

A writer for the Register last week published an article in answer to one or two points made by the Register on the county seat question. The whole gist of the elaborate essay is to produce prejudice among the voters of this county against Lafayette. It would be more manly for the Reporter to acknowledge that its statement, made in a former issue, regarding the narrow gauge subsidy was for the purpose of creating a wrong impression. How said writer can possibly figure out that the narrow gauge road is a benefit to Newberg and Sheridan and not to Lafayette is beyond the comprehension of the best logicians. In trying to explain away the advantages of Lafayette as a shipping point, it says that St. Joe is three miles from here, and Dayton is three miles. Now the facts are: St. Joe is not over two miles, and Dayton is only two and one-half miles from Lafayette. The Reporter persists in misconstruing and misquoting the REGISTER. The point made by the REGISTER in speaking of our rail and river advantages was to show that we are within competing distance of both St. Joe and Dayton. In the matter of freight in carload lots shippers here are guaranteed as low rates by the narrow gauge as may be had from Dayton by boat, which have been informed are \$1.50 per ton. The river at this place was at boating stage from November to March last inclusive; while, to the best of our recollection, a boat has not visited McMinnville more than three times in ten years. The rate from St. Joe is \$2.20 per ton, and granting the same from McMinnville, the difference is seventy cents per ton in our favor. From these figures farmers can easily see which place has the advantage.

President Cleveland has in two years signed 863 private pension bills which is 378 more than Grant approved in eight years, 560 more than Hayes signed in his four years, and 127 more than were signed by Garfield and Arthur combined. Cleveland has signed three general pension bills, which has given new or increased pensions to 95,560 needy veterans or their widows and orphans. More money has been paid out for pensions this year than ever before. More pensions have been granted this year than in any preceding year in the history of the government. There are sixty-four more soldiers employed in the interior department than when Cleveland was elected. There are fifty-four more soldiers and their kindred in the pension bureau than when Cleveland was elected. For the first time since the war every pension examiner is a soldier or a soldier's widow. In this connection it is stated that Mr. Cleveland has vetoed 158 pension bills, while the other presidents since the war did not veto one. It is a fact that persons have received pensions who did not deserve them, and a great many soldiers, mostly privates, who deserve pensions do not get them.

The career of Senator Reagan is a political romance. He was born a citizen of the U. S., but threw off his allegiance and became a citizen of the Republic of Texas, and a member of its congress. When Texas was annexed he again became a citizen of the United States and a member of congress at Washington. When Texas went into the Confederacy he went along and was a member of the Confederate cabinet. When Texas was reconstructed he came back and is now a senator of the United States. So, living all the time in Texas, he has held office under three different governments, *de jure* and *de facto*.—Atla.

The Galveston News, commenting on the recent election in Texas, says the vote may be placed at 135,000 for and 225,000 against prohibition. Of the 135,000 votes for prohibition, 22,000 are original partisan prohibition votes, 32,000 are republican and 81,000 are democratic votes, and of the 225,000 anti-prohibition votes 42,000 are republican and 183,000 are democratic votes.

Gov. Porter, assistant under Secretary Bayard, has resigned and the republicans are striving very hard to make political capital out of the resignation.

DEATH OF GOVERNOR BARTLETT.

Washington Bartlett, California's sixteenth governor, died in Oakland at 5 o'clock Monday afternoon, at the residence of his cousin, Mrs. Dr. Buckell. A gradual decline in the governor's health culminated the 23d of August in a stroke of partial paralysis, which, combined with kidney trouble, formed a complication of maladies that caused his death. Deceased was in his 63d year, and is the first governor of California who has died while filling the executive chair. His burial will take place to-day. Lieut.-Gov. R. W. Waterman, who now becomes governor, took the oath of office Tuesday at 10:30 a. m. in the parlors of the Occident hotel.

Lieut.-Gov. R. W. Waterman, who has succeeded to the office of chief executor of the state, was born in Herkimer county, New York, in 1826, and is therefore 61 years of age. He came to California in 1850, but a year or two later he returned to Illinois, from which state he emigrated to California. He was a member of the 'Bloomington convention' in 1854, with Lincoln, Trumbull, Yates, Oglesby and many others, who organized the republican party. He again removed to this coast in 1860, and settled in San Bernardino county, where he followed the business of farming. Upon the discovery of the Calico district mines in San Bernardino county, he engaged in mining, and is owner of one of the best paying mines in the district. There is not a great deal known of the new governor in this part of the state. He has a reputation of being a successful miner and business man, and has had power and grasp enough to accumulate a respectable fortune. He did not appear to great advantage as presiding officer of the senate at the last session of the legislature, because of his unfamiliarity with legislative methods, but his friends state that will not prevent him from being a good governor. He is possessed of strong will, and is expected to make up in plain common sense what he lacks in technical knowledge.

Last week the Oregonian Railway Company (limited) filed its annual statement with the railroad commission. From the report it is learned that the capital stock is \$1,643,455.38; liabilities, \$2,250,193.85; funded debt, \$214,700; floating debt, \$30,015; value of road-bed, \$850,000; rolling stock, \$82,450; stations, etc., \$8,000; other property, \$1,000. Number of tons of through freight, 1715; local freight, 24,658. Expended for repairs, \$155,846.77. Total passenger earnings, \$10,689.54; freight earnings, \$54,540.82; sundry earnings, \$6,204.66. Total earnings, \$71,445.02. Total operating expenses, \$60,013.56.

Railroad accidents are becoming alarmingly frequent. Last Saturday at Hastings, Nebraska, a passenger train ran into a freight at the crossing of two roads. Several persons were mortally hurt. In a collision at Tucson, Arizona, the same day, nineteen miles were killed and three cars wrecked. A special train containing Native Sons and Daughters returning from the Napa celebration, ran off the track near the depot at 8 o'clock Saturday morning. No one was hurt except the fireman.

There is a paragraph going the rounds to the effect that Chicago derives a revenue of \$2,000,000 from her saloons, which goes towards the support of the schools and other public institutions; all of which is intended to magnify the value of the saloon as a source of revenue. Were it not for the saloons two-thirds of the "public institutions" toward the maintenance of which it so ostentatiously contributes would be entirely uncalled for.

The News has again "come out" on the temperance question. It now takes a stand with the brewers, and declares that beer is good and that "it might hurt a man, but it cannot make him drunk." It may take more beer than other intoxicants to make the drunk come, but the drunk is in it all the same.

It is believed there will be seven presidential tickets in the field next year: Republican, democratic, labor, prohibition, American, socialists and Belva Lockwood or some other representative of woman suffrage.

W. G. T. U. COLUMN.

FOR GOD AND HOME AND NATIVE LAND.
Mrs. M. E. K. EDWARDS, President and Superintendent.

PROHIBITION IN ATLANTA.
(Continued from last week.)

A perceptible increase has been noticed in the number of people who ride on the street cars. According to the coal-dealers, many people bought coal and stored it away last winter who had never been known to do so before. Others who had been accustomed to buying two or three tons on time, this last winter bought seven or eight and paid cash for it. A leading proprietor of a millinery store said that he had sold more hats and bonnets to laboring men for their wives and daughters, than before in the history of his business. Contractors say their men do better work, and on Saturday evenings, when they receive their week's wages, spend the same for flour, hams, dry goods, or other necessary things for their families. Thus they are in better spirits, have more hope, and are not inclined to strike and growl about higher wages.

Attendance upon the public schools has increased. The superintendent of public instruction said in his report to the board of education, made January 1, 1887: "During the past year it has become a subject of remark by teachers in the schools and by visitors, that the children were more tidy, were better dressed, were better shod, and presented a neater appearance than ever before. Less trouble has been experienced in having parents purchase books required by the rules; fewer children have been withdrawn to aid in supporting the family; the higher classes in the grammar schools have been fuller, and more children have been promoted to the high schools, both male and female, than ever before in the history of the schools. All these indications point to the increased prosperity of the city, and to the growing interest in the cause of education on the part of the people."

There has been a marked increase in attendance upon the Sunday schools of the city. This is especially noticeable among the suburban churches. Many children have started to the Sunday schools who were not able to attend for want of proper clothing.

The determination on the part of the people to prohibit the liquor traffic has stimulated a disposition to do away with other evils. The laws against gambling are rigidly enforced. A considerable stock of gamblers' tools gathered together by the police for several years past, was recently used for the purpose of making a large bonfire on one of the unoccupied squares of the city. The city council has refused longer to grant licenses to bucket shops, thus putting the seal of its condemnation upon gambling of all kinds.

All these reforms have had a decided tendency to diminish crime. Two weeks were necessary formerly to get through with the criminal docket. During the present year it was closed out in two days. The chain gang is left with almost nothing but the chains and the balls. The gang part would not be large enough to work the public roads of the county, were it not augmented by fresh supplies from the surrounding counties. The city government is in the hands of our best citizens.

The majority in this county in favor of prohibition was only two hundred and thirty-five. Such a change has taken place in public sentiment, however, that now there is hardly a respectable anti-prohibitionist in the city who favors a return to bar-rooms. There are some who would prefer high license, or its sale by the gallon, but it is a remarkable fact that there is no disposition to have the saloon opened again. The bar-room has gone from Atlanta forever, and the people with remarkable unanimity say "Amen! There is very little drink in the city. There has been forty per cent. falling-off in the number of arrests, notwithstanding there has been a rigid interpretation of the law under which arrests are made. Formerly, if a man was sober enough to walk home he was not molested. Now, if there is the slightest variation from that state in which the center of gravity falls in a line inside the base, the party is made to answer for such variations at the station house.

Our experience has demonstrated to us beyond a doubt that a city of sixty thousand inhabitants can get along and advance at a solid and constant rate without the liquor traffic.

Here is another example of a man paying his own way. A Washington correspondent says that Pres. Cleveland does not frank his own letters. The average congressman used to be very handy with the frank. They used the frank in congress, in the committee room at congress, and in the committee room of the political party at home.

The total number of immigrants arrived during last month was 39,080 persons, as compared with 31,340 arrived during July, 1886. For the seven months ending July 31, 1887, 325,531 immigrants arrived, as against 221,313, during the corresponding period of 1886.

NEW TO-DAY.

NEW HARDWARE STORE.
A. B. Westerfield wishes to inform the citizens of Yamhill county that he has opened a new hardware store in Lafayette, and that he will keep all kinds of hardware on hand. Look out for big ad next week. A. B. WESTERFIELD.

W. I. WESTERFIELD, Prop.
Keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of Furniture of every description. Antique Bedroom sets, Walnut Center tables, Folding Bed Lounges, Spring Mattresses, Extension Tables, Nurse Rockers, Parlor, Office and Dining CHAIRS, Picture Frames, Mouldings, Small Parlor stands, Wall Brackets, Comb Cases, Mirrors, Etc.

By coming in and examining my stock and prices, you will soon be convinced that I am selling Cheaper than any other house in this county. I paid CASH DOWN for my entire stock, and intend to sell for cash, on a very close profit. I will be glad to have you call and examine my stock, and prices before you make your purchases. W. I. WESTERFIELD.

J. MATTEY.
-DEALER IN-
DRY GOODS,
-AND-
General Merchandise.

Highest possible prices paid for all kinds of farm produce.
O. E. WILLIAMS, R. B. HIBBS.
-Williams and Hibbs-
MERCHANT TAILORS.

THE ONLY FIRST CLASS
Tailoring Establishment in the County.
Good work and low prices.
MCMINNVILLE, OREGON.
July 22-27.

THE COUNTY SEAT
-WILL GO-
TO NEWBERG
This year, by
MOORE BROS' DRUG STORE
Fresh, Clean and Pure Drugs,
And Family Medicines, Also,
TOILET ARTICLES.
A full line of Machine Oils of all Grades and Prices to suit the times.
Paints and Oils
Cannot be obtained cheaper outside of Portland than we sell for. Give us a call.
522 1/2
MOORE BROS.

SUITER & DANIEL
Beg leave to inform the Farmers of this vicinity that their
Large and Commodious
WAREHOUSE
on the Narrow Gauge Railroad is now completed and ready for the reception of Grain. We are authorized to
Cheap Freight Rates
From this place to Portland as may be had from Dayton, by boat, or by any other warehouse in this vicinity. We also have on hand

30,000 GRAIN BAGS,
Which we will sell to those who wish to store with us, as cheaply as can be had of any one else. Farmers storing in our warehouse will be enabled to receive the
Highest Market Price for their Grain.
Lafayette, Aug. 5th.
SUITER & DANIEL.

SUMMONS.
In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Yamhill County:
SARAH P. GRABAM, Plff. vs. In Equity
FREDMAN GRABAM, Defl. Divorce.
To Fredman Grabam, Defendant:
In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled case, on or before the first day of the next regular term of said court, to-wit: the 26th day of September, 1887; and if you fail to appear and answer as above required, I will thereupon apply to the court for a decree of divorce as prayed for in the above complaint, and for such other relief as the court may seem equitable and just.
Boise, Judge of said court, hearing date, January 28, 1888. MCCAIN & BURLEY, 32 1/2
Attorneys for Plff.

SUMMONS.
In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Yamhill County:
E. M. SMITH, Plaintiff,
vs. ALMA L. SMITH, Defendant.
To Alma L. Smith, said Defendant:
In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled case, on or before the first day of the next regular term of said court, to-wit: the 26th day of September, 1887; and if you fail to appear and answer as above required, I will thereupon apply to the court for a decree dissolving the marriage contract now existing between Plaintiff and Defendant, and for such other relief as is prayed for in Plaintiff's complaint.
This summons is published six weeks in the Oregon Register, a weekly newspaper, published at Newberg, Oregon, for six consecutive weeks, to-wit: the 26th day of July, 1887, the 2d, 9th, 16th, 23d, 30th, and 6th days of August, 1887.
52 1/2
FENTON & FENTON, Plaintiff's Attorneys.
July 22.

Notice.
The Lafayette Flouring Mill run on full time until further notice.
SUITER & DANIEL

LAFAYETTE FURNITURE STORE!

W. I. WESTERFIELD, Prop.
Keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of Furniture of every description. Antique Bedroom sets, Walnut Center tables, Folding Bed Lounges, Spring Mattresses, Extension Tables, Nurse Rockers, Parlor, Office and Dining CHAIRS, Picture Frames, Mouldings, Small Parlor stands, Wall Brackets, Comb Cases, Mirrors, Etc.

By coming in and examining my stock and prices, you will soon be convinced that I am selling Cheaper than any other house in this county. I paid CASH DOWN for my entire stock, and intend to sell for cash, on a very close profit. I will be glad to have you call and examine my stock, and prices before you make your purchases. W. I. WESTERFIELD.

J. MATTEY.
-DEALER IN-
DRY GOODS,
-AND-
General Merchandise.

Highest possible prices paid for all kinds of farm produce.
O. E. WILLIAMS, R. B. HIBBS.
-Williams and Hibbs-
MERCHANT TAILORS.

THE ONLY FIRST CLASS
Tailoring Establishment in the County.
Good work and low prices.
MCMINNVILLE, OREGON.
July 22-27.

THE COUNTY SEAT
-WILL GO-
TO NEWBERG
This year, by
MOORE BROS' DRUG STORE
Fresh, Clean and Pure Drugs,
And Family Medicines, Also,
TOILET ARTICLES.
A full line of Machine Oils of all Grades and Prices to suit the times.
Paints and Oils
Cannot be obtained cheaper outside of Portland than we sell for. Give us a call.
522 1/2
MOORE BROS.

SUITER & DANIEL
Beg leave to inform the Farmers of this vicinity that their
Large and Commodious
WAREHOUSE
on the Narrow Gauge Railroad is now completed and ready for the reception of Grain. We are authorized to
Cheap Freight Rates
From this place to Portland as may be had from Dayton, by boat, or by any other warehouse in this vicinity. We also have on hand

30,000 GRAIN BAGS,
Which we will sell to those who wish to store with us, as cheaply as can be had of any one else. Farmers storing in our warehouse will be enabled to receive the
Highest Market Price for their Grain.
Lafayette, Aug. 5th.
SUITER & DANIEL.

SUMMONS.
In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Yamhill County:
SARAH P. GRABAM, Plff. vs. In Equity
FREDMAN GRABAM, Defl. Divorce.
To Fredman Grabam, Defendant:
In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled case, on or before the first day of the next regular term of said court, to-wit: the 26th day of September, 1887; and if you fail to appear and answer as above required, I will thereupon apply to the court for a decree of divorce as prayed for in the above complaint, and for such other relief as the court may seem equitable and just.
Boise, Judge of said court, hearing date, January 28, 1888. MCCAIN & BURLEY, 32 1/2
Attorneys for Plff.

SUMMONS.
In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Yamhill County:
E. M. SMITH, Plaintiff,
vs. ALMA L. SMITH, Defendant.
To Alma L. Smith, said Defendant:
In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled case, on or before the first day of the next regular term of said court, to-wit: the 26th day of September, 1887; and if you fail to appear and answer as above required, I will thereupon apply to the court for a decree dissolving the marriage contract now existing between Plaintiff and Defendant, and for such other relief as is prayed for in Plaintiff's complaint.
This summons is published six weeks in the Oregon Register, a weekly newspaper, published at Newberg, Oregon, for six consecutive weeks, to-wit: the 26th day of July, 1887, the 2d, 9th, 16th, 23d, 30th, and 6th days of August, 1887.
52 1/2
FENTON & FENTON, Plaintiff's Attorneys.
July 22.

Notice.
The Lafayette Flouring Mill run on full time until further notice.
SUITER & DANIEL

SUMMONS.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Yamhill County:
Raywell H. Lamson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Abraham Blackburn, Caroline Blackburn and Henry H. Murphy, Adam Grant and Jos. H. Ford, partners in business as the Blackburns, as Murphy, Grant & Co., Chas. Wright, as business as Blackburn, Wright & Co., J. W. Shelton, J. A. Ford, F. W. Terry, P. P. Heine, H. H. Stevenson, M. J. Peckham and James McLean, H. H. Ford, partners as McClean & Burley; H. W. Price; Edgar Poppleton; Matthew Blackburn, Mrs. Matthew Blackburn, his wife; Libbie Gieger, Albert Gieger, Robert Hankinson and Clarence M. Blackburn, Defendants.

To Matthew Blackburn, Mrs. Matthew Blackburn, his wife, and Clarence M. Blackburn Defendants above named:
In the name of the State of Oregon you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled case on or before the 26th day of September, 1887, being the first day of the next regular term of said court, to-wit: the 26th day of September, 1887; and if you fail to appear and answer as above required, I will thereupon apply to the court for a decree dissolving the marriage contract now existing between Plaintiff and Defendant and decreeing that Defendant have no interest in the premises described in the complaint herein and for such other relief as is prayed for in Plaintiff's complaint and distribution of this suit.

This summons is published six weeks in the Oregon Register by order of Hon. R. P. Boise, Judge of said court, made at Chambers at Salem, Oregon, July 22nd, 1887.
FENTON & FENTON,
July 22
Att'y for Plaintiff.

SUMMONS.
In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Yamhill County:
The State of Oregon, upon the relation of Geo. W. Bell, as District Attorney for the 14 Judicial District of said State, Plaintiff,
vs.
W. N. PARSONS, as administrator of the estate of James J. Gieger, deceased, and the unknown heirs of said deceased, if any, Defendants.

In the name of the State of Oregon: Upon the sworn complaint of said deceased named, it appears that in or about the year 1867, he died, and the unknown heirs of said deceased, if any, Defendants.

This summons is published six weeks in the Oregon Register, a weekly newspaper, published at Lafayette, Oregon, for six consecutive weeks, by order of said court, the 30th day of July, 1887, at Salem, Oregon, Judge of said court, GEORGE W. HIGLEY, District Attorney, and FENTON & FENTON, Plaintiff's Attorneys.
52 1/2

SUMMONS.
In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Yamhill County:
Saml'l C. Hess, Emma A. Hess, Joel A. Bryan, Julia A. Bryan and Martha E. Sax, Plaintiff's,
vs.
Tilmon C. Hess, Rachel M. Hess, Lucinda A. Hill, George Hill, Mary J. Corwith, Albert Corwith, Sarah S. Corwith, Henry Jones, James Thomas Hess and Lucinda Hess, Defendants.

To Tilmon C. Hess, Rachel M. Hess, Lucinda A. Hill, and George Hill, said Defendants, you are hereby notified that the above named plaintiff filed against you in the above entitled case, on or before September 20th, 1887, being the first day of the next regular term of said court, to-wit: the 26th day of September, 1887; and if you fail to appear and answer the complaint herein to-wit: For a decree partitioning the following described real premises situate in the county of Yamhill and State of Oregon to-wit:

Beginning at the South East corner of the Donation Land Claim of Joseph Hess and wife, to-wit: Claim No. 29, Section 29, Township Three, South, Range Three West of the Willamette Meridian; hence North (Var., 29 degrees East) 1/2 mile to the West boundary line of said Donation Land Claim No. 45, 60-100 acres; thence South 1/2 mile to the North boundary line of said Donation Land Claim No. 45, 60-100 acres; thence West 1/2 mile to the West boundary line of said Donation Land Claim No. 45, 60-100 acres; thence North 1/2 mile to the North boundary line of said Donation Land Claim No. 45, 60-100 acres; thence East 1/2 mile to the East boundary line of said Donation Land Claim No. 45, 60-100 acres; thence South 1/2 mile to the South boundary line of said Donation Land Claim No. 45, 60-100 acres; thence West 1/2 mile to the West boundary line of said Donation Land Claim No. 45, 60-100 acres; thence North 1/2 mile to the North boundary line of said Donation Land Claim No. 45, 60-100 acres; thence East 1/2 mile to the East boundary line of said Donation Land Claim No. 45, 60-100 acres; 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