

# ROYAL BAKING POWDER

**Absolutely Pure**

**Economizes Butter, Flour, Eggs; makes the food more appetizing and wholesome**

**The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar**

### F. X. ARENS WRITES FROM NEW YORK

F. X. Arens, one of the leading vocal teachers of the country, whose studios are in New York City and who purchased a ranch in Central Vale from Dr. W. S. Nichol last Fall, writes us the following interesting letter from the American Metropolis:

"This morning, returning from my usual Hood River apple as an appetizer, I happened to come across the enclosed article in this morning's issue of the New York American. Being already such an enthusiastic Hood Riveronian, since my purchase of an orchard in the valley, I take the liberty of sending the article to you. I would suggest that the Commercial association send it to every Gregory a box of the choicest apples.

"Within a few weeks I will send another one of my sons to join his mother and brother. He is a newspaper man like yourself."

The clipping from the "American" is given below:

When Oregon, fifty-three years ago, today, took her proud place in the sisterhood of the Union the controversy of more than half a century was brought to a glorious and happy termination.

Full of interest is the story of the "Oregon Country," as it was called in the olden days. In 1792 Captain Robert Gray discovered the Columbia River, naming the mighty stream after the ship in which he made the discovery. It should be said right here that Captain Gray had already achieved memorable results. In 1791 he sailed from Boston in the ship "Washington" for the purpose of trading with the natives of the Northwest, and returned in 1790 by way of China, thus being the first man to carry the American flag around the globe.

Of course, after Captain Gray had discovered the Columbia, England was obliged to have it "discovered" by one of her captains, and the great controversy between the two countries over the Oregon Country was not closed until 1842, when Uncle Sam won in the famous Astor-Benton-Smythe, negotiated by Daniel Webster.

For a long time the American people were blissfully ignorant of the splendid region in the far Northwest. In 1810 Captain Winship, a New Englander, built the first house in Oregon, and a year later John Jacob Astor founded Astoria.

In 1833 the Methodists established a mission in the Willamette Valley. In 1836 Dr. Whitman and the Rev. H. H. Spaulding, with their wives, went out from Missouri, the two ladies being the first white women to cross the Rocky Mountains. So late as 1842 the white people in the vast region of more than 300,000 square miles numbered only some 240.

About that time Dr. Whitman made his memorable trip to the coast, and in 1843 with 1,000 settlers, when a provisional government was organized. Still the ignorance and indifference of the people of the East held on, and it is no exaggeration to say that but for Whitman and Thomas H. Benton and one or two others the Oregon Country would have been allowed to go by default. The leading men in the nation declared that the Columbia River region was worthless to begin with, and that it was too far away, anyway, for sensible people to trouble themselves about it.

But Benton stuck to them, giving them no rest by day or night; and finally the deal was closed by which the magnificent region was ceded to the United States, to have and to hold forever, with its splendid forests, fertile valleys and wealth laden hills and streams, to say nothing of the "Hood River apples."

#### Strength of a Czar.

A story is told in St. Petersburg which illustrates the phenomenal physical strength of the old czar. At a little station not far from the capital the imperial train was delayed for quite a time, and the czar, being hungry, partook of some of the simple food of the buffet. Meanwhile the little daughter of the mayor presented the empress with a bouquet, the flowers of which were hastily gathered from private hothouses in the neighborhood. The stalks being still damp and earthy, the empress visibly hesitated to take the bouquet in her neatly gloved hand. The czar coolly took up one of the heavy pewter plates on the table, and twisting it as if it were paper, made a neat covering for the stalks. There is nothing incredible in the story, since the czar had been known to bend a kitchen poker as an ordinary man would a strip of tin.

#### Vegetables in Tudors' Time.

What did people eat before they had the potato as a staple article of diet? Apparently they had most of the vegetables that we have now. Of Londoners in the time of the Tudors, Sir Walter Besant tells us that they ate lettuce as a separate dish before the meat, used turnip leaves as a salad and roasted the turnip itself in wood ashes. Horse-radish and carrots were known to them, and capers were served boiled in oil or vinegar. Cucumbers, melons, parsnips and endives also figured at the Tudor meal table, for which, by the way, they boiled their systems and spread their beef with honey. It would be fun in these days to eat—or refuse—a Tudor meal—London Chronicle.

#### A Whistler Story.

When Whistler had not yet reached the height of his fame a millionaire called at his studio and wanted his wife's portrait done.

"How much will you charge me, Mr. Whistler," he said, "for a lifetime picture of the madam?"

"My price," said Whistler, "will be \$2,500."

The millionaire took up his hat and stick.

"Why," he snorted, turning to go, "you expect to be paid for your work as if you had been dead four or five hundred years!"

"The millionaire whistled up his hat and stick.

"A favorite dish with the Eskimos is an ice cream made of seal oil into which snow is stirred until the desired consistency has been obtained; then frozen berries of different kinds are added. This delicacy is said to be about as tempting to the civilized palate as frozen cod liver oil.

#### A Legal Quibble.

She (making up)—And you will admit you were wrong? He is young lawyer—No, but I'll admit that an unintentional error might have unknowingly crept into my assertion.

#### The Reason.

Daughter—Father went off in good humor this morning. Mother—My! That reminds me. I forgot to ask him for any money.—Christian Advocate.

#### The Eternal Masculine.

As soon as a man gets everything he wants he finds that the things he has are not the things he wanted.—Chicago Record-Herald.

He that follows two acres catches neither.

#### First Latipipe, then Bronchitis.

Such was the case with Mrs. S. W. Bailey, McCree, Ky. "My wife was taken down with a severe attack of a gripe, which run into bronchitis. She coughed as tho' she had consumption and could not sleep at night. The doctor's medicine gave her no relief and I was advised to try Foley's Honey and Tar Compound. The first bottle gave her so much relief that she continued using it and three bottles effected a complete cure." Mr. Bailey says he is prepared to answer all inquiries promptly. For sale by C. A. Platt.

### Nursery Stock

Hood River Grown  
First Class

THE KIND THAT GROWS

A Few Dwarf Apple,  
Pear and Peach

C. D. Thompson  
HOOD RIVER, OREGON

### Colonist Fares

DAILY

March 1 to April 15, 1912

From the Middle and Eastern portions of the United States and Canada to all points in the Northwest on the

### Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation Co.

From CHICAGO - - - - \$35.00  
" ST. LOUIS - - - - \$32.00  
" OMAHA - - - - \$25.00  
" KANSAS CITY - - - - \$25.00  
" ST. PAUL - - - - \$25.00

Proportionately low fares from all other points. Direct service from Chicago, St. Paul, Omaha and Kansas City over the C. & N. W. LINE AND PACIFIC OREGON SHORT LINE AND O. V. R. R. N. N. LINES PROTECTED BY AUTOMATIC BLOCK SIGNAL.

YOU CAN PREPAY FARES

While these rates apply Westbound only, fares may be prepaid by depositing value of the ticket with your local agent, and an order will be telegraphed to any address given.

Aid in telling of our vast resources and wonderful opportunities for Home Building.

Illustrated and reliable printed matter will be mailed to anyone to whom you wish it sent, by addressing

WM. McMURRAY, General Passenger Agent,  
PORTLAND, OREGON.

## Do You Know What These Cuts Stand For?



No. 1 is the Bean Pony Sprayer. Last week we showed you the Bean Giant. Watch next ad for some handy little devices. No. 2 represents our Triangle Arsenate of Lead, which is 99% pure from analysis by the U. S. Department of Agriculture.



### Can You Say That of the Lead You Used Last Season?

NIAGARA SPRAYS are still superior to all others. Here is proof. Note the result of this test made at the Oregon Agricultural College:

TABLE OF ANALYSES					
Sample No.	Total Lime	Total Sulphur	Winter Strength Dilution	\$ Per Gal. Diluted	Cost Per Gal. Applied
Sample No. 1 Phoenix	10.73	26.63	1 to 9.24	512	17.16c
Sample No. 2 Lily	11.94	30.03	1 to 10.45	372	15.7c
Sample No. 3 Dependable	12.00	29.21	1 to 10.12	350	16c
Sample No. 4 Rex	12.12	23.98	1 to 8.78	400	16c
Sample of NIAGARA	19.05	31.44	1 to 11.00	600	15c

**Hood River Spray Manufacturing Co.**  
Phone 142-L; Evenings 208-L Office With Geo. H. Culbertson & Co.

### INSPECTOR ADVISES SPRAYING OF SHRUBS

By Prof. W. H. Lawrence.

The presence of so many sappy neglected, diseased and oftentimes partially dead fruit trees, standing in vacant lots and in the lawns, has a very depressing effect upon visitors and prospective purchasers of orchard tracts. In fact it is not until one has made a trip through some portion of the valley and has actually viewed the well kept orchards that he recovers from the shock received in passing along the streets of this city. The current with the neglect of these trees and shrubs and especially the San Jose Scale has become very abundant and have in many cases so badly injured trees and shrubs that it is advisable to destroy the plants. Now is the time for the property owners to cooperate in destroying all useless and diseased plant and to spray the ones which they desire to save. In removing all plants, especially fruit trees, it is advised to dig them out in order to destroy the roots and prevent the formation of suckers at a later date. All the rubbish must be destroyed by burning as soon as possible. Green apple wood will burn as readily as when dry. Start a hot fire by using some good dry kindling. Destroying all plants useless for fruit or shade is by far the easiest, cheapest and most effectual method of "cleaning up."

After the destruction of the undesirable plants attention should be directed to the proper pruning and spraying of the plants such as are worthy of a place in the lawn, garden, or vacant lot. Pruning should precede spraying. The one consisting in pruning is to shape the plant that it is possible to spray it, and spray effectively.

Since lime-sulphur wash has the confined properties of both an insecticide and fungicide, this material is the only one recommended for early spring spraying, unless the spraying is done to control specific trouble. The winter strength (1 part lime-sulphur to 9 to 10 parts water) should be used and the application made before the buds begin to open. In case late spraying becomes necessary there is some danger of injury to the fruit and foliage of some plants.

While spraying there are several points to bear in mind: Use a pump that will develop 175 to 200 pounds of pressure; begin spraying in the most difficult places to reach; spray thoroughly so that every surface is coated and all the crevices, checks and spaces behind the buds are splashed full of the spray. This can only be done when an extension rod 18 to 9 feet long with a 45 per cent crook equipped with a nozzle which will give a driving spray is used. The Bordeaux nozzle is the best type for this work. In spraying tall trees it is necessary to spray from a tower, unless one climbs the tree, in order that the upper surfaces of limbs, buds and the angles between the branches and stems may be filled.

Since it will be necessary to spray a majority of the plants in the city it is suggested that all persons desiring the advice of an inspector, do so. It is hoped that all of the diseased fruit trees and other plants infested with pests will have been destroyed or thoroughly sprayed within the next six weeks. Later in the time permits a careful inspection throughout the town will be made and additional work necessary to secure complete results will be done.

The recommendations given below by Prof. Lawrence as to spraying and other remedies should be followed until the trees have begun to bud. Other instructions from the fruit expert will follow from time to time.

1. Pests controlled by methods other than spraying: CROWN GALL OR HARRY ROOT. Do not plant trees infested with this disease. You will not make a success of the orchard business if you do. FIRE BLIGHT. Prune out all hold-over cankers. Cut several inches below each canker. Keep the pruning tools wet with corrosive sublimate (1 part to 1000 parts of water) also saturate every cut. Burn all prunings at once.

2. Pests controlled by spraying. Use power sprayers giving a pressure of 150 to 200 pounds. Splash the spray beneath every flake of dead bark, behind every bud and in the angles of every branch. Use an extension rod 8 to 9 feet long with a 45 per cent crook equipped with a nozzle throwing a mist spray. Take plenty of time to do thorough work. Thorough work gives the results.

SAN JOSE SCALE. Spray infested trees with winter strength lime-sulphur before the buds open. Coat every portion of the tree. Remember to spray the upper side of each branch. Drive the spray around the scales so that they are thoroughly saturated.

RED SPIDER. Scrape the crumpled web of the spider from the scales of bark beneath which the spiders hibernate. Remove the dirt around the crown of each tree to a depth of 4 to 5 inches. Spray the crown and trunk thoroughly with lime-sulphur. Also be careful to fill the angles between the large branches with spray. Red spiders are only killed when thoroughly soaked with the spray.

GREEN AND BROWN APHIDS. Coat the eggs thoroughly with lime-sulphur. Spraying while the buds are swelling gives the best results.

ANTHRACNOSE. Thorough spraying with 6-4-50 Bordeaux mixture is

### GOVERNOR PROCLAIMS COLONIST DAY

Governor Oswald West has proclaimed today to be "Colonist Day" for 1912. The "Colonist" period this year is from March 1 to April 15. The success of the colonist day last year was most unexpected. Nearly every commercial organization in the state participated in this most unique advertising campaign and set aside its own special day for observing it. The total number of pieces of mail that went East because of the special efforts made ran up into the millions. The school children and many social organizations volunteered their services in writing letters and mailing literature. The result was probably the biggest short-time advertising campaign that any state has known.

In his proclamation the state's chief executive calls attention to the kind of colonists the state needs to clear its thousands of acres of timbered and sage brush lands. The Governor says the state does not need the city man, subsisting on a daily wage, except as he may follow the institution of the factory, the workshop or the business house. The need of the state is active men with active money and efficient effort.

### FIRE DEPARTMENT ELECTS OFFICERS

At a meeting of the Volunteer Fire Department last week officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: President, William Ganger; vice president, R. H. Husbands; secretary, Walter Ford; treasurer, C. S. Jones; chief, William Ganger; assistant, William McGuire; foreman of Hose Company No. 1, R. B. Perigo; foreman of Hose Company No. 2, W. B. Coulter; foreman of Hook and Ladder Co., A. L. Vincent; foreman of the Heights Hook and Ladder Company, Hubbard Taylor; Chief Engineer of Heights, E. M. Holman; Pluggmen, E. C. Wright and W. E. Colby.

A piece of flannel dampened with Chamberlain's Liniment and bound on to the affected parts is superior to any plaster. When troubled with lame back or pains in the side or chest give it a trial and you are certain to be more than pleased with the prompt relief which it affords. Sold by all dealers.

### Fins, Furs, and Feathers.

Old Baron Munchausen will turn over in his grave and scratch his left ear, when news of wondrous stories that have recently been told by certain of his rivals in the Hood River Valley, are known to him. He was a big enough liar to have been pickled in this kind of a receptacle. The old boy has been a long time dead, yet his reputation has reigned supreme. Even his name will now enter the realm of dark oblivion, while that of local geni reach the zenith of fame.

The man who tells the following story is very modest. He is no windjammer and his sincerity almost creates belief. The story—once upon a time not so long ago, a certain local hunter was in quest of ducks in the neighborhood of their haunts in a neighboring district. Having become weary from much tramping and no luck he laid himself down at the roots of a big tree beside a pond. He dreamed wonderful dreams of the chase. And after an hour or two, awakening, beheld to the left of him an unusually large flock of geese; on the right was the biggest bunch of ducks that mortal man ever had a chance to shoot at. But piffles, a whirr at his feet astonished him! Glancing downward he beheld the king rattle snake of the state. His reptilian majesty winked at him and stuck out a mocking tongue, making a noise with its rattles like a thousand tambourines, but far less musical. The man was too frightened to swear. He only had two shells, one in each chamber of his double-barrel shot gun. He says that he never knew how it happened. But by some miracle the gun went off and he went to sleep for the larger fraction of an hour. When he awoke the snake was dead, its head having been pierced by the breech-lock of the gun. Fifty two ducks and the feet of another had floated to the banks of the pond. He never liked goose meat, he stated confidentially to his friends, so he made no attempt to count the slaughtered honkers.

That fellow believes that story. He says the friend, the hero of the episode, has the 18 rattles, and a button, that he cut from the snake's tail.

### PROHIBITIONIST LEADER ADDRESSES PEOPLE

Eugene W. Chafin, who was the Prohibitionist candidate for the presidency in 1908, delivered an address to the members of the party here Monday afternoon at the Assembly Hall of the Commercial club. Mr. Chafin, who is a fluent talker, related history of anti-liquor movements during the past 50 years. A great prohibition wave swept over the country before the Civil War, he stated, and about 15 of the states declared against the liquor traffic. However, now Maine alone of those states remains dry. The leader of the prohibitionists declares that this failure to keep the states in the lists was due to lack of organization and working along wrong principles.

The effect of prohibition has been weakened and killed in following instances by high license and local option laws. The only way to cure the liquor evil, he declared, will be to make it a penitentiary offense for the manufacturer of any kind of liquor on every inch of American soil.

Oregon will have woman suffrage and your own governor will be elected on the prohibition ticket," said Mr. Chafin at the close of his speech, when a number of those present subscribed to the year's campaign fund.

### GIRLS LOSE BOYS WIN

The Hood River High School sent a team of its boys to Stevenson last Friday evening, and with it went a girls' basketball team. The latter lost to the fair ones of Skamania county. The only way to cure the liquor evil, he declared, will be to make it a penitentiary offense for the manufacturer of any kind of liquor on every inch of American soil.

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### THIS BOOK WORTH READING

The Adler-i-ka book, telling how you can EASILY guard against appendicitis, and how you can relieve constipation or gas on the stomach almost INSTANTLY, is offered free for a short time by Chas. N. Clarke, D.uggist.

advised in orchards where the injury from this disease is serious. Experiments have shown that enough of the Bordeaux sticks to the tree to be effective the following autumn. This spraying is only recommended in cases where fall spraying is impossible.

Perfect Printing Rubber Stamps of every description made at the Glacier Stamp Works.


## W. F. Laraway

Doctor of Ophthalmology

Over 30 years' experience.

Eyes Tested and Glasses Ground

Reference: Over 2 000 fitted in Hood River, U. S. A.



## MAXWELL "SPECIAL"

### A Thirty-Six Horse Power Touring Car

Undisputed Leader for 1912



THE big, powerful, stylish Maxwell "Special," a thirty-six horse power, five-passenger touring car is the result, and its sensational price of \$1480 gives it unquestioned leadership for 1912. No car selling for \$300 more than the price we ask can match the Maxwell "Special." Its excellent style classes it with the best cars of greater cost.

Its new ventilated, fore-door, flush-side, vestibuled steel body, inside control, Columbia honey-comb type radiator, new design bonnet and deep, comfortable upholstery stamp the Maxwell "Special" as a leader of fashion and the aristocrat among moderate priced cars.

Wonderfully quiet is the powerful, smooth running, four and one-quarter by five and one-quarter long stroke motor of the "Special." Large valves, adjustable push rods, unbelting self-contained oiling system, new and improved glass reservoir carburetor, dual ignition with magneto and batteries, combine to produce more power and greater speed than will ever be used. Gear shifting in this car is reduced to a minimum, as it takes the steepest hills with ease.

The Maxwell "Special" is the only car of thirty-six horse power with full equipment, including self-starter, sold within \$300 above its price. The "Special" bristles with new features, added refinements and conveniences. Among these are the self-starter, massive, full-floating rear axle, drop-forged "I" beam front axle, sliding gear transmission, 17-inch mahogany steering wheel with Stoddard-Dayton type of spark and throttle control levers, 9-inch clutch discs, disappearing clutch lever, powerful wheel hubs, extra heavy spokes—twelve in each wheel.

The oiling system of the "Special" is exceedingly simple and efficient. Filling the reservoir is the only concern of the operator. Grease cups of ample size are provided everywhere else where lubrication is necessary.

Every modern, scientific principle that makes comfort and safety has been incorporated in the "Special." Fourteen-inch brake drums instead of twelve-inch, with double acting brakes; fifty-one-inch springs, two inches wide, with seven leaves, instead of the usual forty-seven-inch springs; long wheel base and large 34x4 inch tires insure riding comfort.

The remarkably low price of \$1480 for the Maxwell "Special" includes complete equipment. It is ready for touring without a cent of added expense. Equipment includes self-starter, mohair top, top boot, windshield, speedometer, Presto-Lite tank, black enamel lamps and magneto.

**Price Fully Equipped, F. O. B. Factory, \$1480**

## Tip-Top Auto Co.

(INCORPORATED)

PHONE 109 C. P. McCAN, Manager