

THE OREGON REGISTER.

"A GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE, FOR THE PEOPLE, AND BY THE PEOPLE."

VOL. VII.

LAFAYETTE, YAMHILL COUNTY, OREGON, FRIDAY, JULY 6, 1888.

NO. 48.

The Oregon Register

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

—AT—

LAFAYETTE, OREGON

—BY—

FRANK S. HARDING.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Copy, per year, in advance, \$2 00

Copy, six months in advance, 1 00

Entered at the postoffice in Lafayette, Oregon, as second class matter.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

UNITED STATES.

Senator..... Grover Cleveland

Secretary of State..... Thos. F. Bayard

Secretary of the Treasury..... Chas. S. Fairchild

Secretary of the Interior..... Wm. F. Vilas

Secretary of War..... Wm. C. Endicott

Secretary of the Navy..... W. C. Whitney

Major General..... Don M. Dickinson

Adjutant General..... A. H. Garland

CONGRESSIONAL.

Representative..... J. H. Mitchell

Representative..... J. N. Dolph

Representative..... Biuger Hermann

STATE.

Governor..... Sylvester Pennoyer

Secretary..... Geo. W. McBride

Comptroller..... G. W. Webb

Public Instruction..... E. B. McElroy

Primer..... Frank Baker

W. W. Thayer

Wm. P. Lord

R. S. Staiban

DISTRICT.

R. P. Boise

Geo. W. Belt

W. L. Bradshaw

COUNTY.

L. Longhaff

Geo. W. Briedwell

F. J. Harris

W. W. Nelson

Wyatt Harris

J. D. Fenton

George Dorsey

J. S. Hilgus

TOWN.

John Thompson

Thomas H. Eaton

M. J. Hanson

Henry Hopkins

Z. E. Perkins

E. Carpenter

B. W. Dunn

W. W. Nelson

THE LAW OF NEWSPAPERS.

Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary are considered as wishing their subscriptions to continue until all arrears are paid.

Subscribers neglecting to or refuse to take their papers from the office to which they are directed, they are held responsible for the same, and the publishers are not bound to deliver them to any other place without the order of the publisher, and the papers are to be returned to the office to which they are directed.

COURTS HAVE DECIDED THAT REFUSING TO TAKE THEIR PAPERS FROM THE OFFICE OR REMOVING THEM UNCALLED FOR IS PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE OF INTENTIONAL FRAUD.

POSTMASTER WHO REFUSES TO GIVE THE NAME OF THE NEAREST PERSON TO TAKE THE PAPER AT HIS OFFICE, IS HELD RESPONSIBLE TO THE PUBLISHER FOR THE SUBSCRIPTION.

CHURCH NOTICE.

Services will be held at the following times by the M. E. pastor in charge of the circuit:

Monday—11 a. m. West Chehalis; 3 p. m. same place.

Tuesday—Lafayette, morning and evening.

Wednesday—11 a. m. Pike school house; Saturday evening previous, at Anderson's school house.

Thursday—11 a. m. Carlton; 3 p. m. Lafayette. Preacher in charge.

PRESBYTERIAN SERVICES.

Services will be conducted by Rev. J. C. Michaux at the Presbyterian church, as follows:

First Sabbath of each month at Lafayette.

Fourth Sabbath at Zena.

Bath at McCoy. All cordially invited.

J. Burt Moore,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Newberg, Oregon.

J. C. MICHAUX,

LAFAYETTE, OREGON.

Active experience of nine years in the service of the people of Lafayette and surrounding country.

C. Stephens,

PRACTICAL

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

Lafayette, Oregon.

First class stock of watches, clocks, and spectacles and sells at unprecedented prices.

Clocks and Jewelry repairing a specialty—All work warranted.

Call on me a call.

T. C. STEPHENS.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, June 22, 1888.

Mr. Cleveland has already written his letter of acceptance. It will probably be made public next week. It is said to be a strong document.

Chairman Patrick Collins has called a meeting of the committee appointed by the St. Louis convention to notify Mr. Cleveland of his nomination, for the 26th inst. in this city. On the same day the national committee will meet here and organize for the campaign. Judge Thurman will also be here, and preparations are being made by the local democrats for a big ratification meeting on the evening of the same day, at which it is expected Judge Thurman will make a speech.

Verify the good work of revenue reform goes on. The latest recruit to the ranks is Hon. A. P. Fitch, who was elected to the present congress as a republican from one of the New York city districts. Republican opposition to revenue reform has caused him to openly renounce his allegiance to that party, and to make application to the Tammany society of New York for membership. Mr. Fitch says that war taxes in time of peace are more than he can stand. He wants to belong to the party which believes in collecting only sufficient taxes to meet the necessary expenses of economically conducting the government. That want has naturally brought him into the ranks of the democratic party.

Attorney General Garland has recovered from his recent illness.

Mrs. Cleveland will open the Ohio centennial exposition at Cincinnati, at 12 o'clock, July 4th.

Senator Voorhees will deliver the annual address to the literary societies of the University of Virginia next Tuesday. The president and Mrs. Cleveland will attend, leaving and returning here the same day. Mr. Voorhees also intends to be back to Washington in time to make a speech at the ratification meeting Tuesday night.

On Tuesday last Secretary Bayard sent to the house of representatives a letter from Count Arco, the German minister to the United States, in which the count states that he duly transmitted to his government the resolution of the house of the 15th inst., expressing sympathy with the German nation on account of the death of Emperor Frederick. The resolution was, he says, laid before Emperor William, and instructed him (Count Arco) to thank the house of representatives through the government of the United States for their manifestations of regard.

The wrangling of the republicans at Chicago is greatly enjoyed by the democrats here.

Congressman Timothy Campbell, of New York, made a bet with Congressman Page, of California, of \$5,000 that Cleveland and Thurman would carry New York. Since that was published every mail brought hundreds of letters from New York democrats asking if they can get any more bets like that one. So far, Mr. Page is the only man found who is willing to con-

tribute \$5,000 to help keep up the drooping spirits of his party.

The house has done a good week's work on the regular appropriation bills, and there now seems to be a probability that all of them will be passed by the end of the current fiscal year, June 30th. Indeed these measures have been pushed along so vigorously notwithstanding the absence of so many republican members who are at Chicago, that the remark has been made that "Congress can work better and accomplish more without a quorum than with it."

More "pairs" are in existence this week in both the senate and house than were ever on record at one time before. The Chicago convention is the cause of it.

General Sheridan's condition has continued about the same the past week. There is no decided improvement, but there has been no return of heart failure, which for a time occurred at intervals of every three days, and consequently the distinguished patient and his family are hopeful.

Commissioner Wright, of the labor bureau, has submitted estimates aggregating \$153,540 for the expenses of the new department of labor for the next fiscal year, of which \$84,740 are for salaries. It is thought that Mr. Wright will be put in charge of the new department.

At last a statue of Ben. Franklin is to be erected in this city.

WORDS OF TRUTH.

The issues before the country must be settled by sober, intelligent, patriotic thought. Personal abuse and acts of violence settle nothing, but, on the contrary, inflame the baser passions and engender a feeling of bitterness which often mars the beauty of our political system. Because men differ as to the course this great country should pursue is no reason why they should quarrel, impeach each other's morals and patriotism, and fill the air with bludgeons and billingsgate. The great mass of American citizens are patriotic to the heart's core, are desirous of advancing the power and glory and happiness of this great republic of ours; but they cannot agree among themselves as to the methods which will best subserve their common wishes. Popular government is an everlasting dispute between the advocates of diverging views, and the opposition is quite as serviceable in administering the government as the dominant party. The "outs" point out the errors, mistakes and shortcomings of the "ins" and do general police duty as special guardians of the public purse and welfare. When all is said and done, we remain good Americans, and the government goes on as usual. If we make a mistake the ballot-box corrects it. Fools and traitors are not nominated for the presidency, and the moral sense of the public goes through a debasing experience when policies of pith and moment are debated with the slime and filth of personal detraction.—S. F. Alta.

The Chicago Tribune said: There are a hundred delegates, sympathizers with Jay Gouldism, who prefer Harrison to Gresham.

A LETTER FROM INGALLS.

The Chicago News published the following letter in fac simile, which it says was received by a member of the Kansas delegation to Chicago:

VICEPRESIDENT'S CHAMBER,

WASHINGTON, D. C. June 16.

Yours of the 13th inst. is at hand. It don't make much difference who is nominated. In my judgment the candidate will cut but a small figure in the fight. We can elect anybody, or we shall fail. The least conspicuous, and therefore the least complicated man, will be the best—somebody like Hays in 1876. Among all the men named there is not one "leader"; no one whose personal or historical relations to the past would make a difference of 1000 votes in the canvass. Sherman, Allison, Harrison, etc., have records that would be awkward on the tariff, the currency, the Chinese question, etc. Depew's connection with railroads and corporations would be a heavy load, especially in the agricultural states. We might as well nominate Gould or Vanderbilt at once. My impression is that Alger or Gresham come nearer filling the bill than the others, with some fellow like Phelps of New Jersey, who could reach the conservative forces of the East, and get contributions from the manufacturers and wall street. But you can judge much better than I what is best after consulting with the delegates. I have the use of the wires during the convention, by the courtesy of the company, and you can therefore telegraph me fully at all times if anything of interest transpires.

JOHN J. INGALLS.

THE KAISER AND THE STEAM HAMMER.

The emperor displayed great interest the working of the steam hammer, and Herf Krupp took the opportunity of speaking in high praise of the workman who had special charge of it. "Ackerman has a sure eye," said he, "and can stop the falling hammer at any moment. A hand might be placed on the anvil without fear, and he would stop the hammer within a hair's breadth of it."

"Let us try," said the emperor, but not with a human hand—try my watch; and he laid it, a splendid specimen of work, richly set with brilliants, on the anvil. Down came the immense mass of steel, and Ackerman, with his hand on the lever, stopped it just the sixth of an inch from the watch.

When he went to hand it back, the emperor replied, kindly: "No, Ackerman. Keep the watch in memory of an interesting moment."

The workman, embarrassed, stood with outstretched hand, not knowing what to do. Krupp came forward and took the watch, saying: "I'll keep it for you if you are afraid to take it from his Majesty."

A few minutes later they again passed the spot, and Krupp said: "Now you can take the emperor's present from my hand," and handed Ackerman the watch, wrapped up in a one thousand mark note.

The notification committee of the democratic national convention have notified President Cleveland of his renomination by the St. Louis convention. He accepted in a few well chosen words. In a few days his formal letter of acceptance will be published.

SEVEN PRESIDENTIAL TICKETS.

There are so far seven presidential tickets in the field for next November's election, and a voter need not want for a list to choose from. They are:

Albert E. Redstone, of California, for president, and John Calvin, of Kansas, for vicepresident, nominated at Washington on February 22, by the industrial reform party.

Belva Lockwood, of the District of Columbia, for president, and Alfred H. Love, of Pennsylvania, for vicepresident, nominated at Des Moines, Iowa, on May 15, by woman suffragists.

A. J. Streeter, of Illinois, for president, and Charles E. Cunningham, of Arkansas, for vicepresident, nominated at Cincinnati on May 16, by the union labor party.

Robert H. Cowdry, of Illinois, for president, and W. H. T. Wakefield, of Kansas, for vicepresident, nominated at Cincinnati on May 17, by the united labor party.

C. B. Fisk, of New Jersey, for president, and John A. Brooks, of Kansas City, Mo., for vicepresident, nominated at Indianapolis on May 31, by the prohibitionists.

Grover Cleveland, of New York, for president, and Allen G. Thurman, of Ohio, for vicepresident, nominated at St. Louis on June 5, by the democratic party.

Benjamin Harrison, of Indiana, for president, and Levi P. Morton, of New York, for vicepresident, nominated at Chicago on June 25, by the republican party.

PATENTS GRANTED.

To citizens of the Pacific states during the past week, and reported expressly for this paper by C. A. Snow & Co., patent lawyers, opposite U. S. Patent office, Washington:

California—B. C. Dorsey, Tulare, disk cultivator and seeder; M. O. Godding, danger signal for bridges; F. G. Mash, San Francisco, game counter; D. Stark, San Francisco, feed water heater; H. Swain, San Francisco, photographic camera; E. H. Thompson, Newark, seam generator. Oregon—J. D. Lee, Dallas, and J. H. Acton, Portland, shawl-strap and fire escape.

THE NAME OREGON.

The name of Oregon is derived from a Spanish word, oregano, signifying "wild thyme," and was given it on account of the abundance of the herb found by the early explorers. There are those, though, who hold that it was so named by Carver, from an Indian word meaning "river of the West." The state is called the "Webfoot State," and the people "Webfeet," because of the whimsical fable that so much rain falls in Oregon that the people become webfooted and paddle about in the water.—Ex.

The North German Gazette, Bismarck's organ and a high protectionist journal of the straightest sect, has this to say of President Cleveland: "Cleveland unites the unflinching integrity and fidelity to the constitution of a Washington with the popularity and patriotism of a Lincoln. He is the chief officer of a great nation, not a president who is elected to office by a party."

Hon. W. H. Barnum, of Connecticut, has been unanimously re-elected chairman of the democratic national committee.