Review of the History-Making Events of the Work

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

& Western Newspaper Union.

Roosevelt vs. Hearst on "Red Backing"

A SSERTIONS made by William Randolph Hearst and other opponents of the New Deal that the President "passively accepts" the

support of the Communists have got under Mr. Roosevelt's skin. A statement issued through Stephen T. Early, his secretary,

said: "My attention has been called to a certain notorious newspaper owner to make it appear that the President pas-

W. R. Hearst sively accepts the support of alien organizations hostile to the American form of government. "Such articles are conceived in

malice and born of political spite. They are deliberately framed to give a false impression, in other words to 'frame' the American

"The President does not want and does not welcome the vote or support of any individual or group taking orders from alien sources.

'This simple fact is, of course, ob-

"The American people will not permit their attention to be diverted frem real issues to fake issues which no patriotic, honorable, decent citizen would purposely inject into American affairs."

Mr. Hearst, who was in Amsterdam, promptly replied by cable, saying in part:

"The President has issued a statement through a secretary. He has not had the frankness to say to whom he refers in the statement . . . I think I am justified in assuming that I am the object of the statement, and that I may courteously endeavor to correct Mr. Roosevelt's misstatements and to set him right . . .

"Let me say that I have not stated at any time whether the President willingly or unwilling received the support of the Karl Marx Socialists, the Frankfurter radicals, communists and anarchists, the Tugwell bolsheviks, and the Richberg revolutionists which constitute the bulk of his following.

"I have simply said and shown that he does receive the support of these enemies of the American sysdone his best to deserve the support | a number of other officials. of all such disturbing and destructive elements."

Crop Insurance Pushed by the President

IMMEDIATE action toward put-ting in operation a two-fold crop insurance and drouth prevention program was called for by President Roosevelt. It

is designed to guard

the farmers and the

consumer: against

the danger of food

shortages or price

collapses. Two com-

mittees were named

to work out legisla-

tion to be asked of



the next congress. Mr. Roose velt named Secretary of M. L. Cooke

Agriculture Henry A. Wallace chairman of a committee directed to "prepare a report and recommendations for legislation providing a plan of 'all risk' crop insurance," and suggested that the system provide for payment of premiums and insurance in commodities. This is in accord with Wallace's proposed plan under which farmers would put part of their crops of good years into a pool from which they could draw in lean years. It would serve, he believes, to keep surpluses from destroying the price structure in good years and provide an "insurance" against crop failures in other years.

tion administrator, was named chairman of another committee to draft recommendations for a permanent land use program designed to avert drouth emergencies in the great plains area.

The President suggested the crop insurance plan might be limited to one or two major crops at the start and that it should be formulated with the advice and assistance of national farm organization leaders so that it can be submitted to congress with their support.

Al Smith Will Make Some Anti-Roosevelt Speeches

S PECULATION concerning what part Al Smith would take in the Presidential campaign seems to be settled by the news that he will deliver several anti-Roosevelt addresses, the first probably in Carnegie hall in New York in October. He is reported to be making out his own program and planning talks also in Massachusetts and New Jersey. It is said neither the Republican party nor the American Liberty league will be sponsor for his appearances. Until Mr. Smith announces his intentions it will not be known whether or not he will advocate the election of Governor Lan-

Virgin Islands Have New Federal Judge

GEORGE P. JONES of Minne-sota, who has been serving as a special assistant to the attorney general of the United States since

1934, has been made judge of the federal district court for the Virgin Islands. This is a recess appointment by President Roosevelt and is subject to confirmation by the senate. Mr. Jones planned to leave for St. Thomas about October 1. He succeeds Judge Albert C.



Levitt of Connecticut, who resigned August 1 because, as he alleged. the Department of the Interior interfered with the processes of his

The oath of office was administered to Mr. Jones in Washington by Ugo Carusi, executive assistant to Attorney General Cummings, in tem of government, and that he has | the presence of Mr. Cummings and

> Veterans of Two Wars Open Conventions

VETERANS of the World war and of the Civil war opened their annual gatherings, the American Legion in Cleveland and the Grand Army of the Republic in Washington. The Legionnaires, many thousands of them, started off with the dedication of the Peace Gardens in the Ohio city, for which soil had been brought from sacred shrines of foreign countries and the fortyeight states. National Commander Ray Murphy presided over an impressive ceremony and unveiled a memorial plaque bearing the inscription:

"These gardens, planned by men who know the horrors of war, were dedicated to the brotherhood of man and peace throughout the world."

Commander Murphy in his annual report said: 'Whether our country shall be spare 1 participation in another great international conflagration may well depend upon our courage as Legionnaires to stand up and take the steps which may save us, without the loss of honor-a sacrifice we are unwilling to make at any cost."

ors of the Union army were able to nal great offense on the western attend the G. A. R. encampment, and many believe it will be the last to be held. The aged warriors,

vania avenue, the scene of the grand review of the Union armies before President Andrew Johnson seventyone years ago.

Defeat of Senator Couzens Pleases the Republicans

P EPUBLICANS were highly gratified by the results of the Michigan primary election for two reasons: First, because three out of

five persons who went to the polls asked for Republican ballots; second. because Senator James Couzens, a Republican who has openly declared that he is supporting President Roosevelt for re-election. lost his fight for renomination. Couz-



ens, one of the Scn. Couzens wealthiest members of the senate, was badly defeated by former Gov. his fate beforehand. Brucker, who years. The Republicans re-nominated Frank D. Fitzgerald for the governorship.

On the Democratic side Representative Prentiss M. Brown won the senatorial nomination against Louis B. Ward who was supported by Father Coughlin. For governor they chose Frank Murphy, high commissioner to the Philippines and former mayor of Detroit. Both Murphy and his defeated opponent, George Welsh, campaigned as Roosevelt supporters.

In the New Hampshire primaries Gov. H. Styles Bridges won the Republican senatorial nomination, ending the effort of former Senator George H. Moses to stage a comeback. The Democrats put up Representative William N. Rogers. Nominees for governor are Maj. Francis P. Murphy, Republican, and Amos N. Blandin, Democrat.

Massachusetts will have for senator either Henry Cabot Lodge, Jr., Republican, or James M. Curley, now governor, Democrat. John W. Haigis, Republican, and Charles F. Hurley, Democrat, were nominated for the governorship.

The gubernatorial nominees in Wisconsin are: Gov. Philip La Follette, Progressive; Alexander Wiley, Republican, and Arthur W. Lueck, Democrat.

Killings Pave the Way for Japan's Move Against China

PROBABLY Japan is about ready to proceed further with the subjugation of China, the latest excuses being the alleged murder of several Japanese nationals by Chinese. It was announced by the navy department in Tokio that Japanese marines had been ordered to land at Hankow to protect the life and property of Japanese there, and that "the navy fears that it may be forced to resort to some defensive measures in the near future." The announcement added that the sincerity of the Nanking government in wanting to end anti-Japanese feeling in China was not dependable and heace protective measures were taken.

McAlexander, "Rock of the Marne," Dies

M AJ. JEN. ULYSSES L. GRANT MCALEXANDER, U. S. A., retired, who won fame in the World war as "The Rock of the Marne," demand that our government now died suddenly in his home in Portland, Ore., at the age of seventy-

The general won his appellation for his stand in stemming a terrific Only about nine hundred surviv- assault by the Germans in their fifront in July, 1918.

He was then colonel in command of the Thirty-eighth infantry, and headed by Oley Nelson of Iowa, the at the most critical period of the Morris L. Cooke, rural electrifica- national commander, began their German attack he was told by head-

proceedings with a service in Wash- quarters that he might fall back if latter type of loan the govern ington cathedral. The route of their he thought best. He replied posiparade was six blocks on Pennsyl- tively: "I will hold my lines," and he did. It was the Germans who fell back.

> Spanish Rebels Push on Toward Madrid

SEVERAL columns of Spanish Fascists and Moorish legionnaires were reported to be making a determined drive toward Madrid under the direction of General Franco, and the loyalists were falling back at the rate of five miles a

The rebel garrison of the Alcazar in Toledo was still holding out though the government forces, after dynamiting part of the old fortress. made attacks with flaming gasoline. The defenders lost heavily but the survivors kept up their deadly machine gun fire and repulsed the charges of the loyalists.

The American State department ordered the embassy in Madrid closed and warned all Americans still in the capital that they remained at their own risk. The Wilbur M. Brucker, and there is consulate at Malaga also was closed more than a suspicion that he knew and the consul took refuge in Gibraltar. Diplomats of 13 nations, is only forty-two years old, has been | who had gone to Saint Jean de Luz, in public life for almost twenty France, rejected the Spanish government's demand that they return to Madrid.

> Communism 1s Outlawed by Greek Government

REECE has joined the list of nations that will not tolerate the Communists and their activities. A ministerial decree establishing new state defense laws was sanctioned by King George. It outlaws Communism, punishing by heavy prison sentences and fines any one publishing anti-state propaganda. All book shops were ordered to surrender anti-state literature within

Havana Paper Dynamited; Four Persons Killed

FOUR persons were killed and two buildings wrecked by a dynamite blast that shook Havana, Cuba. The plant of the newspaper El Pais was destroyed, and only the quick work of the police saved that of the Diario de lar Marina.

Informed authorities expressed belief the explosion was planned by Spanish residents who became angry over publication of Spanish civil war news in the two newspa-

The blast demolished a Catholic church near the El Pais building. Scores of suspects were arrested, many of them being members of the Spanish Socialist circle.

Noted French Explorer Lost With His Crew

RANCE'S famous polar explorer, Dr. Jean Charcot, and 59 of the crew of 60 aboard the exploration ship Pourquoi Pas were drowned when the vessel foundered in a gale off the Iceland coast. One petty officer swam ashore and told of the tragedy. Charcot led two expeditions to the Antarctic and a region there is named for him, Charcotland. In 1925, when one of Roald Amundsen's north polar expeditions was missing, Charcot searched the east coast of Greenland in the Pour-

New Seed Corn Loan Program Approved

S ECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE WALLACE has approved the new \$10,000,000 seed corn loan program of the AAA. The government will advance farmers two types of loans on seed corn stored on the farm. Advances of \$1.75 a bushel will be made to farmers on 1,000,-000 bushels of selected corn. The government will have the option of buying this corn at \$3.50 a bushel up to April 1, 1937.

The second type of loan permits advances of 55 cents a bushel on good quality and properly stored for seed at a later date," On the of the war debt." cribbed corn which can be sorted

retains the right to purchase collateral at \$1.50 a bustel April 1 next.

It is understood the Recogn tion Finance corporation has a to advance up to \$10,000,000 the loan program. The kan be made to farmers through Commodity Credit corporate.

The interest rate on the new | will be 4 per cent, the are was in effect under the old on

Tobacco Men Ask Federal Help in Business Control FEDERAL gavernment se controlling their business been asked by two large set of the tobacco industry.

The Retail Tobacco Design America, Inc., representing the 300,000 retailers of tobaces ucts, requested the federal s commission to authorize a h practice conference with 1 ? for formulating rules for the ination of unfair methods of on tition and trade abuses.

Representatives from size to co producing states wound up to day conference in Washington a request addressed to the are tural adjustment administrate draft a model production on

Savants Gather for the Harvard Tercentenary

T IS pleasant to turn from and politics and read of the ings at Cambridge, Mass, # Harvard university is celebr the tercentenary of its founding. In Sanders theater was held the academic reception for 554 scholars representing 502 universities, colleges and learned societies in every state of the Union and in forty foreign countries, and all of them wearing the caps, gowns and hoods signifying

their various degrees of scholars President James B. Const p ed the guests, accepted there dentials and delivered a sin address of welcome. He noted by the assembly was an impres demonstration of the solidard the academic world, and saw 2 greetings of the delegates "bed tinued aspiration of mankind to a universal fellowship based at man reason."

When the delegates were tal up in the order of the age institutions they represented to respond was Prof. Saleh Hall Attia of Al-Azhar university do ro, founded in 970.

Unscrupulous Lawyers Blamed for Crime

O THE sixty-sixth annual of I gress of the American Pra association, held in Chicaga presented a report from the sa mittee on crime prevention in st it was stated that the tactics of certain class of lawyers in off ing persons charged with the have the effect of encouraging of inals to repeat their offenses. committee declared that 75 per of the prisoners now in penal tutions in this country had be "literally faced about into 15 reer of crime" by their experies with defense attorneys.

The coaching of the atter tended to help the defendant for alibi for his misdeeds and 1 ative for his conscience, ing to the report, when public is fare should have guided the be to conduct "which would quot the sensibilities of the prisoners awaken him to his own misdet

The committee recomme more scientific methods in pres ing and combating crime and it mated that the country's are crime cost is \$15,000,000,000 fourth of the national income;