

The Oregon Register.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY
LAFAYETTE - OREGON

A LATE Japanese invention is said to be a process of making from seaweed a sort of paper almost as transparent as glass and as tough as parchment.

THE best conductors of electricity are silver, copper, gold, zinc, platinum, iron, tin. The poorest conductors are dry air, ebonite, paraffine, resin, sulphur, sealing wax, glass, silk, wool, dry paper, porcelain.

If you are ever chased by bloodhounds it may be well to know that sheets of tissue paper placed on the ground under the feet and then removed carry with them every trace of the scent.

HERE'S another good argument for taking the tax off of tobacco. A Missouri wretch fired a pistol at a passenger train near Rich Hill, and the ball hit a passenger. It would have made a serious if not fatal wound but for the fact that he had a plug of chewing tobacco in his vest pocket. The bullet struck the plug, and was thus stopped in its course.

A CITIZEN of Orlando, Fla., has a dog that accompanies him everywhere even to church. One Sunday the owner concluded to break the canine of his church-going habits and ordered him home. The dog retreated until his master was out of sight, then promptly turned back, entered another church and remained until the service was over.

MR. GRAIG, of New York, undertook to drive a cat out of a cafe. The contract was a bigger one than he could fulfill without assistance. The cat jumped at him, bit him in the face, caught the lapel of his coat, scratched his chin, cheek and neck, and bit his left wrist through to the bone. The waiter had to pull the infuriated animal off.

DR. JULIUS POHLMAN thinks the reason why our teeth decay so fast is because we do not use them enough, and, like other organs that are not exercised, they tend to atrophy. Our teeth become weak because unused to hard work. The author warns mothers and nurses not to give the children soft food, if they would have them have good teeth—in other words, make them eat their crusts.

TELEPHONIC communication can be carried on between ships at sea by means of a sound-producing apparatus attached to each vessel, to be worked under the surface of the water. Each vessel also has a sound-receiving apparatus to take signals. Intelligible signals could be produced by this apparatus which would be transmitted through the water in all directions with considerable velocity.

THE family of a Georgian were awakened the other night by a great noise under the house which shook violently. At first they were sure that an earthquake was in progress, but investigation with a lantern showed that a cow was under the house. How she got there was a mystery, as she could not stand upright. It was her horns and back that made the noise and shook the house. The householder had to get a pick and spade and dig a ditch, in which the cow walked out.

METALS may be platinized by a new and cheap process in which the metallic object is covered with a mixture of borate of lead, oxide of copper and spirits of turpentine, and submitted to a temperature of from 250 deg. to 330 deg. This deposit, upon melting, spreads in a uniform layer over the object. Then a second coat is laid on, consisting of borate of lead, oxide of copper and oil of lavender. Next, by means of a brush, the object is covered with a solution of chloride of platinum, which is finally evaporated of a temperature of not more than 200 deg. The platinum adheres firmly to the surface and exhibits a brilliant aspect. If the deposit be made upon the first coat the platinum will have a dead appearance. Platinizing in this way costs, it is said, about one-tenth the price of nickel-plating.

TELEGRAPHIC. CONGRESSIONAL.

An Epitome of the Principal Events Now Attracting Public Interest.

Andrew Biebel and Mary Henne were drowned while crossing Crow river in a boat at Delano, Mich.

The factory and warehouse of the Eau Claire Sash & Door Company, at Eau Claire, Wis., burned. Loss, \$100,000; insurance, \$60,000.

Rear-Admiral Charles Stewart Baggs died at New Brunswick, N. J., of paralysis and general debility. He leaves a widow.

James Cummings, manager of the commercial agency, committed suicide at Dayton, Ohio, by shooting. He had been dealing heavily at bucket-shops.

C. S. Wertmer, known as a crack pigeon shot, has absconded with \$5000 belonging to the Waverly Building Association, of which he was the secretary.

Will English, colored, living in Bonham, Texas, stabbed his wife near the heart three times. He then stabbed himself in several places, inflicting fatal injuries. The cause was jealousy.

William Bullock, an employee of the West Shore railroad at Newark, Wayne county, New York, shot his wife four times with a revolver, killing her instantly. He then shot himself, inflicting a fatal wound.

A serious cutting affray took place in the suburbs of Fort Smith, Ark. Lizzie Posey, a lewd woman, stabbed Josie Martin in the breast fatally for appearing against her in the Police court. Mrs. Posey is in jail, and Josie Martin will die.

Phillip Held, a young farmer living fourteen miles west of Lemars, Iowa, shot and instantly killed his mother, and shortly afterward committed suicide. The trouble which existed for some time in the family culminated in a squabble over selling a horse.

Hardy Posey, colored, was lynched at Bessemer, Alabama, for an attempt to rape a girl 15 years of age. The town is surrounded by armed negroes, who threaten to burn the houses and kill the citizens to avenge the lynching of Posey.

Seven children in less than two years is the record of Mrs. Phoebe Lynch, of Seymour, Ind., who eighteen months ago gave birth to triplets, and who to-day is the mother of two boys and two girls. All seven, with their mother, are alive and well.

The abolition of slavery in Brazil is progressing with great rapidity. Hundreds of thousands who were slaves have been freed in the past few years, and it is proposed to set a fixed and early day when slavery shall cease.

Dexter, the famous trotter, died at the stable of Robert Bonner, in New York. He was thirty years old. He died of old age and exhaustion. Dexter was the greatest trotter of his day. He was the first horse to trot a mile in 2:17.

John Bogard, 16 years old, pleaded guilty at Kansas City, Mo., to murder in the first degree. He was sentenced to be hanged. Bogard held the hands of James Weir, at Independence, Mo., last January, while Charles E. Meyer struck him on the head, killing him. Meyer was tried last week, convicted and sentenced to be hanged.

Capt. Ramon Arguilles, of the Mexican army, and Adolfo Towesa, clerk in the Mexican national railway offices, quarreled in a restaurant at New Laredo, Mexico. At a meeting subsequently, Arguilles shot Towesa, wounding him in the groin. The latter returned the fire, killing his antagonist.

Policeman Clancy found a man named Chester Williams lying apparently dead on the back porch of a hotel in South Helena, Ark. His head was fearfully bruised either by a club or sand bag. He was taken to the station house, and was partially restored to sensibility. He says while he was walking along the levee a man ran up to him and knocked him in the head.

At a prayer meeting at a colored church in Berkeley county, S. C., two young men got into a row about a girl. They broke the meeting up. The preachers and church officers attempted to quiet the quarrelsome men, but they did not succeed. One of the men, named Brown, drew a pistol and blew the brain of his antagonist, Richardson, out right in the church building. The murderer has been arrested and jailed.

A duel between women occurred on the island of Corsica. The two viragoes concerned were named Francesca Fortunati and Benoit Pasqualini. A long and bitter hatred existed between them, and during a quarrel they agreed that one must die. Stilettes were the weapons employed, and they were plying with mad energy and rapidity. After a short and sharp struggle Benoit Pasqualini fell, stricken through the heart with her adversary's stiletto.

LEGISLATION PERTAINING TO THE INTEREST OF THE PACIFIC COAST.

SENATE. The house bill for the relief of the First National Bank of Portland, appropriating \$8249 for money advanced to the contractor for building a revenue cutter in 1875-76, was taken for the calendar, amended by adding several items for ship carpenters, etc., in connection with the same contract, and passed.

The conference report on the house joint resolution accepting the invitation of the French republic to take part in the International exposition in Paris, was agreed to. It fixes the appropriation at \$250,000.

The senate passed a number of public building bills, among which was a bill appropriating \$50,000 for a public building at Boulder, Colorado.

The house bill forbidding the making (in Washington and Georgetown) of "books" or "pools" on the results of trotting or running races, or boat races, or baseball, was passed.

HOUSE. The committee on elections submitted its report in the case of Frank vs. Glover, from the Ninth Congressional district of Missouri. It finds the contestant, Glover, entitled to the seat; placed on the calendar.

Bills were reported and placed upon the calendar for the erection of a public building at Cheyenne, Wyo., and increasing the appropriation for the purchase of a site for the public building at San Francisco.

A resolution providing for investigating the strike of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad was reported, and referred to the committee of the whole.

The senate bill granting a pension to the widow of Gen. James B. Ricketts, was amended to \$75 per month, and was passed.

Under the call of States, Dunn introduced a resolution, directing the committee on merchant marine and fisheries to investigate the fur seal fisheries of Alaska, and all contracts by the government for the taking of fur seals. The committee is also directed to investigate and report upon the nature and extent of the rights and interests of the United States in fur seal and other fisheries in Behring sea, and whether any legislation is necessary for better protection and preservation of such rights and interests. Also a resolution calling on the secretary of the treasury for information relative to fur seal fisheries in Alaska.

By Morrow—To execute certain treaty stipulations prohibiting Chinese immigration. Also authorizing the secretary of the navy to make surveys in the Pacific ocean to determine the extent and position of dangers in the track of commerce and navigation; and for the purpose of ascertaining proper locations for submarine telegraph cables.

The house passed the bill for relief of the Omaha tribe of Indians in Nebraska, and to extend the time of payment to purchasers of lands of said Indians.

PORTLAND PRODUCE MARKET.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Includes BUTTER, EGGS, DRIED FRUITS, FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, and various other commodities with their respective prices.

THE LESSONS OF "UNSER FRITZ" CASE.

The greatest doctors in Europe don't seem to know what ails "Unser Fritz." Thus are the Garfield and Grant episodes repeated, and public confidence in "expert" medical knowledge is again shaken.

The effect is a revolution. Since the fatal days of 1883, many of the doctrines of the schoolmen concerning extensive medication have been abandoned, and all schools of practice are more and more relying upon old-fashioned simple root and herb preparations and careful nursing, the only reliances known to our ancestors.

These methods and reliances are illustrated to-day in a series of old-fashioned roots and herbs preparations recently given to the world by the well-known proprietors of Warner's safe cure—preparations made from formulae possessed by many of our oldest families, and rescued for popular use, and issued under the happy designation of Warner's Log Cabin Remedies.

"My son," exclaimed a venerable woman to the writer when he was a boy, "my son, you're yellor and pale and weak like lookin', you're needin' a good shaking up with some sarsaparil."

A jug of spring sarsaparilla was just as necessary in the "winter supplies" of fifty years ago as was a barrel of pork, and a famous medical authority says that the very general prevalence of the use of such a preparation as Log Cabin Sarsaparilla explains the rugged health of our ancestors.

While Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla is an excellent remedy for all seasons of the year, it is particularly valuable in the spring, when the system is full of sluggish blood and requires a natural constitutional tonic and invigorator to resist colds and pneumonia, and the effects of a long winter. Philo M. Parsons, clerk of the City Hotel of Hartford, Conn., was prostrated with a cold which, he says, "seemed to settle through my body. I neglected it, and the result was my blood became impoverished and poisoned, indicated by inflamed eyes. I was treated but my eyes grew worse. I was obliged to wear a shade over them. I feared that I would be obliged to give up work."

"Under the operation of Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla and Liver Pills," he says, "the sore and inflamed eyes disappeared. My blood, I know, is in a healthier condition than it has been for years. I have a much better appetite. I shall take several more bottles for safety's sake. Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla is a great blood purifier and I most heartily recommend it."

A few bottles of Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla used in the family now will save many a week of sickness and many a dollar of bills. Use no other. This is the oldest, most thoroughly tested, and the best, is put up in the largest sarsaparilla bottle on the market, containing 120 doses. There is no other preparation of similar name that can equal it. The name of its manufacturers is a guarantee of its superior worth.

While the great doctors wrangle over the technicalities of an advanced medical science that cannot cure disease, such simple preparations yearly snatch millions from untimely graves.

On a Governor street car yesterday. Young married man in forcible tones: "I tell you I am boss of my house, and what I say there goes." Passenger on next seat leans over and remarks: "Beg pardon; but is your wife at home?" Young married man, in less forcible tones: "No, she's in the country." Everybody in the car smiled out loud. Providence Journal.

James J. West, who recently purchased the controlling interest in the Chicago Times, is under thirty years of age, and is said to have amassed \$600,000 within six years. Seven years ago he entered a publishing house in Chicago as a clerk at eight dollars a week; at the end of the third year he bought a fourth interest in the concern for \$66,500. Mr. West's original intention after he left college was to study for the ministry, which he did for a short time, but concluded that he was better suited to mercantile pursuits. Harper's Bazar.

A WOMAN'S WAY.

A Startling Business Proposition. A little over six weeks ago Mrs. Fowler of 327 Ellis street, San Francisco, stopped in at a leading city druggist's to ask what effect Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla, about which she had heard so much recently, would have in cases of dyspepsia and sick headache. She was assured that in most cases it would relieve both. She was, however, so incredulous that finally the druggist gave her a bottle, not to be paid for unless it effected a cure. A proposition so startlingly practical has seldom, if ever before, been made. The following just received is the convincing conclusion, and tells its own story:

San Francisco, February 8, 1888. DEAR SIR: I write to admit that, notwithstanding my misgivings, Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla did all that you promised. I had tried so many prescriptions, to no purpose, that I had come to believe nothing would relieve my dyspepsia and sick headaches, but I have not had a return of either since I commenced taking it. I believe I am permanently cured, but will, out of an abundance of caution, continue to take it regularly for a while yet. You have my permission to make this public, for it is my belief that a remedy that will cure dyspepsia and prevent sick headaches should be generally known. Respectfully,

Mrs. M. Fowler, 327 Ellis street.

AN ERA OF LETTERS.

One of the most notable changes of the current decade is the stage is one of the notable characteristics of this agreeable time to have to admit that literature in the fashion without the violent assumption that the author and writer have the same social position that is conferred by money, or by any mysterious virtue there is in the pen, or even by taking the needed pay for using it.

To publish a book or to have an article accepted by a magazine is to give a sort of social distinction, as an exhibition of a certain expected capacity or a social competency. It is hardly too much to say it has become the fashion to use it to be to dance the minuet or to use the broadsword, or to be gentlemanly mill with a remonstrator. Of course, one ought not to do this professionally exactly, not to prepare for doing it by severe discipline, by training it as for a trade, but simply to do it off easily, as one makes a call, or a compliment, or drives four-in-hand.

One does not need to have that prior impulse which drives a devil of an author to express himself that something to say which turns the poet into extreme irritability, less he can be rid of it, that hunger for fame which comes from consciousness of the possession of thought and emotion. The beauty of this condescension to literature which we speak of is that it has the quality of spontaneity that does not pose either a capacity or a call.

There is no mystery about the matter. One resolves to write a book, or might to take a journey or to go on the piano, and the thing is done. Every body can write, at least everybody does write. It is a wonderful time for literature. The Queen of gland writes for it, the Queen of mania writes for it, the Shah of Persia wrote for it, Lady Brassey, the woman, wrote for it, Congressmen write for it, Peers write for it, a novel is the common recreation of ladies of rank, and where is the woman in this country who has not tried her hand at a romance or made cast at a popular magazine? The feet of all this upon literature is a pervasive and joyous. Superstition about mystery in the art has disappeared. It is a common observation that if persons fail in every else, if they are fit for nothing else they can at least write. It is such an easy occupation and the remuneration is in such disproportion to the expenditure! Isn't it indeed the golden age of letters? If only the letters were good. Harper's Magazine.

Artificial Rubies.

At the Paris Academy of Sciences meeting M. Fremy read a memoir of the researches which he has made with M. Verneuil—to artificially produce ruby. An alumina crucible was used so as to avoid the presence of silica which has the effect of imparting lamellar structure to the product. Under such conditions, with alumina separated from calcium fluoride by perforated platinum septum, they obtained perfect crystals of alumina, being colored with traces of chromic acid, were an exact counterpart of the natural stone. Science American.

As long as we have reason wants we get on comfortable, but the struggle after luxuries that society with distress, and popular prisons, and sends hundreds of people stark mad. Dissatisfied with a house, and ordinary apparel, and respectable surroundings, they pierce their head into enterprise and speculations from which they have to come out in disgrace. Indianapolis Journal.

Victoria has made arrangements to celebrate the jubilee of Congregationalism in October, 1888. It is expected that the churches of Australia and New Zealand will be represented and that delegates will be sent from the home churches.

The Van Moncien DISPENSARY.
Illustration of a person sitting at a desk, possibly a doctor or pharmacist, with text describing the dispensary's services and location.