SUGAR-$6.00

NOTICE THESE QUOTATIONS ON OUR NEW CROP CANNED GOODS

Del Monte Solid-Pack Tomatoes
2 for 25c, $1.30 dozen, $2.50 case

Standard Tomatoes - - - 10c can

Fancy Maine Corn $1.60 doz.. $3.10 case

Standard Corn - 3 for 25c, $1.95 case

String Beans
2 for 25c $1.25 doz., $2.40 case

Canned Peaches - - $1.75 dozen

Don't forget our $3.50 Canned Milk

E. E. KAESSER
Cash Grocery

Lights at Reasonable Prices

THE HYDRO-ELECTRIC CO., does not want the consumers of electrical energy for lighting or power purposes to pay for the plant monthly, yearly or bi-annually, they only want a fair, reasonable price on a live and let live basis; and are not asking its customers to buy our competitor's plant, nor anyone to pay them a price with which to buy our plant; all we have to sell is electrical energy.

Hydro Electric Co.
A Home Company
Phone 134 Third and Oak

The Purity Dairy Co.
Yours for prompt service and Good Milk
THOS. D. CALKINS

Operators Wanted
Home Telephone Co.

Now About Pavements!
The most sanitary, humane, durable and the cheapest in the long run are
Stone Blocks
Made at Home in Hood River. See Sample at Dr. Brosius Block
GIBRALTAR DEVELOPMENT CO.

Storage
We have storage space for all kinds of goods in a concrete building
Our Tranfer Wagons Will Move Anything
Complete Transfer Service
Transfer & Livery Co.
Phone 5

BROOKLYN TABERNACLE
BIBLE STUDY ON
CREATION MUNDANE

Genesis 1—2:3—Jan. 5.

"In the beginning God created the heavens and the earth; and the earth was waste and void, and darkness was upon the face of the deep."—Genesis 1:1, 2. (R. V.)

AT "the beginning," of the Genesis account, the Earth had already been created by Divine Power. Higher Critics attribute millions of years to this formative period. Bible students accept the record that the Earth was already in existence, but lifeless.

The Bible mentions days of various lengths. See Hebrews 3:8; 2 Peter 3:8; John 8:56. There is no reason to think that twenty-four-hour days are meant in Genesis 1. God arranged a great Week of Seven Days for perfecting mankind. Six of these Days prepared our planet for Adam, its king. The Seventh Day lacks a thousand years of completion. During that period the Earth will be perfected, and man restored by his Redeemer to God's image. By many this period is styled the Millennium.

The Seventh Day of the Creative Week began with Adam's creation and will be seven thousand years long. The Six preceding Days were seven thousand years each. From the time when Divine Energy began to operate upon the Earth until creation is fully complete will be 49,000 years. According to Scripture, this period will end a thousand years hence, when Christ will deliver up the Kingdom to God. Then the fiftieth Thousand-Year Period begins, with all creation ascribing praise to the Father and to the Son, forever. In Bible usage, *seven* is symbolical of perfection, 7 times 7 represent completeness of perfection; and the fiftieth, or Jubilee following, is climacteric.

Creator of things mundane.

"Let There Be Light."

The Genesis account is in full accord with facts known to Science. There was no light in the Earth until Divine Energy brooded on the waters. The account suggests an electrical influence and light, somewhat resembling the Aurora Borealis. The earth was shrouded with a canopy of water, minerals, etc., shutting out the light of the sun, until the Fourth Day. The First Day, under the Divine Energy, gradually prepared for the next Epoch.

On the Second Day, or Epoch, was established a firmament. Doubtless the light had to do in a natural way with this. The firmament was completed with the Second Day.

In the Third Day, or Epoch, earthquakes took place, mountains were thrown up, and the waters gathered into seas, draining off a land surface. Forthwith vegetation sprang up. The account does not say that God made grasses, trees, etc., but that under Divine command the *earth brought forth* these various kinds. Nothing in the Genesis account interferes with an evolutionary theory as respects vegetation. Thus the Third Day accomplished its purpose.

According to the Vailian Theory, the Earth was once surrounded by gaseous rings and belts, similar to those of Saturn and Jupiter, thrown off to a great distance, when the Earth was in a molten state. Held off by the firmament, they spread out like a great curtain, causing darkness. Then, influenced by the rotation of the Earth, they gravitated toward the poles, gradually cooling. Finally they broke, one after another, coming down as great deluges, burying vegetation, and depositing minerals.

The last ring came down in Noah's day. For centuries it had been a great watery canopy, through which sun, moon and stars were visible, but not clear. Under this canopy, the Earth was like a greenhouse. This accounts for vegetable and animal remains found long embedded in ice, which formed instantly when the canopy collapsed as a deluge.

The work of the sixth day.

After the fall of several rings, the heavenly luminaries exercised their beneficial influences and served as a great clock, marking days, months and years. Thus the work of the Fourth Day was accomplished.

In the Fifth Day, the waters began to swarm with living creatures. Next came fowl and great sea monsters. A measure of evolution is suggested by the statement that "the *waters brought forth* abundantly," under Divine supervision. Only in the case of man does the Bible declare a personal creation.

The creation of land animals marks the Sixth Epoch Day. Fish and fowl took precedence in time, as scientists agree. Again we read that "the earth brought forth," but we also read that the Lord directed the matter.

At the very end of the Sixth Day *God created man*, in His own likeness, to have dominion over the creatures of land, air and sea. Another account implies that Eve was taken from Adam's side in the beginning of the Seventh Day. Since then, God has rested, or ceased from His creative work, leaving matters to our Redeemer, whose Messianic Kingdom will complete that Seventh Day—49,000 years after God said, "Let there be light!"

O-W. & N. Time Table.

WEST BOUND

No. 9, Fast Mail (Mail Only)	4:53 a. m.
No. 7, Portland Local	7:35 a. m.
No. 11, Soo-Spokane-Portland	9:37 a. m.
No. 5, Ore. & Wash. Exp.	10:33 a. m.
No. 1, Portland Local	3:00 p. m.
No. 17, Ore. & Wash. Limited	5:43 p. m.

EAST BOUND

No. 2, Pendleton Local	10:00 a. m.
No. 18, Ore. & Wash. Ltd.	11:55 a. m.
No. 8, The Dalles Local	6:20 p. m.
No. 10, Fast Mail (mail only)	8:24 p. m.
No. 6, Ore. and Wash. Exp.	10:25 p. m.
No. 12, Soo-Spokane-Port	10:55 p. m.

J. H. FREDRICY, Agent.

UNCLE JAKE DIDN'T AGREE.

The Old Man Upheld His Reputation For Being Contrary.

"Uncle Jake" was one of the characters of Banbury. He was as deaf as a post—when he wanted to be—and as contrary as a bundle of sticks. One of his neighbors came into his yard one day and said: "Uncle Jake, I'd like to borrow your wagon this morning. Mine is having a spring mended."

"You'll have to speak louder," rejoined Uncle Jake. "I don't hear very well, and I don't like to lend my wagon anyhow!"

The old man was an expert maker of ax helves—an occupation in which there is more art than the uninstructed would suppose—and these handles he left at the village store to be sold on commission. One snowy day, as Uncle Jake came stamping up the steps of the store, another old fellow who was known as Uncle Horace remarked to the men lounging about the stove:

"I'll treat the crowd if I don't make Uncle Jake agree to the first thing I say to him when he comes in."

"Don't be rash, Uncle Horace!" called out the storekeeper. "That never happened yet, and it isn't likely to."

But Uncle Horace merely grinned and picked up one of Uncle Jake's ax helves. The door opened, and in came Uncle Jake.

"Jake," said Uncle Horace, running his fingers up and down the smooth wood, "this is a mighty good ax handle."

"No, it ain't," replied Uncle Jake at once. "I can make good handles, but that one you've got is the kind people want. They don't know no better!"

And Uncle Horace treated the company to sardines, crackers and cheese. —Youth's Companion.

SMALL SAVINGS.

A Lecture on Economy That Mark Hanna Delivered to Dingley.

Mark Hanna did many things in a large way. Nevertheless he was not averse to giving his serious attention to little things on occasion. Senator Hanna one afternoon in Washington boarded a trolley car. Seeing Representative Dingley—he of the tariff law—just entering the front door, Hanna walked forward and took a seat beside him. The conductor approached and each man paid his separate carfare, Dingley with a five cent piece, Hanna with a ticket.

The conversation fell along the lines of business. Reports, they agreed, indicated that every class of business and industry was prospering. "Every one," said Hanna, "seems to be making good money."

Dingley protested. He knew of at least one man who wasn't—himself.

"It's very simple, Dingley, very," replied Hanna. "You pay your carfare with a nickel, the full hundred cents on the dollar. You may have noticed that I paid my fare with a ticket. I buy them six for 25 cents; therefore I save just 20 per cent for myself. That's the secret, Dingley. That's the thing you've got to learn—how to save the 20 per cent for yourself. That's your trouble, Dingley; you don't save when you have the opportunity. A lot more people could be rich if they would only learn how to put that easy made 20 per cent on the credit instead of the debit side of their accounts."—New York World.

Tree That Gives Light.

Among freaks of nature in trees there stands conspicuous one known as the Asiatic star tree. It is enormously tall, growing to a height of from sixty feet to eighty feet, while from the ground up to a distance of about forty feet the trunk is perfectly bare. From that point there spring a number of tangled limbs, which shoot out clusters of long, pointed leaves, and it is these, grouped together, that emit at night a clear, phosphorescent light. This gives the tree a spectral appearance and is very deceiving to travelers, who frequently mistake the glow for an illuminated window of a house. The light is not brilliant, but is of sufficient strength to allow of a newspaper being read by it. It does not flicker, but glows steadily from sunset to daybreak.

On the Slopes of Vesuvius.

Despite the danger to which they are exposed, from 80,000 to 100,000 people live upon the slopes of Vesuvius, besides the 500,000 inhabitants crowded into Naples. The reason is that the fertility of the soil is perennial, the peril only occasional. The volcanic ejecta are rich in alumina, silica, magnesia, lime, potash and iron, which by their decompositon go to make splendid land. Some of the best vines in Italy grow on the skirts of Vesuvius. If the volcano were away not one-tenth of the many cultivators could subsist in the same area.

Icing the Cake.

For the first time Ethel chanced to see her father preparing to shave. Running into the kitchen, she exclaimed, "Oh, mamma, guess what papa is doing?"

"I don't know, dear. What is he doing?"

"He's making a cake out of his face," replied Ethel. "He's putting the icing on it now."—Chicago News.

Hopeful.

Her Legal Adviser—Madam, you have had three husbands, and every one of them either went crazy or turned out to be worthless. Yet you are thinking of marrying again! Fair Client—Yes, sir. I want a safe and sane fourth.—Chicago Tribune.

Often the life about which least can be said is the one that says the most.

NOTICE

The Annual Stockholders Meeting of the Farmers Irrigating Company will be held January 11th, 1913, at 10:00 a. m., at the Commercial Club Hall, to elect seven directors to serve one year, and to transact such other business as may legally come before the meeting. All stockholders are urged to be present.

By order of the Directors.

M. H. NICKELSEN, Secretary.

d19j9

Around the World

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Successors to Davenport Harness Co.
We have moved our place of business from our former location across the street to the new Bell building. Our new quarters, with a much larger floor space, enable us to better accommodate our patrons and to display to better advantage our increased stock of Harness, Saddles, Whips, Robes, etc. We have added a handsome line of Handbags, Grips and Suit Cases.

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PHONE 62 X
Shively & Driscoll

Election Notice

Notice is hereby given that on the 14th day of January, 1913, in East Fork Irrigation District, in Hood River County, state of Oregon, a special election will be held for the purpose of determining whether or not said East Fork Irrigation District, the boundaries of which are hereinafter described, shall be organized under the provisions of an Act of the Legislative Assembly of the state of Oregon, approved February 25, 1905, being Chapter VII, Title XLI, of Lord's Oregon Laws, Sections 6167 to 6217, both inclusive, of said laws, and the Acts amendatory thereof, including Chapter 223 of the General Laws of Oregon for 1911; that for the purposes of said election said irrigation district has been and is divided into five election precincts, to-wit:

PRECINCT NO. 1.

Precinct No. 1 comprises all that part of said irrigation district lying south of the township line between townships one north and two north, and is identical with Division No. 1, of said district.

PRECINCT NO 2

Precinct No. 2 comprises all that part of said irrigation district included in sections 30 and 31 in township 2 north, range 11 E. W. M., and sections 25, 26, 35 and 36 in township 2 north, range 10 E. W. M., and is identical with Division No. 2, of said district.

PRECINCT NO. 3

Precinct No. 3 comprises all that part of said irrigation district included in sections 15, 16, 20, 21, 22, 27, 28, 29, 30, 34 and 35 in township 2 north, range 10 E. W. M., and is identical with Division No. 3, of said district.

PRECINCT NO. 4

Precinct No. 4 comprises all that part of said irrigation district included in sections 23, 24, S½ of 13 and S½ of 14, township 2 north, range 10 E. W. M., and section 19 and S½ of section 18, township 2 north, range 11 E. W. M., and is identical with Division No. 4 of said district.

PRECINCT NO. 5

Precinct No. 5 comprises all that part of said irrigation district lying north of an east and west line (extended to intersect the boundaries of said district) running through the centers of sections 13 and 14 in township 2 north, range 10 E. W. M., and is identical with Division No. 5 of said district.

That the polling or voting places in each of said precincts are and shall be as follows:

Precinct No. 1, at Warden's Mill.
Precinct No. 2, at Basement of Odell M. E. Church.
Precinct No. 3, at Burnett's Applehouse.
Precinct No. 4, at Pine Grove Grange Hall.
Precinct No. 5, at A. I. Mason's Applehouse.

That said special election will be held at eight o'clock in the morning and will continue until seven o'clock in the afternoon of said day; that the qualified electors of said district at said special election will be required to cast ballots which shall contain the words: "Irrigation District, Yes" or "Irrigation District, No" or words equivalent thereto, which ballots shall also contain the names of the persons to be voted for to fill the various elective offices provided by said Act; that such elective offices are as follows:

One Assessor, to be elected by the qualified voters of said district.
One Collector, to be elected by the qualified voters of said district.
One Treasurer, to be elected by the qualified voters of said district.
One Director, to be elected by the qualified voters of Division No. 1.
One Director, to be elected by the qualified voters of Division No. 2.
One Director, to be elected by the qualified voters of Division No. 3.
One Director, to be elected by the qualified voters of Division No. 4.
One Director, to be elected by the qualified voters of Division No. 5.

That said irrigation district has been and is designated by order of the County Court of Hood River County, Oregon, as the "East Fork Irrigation District," and the boundaries thereof established and defined as follows:

Beginning at a point in the east and west center line of the northeast quarter of section 27, township 1 north, range 10 east, W. M., in Hood River County, Oregon, 500 feet, more or less, east of the southwest corner of the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of said section, said point being in the center line of the main canal of the East Fork Irrigation Company, thence west 500 feet, more or less, to the quarter-section line running north and south through the center of said section 27; thence north to a point 330 feet north of the center of section 22, township and range aforesaid; thence west to the west line of the SE¼ of NW¼ of said section 22; thence north 1320 feet, more or less, to the east line of the county road; thence northeasterly along the east line of said county road to the south line of section 15, township and range aforesaid; thence west to southwest corner of SE¼ of SW¼ of said section 15; thence north to northwest corner of SE¼ of SW¼ of said section 15; thence east to east line of said county road; thence northerly along the east line of said county road to a point due east of the center of section 15, township and range aforesaid; thence west 1320 feet, more or less, to the center line of Nex's lateral; thence northeasterly along the center line of said Nex's lateral to the east line of the SW¼ of SE¼ of section 10, township and range aforesaid; thence north to the northeast corner of said SW¼ of SE¼ of said section 10; thence east 900 feet, more or less, to the center line of the main canal of the East Fork Irrigation Company; thence northerly along the center line of said main canal to the quarter-section line running east and west through the center of said section 10; thence due north 1,020 feet, more or less, to the center of Aren's lateral; thence westerly along the center line of said Aren's lateral 2,000 feet, more or less, to the east line of the county road, said point being in the NE¼ of NW¼ of said section 14; thence along the east line of said county road in a general northerly direction to its intersection with the center line of what is known as the Odell lateral of said East Fork Irrigation Company, said point being in the NE¼ of the SW¼ of section 3, township and range aforesaid; thence along the center line of the said Odell lateral in a general northerly and then northwesterly direction to its intersection with what is known as the Summit lateral of said company, said point being in the west line of the SW¼ of NE¼ of section 28, township 2 north, range 10 east of the Willamette Meridian; thence along the center line of said Summit lateral in a general northerly and then southwesterly direction to a point in the east line of the county road, said point being in the SW¼ of NE¼ of section 29, township and range aforesaid last above; thence along the east line of said county road in a general southwesterly direction to a point in the south line of the SW¼ of SW¼ of said section 29, thence west to the east line of the stream of Hood River; thence along the east line of said stream of Hood River in a general northeasterly direction to a point in the north and south center line of the SE¼ of section 36, township 2 north, range 10 E. W. M.; thence north to the east line of said stream of Hood River; thence along the east line of said stream of Hood River to a point in the north line of the SE¼ of NE¼ of said section 36; thence east to the northeast corner of the SE¼ of NE¼ of said section; thence north to the east line of the county road; thence northeasterly along the east line of said county road to the south line of section 13, township and range aforesaid; thence west to southwest corner of SE¼ of SW¼ of said section 13; thence north to northwest corner of SE¼ of SW¼ of said section 13; thence east to east line of said county road; thence northerly along the east line of said county road to a point due east of the center of section 13, township and range aforesaid; thence west 1320 feet, more or less, to the center line of Nex's lateral; thence northeasterly along the center line of said Nex's lateral to the east line of the SW¼ of SE¼ of section 10, township and range aforesaid; thence north to the northeast corner of said SW¼ of SE¼ of said section 10; thence east 900 feet, more or less, to the center line of the main canal of the East Fork Irrigation Company; thence northerly along the center line of said main canal to the quarter-section line running east and west through the center of said section 10; thence due north 1,020 feet, more or less, to the center of Aren's lateral; thence westerly along the center line of said Aren's lateral 2,000 feet, more or less, to the east line of the county road, said point being in the NE¼ of NW¼ of said section 14; thence along the east line of said county road in a general northerly direction to its intersection with the center line of what is known as the Odell lateral of East Fork Irrigation Company, said point being in the NE¼ of the SW¼ of section 3, township and range aforesaid; thence along the center line of the said Odell lateral in a general northerly and then northwesterly direction to its intersection with what is known as the Summit lateral of said company, said point being in the west line of the SW¼ of NE¼ of section 28, township 2 north, range 10 east of the Willamette Meridian; thence along the center line of said Summit lateral in a general northerly and then southwesterly direction to a point in the east line of the county road, said point being in the SW¼ of NE¼ of section 29, township and range aforesaid last above; thence along the east line of said county road in a general southwesterly direction to a point in the south line of the SW¼ of SW¼ of said section 29, thence west to the east line of the stream of Hood River; thence along the east line of said stream of Hood River in a general northeasterly direction to a point in the north and south center line of the SE¼ of section 36, township 2 north, range 10 E. W. M.; thence north to the east line of said stream of Hood River; thence along the east line of said stream of Hood River to a point in the north line of the SE¼ of NE¼ of said section 36; thence east to the northeast corner of the SE¼ of NE¼ of said section; thence north to the east line of the county road; thence northeasterly along the east line of said county road to a point in the south line of the right of way of the Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation Company; thence along the south line of said right of way of said Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation Company in a general easterly direction to a point in the north and south center line of section 31, township 3 north, range 11 E. W. M.; thence south to the northeast corner of the SE¼ of NW¼ of said section 31; thence west to the northwest corner of the SE¼ of NW¼ of said section; thence south to the southwest corner of the SE¼ of NW¼ of said section; thence east to the northwest corner of the land of William W. Foss, 100 feet, more or less; thence south to the east and west center line of the NE¼ of SW¼ of said section; thence east to the north and south center line of said section; thence south to the southwest corner of the SW¼ of SE¼ of said section; thence east to a point in the center line of the Neal Creek lateral of East Fork Irrigation Company aforesaid; thence along the center line of said Neal Creek lateral in a general southerly direction to its intersection with the center line of what is known as the Shedley lateral of said company aforesaid, said point being in the NW¼ of SW¼ of section 6, township 1 north, range 11 E., W. M.; thence along the center line of said Shedley lateral in a general westerly direction to its intersection with the center line of what is known as the Central lateral of said company aforesaid, said point being in the south line of the NW¼ of SW¼ of section 1, township 1 north, range 10 E., W. M.; thence along the center line of said Central lateral in a general westerly and southerly direction to its intersection with the center line of the main canal of said company aforesaid, which said point is likewise the intersection of the center line of the Neal Creek lateral aforesaid, with the center line of said main canal, which intersection is in the NE¼ of NE¼ of section 10, T. 1 N., R. 10 E.; thence southeasterly along the center line of said Neal Creek lateral to its intersection with the center line of what is known as the Rhoades lateral, which point is in the SW¼ of NE¼ of section 11, township and range last before mentioned; thence southwesterly along the center line of said Rhoades lateral to its intersection with the center line of the said main canal, which point of intersection is in the SE¼ of NE¼ of section 10, township and range last mentioned; thence southerly along the center line of said main canal to the place of beginning, containing 12,280 acres, more or less.

WITNESS the Honorables G. R. Castner, County Judge, and G. A. McCurdy and O. H. Rhoades, Commissioners, and the seal of the County Court for Hood River County, Oregon, this 7th day of November, 1912.

{SEAL} W. E. RANSON, County Clerk.

d12j11

KELLY BROS.
HAY AND OATS
Rolled Barley, Bran, Shorts and Straw
PHONE 227-M
Fourth Street Between Oak and State

Summons

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Hood River.

George Sheppard, administrator, Plaintiff,
vs.
Alfred C. Farrel and Burt Van Horn, Defendants.

To Alfred C. Farrel and Burt Van Horn, Defendants:

In the name of the State of Oregon: You and each of you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before the expiration of six weeks from the date of the first publication of this Summons, which date is hereinafter stated, and if you fail so to answer or appear, for want thereof the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief prayed for in his complaint to-wit:

For judgment against the defendant, Alfred C. Farrel for the sum of Sixteen Thousand ($16,000.00) Dollars, together with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from the first day of September, 1911; Eight Hundred ($800.00) Dollars attorney's fees and the cost and disbursements of this suit.

For a decree foreclosing that certain mortgage described in plaintiff's complaint herein, to-wit:

That mortgage executed and given by said Alfred C Farrel to secure the payment of a promissory note in the sum of Sixteen Thousand ($16,000.00) Dollars, which mortgage is recorded on page 191 in Volume 6 of the Records of Mortgages of Hood River County, State of Oregon and covers that property situated in the County of Hood River, State of Oregon, described as follows: to-wit:

Commencing at a point on the East line of Sec. 34, Township 2, North of Range 10, East of Willamette Meridian, 58 rods South of the Northeast corner of the Northeast quarter of the Southeast quarter of said Section 34; running thence South 22 rods, more or less, to the Southeast corner of the Northeast quarter of said Southeast quarter; thence West along said South line 80 rods, more or less, to the Southwest corner of said Northeast quarter of the Southeast quarter; thence North 80 rods, more or less, to the Northwest corner of said quarter quarter; thence East on the North line of said quarter quarter 42¼ rods, more or less thence South 45 rods; thence East 17¼ rods thence South 13 rods; thence East 20 rods to the place of beginning; containing 28 acres, more or less.

Also 2 shares of the capital stock of the East Fork Irrigating Company, a corporation; together with all water rights pertaining thereto, together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in anywise appertaining.

And for the sale of said property upon execution to satisfy plaintiff's claim and mortgage and such judgment as he may recover in the above entitled cause.

For a decree that the said defendant, Alfred C. Farrel be forever barred and foreclosed of and from all right, title and interest in or to said property and that the said defendant Burt Van Horn be adjudged to have no right, title, interest or lien in, to or upon said mortgaged premises, or any part thereof adverse to the lien of plaintiff's said mortgage and that he be forever barred and enjoined from setting up any right, title or claim of title, lien, or claim of lien in, to or upon said mortgaged premises or any part thereof and that plaintiff may have such other and further relief as the Court may deem equitable.

You are hereby served by the publication of this Summons in accordance with an order of the Hon. G. R. Castner, County Judge of Hood River County, State of Oregon, duly made and entered herein on this 26th day of November, 1912, which said order prescribes among other things, that you shall appear and answer said complaint on or before the expiration of six weeks from the date of the first publication of this Summons, which date is the 28th of November, 1912.

ERNEST C. SMITH, Attorney for Plaintiff.

n28j9

Summons

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for the County of Hood River.

George Sheppard, Plaintiff,
vs.
Alfred C. Farrel and Burt Van Horn, Defend'ts.

To Alfred C. Farrel and Burt Van Horn, Defendants:

In the name of the State of Oregon: You and each of you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on before the expiration of six weeks from the date of the first publication of this Summons, which is hereinafter set forth, and if you fail so to answer, for want thereof the plaintiff will apply to the Court for judgment and decree in accordance with the prayer of the complaint, to-wit:

For judgment against the defendant, Alfred C. Farrel for the sum of Four Thousand ($4,000.00) Dollars, together with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from the first day of September, 1911; for Four Hundred ($400.00) Dollars attorney's fees and the costs and disbursements of this suit.

For a decree forclosing the mortgage described n the complaint herein, to-wit:

That the mortgage executed and given by the defendant, Alfred C. Farrel to the plaintiff herein on the first day of September, 1911, which was recorded on page 192 of Volume 6 of the Records of Mortgages of Hood River County, State of Oregon, for the purpose of securing the payment of a certain pomissory note in the sum of ($4000.00) and which said mortgage covers that land situated in the County of Hood River, State of Oregon, described as follows;

Beginning at a point on the East line of the West ½ of the Southeast ¼ of Sec. 34, Township 2, North of Range 10, East of Willamette Meridian, 118.5 rods North of the South line of said Sec. 34; thence West parallel with the South line of said Sec. 34, 80 rods, more or less, to the West line of said West ½ of Southeast ¼; thence Northa'ong the said West line of West ½ of Southeast ¼ 41.5 rods, more or less, to the Northwest corner of said West ½ of Southeast ¼; thence East along the North line of said West ½ of Southeast ¼ 80 rods, more or less, to the Northeast corner of the said West ½ of Southeast ¼, and thence South along the East line of said West ½ of Southeast ¼ 41.5 rods, more or less, to the place of beginning, containing 20¾ acres, more or less.

Together with the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining; and for the sale of said premises upon execution to satisfy plaintiff's claim and mortgage and such judgment as plaintiff may recover in said suit.

For a decree that the said defendant, Alfred C. Farrel be forever barred and foreclosed of and from all right, title in or to said real estate and that the defendant, Burt Van Horn be adjudged to have no right, title or interest, or lien in, to or upon said premises or any part thereof, adverse to the lien of plaintiff's said mortgage and that said Burt Van Horn be forever barred and enjoined from setting up any right, title or claim of title, lien or claim of lien, in, to or upon said mortgaged premises or any part thereof and that plaintiff may have such other and further relief as to the Court may seem equitable.

You are hereby served by the publication of this Summons in accordance with the order of the Honorable G. R. Castner, County Judge of Hood River County, Oregon, duly made and entered herein on the 26th day of November, 1912, which order prescribes that you shall appear and answer said complaint on or before the expiration of six weeks from the date of the first publication of this Summons, which date is the 28th day of November, 1912.

ERNEST C. SMITH, Attorney for Plaintiff.

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Summons

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, for Hood River County.

Anna M. Erhart, Plaintiff,
vs.
J. F. Minkler, Defendant.

To J. F. Minkler, defendant above named:

In the name of the State of Oregon you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of the plaintiff now on file in the above entitled court and cause, on or before the 4th day of January, 1913. And if you fail so to answer said complaint the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief prayed for therein, to-wit: A judgment in favor of the plaintiff and against the defendant for the sum of $900.00, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from the 15th day of June, 1911; the further sum of $75.00 attorney's fees and the costs and disbursements of this suit. That that certain mortgage made, executed and delivered by defendant to plaintiff on the 2nd day of November, 1910, on the following described property, towit:

Lot (4) Four. And the Southwest ¼ Quarter, of the Northwest ¼ Quarter, of Section (4) Four, in Township (1) One, North Range (11) Eleven, East W. M., in Hood River County, Oregon.

To secure the payment of said sums, be foreclosed and said real property be sold upon execution for the purpose of satisfying the sums aforesaid; and if, after said sale and applications of the proceeds thereof, it shall be ascertained that such proceeds are insufficient to pay such judgment as the plaintiff may recover herein, she may have judgment over and against the defendant herein in the amount of such deficiency; that defendant be adjudged to have no right, title or interest in, or lien upon, said mortgaged property herein sought to be foreclosed, or any part thereof and that defendant be forever barred, foreclosed and enjoined from setting up any right, title or lien in or to said real property, or any part thereof; and that plaintiff have such other and further relief as the nature of this case may require or as to the Court may seem equitable and just.

This Summons is served upon you by publication once each week for six consecutive weeks in the Hood River Glacier, a newspaper of weekly circulation published at Hood River, in Hood River County, Oregon, by virtue of an order of the County Court of said County, made and entered on the 19th day of November, 1912, the day of the first publication of this Summons in said newspaper is the 21st day of November, 1912.

S. W. STARK, Attorney for Plaintiff.

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