

Himes Geo H. OHS city hall

Hood River Glacier.

"IT'S A COLD DAY WHEN WE GET LEFT."

HOOD RIVER, OREGON, THURSDAY, MAY 19, 1904.

NO. 1.

VOL. XVI.

HOOD RIVER GLACIER EVENTS OF THE DAY

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ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

HOOD RIVER.
The postoffice is open daily between 8 a. m. and 7 p. m.; Sunday from 12 to 1 o'clock. Mails for the East close at 12:30 a. m. and 9 p. m.; for the West at 12:30 a. m. and 9 p. m. The carriers on R. F. D. routes No. 1 and No. 2 leave the postoffice at 8:30 daily. Mail leaves for Mt. Hood, daily at 12:30 p. m.; arrives, 10:30 a. m.
For Chewelah, Wash., at 7:30 a. m. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; arrives same days at 5 p. m.
For Trout Lake and Guler, Wash., daily at 7:30 a. m.; arrives at 12 p. m.
For Hood River, Wash., at 7:30 a. m. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; arrives same days at 5 p. m.
For White Salmon, Wash., daily at 4:45 p. m.; arrives at 11 a. m.

WHITE SALMON.
For Hood River daily at 9 a. m.; arrives at 4:45 p. m.
For Elsie, Trout Lake and Guler, Wash., daily at 7:30 a. m.; arrives at 12 p. m.
For Chewelah, Wash., at 7:30 a. m. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; arrives same days at 5 p. m.
For Mt. Hood, daily at 12:30 p. m.; arrives at 10:30 a. m.

SOCIETIES.

OAK GROVE COUNCIL No. 142, ORDER OF PENTECOST.—Meets the second and fourth Fridays of the month. Visitors cordially welcomed. **W. H. HARRIS, Secretary.**

ORDER OF WASHINGTON.—Hood River, Union No. 142, meets in Odd Fellows hall second and fourth Saturdays in each month, 7:30 o'clock. **E. L. MOORE, President.** **C. U. DAKIN, Secretary.**

HOOD RIVER CAMP No. 770, M. W. A.—Meets in E. of F. hall every Wednesday night. **C. U. DAKIN, Secretary.**

HOOD RIVER CAMP No. 770, W. O. W. C.—Meets in E. of F. hall every Wednesday night. **C. U. DAKIN, Secretary.**

WACUMBA LODGE No. 80, K. of P.—Meets in K. of P. hall every Wednesday night. **C. E. HENMAN, K. of R. & S.**

HOOD RIVER CHAPTER No. 20, O. E. S.—Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month. Visitors cordially welcomed. **W. H. HARRIS, Secretary.**

HOOD RIVER CIRCLE No. 204, Women of the Wood.—Meets at 7 p. m. on the first and third Fridays of each month. **HELEN NORTON, Guardian Neighbor.** **NELLIE HOLLOMAN, Clerk.**

CANDY POST No. 16, G. A. R.—Meets at 8 o'clock in E. of F. hall every Wednesday night. **T. J. CUNNINGHAM, Commander.**

CANDY POST No. 16, G. A. R.—Meets second and fourth Saturdays of each month in E. of F. hall at 2 p. m. **W. H. HARRIS, Commander.**

EDEN ENCAMPMENT No. 48, I. O. O. F.—Regular meeting second and fourth Mondays of each month. **J. G. HARRIS, C. P.** **FRANK HARRIS, Secretary.**

DEWEY LODGE No. 107, I. O. O. F.—Meets in Fraternal hall, every Thursday night. **W. H. HARRIS, Secretary.**

HOOD RIVER CHAPTER No. 27, R. A. M.—Meets third Friday night of each month. **D. McDONALD, Secretary.**

COURT HOOD RIVER No. 42, Foresters of America.—Meets second and fourth Mondays of each month in K. of F. hall. **F. C. BRODIE, Financial Secretary.**

LAUREL REBEKAH DEGREE LODGE No. 87, I. O. O. F.—Meets first and third Fridays of each month. **FRANK HARRIS, C. P.** **FRANK HARRIS, Secretary.**

HOOD RIVER LODGE No. 105, A. F. & A. M.—Meets Saturday evening on or before each full moon. **D. McDONALD, W. M.** **E. L. MOORE, Secretary.**

OLYMPIA LODGE No. 108, United Artisans.—Meets first and third Wednesdays, second and fourth Thursdays of each month. **E. L. MOORE, Secretary.**

RIVERSIDE LODGE No. 86, A. O. U. W.—Meets first and third Saturdays of each month. **W. H. HARRIS, W. M.** **W. H. HARRIS, Secretary.**

RIVERSIDE LODGE No. 46, Degree of Honorary A. O. U. W.—Meets first and third Saturdays of each month. **W. H. HARRIS, W. M.** **W. H. HARRIS, Secretary.**

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HOOD RIVER, OREGON

GATHERED FROM ALL PARTS OF THE TWO HEMISPHERES.

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week, Presented in Condensed Form, Most Likely to Prove Interesting to Our Many Readers.

Russian evacuation of Niu Chwang is complete.

Chicago wants to sell \$5,500,000 of city bonds.

The battleship Rhode Island has been launched.

The Krupp gun works in Germany is busy turning out war material.

King Edward is said to be seeking to end the hostilities in the Far East.

The friction between General Kuropatkin and Viceroy Alexieff is becoming acute.

The National Good Roads association, in convention in St. Louis, indorses the Lewis and Clark fair.

The commander of the military forces in Port Arthur declares that he saw two Japanese submarine boats in the harbor and that the battleship Petropavlovsk was sunk by one.

Russia will not try to send any ships out of Port Arthur until the Baltic fleet arrives and a junction with that and the Vladivostok squadron can be effected.

King Edward has announced his intention of visiting Emperor William.

Two prominent Japanese have arrived in the United States in the interest of bonds and commerce.

A second Dreyfus affair has come to the front in London by an Italian offering to sell 85 plans of fortifications of French forts.

The Japanese are tearing up more of the railroad leading to Port Arthur and are determined that there shall be no further rail communication.

It is feared by Russian authorities that Chinese bandits may cut General Kuropatkin's line of communications and leave him at the mercy of the Japanese.

The next great battle of the Russo-Japanese war will, in all probability, be fought at Liao Yang, as both sides are concentrating their forces in that direction.

General Kuropatkin is said to have at his disposal 100,000 troops, only 75,000 of whom are available for active operations, while General Kuroki has 140,000 first class troops.

Japanese troops continue to land at Pitsawo.

French confidence in Russian success is diminishing.

Japanese correspondents charge the Russians with mutilating the dead.

St. Petersburg authorities are certain three Japanese forces are marching on Liao Yang.

Russia has been officially advised that Chinese have commenced hostilities against her.

Congressman Hermann has asked engineers to provide a dredge for small Oregon harbors.

There are persistent rumors of fighting near Liao Yang, which it is impossible to confirm officially.

A Russian naval officer with three sailors launched a torpedo against a Japanese cruiser in Taitienwan bay, injuring her badly.

While the railroad to Port Arthur was reopened the Russians succeeded in getting in a train load of ammunition and supplies.

Miss Clara Barton has resigned the presidency of the American Red Cross society. She will be succeeded by the vice president, Mrs. John A. Logan.

General Kuropatkin reports several small skirmishes.

Irrigation experts are coming to Oregon to determine the feasibility of building reservoirs in Umatilla county.

Hyde and Dimond have been indicted by the federal grand jury for land frauds and placed under heavy bonds.

President Roosevelt has issued a proclamation for entry of the Rosebud, South Dakota, Indian reservation lands. It will be thrown open August 8.

A Minnesota couple has found a novel way of complying with the law. The groom was only 20 years of age and being an orphan without a guardian, was unable to obtain a marriage license. The young lady, though nearly two years younger, was still over 18 and of lawful age to get married. She formally and legally adopted her affianced and then, as his guardian, gave her consent for the necessary document. The license was obtained the day they were married.

General Kuroki is rapidly moving on Liao Yang.

Japan is rushing men to Kuroki and he will probably delay the advance on Liao Yang until they arrive.

A Japanese torpedo boat was sunk while trying to blow up a mine at Kozubay. Seven men were killed and seven wounded. This is the first war vessel Japan has lost in the war.

Japan declares the train her troops fired on did not show the Red Cross flag until after the Russians on board had opened fire and the Japanese answered it.

ENEMY ON REAR.

Japanese Close to Russians at Mukden and Great Battle Imminent.

London, May 19.—No further news has reached London throwing light upon the appearance of Japanese troops northeast of Mukden, or indicating by what route they reached that point so unexpectedly. The Japanese are so successful in hiding their movements that it is only possible to guess at them from the vague indications in Russian official dispatches.

According to the Standard's Tien Tsin correspondent, General Kuropatkin has left for Harbin; Viceroy Alexieff still being at Liao Yang with 20,000 troops.

It is noticeable that Russian official dispatches seldom name the place whence they were sent.

A question recently discussed in the London papers this morning is whether General Kuropatkin has succeeded in ascertaining that the Japanese are threatening his rear so near the Mukden line, and has been enabled to begin a retreat, or whether he has elected to fight. In any case, it is considered that any day may bring news of a great battle in this district.

As the transport difficulties are believed to be so great as to make it almost impossible for General Kuropatkin to effect a rapid retirement.

Indefinite reports continue to reach London of Japanese bombardment of Port Arthur and Dabny.

The Standard's Odessa correspondent confirms the report that General Kuropatkin's aggregate forces for the pending battle do not exceed 100,000 men.

Shanghai dispatches report that the Chinese are greatly gratified at the Japanese invitation to the Tartar viceroy of Mukden to re-establish the administration of Antang and induce Chinese traders to return and resume business.

MUST HOLD PORT ARTHUR.

Russia Will Mobilize All Forces Possible There for Its Defense.

St. Petersburg, May 19.—Advices received by the general staff show that the Japanese are practically masters of all the southern end of the Liao Tung peninsula, save Port Arthur and the territory commanded by guns. This result, so promptly brought about, is due to the failure of the Russians to make opposition of any consequence to the Japanese advance.

A member of the general staff said to the Associated Press that the removal of the guns from the fortifications erected at Kichuan, and the destruction of Port Dabny, were primarily for the purpose of concentrating the entire Russian force at Port Arthur.

If the men and guns were scattered, the effect would have been to distribute the means of defense of the fortress over a number of points strategically weak. To defend the whole of the southern end of the Liao Tung peninsula it would have been necessary to have an army equal to that which the Japanese could have landed.

The weakness of the Manchurian army, said this officer, left only one course to pursue, namely, that of mobilizing sufficient troops at Port Arthur to hold it until relief came.

ENEMY SLIPS IN.

Russians Near Yinkow Surprised by the Landing of Army.

Niu Chwang, May 18.—The Russians were surprised by the appearance of the enemy at Kaichau, 20 miles south of Yinkow this morning. They were expecting the Yalu army.

Nine transports, assisted by the navy, landed 100 troops and the remainder will land tonight and tomorrow. The number of the Japanese force is not known. The warships shelled the shore from early morning until evening.

The Japanese are expected here tomorrow and the Russians are rapidly evacuating the town.

War to Involve Others.

St. Louis, May 19.—General Nelson A. Miles, who is here attending the Good Roads convention, expressed the belief that the Russo-Japanese war will eventually involve other nations.

"I believe that the war will be a long and desperate one," said General Miles. "In the next great war, I believe the automobile will, to a large extent, supplement the horse. There are now 100,000 automobiles in the United States and the number is increasing rapidly. Automobiles can be used on bad roads as well as horses."

Outposts Already in Contact.

Paris, May 19.—The Journal's Mukden correspondent says: "Important events are imminent. The outposts of the two armies are already in contact in the zone northwest of Feng Wang Cheng. The Japanese army advancing on Liao Yang is estimated at 100,000. A persistent rumor, which is not confirmed officially, has it that another Japanese corps is executing a flanking movement direct on some point between Liao Yang and Mukden."

Wireless Telegraphy for Alaska.

Washington, May 19.—General Greely has given directions to have the wireless telegraph stations which have been established on some point between Liao Yang and Mukden.

Ship Grain to New York.

Pendleton—Ten thousand bushels of wheat at Warren's wheat station on the W. & C. R. near Helix, will be shipped in a few days to New York state.

School Money Borrowed.

Salem—The state land board has just approved 13 applications for loans from the school fund aggregating \$27,450.

HAPPENINGS HERE IN OREGON

FIRST CLIPS SOLD.

Scouring Mill at The Dalles Working Night and Day.

The Dalles—The scouring mill in this city is now running a double crew of sorters daily, and the mill night and day, turning out 8,000 pounds of scouring product every 24 hours. The wool purchases made thus far have been from stations along the line of the Northern Pacific in western country, and at Columbia river points, such as The Dalles, Arlington and Echo, where the sealed bid plan that was inaugurated in the state three years ago does not obtain. The first clips shown are nearly all from the warm Columbia river ranges, which wools are more or less earthy and are sought only by dealers in the scouring product.

There seems to be no disposition on the part of the growers to hold this class of wool, and buyers are apparently glad to take them, as they are being absorbed by the dealers as fast as they are offered.

The choice Eastern Oregon wools sought for shipping in the greasy, which are grown back in the interior, are now being shown. This class that in former years was marketed at The Dalles, and gave this city the distinction of receiving and shipping more wool direct from the grower than any other place in the United States, has since the completion of the Columbia Southern railway been transferred to Seattle.

There the wools are all offered under the sealed bid system. The first sale there is set for June 2, the second for June 14, and the third and last for July 1.

Pendleton—The fact that \$2.75 and more was realized for dry ewes and two year olds, two and three years ago, while buyers are not offering more than \$2 for the same class of stock now, is not altogether due to conditions in the mutton market, though prices have fallen considerably. The tendency of Umatilla county sheepmen to breed for wool since good prices prevailed is lowering the mutton qualities. Sheep bred for selling purposes usually have coarser, lower grade wool than those raised for their fleeces.

Dickering on Sheep Prices.

Pendleton—Seven eastern sheep buyers have just come into Umatilla county to see if they can pick up large consignments to take to the middle west, and while they are still quite a distance apart from growers on prices their presence makes this prospect more encouraging in the congested sheep districts, where it was feared sheepmen would have to carry over all their last year holdings, together with the spring increase.

Can Start Off With 100 Cows.

Echo—It is estimated that 100 cows will be available to start should the Hazelwood Creamery company carry out its intention to install a branch here. Several farmers in addition to those already possessing dairy animals are scanning their herds for dairy possibilities, and with a district a dozen miles long up and down the Umatilla river to draw from, it is thought 200 cows could be secured by midsummer.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 72c; blue-stem, 80c; Valley, 80c.

Barley—Feed, 23c per ton; rolled, \$24.50@25.

Flour—Valley, \$3.90@4.05 per barrel; hard wheat straight, \$4.05@4.25; clear, \$3.85@4.10; hard wheat patents, \$4.40@4.70; Graham, \$3.50@4.04; whole wheat, \$4.42; rye flour, \$4.50; Oats—No. 1 white, \$1.20@1.22; No. 2, \$1.15@1.17; per cental.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$1.00@1.20 per ton; middlings, \$2.50@2.75; shorts, \$2.00@2.25; chop, \$1.50@1.75; linseed, dairy feed, \$1.10; Hay—Timothy, \$15@16 per ton; clover, \$10@11; grain, \$11@12; cheat, \$11@12.

Hops—1903 crop, 23@25c per pound.

Wool—Valley, 16@17; Eastern Oregon, 11@14c; mohair, 30c per pound for choice.

Beef—Dressed, 58c per pound.

Mutton—Dressed, 68c per pound.

Veal—Dressed, 68c per pound.

Pork—Dressed, 78c per pound.

Vegetables—Turnips, 80c per sack; carrots, 80c; beets, 1c; parsnips, 1c; cabbage, 24c; red cabbage, 24c; lettuce, head, 25c; per box; hot house, 1.75 per box; parsley per dozen, 25c; cucumbers, 1.75; asparagus, 1.25; peas, 58c per pound; rhubarb, 3c; beans, green, 15c; wax, 15c.

Potatoes—Fancy, \$1.20@1.35 per cental; common, \$1.10@1.20; new potatoes, 3c@4c per pound; sweets, 5c per pound.

Fruits—Strawberries, \$1.50@1.75 per crate; cherries, \$1.50@1.75 per box; apples, fancy Baldwin and Spitzenberg, \$1.50@2.50 per box; choice, \$1.60@1.80; cooking, 75c@1.

Eggs—Oregon ranch, 15c per dozen.

Butter—Fancy creamery, 17c; store, 12@13c.

Butter Fat—Sweet cream, 18c; sour cream, 17c.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, 12c@13c per pound; springs, small, 18@20c; hens, 13@14c; turkeys, live, 16@17c; dressed, 15@20c; ducks, 17@18c; geese, live, 7@8c per pound.

Cheese—Full cream, twins, new stock, 12c@13c; old stock, 10c; Young America, 14c.

MAY SAVE WATER.

Government Expects to Investigate Irrigation in Umatilla.

Washington—A consultation of irrigation experts has been ordered at Pendleton to determine the merits of the Umatilla irrigation project. The reclamation of between 100,000 and 200,000 acres of land, lying directly west of the settlement, at an elevation ranging from 300 to 600 feet above the sea is considered feasible. Examination has shown most of this land to be unpatented, and that the Northern Pacific controls the greater portion of the patented area. It has been found impracticable to divert water from the Snake river, near Riparian, and bring it onto this land, and the expense will determine the feasibility of storing the flood waters of the Umatilla river in a system of reservoirs. If it is found such a system is practicable and that dams can be constructed on the respective reservoir sites, and litigation can be avoided, such as is threatened in Malheur county, the government will turn its attention to Umatilla, and leave the Malheur project to be disposed of later.

The government is now satisfied that one reservoir in township 3 north, ranges 25 and 26 east, can be built to hold sufficient water to reclaim 60,000 acres, but before this project is adopted, it is desired to know how much additional land can be reclaimed by waters stored in smaller reservoirs in that vicinity which can also be supplied by flood waters from Umatilla river. If the board reports favorably on its examination, a special effort will be made to perfect the plans for this irrigation project.

Better Wool, Worse Mutton.

Pendleton—The fact that \$2.75 and more was realized for dry ewes and two year olds, two and three years ago, while buyers are not offering more than \$2 for the same class of stock now, is not altogether due to conditions in the mutton market, though prices have fallen considerably. The tendency of Umatilla county sheepmen to breed for wool since good prices prevailed is lowering the mutton qualities. Sheep bred for selling purposes usually have coarser, lower grade wool than those raised for their fleeces.

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