SMITH TALKS ON APPLES

Following is the address delivered by Hon. E. L. Smith at the meeting of the Oregon Development league in Portland this week:

Mr. Thomas Richardson, Portland, Ore.—Dear Sir: I am in receipt of your valued favor requesting information how a "tenderfoot" or new comer should proceed to grow a commercial orchard in Oregon. You suggest that I write such a letter as I would to some dear friend in Iowa, Illinois, or some distant state. Having been absent from these distant states nearly half a century, my friends are tolerably scattering there, and I cannot recall one whom I think would be interested in fruit growing here; so I take the liberty of addressing addressing this letter to yourself.

I hasten to express my gratification at the commendable interest you are evincing in the horticulture of Oregon. The infusion of new blood will undoubtedly result in great benefit to this important industry. I assume that you desire to grow a commercial orchard, and I congratulate you that you have chosen the state of Oregon for the field of your labors; for nothing is more important to the fruit grower than adequate transportation facilities by sea and by land, and in what other locality can half the population of the world be reached more readily than from Oregon? A survey of this state by the board of horticulture discloses the fact that more than 90 per cent of land adapted for fruit growing is unoccupied for that purpose.

In a brief letter I can only suggest outlines of how to grow an orchard; details cannot be supplied. In selecting your location hug closely lines of transportation and your position will be enviable in proportion to the number of markets you can reach in the shortest time at a minimum of expense.

In choosing a tract of land to plant, you will be governed largely by local conditions. I name some of the them. Immunity from spring frosts, ample water and drainage, a proper amount of sunshine and moisture, and a proper temperature; soil to be preferred, a deep, clay loam. Avoid hollows in the lower levels and see that the soil is fairly rich in those mineral salts that enter into plant and fruit growth. Plant none but No.1 nursery trees from nearest nursery. I cannot stop to consider planting, cultivation, etc.. You will do well to consult the most successful orchardists in your vicinity for necessary details, and there are excellent manuals that you will also do well to read. Head your trees low, for you can prune and spray to better advantage, and it costs money to use a step ladder at picking time. Select your varieties to suit not your own taste but the taste of the markets and those varieties adapted to your locality. Apples vary greatly in flavor size and color in different localities. Examine the orchards about you and ascertain what kinds grow best and give best results. If the locality you examine produces only common grades, move on to one that produces the best. I again emphasize the point, be careful as to varieties, for in this age of rapidly multiplying orchards there is safety only in the production of fruits of the highest excellence. To not plant many varieties nor large blocks of a single variety, for "Nature abhors self-fertility;" no matter how self-fertile a variety may be, the fruit will be larger and finer if the blossoms have received pollen from other varieties. Professor Fletcher of Cornell university has given the subject of cross-pollenization considerable attention, and I copy a portion of his list of self-fertile and self-sterile varieties:

APPLES.

SELF-STERILE.	SELF-FERTILE.
Belleflower,	Baldwin,
Spitzenberg,	Oldenburg,
Winesap,	Astrachan,
	R. I. Greening.

I add to the list of self-fertile varieties the Yellow Newtown pippin.

PEARS.

Angouleme,	Bose,
Bartlett,	Clairegeau,
Clapp,	Lawrence,
Idaho,	Seckel,
Keiffer,	
Winter Nellis.	

PRUNES AND PLUMS.

Coe's Golden Drop,	Bradshaw,
Italian prune,	Burbank,
French prune,	Green Gage,
	De Soto.

Practice clean cultivation, keep the surface finely pulverized to imprison moisture, and when the humus has been dissipated by cultivation renew it by plowing under leguminous crops. Thin fruit properly, and spray systematically according to up-to-date methods.

Pick apples with greatest care, as the slighest bruise renders them unfit for market. Do not pack your own apples, pack your neighbor's as spots and blemishes will be more apparent on his fruit than on your own. This packing business is most important. Fruit must be simply perfect as to color and size, paper wrapped if going out of the state, package clean and stenciling or labeling attractive. The fancy pack brings the fancy price.

Of course you will want to know about how much it will cost to grow an orchard. Given a tract of land ready for planting, it will cost in my section about $40 an acre to buy the trees, plant, prune and cultivate up to the fifth year, provided you hire all the work done. After that time the orchard will pay its way with increasing margin of profit. In other sections the estimates are less than this. Land varies so greatly in price that I have not included interest on investment for land, taxes, etc.

It is impossible to even approximate the returns from growing orchards, they vary so greatly, owners likewise. I have known orchards the sixth year to pay all expenses up to date, and have known others at ten years to return from $300 to $500 per acre. These, however, are exceptional cases and are not to be considered in estimating profits. I am, however, prepared to maintain that when an orchard is fairly in good bearing, apples can be cultivated, thinned, picked, paper-wrapped, hauled to station if not more than ten miles distant and a fair road, box paid for, all for 50 cents a box, and that No.1 winter apples will sell for not less than one dollar per box for a series of years.

In 1800 there were growing in the United States 201, 794,769 apple trees in Oregon 2,825,998, since increased to over 3,000,000 trees. Will not over production ruin the markets? Yes, possibly in some years, for common grades; never for the fancy product. Let us discuss for a moment the effect of the enormous production of apples in recent years has had upon the market. C. C. Bell, for many years a shipper of fruits, in the current number of "Oachard Fruits" furnishes a statement of the purchasing power of a barrel of apples from 1870 to 1903, and I abstract briefly:

A barrel of apples in 1870 paid for 39 pounds of wheat, in 1880 for 72 pounds and in 1903 for 120 pounds.

In 1870 it paid for 7½ pounds of white sugar, in 1903, for 22½ pounds.

In 1870 it paid for 14½ pounds of nails and in 1903, for 40 pounds.

In 1870 it paid for 7⅔ yards of calico, In 1903 for 22 yards.

In 1880 it required 294 barrels of apples to buy a harvester; in 1903, 90 barrels bought a better machine. Thirty-seven years ago the writer bought in Salem, Oregon, the finest Winesaps he had ever seen for 25 cents a box. Last year like fruit would have brought five times as much. In 1903 carloads of apples from Hood River's fancy fruit crop were sold to retailers in New York City at $3.50 to $4 per box, of 45 pounds of fruit, the highest price I have ever known paid for apples in such quantities. But why multiply instances? A great demand for American apples has gone up in Europe, and our exports from Atlantic ports in 1903-4 exceeded 3,300,000 pounds. Cold storage, rapid transit, and added to increased consumption of apples everywhere have made a demand ahead of increased production for our fancy fruit. The difficulty lies in disposing of our common grades, but there is encouragement even there.

Our own citizen, Hon. Harry B. Miller, consul Niu Chang, China, writes, "If the inferrior grades of the proper shipping varieties of apples grown on the Pacific coast could be sent to China for the Chinese trade at a low cost, I am convinced that an extensive and permanent market can be created. He also adds in the same communication that the Russians are great lovers of apples. May we not expect, then, that when the oriental freight tariffs become a little lower, when the Russian bear returns from his outing in Manchuria, (and he has already headed for home), and when conditions have become settled, that our countless neighbors along the eastern coast of Asia will consume ever increasing quantities of our common fruits?

In concluding these lengthened pages may I say to you in growing your orchard there will come to you recompense other than dollars and cents, a recompense of wealth and added years, a feeling that you have mastered every adverse condition; and when your trees that you have grown and loved are burdened with great harvests will you not rejoice that you have been a factor in a fruition so noble, so beautiful?

E. L. SMITH,
Pres. Oregon State Board Horticulture.

Congregational Sunday School Picnic.

The annual picnic of the Congregational Sunday school, given last Friday, was voted by every one in attendance as the most enjoyable of all the successful picnics given by this popular Sunday school. It was held in a beautiful cottonwood grove on J. H. Koberg's farm, about a mile east of town. The children found it great sport to wade and dabble in the water along the river beach. The swings, too, were patronized all day long by the youngsters. Too much credit cannot be given the Sunday school superintendent, A. C. Staten, and T. J. Treiber, for their endeavors to make the picnic a success. Each of there gentlemen furnished teams and with their farm wagons and carriages carried the children to the grounds. Mr. Staten, with Paul and Otis Treiber and Willie Baker, put in the day Thursday erecting tables and putting up swings and a tent. Mr. and Mrs. Koberg also earned the gratitude of the picnickers in furnishing lumber and granting the use of their kitchen and in many ways showing true welcome. The children were given right of way at the dinner table and were served first. Sixty-eight happy youngsters did full justice to the many good things provided, cakes, pies, lemonade and ice cream galore. Older persons to the number of 40 were served at the second table.

The games were the great attractions of the day. First came base ball, the contestants being the Sunday school boys against the men. The men's nine consisted of Staten, Stenhauer, Hershner, Gessling, Onthank, Hart, Treiber, and, there being only eight men on the ground, Mrs. H. F. Davidson kindly consented to act as the ninth man; but it seemed to the reporter that she did as much rooting for the juniors as she for her own side. Staten was pitcher and Stranahan catcher for the seniors. Teddy Button impartially umpired the game, 17 to 3 in favor of the juniors, proved that the men were back numbers in playing the great American game, and the juniors didn't seem to be doing their level best. Among those of the senior nine who distinguished themselves on this diamond field were Hershner, Staten, Stenhauer, Gessling, Hart and and Onthank. Mrs. Davidson batted a ball and showed herself a good sprinter to second base, when unfortunately the man at the bat was third man out, and for this reason only she failed to make a home run. Willie Baker was pitcher for the juniors and Harry Rood catcher; both proving to be experts. Others of the junior nine are as far as the writer learned their names, were Paul and Otis Treiber Elliot Staten and Merrill Gessling.

Other games consisted of the following:

Tug of War—Class 6 against the men of the picnic, won by the class.

High jump—won by Paul Treiber.

Standing jump—won by A. C. Staten.

Standing three jumps—won by A. C. Staten.

Foot race for all—won by A. C. Staten.

Hitting the post—Contested by women only, created great amusement. A stake was driven in the ground, and the feat was to see who could walk 25 paces blindfolded and place a base ball bat nearest the stake. Out of a dozen contestants, Mrs. S. F. Blythe came the nearest, within three feet, and Mrs Adelia Moe was the farthest off.

Foot race between the Sunday school classes of Miss Alvena Hoadley and Miss Clara Blythe, which was won by Alberta Staten.

Foot race by three boys—won by Robert Bragg.

Foot race by boys under 10—won by Robert Bragg.

Foot race by girls under 10—won by Ruth Wood.

Foot race by boys under 11—won by Elliot Staten.

Dr. Hillis Visits Hood River.

Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, pastor of the Plymouth church, Brooklyn, N. Y., spent last Thursday in Hood River. In the morning he went for a drive with E. L. Smith.

To Mr. Smith the famous lecturer and preacher expressed himself as having never seen anything prettier. He was highly delighted with all he saw. He expected to leave on the afternoon train but wanted to see more of the valley, so went out again in the afternoon. Mrs. Hillis returned from The Dalles in the evening and accompanied her husband for a drive Friday morning.

Dr. Hillis has been lecturing in various towns on the Pacific coast, and said that before his return to the East he was to make a trip to Alaska and return home on the Canadian Pacific by way of Winnepeg, where he will also lecture.

Puts an End to It All.

A grievous wail ofttimes comes as a result of unbearable pain from overtaxed organs. Dizziness, backache, liver complaint and constipation. But thanks to Dr. King's New Life Pills they put an end to it all. They are gentle but thorough. Try them. Only 25c. Guaranteed by Chas. N. Clarke, the druggist.

CONTRACT FOR 40,000 BOXES

The board of directors of the Hood River Apple Growers' union have secured contracts for 40,000 boxes of apples for shipment through the union.

The members of the board made a house to house canvass last week, and on their return, Mr. Mason informed the Glacier that everywhere there are prospects of a very fine crop this fall. The members of the union are all strongly supporting the organization, and showed their faith in the same by signing up the contract to ship their apples through the union.

These 40,000 boxes represent over half the apple crop of the valley.

A. I. Mason, president of the Apple Growers' union, in answer to an inquiry from the secretary of the International Apple Packers' association, concerning the apple prospects in Oregon and Hood River, replied that in his opinion the apple crop of Hood River would amount to 75,000 boxes, and that from what he could gather from information furnished the union, the crop of the state would amount to possibly 400,000 boxes.

The crop in Hood River he remarked would be up to its usual standard of excellence. Spraying has been well carried on, and Mr. Mason says very few wormy apples are noticeable in the orchards. The directors, Mr. Mason, Chris Dethman, and G. R. Castner made a personal investigation of the orchards as they drove about the valley, and assisted in making estimates of the crop.

Mr. Mason says that from what he can gather the apple crop of the United States will be a full one in New England, New York and in the Virginias, but in Missouri and Arkansas, the fruit did not set well and the crop will be very light. Other parts of the Middle West are also affected in the same manner, and in his opinion the crop of the country will not be so large as was at first reported, and he believes than prices should be very good.

E. L. Smith, president of the state board of horticulture, informed the Glacier that the report that the apple crop in the United States will be a large one is misleading. From what the state board of horticulture is able to learn the crop throughout the country will be only 50 per cent of a full crop. In many places cold weather and heavy rain interfered with the perfect pollenization of the fruit, and the apples did not set. Mr. Smith is disposed to believe there will be a good market this fall for the Hood River apples.

The board of directors of the Apple Growers' union have secured E. H. Shepard as manager for the coming season.

Suicide Prevented.

The startling announcement that a preventive of suicide had been discovered will interest many. A run down system, or despondency invariably precede suicide and something has been found that will prevent that condition which makes suicide likely. At the first thought of self destruction take Electric bitters. It being a great tonic and nervine will strengthen the nerves and build up the system. It's also a great stomach, liver and kidney regulator. Only 50c. Satisfaction guaranteed by Chas. N. Clarke, the druggist.

One Lady's Recommendation.

I have, I believe, sold 50 boxes of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver tablets on the recommendation of one lady here, who first bought a box of them about a year ago. She never tires of telling her neighbors and friends about the good qualities of these tablets.—P. M. Shore, druggist, Rochester, Ind. The pleasant purgative effect of these tablets makes them a favorite with the ladies everywhere. For sale by all druggists.

ODD BATTLE PLACES.

Men Have Made War on Ice and Under the Earth's Surface.

Battles have been fought in many curious places, ranging from mountain peaks to sewers, from ice fields to desert sands.

At the battle of Monterey, in the Mexican war, the Americans were able to command the streets of the city with their artillery, but they had difficulty in dislodging the Mexicans from the houses; so, the city being built of stone or adobe in solid blocks of houses, the Yankees broke through the walls from one house to another, fighting and driving out the enemy, so that the battle of Monterey was largely fought indoors.

In one of the battles of the wars of William the Silent for the independence of the Netherlands the Spanish ships were frozen in on the Zuyder Zee. The Dutch came out on horseback over the ice and attacked them. This is probably the only battle in which cavalry was ever used directly against ships. Several other combats were fought between troops on the ice in these wars, and on one occasion the infantry is said to have worn skates.

The battle of Austerlitz was partly fought on a frozen lake, and when the allies were retreating across it the shot from the French artillery, plunging into the ice and breaking it up, caused the death of thousands of Russians and Austrians.

Of the many underground battles which have taken place in history the fiercest was probably that of the siege of Haarlem in the Dutch wars. The Spaniards mined and the Dutch countermined with equal industry, and below the ground a fierce conflict raged.

When the Versailles troops took Paris after the commune, they chased some of the communist troops to the great sewers of the French capital, where some desperate struggles took place.—Washington Post.

Cholera Infantum.

This disease has lost its terrors since Chamberlain's Colic Cholera and Diarrhoea remedy came into general use. The uniform success which attends the use of this remedy in all cases of bowel complaints in children has made it a favorite wherever its value has become known. For sale by G. E. Williams, the druggist.

Sick Headache.

"For several years my wife was troubled with what the physicians called sick headache of a very severe character. She doctored with several eminent physicians and at a great expense, only to grow worse, until she was unable to do any kind of work. About a year ago she began taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver tablets and today weighs more than she ever did before and is real well," says George E. Wrigh of New London, New York. For sale by G. E. Williams, the druggist.

Timothy Brownhill of The Dalles has purchased the printing outfit of J. F. Hayworth and will establish a paper at Madras, Crook county. Mr. Hayworth expects to move with his family to Portland.

[Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.]
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon, May 26, 1904.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public land states by act of August 4, 1892.

CHARLES E. HAYWARD,

of Hood River, county of Wasco, state of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 2049, for the purchase of the W½ NW¼, Sec. 8 and S½ NE¼ of Sec. No. 7, in township No. 1 north, range No. 9 east W. M. and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the register and receiver of this office at The Dalles, Oregon, on the 29th day of August 1904.

He names as witnesses: William F. Rand, D. E. Rand, Charles H. Castner and Glen Fabrick, all of Hood River, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 29th day of August, 1904.

j24a29 MICHAEL T. NOLAN, Register.

[Timber Land, Act June 3, 1878.]
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon, June 10, 1904.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the public Land States by act of August 4, 1892, the following-named persons have filed in this office their sworn statements, to-wit:

FRANK DAVENPORT

of Hood River, county of Wasco, state of Oregon, sworn statement No. 2210, filed December 29 1903, for the purchase of the SE¼ SE¼ Sec. 31, township 3 north, range 10 east, and lots 1 and 2 of section 6, township 2, north, range 10 east, W. M.

CLIFTON R. LEWTHWAITE,

of Portland 382 East 20th street, county of Multnomah, state of Oregon, sworn statement No 222, filed January 11, 1904, for the purchase of the S½ SE¼, SE¼ SW¼ and NE¼ SE¼ of Sec. 11, township 1 north, range 9 east W. M.

That they will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish their claims to said land before George T. Prather, United States commissioner, at his office at Hood River, Oregon, on August 29, 1904.

They name as witnesses: Fred Borden, Conn Repp, Frank R. Austin, John R. Phillips, William M. Rand, Charles Castner and Lewis Morse of Hood Siver, Oregon; Horace G. Knox of Portland, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before the said 29th day of August, 1904.

MICHAEL T. NOLAN, Register.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON FOR WASCO COUNTY.

G. W. PHELPS and W. H. WILSON, Plaintiffs.
vs.
ROBERT A. NORDER, Defendant.

To Robert A. Norder, Defendant:

In The Name Of The State Of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the plaintiff's complaint in the above entitled cause, on or before the last day of the time prescribed in the order of the court for the publication of this summons, as hereinafter stated, and if you fail to do so, the plaintiffs will apply to the court for the relief prayed for in their complaint, to-wit: For a decree foreclosing that certain mortgage dated the 28th day of May, 1901, given by the defendant to Miles B. Potter to secure the payment of a note for $224, and being upon the following described real estate, to-wit:

Beginning at a point 2244 feet south from the northwest corner of section three, township two north, range ten east of Willamette meridian; running thence east 80 rods; thence south twenty-four rods, to the southeast corner of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of said section three; thence west eighty rods to the southwest corner of the northwest quarter of said section three, thence north twenty-four rods to the point of beginning, containing twelve acres, more or less.

You are further notified that on the second day of July 1904, an order was given and made in the above entitled court and cause, directing that service of this summons be made upon you by publication thereof for six consecutive weeks in the Hood River Glacier, a weekly newspaper of general circulation published in Wasco county, Oregon, and you are therefore hereby required to appear and answer the plaintiffs' complaint on or before the expiration of six weeks' publication of this summons, the first publication thereof being on the 14th day of July, 1904.

W. H. WILSON,
j14 s18 Attorney for plaintiffs.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

Notice is hereby given that under and in pursuance of an order of the County Court of the state of Oregon for the county of Wasco, made on the 6th day of July, 1904, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of John W. Murphey, deceased, on Saturday, the 13th day of August, 1904, at the hour of 2 o'clock, p. m., at the county court house door in Dalles City, in Wasco county, Oregon, will sell at public auction the following described real estate belonging to the estate of said deceased, to-wit: The south half of the northeast quarter and the north half of the southeast quarter of section eleven in township one north, range ten east, W. M.

The terms of sale will be 40 per cent of the selling price cash in hand at the time of sale, 30 per cent in one year thereafter, and 30 per cent in two years thereafter, with interest at 8 per cent per annum on said deferred payments.

Said sale will be made subject to confirmation by court.

Dated at Hood River, this 11th day of July 1904.

GEO. T. PRATHER,
j14 s4. Administrator.

[Timber Land Act June 3, 1878.]
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon, June 20, 1904.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

CHARLES E. BOCKMANN,

of 419 Florence street, Portland, County of Multnomah, state of Oregon, has on May 26, 1904, filed in this office his sworn statement No. 2340, for the purchase of the E½ NE¼, NW¼ NE¼ and the NE¼ NW¼ of section No. 27, in township No. 1 north, range No. 9 east W. M. and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before George T. Prather, United States commissioner, at his office at Hood River, Oregon, on the 28th day of September 1904.

He names the following witnesses: Charles Castner, Lewis Morse, Lee C. Morse, and William F. Rand, all of Hood River, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 28th day of September, 1904.

j14 s22 MICHAEL T. NOLAN, Register.

[Timber Land Act June 3, 1878.]
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon, June 20, 1904.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

DORA SELDER

of Portland, county of Multnomah, state of Oregon, has on May 26 1904, filed in this office his sworn statement No. 2239 for the purchase the N½ SE¼ and E½ NE¼ of section No. 15, in township No. 1 north, range No. 9 east W. M., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before George T. Prather, United States commissioner, at his office at Hood River, Oregon, on the 26th day of September, 1904.

He names the following witnesses: Charles E. Bockmann, of Portland, Lewis E. Morse, Lee C. Morse, William F. Rand, all of Hood River, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 26 day of September 1904.

j14 s22 MICHAEL T. NOLAN, Receiver

No. 7272.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington, D. C., May 26, 1904.

Whereas: By satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The First National Bank of Hood River," located in the city of Hood River, in the county of Wasco and state of Oregon, has complied with all the provisions of the statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an associat on shall be authorized to commence the business of banking;

Now, therefore, I, Thomas P. Kane, Deputy and Acting Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The First National Bank of Hood River," located in the city of Hood River, in the county of Wasco and state of Oregon, is authorized to commence the business of banking as provided in section fifty-one hundred sixty-nine of the revised statutes of the United states.

In testimony whereof witness my hand and seal of office, this twenty-sixth day of May, 1904.

T. P. KANE,
(Seal) Deputy and Acting Comptroller of the Currency. Aug 11

[Timber Land Act, June 3, 1878.]
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

United States Land Office, The Dalles, Oregon, June 29 1904.—Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892.

EDMUND W. REDER,

of Portland, county of Multnomah, state of Oregon, has on May 26, 1904, filed in this office his sworn statement No. 2238 for the purchase of the W½ SE¼ section 17, NW¼ NE¼ and NE¼ NW¼ of section No. 20, in township No. 1 north, range No. 9 east, W. M., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before George T. Prather, U. S. commissioner, at his office in Hood River, Oregon, on the 28th day of September, 1904.

He names as witnesses: Charles Casner, Lewis E. Morse, Lee C. Morse, and William F. Rand, all of Hood River, Oregon.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 28th day of September, 1904.

jy14 s22 MICHAEL T. NOLAN, Register.

McDonald & Henrich
—Dealers in—
FARM MACHINERY, VEHICLES
BICYCLES
MITCHELL Wagons—70 years test. Buggies—the very best
Plows, Harrows, etc.
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DEALERS IN
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AGENTS FOR
Oliver Chilled Plows.

E. R. Bradley
PRINTING
HIGH GRADE PAMPHLET AND COMMERCIAL WORK PROMPTLY PERFORMED
PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT
We are here to do your work today tomorrow and every other day, and our money (what little we have) is spent in Hood River. We want your work and can do it neatly and SATISFACTORILY

ALEX. STEWART
DEALER IN
General Merchandise.
Long Distance Telephone Office. Subscriptions received for the Glacier.
MOSIER, - - OREGON

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D. H. BARRIE, Mgr.
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MOSIER, - - OREGON

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Of 25 years' experience. Will furnish plans and specifications for all kinds of buildings. Strictly up to date. Located at Hood River.

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Meals on short order at all hours. Open day and night, from 6 a. m. until 1 a. m.
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—DEALER IN—
Staple and Fancy Groceries
AND HARDWARE.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Majestic & Mesaba Ranges
and Stiletto Cutlery.
HOOD RIVER HEIGHTS, - - OREGON.

SPECIAL BARGAINS AT
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