

The Hood River Glacier

"IT'S A COLD DAY WHEN WE GET LEFT."

VOL. XVI.

HOOD RIVER, OREGON, THURSDAY, JULY 21, 1904.

NO. 10.

HOOD RIVER GLACIER

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The carriers on R. F. D. routes No. 1 and No. 2 leave the postoffice at 5:30 daily. Mail leaves for Mt. Hood, daily at 12:30 p. m.; arrives, 10:30 a. m.
For Chewnotch, Wash., at 7:30 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; arrives same days at 6 p. m.
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For White Salmon, Wash., daily at 2:45 p. m.; arrives at 11 a. m.

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For Hood River daily at 7 a. m.; arrives at 4:45 p. m.
For Humm, Trout Lake and Guler, Wash., daily at 7:30 a. m.; arrives at 12 m.
For Glenwood, Gilmer and Fulda, Wash., daily at 7:30 a. m.; arrives at 11:30 a. m.
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For Bid on, Wash., daily at 4:45 p. m.; arrives at 8:45 a. m.

SOCIETIES.

CAK GROVE COUNCIL No. 142, ORDER OF F. O. C.—Meets at the second and fourth Fridays of the month. Visitors cordially welcomed. F. U. BROSIE, Counselor.
MISS NELLIE CLARK, Secretary.

ORDER OF WASHINGTON.—Hood River Union No. 142 meets in Odd Fellows' hall second and fourth Mondays of each month, 7:30 o'clock. C. L. DAVIS, Secretary.

HOOD RIVER CAMP No. 720, W. O. W.—Meets in R. of F. Hall every Wednesday night, 8 o'clock. M. M. ROSS, L. V. C. C. U. DAVIS, Clerk.

HOOD RIVER CAMP No. 720, W. O. W.—Meets in R. of F. Hall every Tuesday night, 8 o'clock. A. C. STATER, C. U. C. F. H. BLANK, Clerk.

WAUCOMA LODGE No. 30, K. of P.—Meets in K. of F. Hall every Tuesday night, 8 o'clock. H. J. JENKINS, C. C. C. E. HEMMAN, K. of R. & S.

HOOD RIVER CHAPTER No. 25, O. E. S.—Meets second and fourth Tuesday evenings of each month. Visitors cordially welcomed. THOMAS CARTER, W. M. MRS. MARY B. DAVISON, Secretary.

HOOD RIVER CIRCLE No. 524, Women's Club.—Meets at the R. of F. Hall on the first and third Fridays of each month. HELEN N. BRANTON, Neighbor. NELLIE HOLLOWELL, Clerk.

CANBY POST No. 36, G. A. R.—Meets at A. O. U. W. Hall, second and fourth Saturdays of each month at 8 p. m. All G. A. R. members invited to meet with us. H. H. BAILEY, Commander.

T. B. CENSING, A. O. U. W.—Meets second and fourth Saturdays of each month in A. O. U. W. Hall at 8 p. m. MRS. ALIDA SHORNER, President. MRS. T. J. CENSING, Secretary.

EXETER EXAMINERS No. 8, I. O. O. F.—Regular meeting second and fourth Mondays of each month. A. J. GATCHEL, C. C. BEST ESTERICK, Secretary.

DEWEILD LODGE No. 107, I. O. O. F.—Meets in Fraternal Hall, every Thursday night, 8 o'clock. J. R. REES, S. G. BEST ESTERICK, Secretary.

HOOD RIVER CHAPTER No. 27, R. A. M.—Meets third Friday night of each month. D. McDONALD, Secretary.

COURT HOOD RIVER No. 42, Foresters of America.—Meets second and fourth Mondays in each month. Visitors cordially welcomed. F. C. HAYNES, C. R. F. C. HAYNES, Financier.

LUTHER BEEHIVE DEGREE LODGE No. 87, I. O. O. F.—Meets first and third Fridays in each month. FRANCIS MOSE, N. G. THOMAS CARTER, Secretary.

HOOD RIVER LODGE No. 108, A. F. and A. M.—Meets Saturday evening on or before each full moon. D. McDONALD, W. M. R. B. SAYSLE, Secretary.

OLITA ASSEMBLY No. 106, United Artists.—Meets first and third Wednesdays, work; second and fourth Wednesdays, social. W. S. SAYSLE, W. M. D. McDONALD, M. A. E. M. MCCARTY, Secretary.

REVEREND LODGE No. 66, A. O. U. W.—Meets first and third Saturdays of each month. W. B. BRADLEY, C. of H. MARGARET COOPER, Secretary.

REVEREND LODGE No. 40, Degree of Hon. C. of H.—Meets first and third Saturdays of each month. W. B. BRADLEY, C. of H. MARGARET COOPER, Secretary.

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EVENTS OF THE DAY

GATHERED FROM ALL PARTS OF THE TWO HEMISPHERES.

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week, Presented in Condensed Form, Most Likely to Prove Interesting to Our Many Readers.

A warlike tone pervades the British press.

Minister John Barrett has arrived at Colon.

Russian ships have seized another British liner in the Red sea.

Both sides in the meat packers strike profess to be confident of winning.

Democratic leaders have asked Governor to become national chairman.

Russia is said to have received an other submarine boat from America.

The German steamer Sambia has been seized by Russians in the Red sea.

Reinforcements for which General Oku has been waiting are being disembarked.

Japan has all faith in Britain preventing other Russian vessels passing from the Baltic sea.

Chicago allied unions have written the packers that they will strike unless a conference is agreed to.

Portland is the only Pacific coast port where flour exports for the past 12 months exceed those of the preceding year.

Several packing plants report that their output is increasing.

Moorish bandits have looted houses within two miles of Tangier.

The rush to South Dakota lands near Yankton has become a veritable stampede.

One of the colliers authorized by the last congress will be built at Mare Island.

Germany will demand that Russia explain the seizure of mails destined for Japan.

Constant skirmishes are occurring near Mukden between Cossacks and Japanese scouts.

Small riots continue at the various packing plants where work is attended with nonunion men.

About two-thirds of the rural mail carriers will receive \$100 more per year, commencing July 1.

The steamer Hapsag, from Niu Chinwang to Chefoo, is overdue and it is feared she has struck a mine.

Other Chicago unions will go out on a strike unless the trouble with the meat packers is settled at once.

Hot weather continues in the Middle West and Central states. Chicago and Pittsburgh have both had a number of deaths.

New York will be the chief battleground for both parties in the presidential campaign.

The body of Kent Loomis, the missing American, has been washed ashore near Plymouth, England.

Russian vessels stopped a German steamer in the Red sea and seized much mail destined for Japan.

Extreme hot weather throughout the Middle West has caused many prostrations and a number of deaths.

Peace negotiations are at a standstill in the meatpackers' strike. The operators refuse to re-employ all strikers at once.

St. Paul strikers resisted an attempt of officers to place nonunion men in the packing houses and a free for all fight ensued.

Ion Perdicaris, of Tangier, who was held captive by brigands, has grave fears for foreigners unless France adopts stern measures.

Japan denies the report of a general reverse at Port Arthur in which 30,000 troops were lost, asserting that not a shot was fired at the fort that day.

The Russians themselves are becoming skeptical regarding it as not a word has been heard since the first report.

The Russian losses in the last battle at Port Arthur are placed at 5,500.

The Russians seized the Chicago News dispatch boat and towed it into Port Arthur.

Cholera and dysentery are said to be epidemic among the Japanese troops at Feng Wang Cheng.

Neither side in the meatpackers' strike will allow the other to dictate the terms of arbitration, but both want peace.

Great Britain has granted the last request of ex-President Kruger and his remains will lie alongside those of his wife in the Transvaal.

The emperor of China is seriously ill.

The president of Panama has assured congress an excited over the custom house that he is confident the United States will interpret the treaty in a liberal spirit.

A gigantic railroad ticket swindle, through which the railroads having offices in Denver have lost thousands of dollars, has been unearthed. Three men have been arrested. They are charged with having doctored tickets by hanging the destination, plugging punched holes in cancelled tickets and otherwise changing them.

The Russian losses in the latest engagement at Port Arthur are placed at 1,800.

LION LIES IN WAIT.

Warships Will Compel Russia to Give Up Oriental Line.

London, July 21.—It is believed by leading naval officials here, who are cognizant of certain sweeping orders issued yesterday by the admiralty, that the British government intends to compel Russia to surrender the Peninsular & Oriental liner Malacca, seized as a prize of war by the Russian cruiser St. Petersburg, and en route to Libau under a prize crew. It is also generally understood in naval circles that no other British ships will be stopped by the Russians after the British cruisers reach the scene.

The orders to commanders of the latter vessels are declared to be short, but explicit, and provides that British vessels shall be free to navigate Eastern waters, without recognizing the warships of any other power, or the right to search them for contraband.

One of the developments yesterday was the detachment by Admiral Donville, commanding the Mediterranean fleet, of his two swift cruisers to proceed at full speed to Port Said, which is at the northern end of the Suez canal.

It is understood that these two vessels will arrive at Port Said before the latter emerges from the canal. It is considered likely that they will compel the Russians to give up their prize, although, of course, their future action is carefully guarded, and laymen can only conjecture and reason from the attitude of the naval chiefs.

Naval officers generally agree that such action can be confidently expected, and they are for the most part now discussing the probable attitude of Russia when the Malacca is taken by force.

FLEET ON RAID.

Vladivostok Ships Enter Pacific Ocean and Take Japanese Steamer.

Tokyo, July 21.—The Vladivostok squadron has overhauled a Japanese steamer eastward of Tanager straits. The name of the vessel captured and her fate has not yet been learned.

The Vladivostok squadron, unaccompanied by torpedo boats, entered the Pacific ocean today at 7 o'clock. Its destination is unknown, but it is suggested it possibly plans to raid the east coast of Japan and then either return to Vladivostok, escaping to the southward, or attempting to form a junction with the Port Arthur fleet.

The squadron was discovered in the straits of Tengar at 3 o'clock this morning, steaming rapidly eastward.

At 3:30 A. M. it was reported off Appurage, and at 7 A. M. observers at Hakodate discovered and reported to Tokyo that it was then steaming east.

Warnings have gone out to shipping along the eastern coast of Japan and merchantmen are hurriedly seeking cover. It is expected that most of the shipping will be warned before the Russian ships can inflict serious damage, if a raid is intended.

Ordinarily, a lack of coal would prevent an extended cruise, but it is possible that the Russians possess a collier at rendezvous in the Pacific ocean.

ARMIES MEET NEAR TONG SCHU.

Russian Losses Put at 2,100, Japanese Losses at 1,200.

Chicago, July 21.—A special to the Daily News from Niu Chwang says: Hard fighting has been going on for several days in the neighborhood of Tong Schu, eight miles east of Ta Tehe Kiao. It is reported that the Russian loss in last night's engagement was 2,100 and the Japanese 1,200. The Japanese also have been in active contact with the Russians east of Hai Cheng, where there have been many minor actions.

All along Kuropatkin's flank and front the Japanese are moving into position but the general attack is being postponed until supplies and reinforcements come to the front. Progress along the muddy roads and mountain passes is slow.

Liao Said to Be Sealed.

London, July 21.—The Times' Tokyo correspondent, citing under the date of July 19 says: "Japanese military critics anticipate renewed efforts by General Kuropatkin to recover the Mo Tien positions, which are essential to the security of his army. It remains in the present position." The correspondent adds that it is rumored in Tokyo that three Japanese torpedo boat destroyers have sealed the Liao river, where the Russian gunboat Sivouch and a Russian torpedo destroyer are anchored.

Forty-Six Clerks Employed.

Yankton, S. D., July 21.—Seventy thousand people registered for Rosebud land here today, and the rush tomorrow will be still greater. The Milwaukee road divided its morning train into six sections and the evening train into two. The total registration at Yankton alone is now over 40,000, and will reach the 60,000 mark before closing Saturday.

Forty-six clerks are now employed, and this force will be increased indefinitely to take care of the people.

Russia Is Pleaded.

St. Petersburg, July 21.—The United States has informed Russia that she will be glad to join Great Britain in the protection of the seals at the Kommander islands. This act will doubtless make the best impression. It is understood that Russia will communicate her answer in a few days.

Another Russian Cruiser Passes.

Constantinople, July 21.—A Russian cruiser has just passed through from Odessa with several guns covered with canvas on her deck. She also carried torpedo tubes.

RUSSIA TOO BOLD

STOPPING OF STEAMERS IN THE RED SEA MUST CEASE.

Great Britain Orders Fleet of War Vessels to Scene of Trouble—Fleets Being Mobilized—Clear May Find No Cause to Use the Dardanelles for Her Ships Again.

London, July 20.—Two naval orders were issued today by the British admiralty, which are believed to indicate a determination on the part of Great Britain to protect British shipping from acts of aggression at the hands of the Russian navy.

The first order directs the Mediterranean fleet to sail at once from Gibraltar and proceed to Alexandria, Egypt, near the mouth of the Suez canal.

The second order directs two of the fastest British armored cruisers to proceed through the canal and take up stations in the Red sea at points where several British ships have been held up the last few days by the vessels of the Russian volunteer squadron.

While the fact that these orders were issued was carefully guarded, and no public statement of their scope is procurable, there is no doubt that the time has come to act promptly in protecting British shipping, and to put an end to any aggression on the part of the Russian cruisers. Well informed naval officers believe that the dispatch of this powerful Mediterranean fleet to the vicinity of the Red sea, and the stationing of two of the crack vessels of the squadron directly in at the points where the Russian ships are carrying things with a high hand, means that no further molestation of vessels flying the British flag will be permitted.

LOST 1,000 MEN.

Russians Attack Japanese at Mo Tien Pass and are Repulsed.

St. Petersburg, July 20.—General Kuropatkin reports that Lieutenant General Keller lost over 1,000 killed or wounded in the attack on Mo Tien pass, July 17.

The following dispatch from General Kuropatkin to the emperor, dated July 17, "on our Eastern front," was given out tonight:

"After the occupation by General Kurki's army of the passes in the Fenshulin mountain chain, our information concerning his disposition was, in general, inadequate.

"According to some reports his army had been reinforced and had even extended his forces toward Saimatza. Other reports said that a displacement of troops had been made in the direction of La nass and Sinyon. There were even indications that Kurki had transferred his headquarters from Tak-hakaban to Tompin.

"At about 5:30 on the morning of July 17, the Japanese, in considerable strength, and with numerous guns, occupied Wa Fankwan pass, and on the mountainside bluffs to the south, on the Russian side, and directed their column. From this position and from the crest of the mountains to the east of the heights surmounted by the temple, the enemy directed a very heavy rifle and artillery fire.

"General Kastalinsky advanced to occupy the bluffs, sending forward at once one and then three battalions, but the attempt failed, notwithstanding the support given by the horse mounted battery, as our field guns could not be brought into action on account of the nature of the ground.

"Our losses have not yet been exactly ascertained, but General Keller reports that they exceed 1,000.

Two More Steamers Held Up.

London, July 20.—The Daily Mail's correspondent at Aden says that the British steamers Woodcock and Dalmatia were held up by the Russians in the Red sea and detained for three hours. The correspondent says the captain of the Russian volunteer fleet steamer St. Petersburg has notified the British consul at Aden to wire the British consul at Suez and Port Said that he would seize any British steamers bound for the Far East, if the contents of their packages were not clearly shown to their manifest.

Cholera Kills Hundreds.

Baku, Russia, July 20.—Refugees from Teheran tell terrible stories of the ravages of cholera. They say that on some days the mortality reached 900. The Europeans are abandoning their property, and are fleeing to a camp in the mountains. There is a pitiable condition of affairs at the railroad stations which almost are without food.

The government is ordering the closing of the frontier for the purpose of preventing the introduction of the disease.

To Prevent Mosquito Invasion.

Washington, July 20.—General Davis, governor general of the Panama canal strip, has advised the Panama canal commission that he wants 100,000 yards of wire gauze to prevent mosquito invasion in the zone. General Davis says that this will be perhaps the largest order for mosquito netting ever given. He recommends the use of steel wire screens not coarser than 17 meshes to the square inch, galvanized.

Ammunition Factory for Ottawa.

Ottawa, July 20.—Sir Frederick Borden, minister of militia, has under way a contract with the English firm, of which Sir William Armstrong is head, for the construction of an ammunition factory in Ottawa, capable of turning out 20,000,000 rounds of ammunition a year.

VIOLATE RULES OF WAR.

The Japanese War Office Publishes Charges Against Russians.

Tokio, July 20.—The Japanese war office has made public a statement charging the Russians with violation of recognized rules of warfare. The statement alleges that on two occasions the white flag has been violated; that once a Russian column drifted persistently on a field hospital where the Red Cross flag was flying conspicuously, thus compelling the Japanese to remove the hospital amidst great danger.

Twice, it is alleged, the Russians have fired on the men of the Japanese hospital corps, although their badges could readily be distinguished. On three occasions Japanese have been stabbed, slashed and mutilated. On one occasion the Russians are declared to have stolen cattle and horses from non-combatants and to have violated women.

It is also claimed that numerous cases can be cited where the Russians have wantonly fired on the Japanese wounded and that they have refused to permit parties who were succoring the wounded on both sides to go unmolested.

These charges are made by General Oku, and it is stated that further charges will be made, growing out of the experience of General Kuroki's army.

In explaining the publication of these charges, the Japanese general staff states that they had no desire to take such action, but in view of Russia's charges that they made through the French papers there was nothing else left for them to do.

HELD UP BY SHOT.

Russian Steamer Stops British Vessel in the Red Sea.

London, July 20.—A dispatch from Aden to the Daily Mail says that the captain of the British steamer Waipara reports that the Russian volunteer steamer St. Petersburg signalled him to stop by firing across the bows of his vessel on July 15, while 20 miles off Jebel Zogur, in the Red sea.

The Russians examined the papers of the Waipara and declared they would hold his ship as a prize. The captain protested, and was taken on board the St. Petersburg, where he gave the Russian officers a guarantee that there were neither arms nor ammunition on board the Waipara, destined for Japan. The vessel was detained for four hours and was then allowed to proceed.

The captain confirms the report that the Peninsular & Oriental company's steamer Malacca was seized in the Red sea July 16 by the St. Petersburg on the ground that she carried arms and ammunition of war for the Japanese government.

BREAK OF A GREAT DAM.

Pennsylvania Valley Flooded and Much Property Destroyed.

Scottsdale, Pa., July 20.—With the roar of Niagara, the new reservoir of the Citizens' Water company burst at midnight and more than 300,000,000 gallons of water rushed down the valley, sweeping buildings in its path.

It was discovered about 9 o'clock that the dam was in danger of breaking and messengers were hastily sent through the valley to warn the people. Hundreds of lives were thus saved, for a few hours later the whole valley was under water.

The damage to the machinery and reservoir alone will amount to at least \$50,000. When the torrent swept down upon the valley, buildings were torn from their foundations and carried on the crest of the great wave like so many wash tubs. Crops valued at thousands of dollars were completely wiped out.

Profit From a Volcano.

Mexico City, July 20.—The formal transfer of the volcano Popocatepetl to New York capitalists will be completed this week. The Inter-Oceanic railway will take the sulphur from the volcano to Vera Cruz. It is believed that sulphur can be landed at New York for \$48 per ton (gold), which would make the sulphur an effective competitor of the Italian article.

The reorganization is interpreted here to mean that the German directors were not willing to support the Standard in fighting the other oil interests.

Bound to Prevent Passage.

London, July 20.—The Standard's Tokyo correspondent, citing under the date of July 17, says the Jiji Shimpo, in an editorial, expresses the hope that Great Britain will see that Turkey leads Russia no assistance by allowing steamers of the volunteer fleet to pass the Dardanelles. The Jiji Shimpo declares that Great Britain is bound, under the terms of the Anglo-Japanese alliance, to prevent such assistance being given.

Hemmed In by Big Fire.

Oroville, Cal., July 20.—Fire at the Bella View mine, near La Porte, today destroyed the mill, engine room and other buildings close to the mouth of the big tunnel. A huge pile of timber lay close to the mouth of the tunnel and this caught on fire. Four men were working in the tunnel when the fire broke out and fears are entertained for their safety, as the tunnel is strongly timbered and it is thought these timbers will catch fire from the huge fire now blazing.

Bandit Raid at Will.

Tangier, July 20.—The mountain tribes, apparently satisfied that they have nothing to fear from the government, are looting the entire countryside outside of Tangier. They approached to within a few miles of this place yesterday and carried away hundreds of head of sheep and cattle.

HAPPENINGS HERE IN OREGON

LIFF FARMERS HIT HARD.

Late Spring and Long Dry Spell Have Cost Much.

Albany—Rain, which was general over the Willamette valley last week, came too late to be of great benefit to farmers. Had the showers come two weeks earlier, thousands of dollars would have been saved for the farmers of Linn county. As it is, the crops are far below the average for Linn county farmers, in many instances are a total failure. The only benefit the farming community will derive from the rains will be in the way of gardens and the very late sown spring oats, of which there is a small acreage.

For two months not a drop of rain fell on the grain fields of the county. This is drought almost unprecedented here. Its evil effect was aggravated by the late spring rains. Farmers generally were depending upon putting in a greater acreage than usual in spring sown grain, and the unusually bad weather of the late winter seemed to assure some good working days in the early spring. Instead of this, the rain held on until almost too late to plant the spring grain at all, and when good weather did come, it developed into a drought.

The result is that spring grain is heading a few inches from the ground, and much of it will not be bound at all. That which is threshed will yield poorly. The heads are small and very poorly filled. Nor is the fall sown grain of its usual standard of excellence. That part of the fall grain that was sown on low ground will be fair, in some instances making three-fourths of a crop rarely promising a full crop.

The hay crop has not averaged more than half what it was in years gone by. The haying season is about over, and the general report is half a crop. This will put farmers in Linn county in hard circumstances this fall. Already many of them are buying feed for their stock, and but few will have enough to last the winter through. The price of feed is rising in the county, and the mills are selling it every day to the farmers who were never compelled to buy feed at any season before. There are some who will have to buy wheat for their own family consumption before the year ends.

Coming Events.

Spiritualists' campmeeting, New Era, July 2-25.

Willamette Valley Chautauque assembly, Gladstone Park, July 12-24.

Southern Oregon Chautauque assembly, Ashland, July 13-22.

North Pacific regatta, Portland, July 22-23.

Grand lodge, I. O. R. M., Seaside, July 23-24.

Oregon Development association convention, Portland, August 2.