

The Hood River Glacier.

"IT'S A COLD DAY WHEN WE GET LEFT."

VOL. XVI.

HOOD RIVER, OREGON, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1904.

NO. 17.

HOOD RIVER GLACIER

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HOOD RIVER.
The postoffice is open daily between 8 a. m. and 7 p. m.; Sunday from 12 to 1 o'clock. Mail for the East close at 12:30 a. m. and 9 p. m.; for the West at 7:10 a. m. and 1:00 p. m.
The carriers on P. D. routes No. 1 and No. 2 leave the postoffice at 8:30 daily. Mail leaves for Mt. Hood, daily at 12:30 p. m.; arrives, 10:30 a. m.
For Chewoweth, Wash., at 7:30 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; arrives same days at 6 p. m.
For Underwood, Wash., at 7:30 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; arrives same days at 6 p. m.
For Walla Walla, Wash., daily at 7:40 p. m.; arrives at 11 a. m.
WHITE SALMON.
For Hood River daily at 9 a. m.; arrives at 4:40 p. m.
For Humm, Trout Lake and Ouler, Wash., daily at 7:30 a. m.; arrives at 12 m.
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For Blin, Wash., daily at 4:40 p. m.; arrives at 8:40 a. m.

SALESMEN.

OK GROVE COUNCIL No. 12, ORDER OF P. M.—Meets the second and fourth Fridays of the month at 8 o'clock in the hall on 1st and 3rd Fridays in each month.
W. E. BROWN, President.
Miss Nellie Clark, Secretary.

ORDER OF WASHINGTON.—Hood River Chapter No. 12, meets the second and fourth Saturdays in each month, 7:30 o'clock.
E. L. ROOS, President.
C. U. DAKIN, Secretary.

HOOD RIVER CAMP, No. 720, W. O. W. A.—Meets in K. of P. Hall every Wednesday night.
C. U. DAKIN, Clerk.

HOOD RIVER CAMP, No. 720, W. O. W. A.—Meets on 1st and 3rd Tuesday of each month in Odd Fellows Hall.
A. C. STAVES, C. C.
F. H. BLAUG, Clerk.

WAUCOMA LODGE, No. 30, K. of P.—Meets in K. of P. Hall every Tuesday night.
C. E. HEMMAN, K. of P. & S.

HOOD RIVER CHAPTER, No. 25, O. E. S.—Meets second and fourth Tuesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock in the hall on 1st and 3rd Fridays in each month.
Theresa Carter, W. M.
Miss Mary B. Davidson, Secretary.

HOOD RIVER CIRCLE, No. 524, Women of W. O. W.—Meets the second and fourth Mondays of each month at 7:30 o'clock in the hall on 1st and 3rd Fridays in each month.
Nellie Holmquist, Guardian Neighbor.
Nellie Holmquist, Secretary.

CANYON POST, No. 15, G. A. R.—Meets at 8 o'clock in P. M. Hall, second and fourth Saturdays of each month at 2 o'clock p. m. All G. A. R. members invited to meet with us.
H. H. BAILEY, Commander.
T. J. CUNNING, Adjutant.

CANYON W. R. C. No. 15, W. R. C.—Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month at 7:30 p. m. in P. M. Hall.
Mrs. T. J. CUNNING, Secretary.

EDEN ENCAMPMENT, No. 48, I. O. O. F.—Regular meeting second and fourth Mondays of each month at 7:30 o'clock in P. M. Hall.
G. R. BENTLEY, Secretary.

IDEWILD LODGE, No. 107, I. O. O. F.—Meets in Fraternal Hall, every Thursday night.
Bert Erickson, Secretary.

HOOD RIVER CHAPTER, No. 27, R. A. M.—Meets third Friday night of each month.
D. McDONALD, Secretary.

COURT HOOD RIVER, No. 42, Foresters of America.—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month in K. of P. Hall.
C. F. BRODIE, Financial Secretary.

L AUREL REBEKAH DEGREE LODGE, No. 17, L. O. O. F.—Meets first and third Fridays in each month.
Francis Moore, N. G.
Theresa Carter, Secretary.

HOOD RIVER LODGE, No. 105, A. F. and A. M.—Meets Saturday evening on or before each full moon.
D. McDONALD, W. M.
H. E. STAVES, Secretary.

OLYMPIA ASSEMBLY, No. 104, United Artisans.—Meets first and third Wednesdays, work second and fourth Wednesdays, social, Fridays in P. M. Hall.
Mrs. L. A. HAYES, Secretary.

RIVERSIDE LODGE, No. 68, A. O. U. W. M.—Meets first and third Saturdays of each month at 8 p. m. in P. M. Hall.
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HOOD RIVER OREGON

WEEK'S DOINGS

News Items Gathered from All Parts of the World.

OF INTEREST TO OUR READERS

General Review of Important happenings Presented in a Brief and Condensed Form.

Kuropatkin's column is 15 miles long.

Viceroy Alexieff has moved his headquarters from Vladivostok to Harbin.

General MarArthur recommends that a cavalry post be established in the Willamette valley.

The government is for a deed for the right of way of the canal and portage road at The Dalles.

The salmon pack of the Columbia river for the spring and summer is larger than that of last year.

Republicans carried Vermont in the state election by a slightly increased plurality over the election of 1900.

Three hundred more men have been asked for to repair the warships at Vladivostok. The work will take three months.

Shippers have been notified that, effective October 1, a war duty of 10 cents a sack will be taxed on flour entering Japanese ports.

owing to the discovery of considerable defects in some of the vessels which recently underwent their trial trips, the Russian Baltic squadron will not be able to leave for the Far East before November.

Crown Prince Frederick William is betrothed to the Duchess Cecelia.

A tented city has been erected at Duner for the treatment of consumptives.

Fourteen regiments have gone from Japan to replace losses sustained around Port Arthur.

A Chinese merchant has been urged to accept the office of mayor of a Mexican town, but he refused.

Five men from Cleveland, Ohio, were drowned in Lake Erie by the capsizing of their naphtha launch.

The federal government has men looking over the Yakima valley for a suitable irrigation project.

A premature explosion of nitro-glycerine at Upper Sandusky, O., killed five and injured a number of others.

The report submitted by engineers on the irrigation of the sections dependent on the Columbia and Snake rivers for water is not bright.

An insane woman at Boston stood off a squad of 10 policemen for five hours. She was finally overcome by injecting gas through a hole in the door of her room.

Princess Louise will start divorce proceedings at once.

The striking butchers are now determined to force a meat famine on the public.

German military experts regard Russia as being in a very serious position in the Far East.

The 1904 wheat yield is estimated at 45,000,000 bushels as against 10,000,000 bushels in 1903.

America has sent a strong protest to the Russian government in reference to the seizure of the steamer Salchas.

Three painters were killed at Lethbridge, N. W. T., by a scaffold giving way. They fell from the top of an eighty foot standpipe.

C. C. Clark, the murderer of Leila Page at Olympia, Wash., in March, 1903, was hanged at the Walla-Walla penitentiary at 5:15, Friday, Sept. 2.

The whereabouts of Princess Louise is still unknown, although a vigorous search is being made.

Four-year-old John Conrad, of Redding, Cal., accidentally shot and killed his sister Clara, aged 6.

A fire at Gen. Idaho, caused the loss of \$125,000 worth of property. The insurance carried was \$20,000.

George B. Gamon, of Portland, was badly injured in an auto wreck while taking in the sights in New York City.

Police officer Ole Nelson, of the Portland, was fatally shot while trying to arrest a bandit who was holding up a street car. The hold-up artist was caught.

While the Russians were clearing the channel at the entrance to Port Arthur, one of their vessels struck a mine and went to the bottom. A number of lives were lost.

Santor Hoar's condition remains unchanged.

Over \$2,000,000 of the new coinage of Philippine gold has just been shipped to Manila on the government transport Thomas.

A hail storm at Prineville, Oregon, smashed most of the windows in the town.

The Cripple Creek sheriff has declined the services of the militia to restore quiet after the recent riots. He believes he is able to handle the situation.

The robbers who held up the train near Kemmer, Wyoming, secured only \$900. Two possees are in pursuit and the sheriff is positive he will capture the men.

A ferryboat in Poland capsized, drowning 70 persons.

HARRASS HIS REAR.

Japanese are Close Upon the Heels of Kuropatkin.

London, Sept. 8.—The death of immediate press and official dispatches from the recent actual seat of the Far Eastern struggle continues. It is admitted by the Russian war office that no telegrams whatever were received from General Kuropatkin bearing Tuesday's date, the last message to the emperor from the general being dated September 5, and briefly telling that the army was advancing northward; that it had extricated itself from a dangerous position; that there was constant cannonading of the rear guard, and that the losses on that day were about 100. The situation, in the light of the latest information, may be summed up as follows:

The Russians are pushing on to Mukden, greatly impeded by heavy rains and floods, conducting an orderly retreat, and followed step by step by the Japanese. Details of the fighting and of the exact position of the opposing armies are lacking.

The report that Kuropatkin's rear guard has been annihilated, and that the Russian forces are in danger of being surrounded, is denied by the Russian general staff. The Russian war office is entirely confident that the retreat is slowly, but surely, being effected.

From Tokio comes the official report that the bulk of the Russian forces is still at Yentai. The Japanese field marshal, in an extended report of the fighting up to September 4, says the Russians burned all the railroad bridges over the Taizi river, and predicts that, while the Japanese list of casualties is not yet completed, the losses will prove heavy.

Viceroy Alexieff is on his way from Harbin to Mukden. The heads of Kuropatkin's long commutary trains have passed through Mukden, and are continuing northward.

The attack on Port Arthur continues, and Chinese arriving at Chefoo say the Russian garrison expects a general land and sea attack today.

RUSSIA INCLINED TO YIELD.

Modification of Rules Regarding Contraband Expected Soon.

London, Sept. 8.—The preliminary representations made by Count Benckendorff, the Russian ambassador to the foreign office, indicates that Russia is on the point of making substantial concessions to the United States and Great Britain regarding the question of contraband of war, as a result of the submission by Foreign Minister Lamort of the report of the general commission to the emperor Nicholas today, together with the information transmitted by Ambassador Benckendorff showing the views of the British government.

The Russian foreign minister is expected to present to the British government, through Sir Charles Haringe, the British ambassador to Russia, tomorrow, the formal reply of the Russian government. It is understood in official circles here that Russia, while not acknowledging herself at fault for the capture made by her ships in the past, will more specifically describe the conditions under which certain goods, such as foodstuffs, and cotton, become in her view contraband.

WIND UP CAMPAIGN.

Evacuation of Mukden Also Means Losses Greater Than Anticipated.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 7.—It is impossible at this hour to obtain any statement from the authorities regarding the reported preparations for the abandonment of Mukden.

The advices from Mukden give the first intimation that such a course is contemplated. If it turns out to be true, it means the abandonment of the whole of Southern Manchuria and the winding up of the present campaign. In fact, should Mukden be evacuated, there would be no point for wintering the army of 250,000, with its many wounded, short of Harbin.

On the other hand, the evacuation of Mukden would give Field Marshal Oyama commodious winter quarters and the practical control of two lines of railway. The Kincho-Sinniatin line, tapping rich Chinese territory, stops little short of Mukden, with which it is connected by a good wagon road.

Desire for Peace Growing.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 8.—Peace is being eagerly discussed by thousands of Russians in this city and in Moscow, notwithstanding what is deemed the military splendor of Kuropatkin's retreat. The Novoe Vremya, a leading public opinion organ, suggests a basis of agreement whereby Japan would receive Sakhalin Kamshatska, the Kuriles, the Simidore islands, the Liao Tung peninsula and supremacy in Korea. The government is not likely immediately to favor the idea of peace, but may yield later.

Take Awful Plunge.

Moberly, Mo., Sept. 8.—The south-bound Wash passenger train which left Des Moines for St. Louis at 6:40 a. m., was wrecked today near Pendleton, Mo., killing eight passengers and injuring 50 others. Immediately upon receipt of the news of the wreck, a relief train was sent out and the dead and more seriously injured were brought back here. The train was well filled, it being estimated that there were about 500 persons on board.

Great Force Soon to Reach Front.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 8.—It is stated that by the end of October, the Fourth, Eighth and Thirteenth army corps, totaling 192,000 men, will reach the front, and that before the end of September 1,100 guns will have been dispatched to General Kuropatkin.

OREGON NEWS OF INTEREST

FLAX CROP SHORT. NO FEED FOR CATTLE.

Seed Yield in Willamette Valley Will Not Go Over 10 Bushels.

Salem.—All of the flax of the crop of 1904 has been harvested and the threshing thereof has just been finished. As was the case with all other agricultural crops this year in the Willamette Valley, for the first time in a decade, the yield was unusually light, that is so far as seed is concerned, and not to exceed ten bushels of flax was realized per acre this year. Mr. Bosse, however, considers this a pretty good yield, taking all things into consideration, and he is in no wise disappointed as a result. The average yield of flax seed per acre, in Oregon, so far as the experience of Mr. Bosse goes, is about 20 bushels.

Mr. Bosse, however, says that he places no dependence whatever upon the seed yield of his Fall crop, as the most important item in the business is the culture of the flax seed for the fiber. He can get all of the seed he wants, and if the quality of the fiber or the quantity would be materially increased by harvesting the flax before the seed was ripe, he would not take the seed question under consideration, as the fiber portion of the Oregon flax plant is the most valuable part of it, and that is what he is looking for. Taking all else into consideration he is well pleased with the outcome of this year's crop and is satisfied that he has obtained an excellent grade of fiber-producing flax this year, although the quantity is not all that he desired.

WATER STOPS COAL MINING.

John Day Anthracite Believed to be of Great Richness.

Prairie City.—The development of the John Day coalfields, near Mount Vernon, are disclosing a large deposit of anthracite coal. A United States analysis states that it has no equal except in the Pennsylvania hard coal. The work done so far has been made under the management of Robert Hines, of Canyon City, and consists of three incline shafts of a depth of 74, 62 and 55 feet, of which all struck the coal beds, and with it a large flow of water, which stopped the work thereon for lack of pumps. A 6-foot crosscut tunnel has been run, where they also had to stop work on account of water, when they encountered the coal deposit.

One tunnel crosscutting the coal beds to ascertain the width of the coal deposit, is 64 feet, and has five veins of coal with a 16-inch solid sandstone wall between each vein, and there may be many more of such veins. This tunnel is only 16 feet below the surface.

James Smith has drilled 144 feet down on the coal deposit, the capacity of the machine—all its coal. It is now the purpose of the coal prospectors to get a drilling outfit of a 1000-foot capacity to prove the depth of the coal deposit.

Pendleton's New Schoolhouses.

Pendleton.—The Pendleton School Board has awarded the contract for the construction of three school buildings to H. E. Cook, a contractor of this city. For the construction of two eight-room buildings, Mr. Cook agrees to do the work for \$24,709. Spokane pressed brick will be used and if West-Portland brick is agreed upon the cost will be \$100,000. The four-room building, Cook's figures are \$11,033. Provided Spokane pressed brick is used. With Weston brick the building will be constructed for \$10,038. Work on the buildings will begin at once, but it is not believed the schoolhouses will be completed and ready for occupancy before the first of the year.

Willamette Falls Fishway.

Oregon City.—Contractor E. P. Rands has completed the construction of the state fish-ladder at the Willamette Falls in this city. By means of the improvement the Fall run of salmon will be enabled to reach the upper Willamette River and establish spawning grounds in the Mollala, Santiam and McKenzie and other streams tributary to the Willamette. The fishway consists of a succession of 12 pools that have been blasted out of solid rock, the basins being located at intervals of about three feet and extending to the crest of the falls.

Records Taken to Lagrange.

La Grande.—The county seat of Union County is safely anchored in La Grande at last. The county seat executive committee hired several teams and started out for Union, a distance of 12 miles, to bring the county records, safes, etc., to this city, and succeeded in bringing most of them over in one day. It was necessary to make another trip to bring the fixtures.

Displays for State Fair.

Forest Grove.—The women of the Washington County Lewis and Clark Club are preparing an excellent display of fruits, grains, vegetables and photographs of local industries for exhibition at the coming State Fair. This exhibition will form the nucleus of Washington County's exhibit at the Lewis and Clark Fair.

Northwest Whal Markets.

Portland—Walla Walla, 77@78c; Blinestem, 83@84c; valley, 83c. Tacoma—Blinestem, 82c; club, 77c. Albany—76c.

Salem—80c.

Collas—Club, 67c; blinestem, 72c.

Pendleton—Club, 68@69c; blinestem, 72c.

La Grande—Club, 65c; blinestem, 70c.

Harvest Season Near an End.

Pendleton.—Harvest will be completed in the next 10 days in this vicinity, with the exception of the hill land on the reservation. Quite a number of steam threshers and a few combines have pulled in for the season. A large portion of the grain is hauled in, and the hauling also will be complete in at least two weeks.

PENNED IN BY FIRE.

Fourteen People Killed in a New York Tenement Fire.

New York, Sept. 7.—Fourteen persons were killed and nearly a score injured in a five-story double tenement in Attorney street early this morning. The dead include four women, one man and nine children, ranging in age from 3 months to 12 months.

Many of the injured were taken to hospitals, and it is thought that several will die. Among the injured were five firemen who were in a fourth-floor balcony when it fell with them. The small number of men among the killed and injured was due to the fact that most of the men who lived in the buildings, following the Attorney street custom in hot weather, were asleep on the roof, while but few of the women and children were there. Those on the roof were unable to escape by descending through the burning building, and made their way to safety over neighboring roofs. Meanwhile the members of their families who had remained in their rooms found escape cut off and panic reigned throughout the structure.

The fire started about 2 o'clock in the morning, and there was much delay in sending in an alarm, although the district is one of the most thickly populated in the crowded East Side of New York. When the firemen reached the scene some of the tenants were jumping from the windows and from the ends of the fire-escapes that reached only to the second floors. Others were crouching in the smoke in the small rooms and narrow halls. The fire is supposed to have been caused by the explosion of a lamp that had been left to light the hall on the second floor, and the sleeping tenants were not aroused until the hallway was ablaze and escape through the building cut off.

The fire was soon extinguished and the search for the dead begun. Most of the dead were found on the two upper floors. While the search of the building was going on four firemen were at work on a fourth-floor balcony when it gave way.

Another fireman on the balcony floor above was carried down and was probably fatally injured. The other four were badly hurt, but will recover.

Leon Sobor, owner of the building; Morris Levine, the agent, and Henry Breitman, the superintendent, were arrested today and were charged with criminal negligence.

MARKING THE BOUNDARY.

How the International Boundary is Being Indicated.

Parties from the Coast and Geodetic Survey are now at work in connection with similar parties from Canada in marking the Alaskan boundary line between the two countries. The work is in progress to the determination of the boundary which met in London last Summer. It will take several years to complete the work, for the physical difficulties in the way are enormous, says the New York Evening Post.

Some of the country is so boggy that no determination of the boundary can be properly covered only when the ground is frozen, while for most of the rest of it, especially the mountain section, only a few months in the Summer are available. In addition, there is a considerable stretch for which no determination was made by the Alaskan tribunal, as noted in these dispatches a year ago. It passes through a piece of mountain country of no seeming value, even remotely, to either nation. Until something arises to make the land worth something, which is rather improbable, no attempt will be made to apply to it the principles agreed upon at the tribunal.

In certain respects boundary markers have a harder task than any class of workers who push through the unbroken wilderness. The civil engineer who lays out a railroad line is on the lookout for the easiest possible course. The route which would have the fewest difficulties for him to travel over would have the fewest obstacles for the railroad. When he comes into sight of a region which is impassable by all human standards he steps one side and looks for the next best stretch of country. With the boundary-marker this is different. He has to follow the marching orders of the treaty which he is to execute, and no matter where the line which it describes in degrees, minutes and seconds of earth's measurements lies, he is expected to follow. This makes his task one of the most adventurous work in the world.

He has to perform. He has to carry ponies, prairie wagons, mountain-climbing mules and a great variety of appliances for swinging chasms, scaling ledges and crossing streams. His party must also keep communication open with a base of supplies, almost as much as an army.

Statue of Washington.

New York, Sept. 7.—The United Hungarian societies of New York City tendered a reception here today to Count Albert Apponyi and other members of the Hungarian parliament, who have come to this country as delegates to the Inter-Parliamentary Peace Conference, to be held in St. Louis, and announcement was made that subscriptions to the amount of \$2500 have already been received to start a fund to be raised among Hungarians in this country for the erection of a statue of George Washington in the City of Budapest.

Sent to Project Missionaries.

London, Sept. 7.—The correspondent at Shanghai of the Times says that native papers state that the French Consulate has notified the Governor of Kiangsi that French warships have been sent to protect missionaries in the districts of Li Ping and Fu Lin, east of Po Yang Lake. Anti-foreign feeling in this locality was recently displayed, the correspondent adds, in the refusal of local interests to permit a British gunboat to enter the lake.

Diana Ordered to Disarm.

Salgon, French Indo-China, Sept. 7.—The commander of the Russian cruiser Diana has received orders from the Russian Admiralty to disarm his vessel.

TO END STRIKE

Negotiations Begun Through Medium of Middleman.

UNIONS ARE CALLED TO MEET

Packers Will Submit New Offer and It Will Be Considered at Once by the Employes.