The Oregon Register.

FUBLISHED EVERY FRIDA AFAYETTE . - OREGON

ITEMS OF GENERAL INTEREST

Prince Oscar, of Sweden, and his bride have gone to Carlscrona, their future residence, in the south of Sweden. They are now known as the Prince and Princess Bernadotte.

The largest known flower is the

The statement is made that no less than six species of North American birds have become extinct during the last ten years, and it is claimed that English sparrows were the main cause.

fleet of cruisers will guard the Canadian coast against American fishermen this season, but the regulations will be enforced less harshly than heretofore. A box of manuscripts relating to

Poe has been recently discovered in

An Ottuwa dispatch says that

Georgia. It is thought that they may ose of Griswold, who was known sess many of Poe's papers, all of accountably disappeared. A Chicago burglar overlooked \$80 in a bureau drawer, and the papers

secured it, but a suit of clothes be sides. d the next night and not only Goat Island, at Niagara Falls, is being washed away by the rapid current, and the State Engineer recommends

timber to prevent further ravages. The gold shipped and withdrawn for export at New York so far this on the coast. It is not going to look month amounts to \$5,600,000. The like a huge barn at all, but will be a areay office still has \$85,000,000 in handsome building, and a credit to the bars on hand and \$11,500,000 in association. puble eagles deposited to its credit

Judge Hare, of Philadelphia, gave his advice to a wife-beater who was foot of Walnut street, in Alameda, discharged upon the appeal of the

in the sub-treasury.

While Sarah Elmonds, a young daughter of William Edmonds, of Wheatland, Penn., was lowering a window, a flash of lightning struck the house, passing through the girl's body and tearing off her shoes. She died before medical aid could be sum-

Since Minister Hubbard was appointed to the Court of Japan by done. President Cleveland our trade with that country has grown from \$13,000,-000 to \$25,000,000, \$2,500,000 in excess of the total English Japanese trade for the same year. It also ex-ceeds the German-Japan trade by \$19. 000,000, and that of France by \$12,

The Duke of Sutherland has become so impoverished by the agricultural depression in England and Scotland that he contemplates selling Stafford House, the wonderful mansson, which, when Queen Victoria entered, struck her as being so magnificent that she said to the Duke: "I came from my house to your palace."

Ex-Queen Isabella of Spain, who will visit England for the first time this season, has an income of \$1,000, 000 a year, but is said to be always in She maintains no house in Paris, but always resides at a hotel. She spends vast sums in horses. Her executive ability is clearly shown by the ease with which she constantly spends more than her enormous income amounts to.

A great parrot show is to be held in Turin this summer. Prizes are to be given for the polly who can use the most phrases and for the oldest parrot. It is said that a polly who has seen eighty years will be present. It is related that Cuvier, the celebrated naturalist, had a polly in his vestibule who, upon seeing a stranger, would ery out: "What de you want with my maskr?" And when a reply was given he would respond: "Don't talk too much."

The Bavarian General, Sigmund n Pranckh, died recently in Munch. He was Minister of War from 866 to 1875, and at the outbreak of he Franco-German war it was greatly the Franco-German war it was greatly use to his influence that Bavaria at once joined Prussia, instead of simply maintaining an armed neutrality. Then the unification of Germany ummated he exerted his patic seal to secure for Bavaria, as far possible, an independent position be new empire. Pranckh was new empire. Pranckh was the German Generals who large pecuniary rewards at

th a Berks County (Penn.) ing by name, is that both aborn on February 22,

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

NEW OREGON IRON WORKS

A Sailor Drowned, Chinese Murder in Chinatown, Earthquake at San Francisco.

INDUSTRIAL FAIR BUILDINGS.

Ready for Work

Everything is now in readiness for starting up the works of the Oregon Rafflesia, a native of Sumatra. It Iron and Steel Company at Oswego. messures three feet in diameter, weighs fifteen pounds and has a calyx holding six quarts. The odor is offensive. made in Portland twenty hopper shaped cars of stout boiler iron, the bottoms of which can be opened to let the ore run out. There will make two trains of ten cars each, one of which can be loading while the other is unloading. Everything is arranged shape of pigs. The company received 100 tons of coke from England on the Sound to be used in the pipe foundry. The fires will soon be blown in, and as soon as some pig iron is made the wark of casting pipes will begin.

Industrial Fair Buildings.

The exposition building is progress ing very favorably. The roof of corrugated iron is nearly completed on the eastern section and the work of boarding it in is well advanced. The galleries are partly floored and from the main floor one can form some idea of what this department will look announced it the next morning. He like when completed. The arched trusses to support the roof of the central or garden department are in place. In the eastern division are over forly boxes of ribbed glass, threeeighths inch in thickness, and about 2x7 feet in size for the roof of the garden. The frame of the first story of the western division is up and the an appropriation by the legislature for the erection of a retaining wall of work is well in hand and the whole huge structure will be covered in good time before the rainy season sets The building will, without doubt, be brought to San Francisco. what the committee claim for it, the finest and largest building of its kind

A Sailor Browned.

Harry Downing, a seafaring man, aged 36 years, was drowned off the Cal., while bathing with some comed wife: "When you find your panions. When reached he was getting angry again fill your feebly swimming with his head under mouth with water and keep it shut water. He could not be resuscitated.

A large number of deer have been found dead in the woods near Grass Valley, Cal. It is supposed poison has been put out on their feeding

Earthquake at San Jose

Disastrous Cloud Burst. There was a great cloud-burst at

and several persons were severely injured. Killed by a Caving Bank.

8. T .- Johns was killed at Austin, Nev., by a caving bank in the Magnolia mine.

Killed by a Train.

Frank Maley, a twelve-year-old boy attempted to jump on a passenger train on the railroad bridge at Sacto, Cal. He was knocked down and received injuries which caused his death

'An Earthquake Shock.

appeared to be up and down and was eccompanied by a deep rumbling As it occurred during the sound. hour of morning service in the churches it created momentary consternation in some of the edifices, al though in no instance was there an effort to leave the buildings.

Killed by Drinking Coal Cil.

The 3-year-old son of Joseph Frey, r., of Santa Cruz, Cal., died from drinking coal oil. He and an older brother were playing, and the latter asked the little fellow to suck a long time at the spout of a coal oil can The child drank quite a quantity and died the second day.

Suicide of a Student.

Carl Riley, a student of a business ollege at San Francisco, while in a supposed state of momentary insanity himself in the eye with a Smith & Wesson revolver. The ball went through his head and lodged in the He was but 18 years of age. His parents reside in Woodland, Cal., and his father is reputed to be a wealthy land owner. For the shat sick, but his illness was of such nature as not to excite comment. When his room was searched his trunk was packed, but no letters were found to shed any light upon the case.

Captain and Crew Drunk

Henry Weatherbee, owner of the

entirely, by the captain and crew being under the influence of liquor.

Sad Awakening of a Wife. When Mrs. S. D. Smith awoke, at Marysville, Cal, and reached over to kiss her husband at her side, she found he was dead. The cause was

heart disease.

Mrs. Hutchins, an aged widow, has glass side, breaking the glass and cut-been living alone at Albany, Or., for that he will less his one side. It is believed made in the ten preceeding years. some time. A friend, who happened to call, found the door locked. ing assistance, the window was pried up and an entrance effected. Hutchins, in getting up, had fallen in such a manner as to break her hip. surgeon was sent for, and the poor eld York. It is asserted that a systematic lady was properly attended to. Reing aged and feeble, her recovery is doubtful. Her husband died a few months ago, a county charge.

Fire at Harrisville.

Fire broke out at Harrisville, Cal., in a large brick building owned by tor, that the famous old clipper ship so that the ore is not handled from the Mrs. E. C. Ross and occupied by Tuen time it leaves the mine till it is in the Wo & Co., Chinese butchers, and wrecked on the codst of New Found-shape of pigs. The company received Quong Lung, Chinese general merchandise. It started in Anamba and sixty tons from the story among a lot of oil and lard. The building is gutted on the second floor and is badly damaged on the ground floor. The total loss to both places is \$9 000. The building was insured for

Murder in Chinatown.

Lung Bark Heong was stabbed and San Francisco. The police were notified of the murder by Tin Tock, foreman of a gang of Chinese laborers, who stated that he had paid Heong and several others \$90 each during the day for work. Several Chinamen occupying the building said they heard a struggle and Heong exclaim that he was being robbed. The police arrested a number of Chinese on suspicion.

Died on Ship Board.

John Freeman Smith, aged 70, a resident of Visalia, Cal., died on the steamer Acapulco, of typhoid-malarial The body was embalmed and

Discovery of Iron Ore.

Large quantities of ore have been discovered on Lopez island, near Port Townsend, W. T. Shafts are being sunk, and Peter Kirk, of Seattle, is examining the ore, which, it is claimed excels the Texada ore of British Col umbia. The mine was located and tested by George G. McNamara, and assays 32 per cent.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

White Wives for Chinamen.

Sam Wah, a Chinaman, and his wife Augusta, a white woman, were locked up at the armory police station at Chicago, charged with bringing white women from Milwaukee and fur nishing them for wives to Chinamer A severe earthquake shock was felt at \$25 each. Through their matriat San Jose, Cal. The vibrations con- monial agency it is charged four or tinued five seconds. No damage was five local Chinamen have been fur-

A Check Lost or Stolen.

An alarm was sent out from New Perris, Cal. A house was blown down York police headquarters warning the banks to stop payment of a check for 1,480, drawn by D. D. Withers to the order of Geo. W. Hearst, the California senator, and endorsed by him. Both are prominent horsemen, and the check represented the balance of a trade between them. It was either

Big Fire in a Brewery.

Fire broke out in the brewery buildings of Henry Elias, in New York. Three upper stories of the main structure were burned out, and the ice house was completely wrecked. Above the second story in the ice medal prepared was a five-pointed house was stored \$180,000 worth of star, tipped with trefoil, each point A sharp shock of earthquake was this was totally destroyed, the loss, felt at San Francisco. The motion exclusive of the stored beer, will foot up more than \$150,000. The buildings were valued at \$600,000, and inured for \$200,000

Bied in the Street.

Augustus V. Braconeer, a wellknown young man of St. Louis, who American eagle, and linked with the has run through with his fortune, was found on the street with his skull fractured and has since died. MA citizen reported to the police that he had seen a man thrown out of Patrick Montague's saloon near where Braconeer was found, and saw, the proprietor strike a man. The police arrested Patrick Montague, Edward Montague, his brother, Charles E. Pówell, a lawyer, and Dr. Pococ, who were in the saloon at the time. ing to Braconeer's high connections and unfortunate life, the case is exciting much interest.

A Double Suicide

Patrick Linch and Annie Driscoll were found dead in a bedroom at Willow, Coney island. The gas had been turned on, possibly with the object of double suicide.

A Child Devoured by an Engle-The two-months-old son of Wm Beattie, a farmer who lives on the Cimarron river, Kansas, was taken up by an eagle, while the child was play-ing in the front yard, and carried off. The babe was partly devoured, and was dead before the neighbors found

Wm. Syms, baggage master on the

chooner was caused almost, if not Fort Wayne road, was found dead in the car near Beaver Falls. He had blown out his brains with the express messenger's revolver. The latter was asleep and knew nothing of the trag-edy until awakened by the conductor

> Accident to a Helena Man. George Crocker, a wealthy cattle man of Helens, Montana, met with

Thieving Conductors.

that he will lose his eye sight.

Several Wagner palace car conduccourse of thieving, running into thousands of dollars, was discovered.

The Dreadnaught Wrecked.

News has reached New York, by the schooner Flying Scud, just from a fishing cruise on the coast of Labra-Dreadnaught is one of the vessels

A Lynching in Missouri.

Word comes from Steeleville, Mo. that Louis Davis was lynched by a mob of forty men. The jail was broken open with sledge hammers and Davis was soon overpowered, taken a half mile and lynched. made no confession. He was charged with murdering David Miller last killed by some unknown assailant at field. Davis's boots fitted the tracks of the murderer.

Matal Prize Fight.

A prize fight took place at Grand Forks, Dakota, between George Fulljames and an unknown. Fulliames received a blow over the heart that knocked him out and resulted in his death. The unknown was arrested will be noticeable. Fields that have and locked up, but afterwards made been rolled can be mowed easier, and his escape.

Pleasure Seekers Drowned.

The Erie railroad ferryboat swamped small boat between the New York and New Jersey shore, throwing three young men and a girl into the water. The girl and one of the men were drowned, and the bodies swept away by the tide.

A Gigantic Robbery.

Thieves entered the pay car on the ake Shore road, in the outskirts of Buffalo, N. Y., administered ether to to the occupants, and escaped with

A Murderer Arrested.

A man supposed to be the murderer of S. Morris Waln and Harry Stone of Philadelphia and New York, was arrested at Lander, N. Y., while trying to dispose of a camp outfit.

MEDALS OF HONOR.

How Uncle Sam Rewards the Heaves of

His Army and Navy. medal of honor/is the one decorathose of its soldiers and sailors who distinguished themselves by acts of in- The worm never gets a second taste of dividual gallantry. This decoration this insect destroyer. Apply it early was authorized for military service by in the morning, while dew a joint resolution passed by both houses of Congress and approved July 12, 1862, authorizing the President "to cause 2,000 medals of honor to be prepared with suitable emblematic de vices, and to direct that the same be presented in the name of Congress to such non-commissioned officers and privates as shall most distinguish themselves by their gallantry in action and their soldier-like qualities during the present insurrection." This was followed March 3, 1863, by an act authorizing the additional issue of medals of honor for such officers, noncommissioned officers, and privates as have most distinguished, or may hereafter most distinguish, themselves in action," appropriating \$20,000 to defray the expenses of the same. The beer, and it is thought possible that containing a crown of laurel and oak; in the middle, within a circle of thirty-four stars, America is personified as Minerva, with her left hand resting on the fasces, while with her right, in which she holds a shield bearing the arms of the United States, she repels Discord. The whole is suspended by a trophy of two crossed cannon and a sword surmounted by the dependent star. A ribbon of thirteen stripes, blue and white, headed with a stripe of plain blue, unites it with a clasp consisting of two cornucopias and the arms of the United States. The medal is of bronze, and no distinction has as yet been made by giving medals of silver or gold where services of peculiar heroism have been performed. This medal is within the reach of the numblest private in the army, and is prized by its most distinguished officers. large majority of those who have received the medal were enlisted men in the volunteer ranks during the civil war, but many have also been conferred upon members of the regular armyact only for heroic acts during the war, but similar deeds while engaged in fighting the hostile Indians in the ardous campaigns on the frontier. The medals of honor for the navy were authorized by an act of Congress passed in the latter part of 1861, to be ecorded by the Secretary of the Navy to such petty officers and others of in-ferior rank as should most distinguish themselves by their gallantry in action in the navy during the war. It was a

Union crushing the monster Rebellion around which were thirty-three stars the number of States then in the Union

The naval medals were accorded to 320 persons. Those given in the army amounted to several thousand.—Car-

AGRICULTURAL

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF FARMERS AND STOCKMEN,

Sylvania, G., has a stalk of corn ten feet high, and which contains seven well-developed shoots, six of which have put out silks.

a serious accident. A cab in which he was riding dashed against a curb stone, throwing Crocker against the More improvement in the farm and draft horses of this country has been glass aid, breaking the glass and cut-made in the past five years than were

Next to a sure and certain provision for the great beyond, the health of the farmer and that of his household tors have been discharged at New should be his first concern. Oftentimes he makes it his last concern

> Mr. J. S. Woodward says he has been successful in curing the blackknot of plum trees in its early stage by the use of turpentine. He cuts off the knot and applies the turpentine.

The damage done to fruit trees by rabbits, borers and insects, may be prevented by applying pine tar to the odies of the trees. Warm! the tar and apply with a brush.

No farmer can continue raising scrub stock. Between twenty years of farming with scrub stock, and twenty years of farming with improved stock, there will be a difference in profits equal to the price of a fine

The union between scion and stock takes place by the inner bark, and not by the cut surface of the wood; .consequently the skill of the grafter is exercised to bring the inner bark of the scion in close contract with the inner bark of the stock.

On all the fields where the mowers are to be used the advantage of the land having been previously rolled the work done more completely than where the land is rough.

The carcass of every animal that dies of disease should be burned Only by this proce s can the virus and germs be snnihilated, and the spread of the disease be prevented. This is especially true of animals dying of diseases known to be contag-

President Chamberlain, of the Iowa Agricultural College, does not believe in permanent pastures, preferring a regular rotation of crops, with clover and timothy meadow for two years of the rotation. The land, under rotation, is in better heart, and you get more grass, relatively.

The more the cabbage plants are hoed the better they will thrive. The cabbage is a plant that succeeds best when given clean cultivation and of mauure, as it is a grass feeder. During dry seasons the loose earth around the plants assist in retaining moisture.

The sour currants are sure to be plagued with the current worm. Look ion given by the United States to for them. A little hellebore dusted on the leaves is an efficient protection. leaves of the bushes.

The pineapple season is now at its height. New York merchants are receiving about ten thousand barrels a The barrels contain twentyfive to thirty extra large "pines," or orty to sixiy small ones. The season from April until August, and about five million pineapples are imported each year.

An oblong form is better than a quare one for the home garden. Seeds sown or planted in rows instead of ittle beds simplifies the whole matter, and admits of the use of the plow and cultivator instead of the spade, the hoe and the rake, and makes its cul tivation a pleasure instead of a

A. C. Hammond, secretary of the "I mean that I deserve all I get be-Illinois Horticultural Society, says he sprayed his orchard of 300 trees with Lendon purple and gathered 500 bushels of apples, 85 per cent. of which were marketable and nearly 75 per cent. perfect. From the same number of unsprayed trees in an adoining orchard he did not gather a peck of perfect fruit.

It does not take long to patch up and save a tree that has been completely girdled with mice. Take several slips of last year's growth of required length, shave each of the above and the other below in the living bark. A union will be formed and the seared place will, after a few years, be grown over. While new bark is being formed on the grafts, the girdle place should be covered with soil to exclude air. It is well to use these whip grafts wherever a large patch has been eaten out. In a tree girdled all around, four or five grafts should be inserted; They should be of the same variety as the tree is grafted to, and to make sure of this, had bet ter be cut from the tree to be operated upon.

-An American writing from the Orinoco river sends home word that in a sixty days' trip he has shot 380 alligators and 90 jaguars. There are imes when we are compelled to be-ieve that the pen is mightier than the pronze in the form of a star with five

-Essex, Mass., is proud of a certain enerable pear tree which still bears aves and blossoms and occas fruit, and which was planted by John Coggswell, who sailed from Bristol, nd, May 23, 1635, and settled in

MARKET REPORT.

RELIABLE QUOTATIONS CAREFULLY RE VISED EVERY WEEK.

WHEAT— Valley, \$1 30@\$1 31 Walla Walla, \$1 20@1 221.

BARLEY- Whole, \$1 10@1 124; round, per ton, 325 00@27 50.

OATS-Milling, 32@34c.; feed, 44 @45c. HAY-Baled, \$10@\$13.

SEED-Blue Grass, 141@16c.; Timothy, 94@10c.; Red Clover, 14@15c.

FLOUR- Patent Roller, \$4 00

Country Brand, \$3 75. EGGS-Per doz, 25c.

BUTTER-Fancy roll, per pound 25c.; pickled, 20@25c.; grade, 15@25c.

CHEESE—Eastern, 16@20c.; Ore-on, 14@16c.; California, 144c.

VEGETABLES- Beets, per sack, \$1 50; cabbage, per lb., 2\frac{2}{2}c.; carrots, per sk., \$1 25; lettuce, per doz. 20c.; onions, \$1 00; potatoes, per 100 lbs., 40@50c.; radishes, per doz., 15@20c.; rhubarb, per lb., 6c.

HONEY—In comb, per lb., 18c.; strained, 5 gal. tins, per lb. 8½c.

POULTRY - Chickens, per doz. 84 00@6 00; ducks, per doz., \$5 00@ 00; geese, \$6 00@8 00; turkeys, per lb., 124c.

PROVISIONS-Oregon hams, 121c per lb.; Eastern, 13@13½c.; Eastern breakfast bacon, 12½c. per lb.; Oregon 10@12c.; Eastern lard, 10@11½c. per lb.; Oregon, 104c.

GREEN FRUITS— Apples, \$ 50 @ 85c.; Sicily lemons, \$6 00@6 50 California, \$3 50@5 00; Navaloranges \$6 00; Riverside, \$4 00; Mediterra-

DRIED FRUITS-Sun dried apples, 7½c. per lb.; machine dried, 10@ 11c; pitless plums, 13c,; Italian prunes, 10@14c.; peaches, 124@14c.; raisins, \$2 40@2 50.

WOOL-Valley, 17@18c.; Eastern Oregon. 9@15c.

HIDES-Dry beef hides, 8@10c. culls, 6@7c.; kip and calf, 8@10c.; Marrain, 10 @12c.; tallow, 3@34c.

LUMBER-Rough, per M, \$10 00; edged, per M, \$12 00; T. and G. sheathing, per M, \$13 00; No. 2 flooring, per M, \$18 00; No. 2 ceiling, per M, \$18 00; No. 2 rustic, per M, \$18 00; clear rough, per M, \$20 00; clear P. 4 S, per M, \$22 50; No. 1 flooring, per M, \$22 50; No. 1 ceiling, per M, \$22 50; No. 1 ceiling, per M, \$22 50; No. 1 rustid, per M, \$22 50; stepping, per M, \$25 00; over 12 inches wide, extra, \$1.00; lengths 40 to 50, extra, \$2 00; lengths 50 to 60 extra, \$4 00; 1½ lath, per M, \$2 25; 1½ lath, per M, \$2 50.

BEANS-Quote small whites, \$4 50 pinks, \$3; bayos, \$3; butter, \$4 50; Limas, \$4 50 per cental.

COFFEE-Quote Salvador, Costa Rica, 18@20c.; Rio, 18@20c.; Java, 27½c.; Arbuckle's's reasted, 22c. MEAT-Beef, wholesale, 21603c.

dressed, 6c.; sheep, 3c; dressed, hogs, dressed, 8@9c.; veal, 5@7c. PICKLES-Kegs quoted steady at

\$1 35. SALT-Liverpool grades of quoted \$18, \$19 and \$20 for the three sizes; stock salt, \$10.

SUGAR-Prices for barrels; Golden C,6gc.; extra C,6gc.; dry granulated, 75c.; crushed, fine crushed, cube and powdered, 74c.; extra C, 68c.; halves and boxes, tc. higher.

HE GREW CARELESS. Why a Horse-Thief Did Not Object to

"Have you anything to say why senence should not be pronounced upon you?" asked Judge Noonan, of San Antonio, of a converted horse-thief.

"No. Judge, I've not got any thing much to say. It's all my own fault. 1 brought it on myself." "I suppose you got into bad com-

pany." "No, that's not what I meant." "What did you mean?"

cause I didn't stick to my campaign plan. As long as I stole horses accord ing to my campaign plan I never was cotched. The owner of the hoss never followed me."

"Why, how was that?" "Whenever I stole a man's hoss I made it a rule to run away with his

wife, and then he never followed me. Taking his wife off sorter reconciled him to the loss of the hoss, but as soon as I quit taking the woman along I was follered and arrested. Jess sock it to me, Jedge. I deserve all you kin give me for being sich a darned fool.' "You are a very dangerous man to

be at large in this section of the country," replied the Judge, assessing the maximum penalty of fiteen years ---A new French device for applying perfume is a pencil, which is rubbed on the article to be scented. All the fashionable odors, such as violet, heliotrope, etc., are now sold in this form in Paris.

-The dog corps in the French army is being carefully trained at Belfort. Large dogs are chosen. Every day they are shown soldiers in German uniforms and taught to fly at them on

A Literary Genius

sight.

Jones-I say, Smith, I understand that Brown is something of a literary

Smith-Literary man, yes. Why, Brown writes for the waste baskets of some of the leading newspapers and dogs, and in one place they pass as

-"I notice," remarked Amy, "that the milk shake is making a heap of fuss now." "Yes," replied the High School girl, "the lacteal agitation is responsible for considerable perturba

A RAJAH'S MANSION.

Description of a Visit to the Elegant Home of an Indian Prince.

When I was finishing a busy day, in company with Mr. May, we stopped at the house of a Rajah, on a side of Calcutta which I had not visited before. The magnificent home of a native Hindu Prince is always a place of interest. The fact that such a thing exists, is of itself remarkable. The English have had matters their own way. and, like the Clive, could easily have absorbed about all the wealth of the country. On the contrary, they have been just and moderate. Even the Princes who arrayed themselves against India during the mutiny have not been turned adrift without a rupee. Many of the noble families are to-day drawing pensions from the general treasury, and living in vast luxury. There are many others, however, who seem to have been in no way connected with the political complications of the country, and are in the undisturbed enjoyment of their vast estates. The English respect for native rights in India is one of the most remarkable illustrations of political justice in history. It is as far above modern Spain's treatment of her colonial possessions, or ancient Rome's procedure in relation to her conquered provinces, as Christianity is above and beyond either ancient or modern paganism.

The entrance from the street to this Rajah's home is large, and unguarded by servants. There is a large circular court, with a pond for marine fowls and fishes. In the trees there are parrots and other tame birds.

Our cards at the door of the great nansion secured us prompt admission. The furniture was rich, and mostly in European style, but there were some old pieces of elaborate Indian workmanship. Marble objects of ornament. and rich floors, and finely wrought wainscoting, and tall mirrors were to be seen on every hand. The rooms were in part in suits, and in part located singly, as quiet nooks for conversa-tion, and retirement. Some of the larger halls and chambers were in prodess of new decoration.

In India much of the work of embel-I shing, and even of the more solid decoration in stone, is done by artists in the house, and not in the distant workshops. The marble cutters, instead of finishing the objects away from the house, do it on the spot where they are to be used. It is no short task, therefore, to put a native house in order in India. Wood and stone are brought to the place in the rough and the workmen, in large numbers carry out their plans within the eye of the owner of the house. In this Rajah's house was all the litter of a great Flor entine murble workshop. Here was work going on in fine mosaic, the artists, no doubt, having come from Agra for the special purpose. There were many servants and overseers, some of them clad in picturesque oriental costume, and all having their

specific duties. The grandson of the Rajah, acourtly young g ntleman, conversed with us a few minutes, and then withdrew. The intelligent attendant who had received us at first was in no haste, but gave us ample time to examine this immense building and all its appointments and the surrounding grounds. One thing here greatly astonished me—the apparent modesty of the wealthy native. If he has an ostentatious spirit, it is hard to detect it. He says nothing in praise of his rare birds, or fine mosaics, vast halls, or the immense boa con strictors, which wind about, or sleep in the readow behind the close He simply stands at a distance, or leaves a servant with you, and only bows his head in acknowledgement of any words of appreciation which you

may say concerning any beautiful or surprising collection. DR. HAY'S THEORY.

Dr. George Hay, a London chemist,

How a London Chemist Would Dispose of the Bodies of the Dead.

advances a plan for the disposition of the dead bodies of human beings. He advocates an economic distribution of the remains, so that they may return to the elements as soon as possible, if for no other purpose than to furnish a fertilizer. Dr. Hay would pulverize the body with the aid of machinery. He says: "The machines might be contrived so as to break the bones first in pieces of the size of a hen egg, next into fragments of the size of a marble, and the mangled and lacerated mass could next be reduced by means of chopping machines and steam power to mincemeat. At this stage we have a homogeneous mixture of the entire body structure in the form of a pulpus mass of raw meat and raw bo This mass should now be dried thoroughly by means of steam heat at a temperature of two hundred and fifty degrees, or a pressure of thirty pounds to the inch; because firstly, we wish to reduce the material to a condition convenient for handling, and, secondly, we wish to disinfect it, as no infectious or contagious disease can retain its vitality at this temperature. Once in this condition would command a good price for the purpose of manure. Another method is boiling in close vessels. The oil which would rise to the top may be drawn off to be converted into soap or a lubricant. The residue may by various simple processes be converted into fertilizing material." His final and most brilliant suggestion is the "dis-tillation method." The bodies are to be placed in gas retorts, and in about six hours will be converted into illuminating gas, water, ammonia, tar and animal charcoal. By subsequent distillations, such substances as sulphate of ammonia, aniline colors and cor ic acid may be obtained. It is this

the writer. - St. Paul Pioneer-Press. -in some of the counties of Dakota magazines in the country.—N. Y. Sun. currency. A man goes into a saloon and for his drinks throws on the country. that for his drinks throws on the countries of fuss chool sonsin."— dog tails going into the contribution box. but so it is.