that Congress might annex to her upon such terms and conditions as Congress may prescribe. The Act declares that it is not the fault of Nevada that her population is small. Congress fixed her boundaries, but did not include in them enough good land to make a State, hence Nevada now asks for more. Congress has the power to give it, and if it refuses it will be the fault of the United States, not Nevada, if she has unequal representation in the United States Senate.

The little seven-year-old son of Peter McMahon of San Bernardino, Cal., shadowed a couple of thieves who were prowling around in the brush near his father's ranch, one and a half miles west of the city, and after discovering the spot where the robbers had a lot of valuable stolen property secreted, mounted a horse, rode to the city and notified his father, who, with an officer, was guided to the place by little Barney and the goods secured. The stolen property amounted to several hundred dollars' worth of silverware, pistols, etc., and had been taken from the houses of San Bernardino people.

AGRICULTURAL NOTES.

A Column Devoted to the Interests of Farmers and Stockmen.
Poultry should not be fed exclusively on grain.
String beans sell for 50 cents a pound in Los Angeles.
A carload of cabbage was recently shipped from Redwood, Cal., to Chicago.
Run the roller over the field wherever the wheat has been thrown up by the frost.
The product of oats in the United States for 1886 is put at 624,600,000 bushels, valued at \$186,000,000.
Leonard Parker sold his crop of oranges on his five-acre grove at Anaheim, Cal., for \$2,000, the purchaser to pick and pack the fruit. There is some profit in growing oranges at that rate.

Don't forget to put your farm roads in good repair before it is too late. You will save more than the whole cost of the job in a week when you need a good track in the busy spring time.
France insists on the light or pig grade. England takes her ham, bacon and pork of medium and heavy mixed, while Germany wants the "whole hog or nothing." She buys the heavy part.
The fleece of the Merino sheep is sometimes so thick and heavy that in Vermont and Wisconsin, when the sheep are sheared early in the season they are blanketed to prevent them from becoming chilled.

Sheep require careful watching, for if they get into trouble of any sort, as getting down in gullies or fastened in between logs or fence-rails, they become so frightened or discouraged they succumb at once and die.
If a Holstein cow, giving forty quarts of milk per day, and requiring no more room than a common cow, giving ten quarts, can be raised as easily as the inferior one, is it wise in farmers to keep the poor milker?
Beef may be smoked or corned at this season with but little difficulty, and the farmer who raises a steer for his own use annually, will be provided with a better quality of meat than if he depends upon the pork barrel.

Modern farming is more and more becoming a race for the "survival of the fittest." The poor farmer must "go." The good farmer only will be able to hold out against competition. It is a rule that is applicable to all branches of industry.
W. S. Benedict lately presented the Los Angeles Times with a box of tomatoes grown eight miles from the city on a Cahuenga foothill ranch. There were 62 tomatoes in the box, and their net weight was 29 pounds. What locality can beat this in February?

According to experiments made at the Pennsylvania State College, soiling rye yields twenty tons per acre of green crop, and pasture grass seven and one-half tons. Some rye yields four and one-half tons per acre of dry substance, and pasture grass two and three-fourths tons. The rye contains nearly twice as much crude fiber and only half as much protease as is present in pasture grass.
It is estimated that 45,000,000 eggs are consumed every day in the United States, and yet there are people who fear the poultry business will be overdone. What nonsense to talk about three-quarters of an egg being eaten every day by each man, woman and child in the country!

The plan of a farmer for securing large crops is thus stated by him: "I tell my men to harrow the ground until they think it is harrowed twice as much as it ought to be, and then I tell them it is not harrowed half enough." Thorough pulverization of the soil is more important than any other work bestowed upon a crop.
The aggregate product of wheat in the United States in 1886 was 457,000,000 bushels, from an area of 37,000,000 acres, having a farm value of \$314,000,000. The average value, December 1, 1886, was 68.7 cents per bushel, against 77.1 for the previous crop and 64.5 for the crop of 1885. The general average of yield was a little above 12 bushels per acre. Oregon's wheat crop is put at 88,640 acres, yielding 11,133,000 bushels, valued at \$7,570,440, and the crop of Washington Territory is put down at 445,400 acres, yielding 7,560,000 bushels, valued at \$5,965,200. This statement would make the average yield in Washington Territory about four and a half bushels per acre larger than in Oregon.

CONTRACT OF FRIENDSHIP.

"When two pugilists step into the ring what kind of a musical composition are they going to perform?" inquired one traveling man of another.
"Give it up."
"A knock turn," was the reply.
And now they waste time trying to sell to each other's customers out of spite.—*Street and Traveler.*
Night train conductor—Those trunks must be put in the baggage car, Ma'am. Lady passenger—Sir, those are my feet. Conductor—Ah, I see; you're from Chicago.—*St. Louis Paper.*

"Is there any danger of the box constriker biting me?" asked a lady visitor at the Zoological Garden. "Not the least, marm," cried the showman; "he never bites—he swallows his wittles whole."—*N. Y. Telegram.*

CONTRACTION OF THE HOOF.
A hoof contracts from dryness consequent upon a state of inflammation of the interior of the foot, or from want of nutrition of the horn at the origin of its growth at the coronet. The injury is difficult to repair because the vascular tissue of the foot which connects the hoof with the interior part of it becomes absorbed and in part lost. The remedy is to rasp the hoof quite thin; to leave the frog untouched, so that a healthful pressure may be exerted on the interior of the foot; to keep the hoof dressed with a mixture of glycerine, molasses and water in equal parts, and to cover it constantly with a bandage to keep it moist, and to apply blistering ointment to the coronet.—*N. Y. Times.*

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SIMMONS
LIVER
REGULATOR
BILIOUSNESS
Is an affection of the Liver, and can be thoroughly cured by that Grand Regulator of the Liver and Biliary Organs,
SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR
MANUFACTURED BY
J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.
I was afflicted for several years with disordered liver, which resulted in a severe attack of jaundice. I had as good medical attendance as our section affords, who failed utterly to restore me to the enjoyment of my former good health. I then tried the favorite prescription of one of the most renowned physicians of Louisville, Ky., but to no purpose; whereupon I was induced to try **Simmons Liver Regulator**. I found immediate benefit from its use, and it ultimately restored me to the full enjoyment of health.
A. H. SHIRLEY,
Richmond, Ky.

HEADACHE
Proceeds from a Torpid Liver and Impurities of the Stomach. It can be invariably cured by taking
SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR
Let all who suffer remember that
SICK AND NERVOUS HEADACHES
Can be prevented by taking a dose as soon as their symptoms indicate the coming of an attack.

DOGS' EARS.
Some Good Reasons Why They Should Never Be Cropped.
Sir Edw'n Landseer, one of the judges at the dog show in London, England, indicated to exclude all dogs that had been mutilated by ear-cropping or otherwise. The principal reason for Sir Edw'n's protest is that the cropping of ears is most cruel and hurtful to the dog. The cruelty complained of is not in the operation—that, after all, is a small matter. It consists in depriving the animal of a defense which nature has given it against the entrance of earth and sand into the ears. The entrance of these into the ears distresses the dogs much, causing deafness, abscesses and cancer. All dogs, more or less, require to be protected from sand and earth by overlapping the ears, but especially do terriers—literally "ear-dogs"—the species which, of all others, is most persecuted by cropping. They go into a burrow, the ears get full of sand, and they suffer ever afterward. Surely Sir Edw'n Landseer is right in saying that judges of dogs ought not to sanction such gross treatment of the animal, and that the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals should look to the practice. The only excuse that can be set up for this system is a delusive one. It is said that fighting dogs fare better with their ears cropped, and the exigencies of fighting dogs have set the fashion for all others. It is true that if an ear be gone it can not be torn, but then it is forgotten that even for fighting purposes the ear is often a protection. All the fighting dogs have what are termed "points." One has his way of seizing the leg, another fixes upon the throat, and yet another makes a dash at the large gland behind the ear, which in the dog is as sensitive as the most sensitive gland in the human body. Deprive the dog of his ear and the antagonist can get a good bite at it and lay his adversary low. Leave the dog his ear and the assailant's grasp of the sensitive gland is impeded by the folds of the ear and rendered much more feeble. Thus, even to the fighting dog, the long ear is a positive defense.—*N. O. Picayune.*

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