The Hood River Glacier.

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HOOD RIVER GLACIER

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SOCIETIES.

HOOD RIVER LODGE NO. 105, A. F. and A. A. M.—Meets Saturday evening on or before each full moon. TRUMAN BUTLER, W. M. A. D. MOE, Secretary.

HOOD RIVER CHAPTER NO. 27, R. A. M.—Meets first and third Friday nights of each month. F. CHANDLER, H. P. A. D. MOE, Secretary.

HOOD RIVER CHAPTER NO. 25, O. E. S.—Meets second and fourth Tuesday evening of each month. Visitors cordially welcomed. MRS. J. L. HERSHNER, W. M. MRS. THERESA CASTNER, Secretary.

IDLEWILDE LODGE NO. 107, I. O. O. F.—Meets in Fraternal hall, every Thursday night. WM. GANGER, N. G. H. C. SMITH, Secretary

EDEN ENCAMPMENT, NO. 48, I. O. O. F.—Regular meeting second and fourth Mondays of each month. L. E. MORSE, C. P. H. R. ENTRICAN, Scribe.

LAUREL REBEKAH DEGREE LODGE NO. 81, I. O. O. F.—Meets first and third Fridays in each month. MRS. E. W. UDELL, N. G. MRS. DORA THOMSON, Secretary.

WAUCOMA LODGE NO. 30, K. OF P.—Meets in K. of P. hall every Tuesday night. V. C. BROCK, C. C. H. T. DEWITT, K. of R. and S.

HOOD RIVER CAMP, NO. 7,702, M. W. A.—Meets in K. of P. hall every Wednesday night. CHAS. JONES, V. C. C. U. DAKIN, Clerk

HOOD RIVER CAMP, NO. 770, W. O. W.—Meets on first and third Tuesday of each month in Odd Fellows' hall. H. F. BLAGG, C. C. H. W. WAIT, Clerk.

HOOD RIVER CIRCLE NO. 521, WOMEN OF Woodcraft—Meets at K. of P. hall on the first and Third Fridays of each month. HELLEN NORTON, G.N. NELLIE HOLLOWELL, Clerk.

RIVERSIDE LODGE NO. 68 A. O. U. W.—Meets first and third Saturdays of each month. C. L. COPPLE, M. W. E. R. BRADLEY, Financier CHESTER SHUTE, Recorder.

RIVERSIDE LODGE NO. 40, DEGREE OF Honor, A. O. U. W.—Meets first and third Saturdays at 8 p. m. MISS CORA COPPLE, C. of H. MISS CARRIE COPPLE, Recorder.

OAK GROVE COUNCIL NO. 142, ORDER OF Pendo.—Meets the second and fourth Fridays of the month. Visitors cordially welcome. F. C. BROSIUS, Counsellor. GEO. SLOCOM, Secretary.

ORDER OF WASHINGTON HOOD RIVER Union No. 142—Meets in K. of P. hall the second and fourth Saturdays in each month at 7:30 p. m. E. L. ROOD, President. C. U. DAKIN, Secretary.

OLETA ASSEMBLY NO. 163, UNITED ARTisans.—Meets the first and third Wednesdays, work; second and fourth Wednesdays Artisans' hall. J. H. KOBERG, M. A. C. D. HENRICH, Secretary.

COURT HOOD RIVER NO. 42, FORESTERS of America,—Meets second and fourth Mondays in each month in K. of P. hall. L. C. HAYNES, H. P. F. C. BROSIUS, F. C.

CANBY POST, NO. 46, G. A. R.—MEETS AT A. O. U. W. hall, second and fourth Saturdays of each month at 2 o'clock p. m. All G. A. R. members invited to meet with us. A. L. PHELPS, Commander. THOMAS GOSS, Adjutant.

CANBY W. R. C., NO. 46—MEETS SECOND and fourth Saturdays of each Month in A. O. U. W. hall at 2 p. m. ELLEN BLOWERS, President. LIZZIE GEE, Secretary

MOUNTAIN HOME CAMP No. 8,469, R. N. A. Meets at K. of P. hall on the second and fourth Friday of each month. MRS. EMMA JONES, Oracle. MRS. ELLA DAKIN, Recorder.

WAUNA TEMPLE, No. 6, Rathbone Sisters, meets every second and fourth Thursday of each month. AMANDA WHITEHEAD, M. E. C. STELLA RICHARDSON, M. of R. and C.

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ROGER S. SANBORN

ATTORNEY AT LAW

HOOD RIVER OREGON

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

HOOD RIVER.

The postoffice is open daily between 8 a. m. and 7 p. m.; Sunday from 12 to 1 o'clock. Mails for the East close at 11:20 a. m., 3:20 p. m. and 5 p. m.; for the West at 2:40 p. m. and 9 p. m.

The carriers on R. F. D. routes No. 1 and No. 2 leave the postoffice at 8:30 daily. Mail leaves For Mt. Hood, daily at 12:00 m.; arrives, 10:20 a. m.

For Chenoweth, Wash., at 7:30 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; arrives same days at 6 p. m.

For Underwood, Wash., at 7:30 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; arrives same days at 6 p. m.

For White Salmon, Wash., daily at 2:45 p. m.; arrives at 11 a. m.

WHITE SALMON.

For Hood River daily at 9 a. m.; arrives at 4:45 p. m.

For Husum, Trout Lake and Guler, Wash., daily at 7:30 a. m.; arrives at 12 m.

For Glenwood, Gilmer and Fulda, Wash., daily at 7:30 a. m.; arrives at 5 p. m.

For Pinefiat and Snowden, Wash., at 11:30 a. m. Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrives same days, 10:30 a. m.

For Binsen, Wash., daily at 4:45 p. m.; arrives at 8:45 a. m.

(Timber Land Act June 3, 1878.)

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon, Dec. 12, 1904.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

ANDREW L. CARMICHAEL

of Hood River, county of Wasco, state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 2457, for the purchase of the E½SE¼, SENE¼ of section No. 20, and SW¼NW¼ of Section Number 21, in township No. 2 north, range No 9 E., W.M., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before George T. Prather, United States commissioner, at his office at Hood River, Oregon, on the 4th day of March, 1905.

He names as witnesses: Hugh A. Moore, James Moore, Charles J. Hayes, and William F. Rand, all of Hood River, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 4th day of March, 1905.

d22 f25 MICHAEL T. NOLAN, Register.

STRANAHAN & SLAVIN,
Contractors and Builders
HOOD RIVER, OREGON

S. H. COX
Contractors and Builders
PLANS AND ESTIMATES FURNISHED.

EUREKA MEAT MARKET,
McGUIRE BROS., Props.
Dealers in Fresh and Cured Meats, Lard, Poultry, Fruits and Vegetables.
FREE DELIVERY. PHONE 86

BON TON BARBER SHOP
HAYNES & GREY, Props.
The place to get an easy shave, an up-to-date hair cut, and to enjoy the luxury of a porcelain bath tub.

THE O. K. BARBER SHOP
Russell & Rees, Props. Between J. N. Rand's and E. C. Wright's. Strictly first class. Satisfaction guaranteed.

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Of 25 years' experience. Will furnish plans and specifications for all kinds of buildings. Strictly up to date. Located at Hood River.

E. A. SOULE,
Contractor and Builder.
PLANS AND ESTIMATES FURNISHED UPON APPLICATION. d1

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Estimates furnished on all kinds of work
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Contractors and Builders
Hood River, Ore.

F. W. PRIBNOW,
Carpenter & Builder
Estimates cheerfully furnished.
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All work promptly and carefully attended to.
Hood River, Ore.

B. F. BELIEU,
Contractor & Builder.
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BRICK YARD.
I am manufacturing at my yard near Columbia nursery south of town, as fine a quality of common brick as can be found in the state. Have 200,000 to 300,000 brick on hand for inspection. Price at yard $8 per thousand.
Come out to the yard and see how we make brick.
A. T. ZEEK.

Columbia Nursery
F. E. BROSIUS, Prop.
Strawberry Plants, Top-Grafted Cherry Trees, 2-yr.-old Apple Trees including Spitzenberg, Newtown, Baldwin, Ortley, Winter Banana, etc
Guaranteed true to name.
HOOD RIVER, OR.

(Timber land, Ae June 3, 1878.)

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon, Nov. 23, 1904.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled, "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892,

NELS NELSON

of Blackduck, county of Beltrami, state of Minnesota, has on October 5 1903, filed in this office his sworn statement No. 2123, for the purchase of the E½ NW¼ and E½SW¼ of Section 9, in Township No. 2 North, Range No. 9 E., W.M.; and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the register and receiver of this office at The Dalles; Oregon, on the 17th day of March, 1905.

He names as witnesses: August Wolden, of Bemidji, Minnesota; Einar Willo, of Portland Oregon; Louis Nelson, of Deschutes, Oregon; S. W. Curran, of Vienta, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before the said 17th day of March, 1905.

d221 5 MICHAEL T. NOLAN, Register.

(Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878)

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon, Nov. 21, 1904.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892,

FRED URBAN,

of Waynoka, county of Woods, Territory of Oklahoma, has on April 12, 1904, filed in this office his sworn statement No. 2293, for the purchase of the SE¼SW¼ and lot 4 of Section No. 7, in Township No. 1 North, Range No. 11 E., W. M., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before Geo. T. Prather, U. S. Commissioner, at his office in Hood River, Oregon, on the 3d day of March, 1905.

He names as witnesses: Arthur R. French, Archie C. French, Albert M. Caldwell and Bert L. Wooley, all of Waynoka, Oklahoma; Edmond C. Miller, Gilford D. Woodworth and Ralph French, all of Hood River, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before the said 3d day of March, 1905.

d22 f25 MICHAEL T. NOLAN, Register.

(Timber Land Act June 13, 1878)

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon, Nov. 1, 1904.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

CHARLES A. HOY

of Portland, county of Multnomah, state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 2436, for the purchase of the lots 3 & 4, section 18 and lot 10 of section No. 7, in township No. 1 north, range No. 9 E, W. M., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before Geo. T. Prather, U. S. commissioner at his office in Hood River, Oregon, on the 3d day of February 1905.

He names as witnesses: Lewis E. Morse, Charles Castner, Isaac C. Nealeigh, William F. Rand, all of Hood River, oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 3d day of February, 1905.

n24 f26 MICHAEL T. NOLAN, Register.

(Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.)

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon, October 27, 1904.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892,

CARRIE J. CLARK

of Hood River, county of Wasco, state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 2433 for the purchase of the lots 5 and 6 and SE¼NW¼ and NE¼SW¼ section No 6, in township No. 2 north, range No. 10 E. W. M., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before George T. Prather U. S. Commissioner at his office at Hood River, Oregon, on the 3d day of February, 1905.

She names as witnesses: Judson H. Ferguson, James Ingalls, Lewis W. Clark, Charles L. Rogers, all of Hood River, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are advised to file their claims in this office on or before the said 3d day of February, 1905.

n24ja26 MICHAEL T. NOLAN, Register.

(Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.)

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon, Nov 11, 1904.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

JAIRUS W. CRANE

of Portland, county of Multnomah, state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 2444, for the purchase of the lots 3 and 4 and N½SW¼ of section No. 33, in township 2 north, range 9 E. W. M., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before George T. Prather, United States Commissioner at his office at Hood River, Oregon, on the 3d day of February 1905.

He names as witnesses: Glen Fabrick, Isaac C. Nealeigh, Lewis E. Morse and William F. Rand all of Hood River, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before the said 3d day of February 1905.

n24ja26 MICHAEL T. NOLAN, Register

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Public land sale—(Isolated tract.)

United States Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon, January 31, 1905. Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of instructions from the commissioner of the General Land Office, under authority vested in him by section 2455, United States revised statutes, as amended by act of Congress approved February 26, 1895, we will proceed to offer at public sale at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., on the 23d day of February, 1905, at this office, the following tract of land, to-wit: The SE¼ of the NW¼ of section 23, township 2 north, range 11 east of Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are advised to file their claims in this office on or before the day above designated for the commencement of said sale, otherwise their rights will be forfeited.

j19 f18 MICHAEL T. NOLAN, Register.
ANNE M. LANG, Receiver.

(Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.)

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon, Nov. 21, 1904.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892,

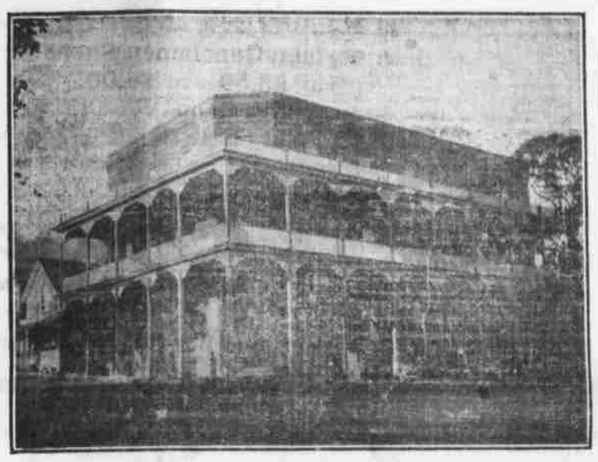
ARTHUR R. FRENCH

of Waynoka, county of Woods, territory of Oklahoma, has on June 2 1903, filed in this office his sworn statement No. 1998, for the purchase of the W½NE¼ and E½NW¼ of section No. 30 in township No. 1 north, range No. 11 east W.M., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before Geo. T. Prather, U. S. Commissioner at his office in Hood River, Oregon, on the 3d day of March 1905.

He names as witnesses: Archie C. French, Bert L. Wooley and Albert M. Caldwell, all of Waynoka, Oklahoma, Warren Miller, Edmond C. Miller and Ralph French, all of Hood River, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before the said 3d day of March, 1905.

d29 m6f2 MICHAEL T. NOLAN, Register.



[Courtesy Pacific Homestead.] WAUCOMA HOTEL.

ONCE TOOK IN SEVEN STATES

ORIGINAL AREA WASCO COUNTY

Interesting Data Supplied by Historian Himes and Mrs. Crandall—Its Early Boundaries.

With the probability that Cascade county is soon to be carved from old Wasco, a history of the former county is particularly interesting at this time.

The statement that Wasco at one time embraced portions of the territory of seven different states will be surprising to many.

When E. L. Smith, president of the Northwest Fruit Growers' association, responded to the address of welcome at Boise a few weeks ago, he referred to the fact that Boise was once a part of Wasco county. As authority for this statement, Mr. Smith has furnished the Glacier the following letter from George H. Himes, assistant secretary of the Oregon Historical society:

Original Oregon was bounded as follows: North, 54 degrees 40 minutes; east, summit of Rocky mountains; south 42d parallel; west, Pacific ocean.

Treaty between England and the United States made the northern boundary the 49th parallel westward from the Rocky mountains summit to the gulf of Georgia, and main channel to ocean.

Washington territory was created March 2, 1853. Boundaries: North, 49 degrees; south, Columbia river; until in going eastward it touched the 46th parallel; east, summit of Rocky mountains; west, Pacific ocean.

After Washington territory was set off, Oregon embraced everything between the 42d and the 46th degrees, east of the point at which the latter parallel touches the Columbia river.

Wasco county when organized as early at least as the winter of 1853-4, embraced all of Oregon east of the Cascade mountains, or in other words, all Oregon between summits of Cascades and Rocky mountains, the 46th and 42d parallels thus, you see, taking in the quarter part of Idaho. When Oregon was admitted to the Union, February 14, 1859, congress set off the region from the 42d parallel northward along 117 degree west longitude to its intersection with Snake river, and along that stream up to the 46th parallel, and eastward to the summit of the Rocky mountains, and added it to the territory of Washington, and on March 3, 1863, that was made a part of the territory of Idaho—the greater part, too, by the way.

By this time I think you will see that you can read your title clear in asserting that Boise was included in Wasco county between the years 1853-4 and February 14, 1859.

The Dalles Chronicle recently published the following article on the history of Wasco county, prepared by Mrs. C. J. Crandall, who is making a study of the early history of Oregon:

Talk of again dividing Wasco county causes one to ask how large was the original old Wasco, well called the Mother of Counties? Fifty-one years ago, the 11th day of January, 1854, the territorial legislature created Wasco county, consisting of all the territory of Oregon east of the Cascade range. Eastern Oregon at that time extended to the summit of the Rocky mountains. It is interesting to follow the metes and bounds of this county of such gigantic proportions.

East on the Columbia river and the 46th degree near Wallula, crossing the Snake river near the mouth of Salmon river, on through the state of Idaho with Grangeville and Mount Idaho on the Oregon side, crossing the Bitter Root mountains into Montana the region of the Silver Bow country perhaps near Butte City, which city stands on a crest of the Rocky mountains near the 46th parallel. Thence southerly along the summits of the Rockies, cutting off the southwestern corner of the Yellowstone Park, and quite a chunk out of the western side of Wyoming, intersecting the 42d degree near the South Pass, through which was the old emigrant road; thence west on the 42d degree to the Cascade mountains, having for the southern boundary part of Wyoming, Utah, Nevada and the Eastern half of Northern California. For five years Wasco county remained this great size, until the admission of Oregon to the Statehood, February 14, 1859, when the bounds of Oregon were defined as we know them. That part of Wasco county east of the Snake river and west of the Rocky mountans and between the 46th and 42d degrees was annexed to Washington territory, and five years later became Southern Idaho. Why congress saw fit to cut Oregon down and make Washington territory, already so large, does not appear. Perhaps there were axes to grind in those days. Major Rains of the Fourth infantry, stationed at The Dalles the winter of 1853-4, opposed the establishment of the county, not only on account of its great size, but that there were only thirty-five white inhabitants in the whole county. The earliest permanent settler in Wasco county was Nathan Olney, who took up the Dr. Shang place, now the Snipes and Hostetler places, in 1847. However, a Frenchman by the name of Lavendure settled on the Chrisman place the year before, built a log cabin, fenced a few acres, but went to the mines in California and never returned. On the Tygh were three settlers, a man by the name of Tomlinson and two Frenchmen.

W. C. Laughlin and family came in 1850. Edward Crate, who was an employe of the Hudson Bay Co., located at the Point the same year. Justin Chenoweth, carrying the United States mail in 1851, lived on the Vanbibber place, giving his name to the creek. C. W. Denton settled on Mill creek in 1852; Daniel Bolton, father of County Clerk Bolton, on Fifteen Mile, and George Snipes also the same year. N. Coe, James Jenkins and J. M. Benson at Hood River in 1854. John A. Simms filed a donation claim on the Chrisman place, long known as the Logan estate. William Logan was Dr. Logan's father. R. R. Thompson, Indian agent in 1853, filed east of Logan's now known as Thompson's addition. He now lives in California. O. Humason came about this time, whose claim was where the old fair grounds were, long called Humason's field.

The establishment of the post in 1850 made trade and business at The Dalles. The immigrations were large during these years, and these pioneer settlers made a good living trading with the Indians and immigrants trading in horses and cattle.

The first county officers were appointed by the territorial legislature—W. C. Laughlin, William Keith and Josh Thompkins, commissioners; John A. Simms sheriff, and Justin Chenoweth, county judge. Of the first list of elective officers only one is still a resident of Wasco county, and as far as known the only one living—the coroner, C. W. Denton. O. Humason was first representative in 1854; N. H. Gates in 1856, and Vic Trevitt in 1858. D. W. Douthitt was prosecuting attorney for three terms. There was no treasurer until 1856 when Mr. Cushing was elected. J. McAuliff was elected in 1858; still living in Walla Walla. The assessors for three terms successively were John Irvine, William Logan and H. P. Isaacs. William Logan and wife were lost off Crescent City, in 1865 in the "Brother Jonathan." H. P. Isaacs, one of the most prominent of Walla Walla's business men recently died. The county clerks were John Simms, J. R. Bates and W. C. Moody. R. R. Thompson was school superintendent in 1858 succeeded by E. P. Fitzgerald for two terms. Colonel J. S. Ruckles, one of the earliest men in the O. S. N. Co., was senator in 1858, James K. Kelly, afterward United States senator from Oregon, succeeded at the next election. Other notable men who came out of Wasco were O. N. Denny and George L. Woods, both having served as county judge. O. N. Denny represented our government to China, and was afterward advisor to the king of Corea. George L. Woods was Wasco's first governor of Oregon; Z. F. Moody, second. In September 1862, both Baker and Umatilla counties were set off from the mother county. A part of Ravelli and Silver Bow counties, Montana, were once a part of Wasco—and of Idaho, the southern part of Nez Perce, all of Idaho, Lembi, Washington, Boise, Custer, Fremont, Canyon, Ada, Elmore, Blaine, Bingham, Owyhee, Lincoln, Bannock, Bare Lake, Oneida and Cassia, 18 and a fraction of another. In Wyoming parts of Uinta, Fremont, and Sweetwater counties and 14 in Oregon with two others in sight, making 32 full counties, and six fractional beside the southwestern corner of Yellowstone park.

Went 150 Miles to Pay Taxes.

Said E. O. McCoy, in speaking of old Wasco county: "When my father first came to Eastern Oregon he lived near Walla Walla, and I remember hearing him tell of coming to the county seat at The Dalles, about 150 miles, to pay taxes. Not by railroad either."

Dan Butler, remembered well by old time residents, was wont to tell of one of his experiences when a constable in Wasco county in the early 50s. He was called upon to serve a subpoena on a witness at Fort Hall, now in Idaho. It took him six months to make returns, for the trails were in anything but a passable condition.—Chronicle.

The Pneumonia Season.

Coughs and colds in children as well as adults are frequently dangerous at this season of the year, and a little prevention may save much trouble, worry and expense. Kennedy's Laxative and Tar a combined cough and cold cure—a new scientific discovery in medicine—is a certain cure for coughs, colds, whooping cough, etc. The coughs and colds are cleared out of the system by gently moving the bowels, and at the same time the throat, chest, lungs and bronchial tubes are so strengthened that there is little probability of danger. Kennedy's Laxative and Tar is pleasant to take. Contains no opiates. Sold by G. E. Williams.

NEWTOWNS--FIVE FOR A SHILLING

HOOD RIVER APPLES IN LONDON

Fine Fruit Causes a Buzz in Market—Patronized by Their Majesty the King and Queen.

Five for a shilling is the retail price for Hood River Newtowns in the city of London. In a shipment of Newtowns to London, President Mason of the Hood River Apple Grower's union inclosed a couple of monster double apples, with a card and compliments of the union.

In reply came the following letter, written by Harry A. Penn, of 85 Languey Road, Eastbourne, England, under date of January 5:

As it happens that the case of Newtowns containing the freak "two-at-a-time" apple together with your compliments was opened in our shop yesterday, I hasten to acknowledge same and to send you in return my hearty good wishes.

This is the leading retail fruiterer's business in this town (of which I am manager) and your famous apple caused quite a little buzz of excitement upon its discovery, and was exhibited all around with your card and note on the wrapping paper. It may interest you to know that we retail your apples at the rate of 5 for a shilling which is I suppose equivalent to about 5c for each apple and you are pretty safe in backing them against the world.

Is there any opportunity for a single chap out there who is used to bossing a small concern and has a knowledge of bookkeeping and accounts generally? We are getting a bit overcrowded this side. In conclusion, all the staff here join with me in wishing you jolly good luck during 1905.

The apples were packed by Sam Campbell, at Mr. Mason's packing house. Mr. Mason wrote on one of the wrappers: "We grow them two at a time, See?—Hood River against the world."

Mr. Penn incloses with his letter to the union a picture of the store building where the Hood River apples are sold. A prominent feature of the store's advertisement are these words: "Patronized by their majesties—the King and Queen."

As royalty seeks the best, of course they call for Hood River apples.

FAIR OPENS IN FOUR MONTHS

Special to the Glacier.

Portland, Feb. 2.—Work on the grounds and buildings of the Lewis and Clark exposition, which will be held at Portland, Oregon, this summer, opening June 1 and closing October 15, is progressing rapidly. Eight exhibit buildings have been completed and the installation of exhibits have begun, while the remaining structures are nearing the stage where the finishing touches will be applied. The mild Oregon winter has permitted the work to progress without interruption and when the president presses the button on opening day everything will be ready and waiting something unusual in expositions.

Not only are the buildings far advanced, but the landscape picture also. The grass is green and the roses bloom in the open air all the year round in Portland. Thousands of rose bushes have been set out on lawns and terraces and these, kept fresh by the winter rains—Oregon knows no frost bites or sun strokes—are awaiting the spring sunshine to bring forth a riot of colors. The Lewis and Clarke exposition although not so large as other expositions, will be a world's fair in every sense, reflecting the progress of the all participating nations, and particularly of the Western America. It will be quite unlike its predecessors in that it will combine with its broad scope the idea of compactness, without crowding in the laying out of the grounds and the housing of the exhibits. There will be no dreariness of architecture to tire the eye, miles of aisles to the weary limbs. All will perfection, or at least the nearest approach thereto ever achieved by an exposition.

The centennial which is the first international exposition ever held under the patronage of the United States government west of the Rocky mountains, will celebrate the 100th anniversary of the exploration of the Oregon country by an expedition commanded by Captains Merriwether Lewis and William Clark, and planned by President Jefferson. The sentiment which inspires the people of the Pacific northwest in the preparation of this exposition is one in which every American must share. The result of this expedition, the acquisition of the great Oregon country by right of of discovery, extended our frontier to the Pacific ocean, adding a vast and rich terriory to our domain. It was one of the direct causes of the acquisition of California and the subsequent acquisitions of Alaska, Hawaii, Guam, and the Philippines are related to it.

The beauty of the exposition site and the superb view to be had from it, coupled with the artistic grace of the buildings in the style of the Spanish renaissance, will be an agreeable surprise to all visitors. Nestling at the base of the foothills of the Cascade range, on the gentle slopes and terraces overlooking the Willamette river, with an unobstructed view of 65 miles which embraces the snow-capped peaks of Mount Hood and Mount St. Helens, the site presents a picture entirely original in exposition buildings.

Of the gross area of the site 180 acres are on the main land and 60 acres, forming a peninsula extending out into Guild's lake, a fresh body of water 220 acres in extent and the largest mere ever enclosed within an exposition fence, which is separated from the Willamette river by a narrow strip of land. The exposition grounds are made up of hill and dale, and in one porton a natural park of trees and shrubs affords an opportunity for landscape work of a most attractive character. In the arrangement of the buildings thorough consideraton has been given to the convenience of the visitors and the attainment of a rich and beautiful architectural effect. The main group of exhibit palaces consisting of eight structures occupies the ground bordering on the lake, and forms nearly a straight line with their short sides facing the water. Around these structures on the outer edge cluster the state, territorial and other minor pavilions. The administration building in which the executive offices of the fair are located, stands at one end of the ornate colonade entrance, the main gatoway to the grounds.

On the peninsula in the center of Guild's lake is located the United States governmental display. Here an imposing government building with towers each 260 feet high, is in course of construction. Besides the main building there are several minor structures, among them the forestry, fisheries, and irrigation pavilions and the life saving station.

All the main exposition structure are in the tyle of the Spanish renaissance except the forestry building which is a true American type, being constructed of huge logs in their virgin state, thus exemplyfying in its composition the timber resources of the Columbia river region. The structure is 200 feet in length by 102 feet in width and its extreme height is 70 feet. In its construction two miles of five and six foot fir logs eight miles of poles and tons of shakes and cedar shingles. The central figure of the exposition are Columbia court and Lake view terrace. These spots have been made the opject of elaborate embellishment. The former is situated between the agricultural and the European exhibits buildings and consists of two wide avenues, between which are spacious sunken gardens. Lakeview terrace is located on the sloping ground leading to the lake and here is the grand stairway, flanked on either side with flower beds and beautiful lawns. The "Trail," which is the gaity boulevard of the centennial, corresponding to the Pike at St. Louis, and the midways of other expositions, has an entirely original environment for this feature of a world's fair. It is situated upon an ornate bridge, which spans the lake and connects the main land with the peninsula. With the unrivaled water facilities thus afforded much attention will be directed to concessions for aquatic features.

The railroads have made exceptionally low rates to Portland for the western world's fair, and many people in the east and middle west are to be expected to take advantage of them to see the great Pacific northwest.

FRANK L. MERRICK.

SELLS ITS FRUIT; TALKS HOOD RIVER

R. F. Romero, who is conducting a cigar, confectionery and refreshment concession at the entrance to the fair grounds in Portland, finds time with his rush of business to talk Hood River. In a letter to the Glacier, Mr. Romero says:

"The Glacier reaches me promptly every Friday morning and in order for me to get the news it is necessary for me to read it at once on account of so many strangers wanting to know about Hood River, and I always put up an honest booster talk and then present the paper, which I am proud of. Our place of business bears the legend in large letters, "Hood River Fruit," and the way Newtowns sell to strangers for eating is something very satisfactory to us. They all pronounce them excellent, and back up their sentiments with a call for more.

We expect during the fair months to handle a large quantity daily of Hood River berries, have the location, ample room, to seat 100 persons at a time, and if they do not cotton to the Clark Seedling we will think their education has been neglected.

If any of the real estate men named furnish me with printed matter setting forth the commercial advantages of your town, together with its possibilities in growing fruits, based on what has been accomplished in the past, I can no doubt be instrumental in sending a number of prosperous settlers and purchasers to Hood River, and it will be my pleasure to do so. In fact, I have appointed myself a committee of one to talk Hood River to strangers and would like to know more facts so that I could talk more.

We are located at Twenty-seventh and Thurman streets, just one block from the "Big Log Building," and our place is the "Bungaloo." Yours truly,

R. F. ROMERO.

Hicks Extends Thanks to Byerlee.

D. N. Byerlee, local observer of the weather bureau, who of late has granted the Glacier a number of interviews touching on the possibilities of "long range" frecasts, has received the following complimentary letter of thanks from Irl R. Hicks, the noted St. Louis weather prophet:

D.N. Byerlee, Local Observer, Hood River, Oregon.—My dear sir—I beg to extend to you my sincere thanks for your fair and very strong paper, in answer to Mr. Beals, in the Hood River Glacier, of Dec. 8th, 1904. I send you under separate cover a copy of Word and Works in which I thought it timely to use your article. Such a thing as antagonizing the weather bureau never was, and is not now in my heart. Why any man connected with it should persist in trying to bring me into contempt and ruin is passing strange, to say the least. If by any means you will indicate to this office that our paper and almanac for this year would be acceptable to you, I will be happy to see that you have them. Wishing you the truest and broadest success in your work, and again thanking you for the fearless candor of your article, I beg to remain, Very kindly yours,

IRL R. HICKS.

P. S. Do me the great kindness to thank the editor of the Glacier for his goodness in allowing fair play.