

The Hood River Glacier

"IT'S A COLD DAY WHEN WE GET LEFT."

VOL. XV.

HOOD RIVER, OREGON, THURSDAY, MAY 12, 1904.

NO. 52.

HOOD RIVER GLACIER EVENTS OF THE DAY

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ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAIL.

HOOD RIVER.
The postoffice is open daily between 8 a. m. and 7 p. m.; Sunday from 12 to 1 o'clock. Mails for the East close at 12:20 a. m. and 9 p. m.; for the West at 7:10 a. m. and 1:40 p. m.
The carriers on E. F. D. route No. 1 and No. 2 leave the postoffice at 6:30 daily. Mail leaves for Mt. Hood, daily at 12:00 p. m.; arrives, 5 p. m.
For Chesebrough, Wash., at 7:30 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; arrives same days at 6 p. m.
For Underwood, Wash., at 7:30 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; arrives same days at 6 p. m.
For White Salmon, Wash., daily at 2:45 p. m.; arrives at 11 a. m.

WHITE SALMON.
For Hood River daily at 9 a. m.; arrives at 4:30 p. m.
For Hiram, Trout Lake and Gales, Wash., daily at 7:30 a. m.; arrives at 9 p. m.
For Glenwood, Gilmer and Fulsa, Wash., daily at 7:30 a. m.; arrives at 9 p. m.
For Union and Snowdon, Wash., at 11:30 a. m. Tuesdays and Saturdays; arrives same days, 10:30 a. m.
For Bin on, Wash., daily at 4:45 p. m.; arrives at 8:45 a. m.

SOCIETIES.

YAK GROVE COUNCIL NO. 148, ORDER OF PENTONS.—Meets the second and fourth Fridays of the month. Visitors cordially welcomed. W. H. HAYES, President; C. M. RUSSELL, Secretary.

ORDER OF WASHINGTON.—Hood River Union No. 142 meets in Odd Fellows' hall, second and fourth Saturdays in each month, 7:30 o'clock. E. L. HOOD, President; C. E. DAKIN, Secretary.

HOOD RIVER CAMP NO. 726, W. W. W. A.—Meets in K. of P. Hall every Tuesday night. C. E. DAKIN, Clerk.

HOOD RIVER CAMP NO. 726, W. W. W. A.—Meets on first and third Tuesdays of each month in Odd Fellows' hall. A. G. STATTEN, C. C.; H. BRADLEY, Clerk.

WACAMA LODGE NO. 30, K. of P.—Meets in K. of P. Hall every Tuesday night. C. E. HEMMAN, K. of P.; H. JENKINS, C. C.

HOOD RIVER CHAPTER NO. 39, O. E. S. A.—Meets second and fourth Tuesday evenings of each month. Visitors cordially welcomed. Mrs. MARY B. DAVIDSON, Secretary.

HOOD RIVER CIRCLE NO. 524, WOMEN OF WOODEN SHIPS.—Meets at K. of P. Hall on the first and third Fridays of each month. HELEN NORTON, Guardian Neighbor; NELLIE HOLLOWAY, Real Clerk.

CANBY POST NO. 3, G. A. R.—Meets at A. O. U. W. Hall, second and fourth Saturdays of each month at 2 o'clock p. m. All G. A. R. members invited. H. H. BRADLEY, Commander; T. J. CUMMINS, Adjutant.

CANBY W. R. C. A. O. U. W. HALL.—Meets second and fourth Saturdays of each month in A. O. U. W. Hall at 2 p. m.
Mrs. ALMA SHUMAKER, President; Mrs. T. J. CUMMINS, Secretary.

EDEN ENCAMPMENT NO. 48, I. O. O. F.—Regular meeting second and fourth Mondays of each month. A. A. GARDNER, C. C.; HEST ENRIKSSON, Scribe.

DELEWILD LODGE NO. 197, I. O. O. F.—Meets in Fraternal Hall, every Tuesday night. JOHN RYAN, K. G.

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HOOD RIVER CHAPTER NO. 27, R. A. M.—Meets third Friday night of each month. D. McDONALD, G. R.; G. A. CARROLL, H. F.

COURT HOOD RIVER NO. 42, FORESTERS OF AMERICA.—Meets second and fourth Mondays in each month in K. of P. Hall.
F. C. BROSIUS, Financial Secretary.

LAUREL REBEKAH DEGREE LODGE NO. 18, I. O. O. F.—Meets first and third Fridays in each month. D. McDONALD, M. A.; E. M. MCCARTY, Secretary.

RIVERSIDE LODGE NO. 64, A. O. U. W.—Meets first and third Saturdays of each month. E. E. BRADLEY, Financier; W. B. STURT, W. M.; J. O. HAYES, Recorder.

RIVERSIDE LODGE NO. 64, Degree of Honor, A. O. U. W.—Meets first and third Saturdays at 8 p. m. Mrs. SARAH BRADLEY, C. of H.; RITA COLLA COLE, Recorder.
Mrs. LUCIANTA FRATERS, Financier.

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HOOD RIVER, OREGON

TO BE ENGINEER.

Parana Canal Position Given to John F. Wallace.

Chicago, May 12.—John F. Wallace, general manager of the Illinois Central railroad, will be chief engineer of the Panama canal. After having the offer under advisement for some time, he today wired Admiral Walker, chairman of the commission, his acceptance. The position will pay \$25,000 per year. Mr. Wallace will leave for Washington to enter upon his new duties early next month.

In a battle at Karola the British killed 200 Tibetans.

The government funds for the Lewis and Clark affair are now available.

The Russians have re-established railway and telegraph communication with Port Arthur.

Senator Mitchell has been asked to name a successor to Postmaster Hancock, at Portland.

Ernest Hooley, famous as a promoter, has been arrested in London on a charge of conspiracy to defraud.

Cotton has been declared a contraband of war on account of its being used in the manufacture of high explosives.

A Russian general took over a half million dollars of Red Cross money and lost it gambling. The dowager empress made good the sum to the society.

The government will not take up the Malheur, Oregon, irrigation project if there is any dispute over water rights, in which event it may turn to the Umattila scheme.

Russian authorities at Niu Chwang for a time refused to allow United States Consul Miller to cable the conditions there to Minister Conger at Peking. A strongly worded protest secured the transmission of the message.

Russia is rapidly evacuating Niu Chwang.

Viceroy Alexieff has transferred his headquarters to Harbin.

Turkey is negotiating with Chile for the purchase of two cruisers.

Brazil and Peru will settle their troubles without resorting to arms.

Another 100,000 men are on the way to Manchuria to reinforce General Kouropatkin.

The secretary of the interior has set aside \$2,000,000 for the Malheur, Oregon, irrigation project.

Russian authorities deny that there is an unusual amount of sickness among the troops in Manchuria.

Twenty thousand Japanese soldiers volunteered to man the fireships that blockaded the Port Arthur entrance.

Information is given by a merchant who left Port Arthur recently that the warships there have only enough coal for six weeks.

Japanese commanders declare that instead of 30,000 men at Port Arthur there are only 8,000, and instead of being provisioned for a year the fortress contains supplies for but a three months' siege.

Present indications point to a long war between Russia and Japan.

Russia will have a large exhibit at the St. Louis fair in a short time.

The latest Japanese victory gives her control of much valuable territory.

There will be small crops of apricots and prunes in California this year.

France believes that the supreme struggle will come soon at Mukden.

It is reported that Viceroy Alexieff is to be succeeded by Grand Duke Nicholas.

John Mitchell advocates a trade agreement as the solution of the strike problem.

HAPPENINGS HERE IN OREGON

IRRIGATION BY POWER.

Gasoline Engines Used for Pumping in Eastern Oregon.

Baker City—A novel plan in this section is being adopted here to reclaim the arid lands lying a few miles east of town.

A few weeks ago W. J. Patterson and associates sold 780 acres of this land to Wisconsin men, who immediately began clearing it of side brush.

During the recent trip of the Panama canal commissioners to the isthmus, one of the subjects of discussion was the appointment of the chief engineer.

It was agreed by everyone that the man selected must possess exceptional qualifications; must be not only an engineer, but an administrator and executive; must have mature judgment and yet energy of accomplishment, and must be well and favorably known, as a very great measure of the success of the commission would depend upon the chief engineer.

While the committee was at sea on the way to the isthmus, a letter was written to Mr. Wallace asking him to meet the members in New York on their return and talk over the matter.

Subsequently there was correspondence with Stuyvesant Fish, president of the Illinois Central, who thus spoke of Mr. Wallace:

"There is no professional engineer in my acquaintance who, I think, has a higher degree than Mr. Wallace, the special commercial and diplomatic tact which a conceive will be required. He not only has commercial sense, knows the value of money, but also has a very rare capacity in dealing with men, whether they be above him, his peers, or under him. It goes without saying that he is upright."

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TO STUDY ALASKA COAL.

Geological Survey to Search for New Deposits in Far North.

Washington, May 11.—The first field party of the United States geological survey to leave Washington this year is, as usual, the Alaskan contingent. During the past winter congress increased its appropriation for Alaskan work from \$50,000 to \$80,000, which is about 1 per cent of the annual output of that territory. Nine parties will be engaged there during the coming season in topographic and geologic work. Besides these, three subparties, which may be counted as outposts of the larger ones, will take up special work, so that the number of survey investigators on foot in Alaska during the summer will be 12, as against 7 of last year.

The geologic work of the last season in Southeastern Alaska will be continued by Messrs. C. W. and F. W. Wright. As this is the only noteworthy lode mining district of Alaska, and as its rich deposits of gold, silver and copper are only partially developed, a study of its resources is likely to be of vital interest to the prospector and investor. The work will begin with a reconnaissance across the islands from Taku Inlet to Sitka. An examination of the mining district about Sitka will follow, together with a study of the coal deposits of Admiralty Island, with Wrangell as a base. F. W. Wright connects the geology of the Juneau district, the work of Dr. A. O. Spencer in 1903, with that of the Ketchikan district, the work of Alfred H. Brooks in 1901. If the time permits, some of the copper and gold mines of Prince of Wales Island will be visited.

Creemery Runs at Top Limit. Oregon City—The Clear Creek creamery, located near this city, and operated by the farmers on a co-operative basis, is being run to its full capacity, 600 pounds of butter being churned in a single day this week. Several new cream routes are being established and the output of the plant is being increased weekly.

Many Chickamauga county farmers have been taken in during the last two weeks by a faker who is traveling through the interior of the county selling a recipe by which it is claimed that butter can be made in a few minutes and at the same time deodorize cream. For each recipe the smooth-tongued salesman collects \$5.

Land Business Slackens. The Dalles—A report of the business transacted and the cash receipts of the United States land office at this place showed a slackening of the work, which has continued in this office for the past two years, in which the working force of the office has been taxed to its utmost in order to keep abreast of the current work. For the month of April 87 original homesteads, 14 final homesteads and 55 final timber and stone proofs are reported, the cash receipts being \$24,342.27; total cash receipts, fees and commissions \$26,467.95.

Chilly Weather Timely. Pendleton—Chilly weather which has prevailed for a week in Umattila county is welcomed by most ranches through the county because it is preventing what promised to be a too rank growth of wheat. Fall grain in the county is well advanced. The hot weather and generally fine condition of the ground, caused a rapid shooting up which threatened to run the crop to a strong growth of straw. This is very opportunely checked.

Portland Markets. Wheat—Walla Walla, 78@74c; bluestem, 84c; Valley, 85c. Barley—Feed, \$23.50 per ton; rolled, \$24.60@25.

Flour—Valley, \$2.90@4.05 per barrel; hard, wheat, straight, \$4@4.25; clear, \$3.85@4.10; hard, winter patent, \$4.00@4.20; Graham, \$2.50@4; whole wheat, \$4@4.25; rye flour, \$4.50.

Oats—No. 1 white, \$1.17@1.20; gray, \$1.12@1.15 per cental. Millstuffs—Bran, \$10@20 per ton; middlings, \$25.50@27; shorts, \$20@21; chop, \$18; linseed, dairy food, \$19.

Hay—Timothy, \$15@16 per ton; clover, \$10@11; grain, \$11@12; cheat, \$11@13.

Vegetables—Turnips, 80c per sack; carrots, 80c; beets, \$1; parsnips, \$1; cabbage, 2@2 1/2c; red cabbage, 2 1/2c; lettuce, head, 25@40c per doz.; cauliflower, \$2; celery, 75@90c; cucumbers, \$1.75; asparagus, \$1.25; peas, 4@5c per pound; rhubarb, 3c; beans, green, 16c; wax, 20c; onions, Yellow Danvers, \$2.50@3 per sack.

Honey—Fancy, \$1.25@1.50 per cental; common, \$1@1.25; new potatoes, 3 1/2@4c per pound; sweets, 5c per pound.

Fruits—Strawberries, \$2 per crate; apples, fancy Baldwin and Spitzenberg, \$1.50@2.50 per box; choice, \$1@1.50; soaking, 75@81.

Eggs—Oregon ranch, 18c per dozen. Butter—Fancy creamery, 17 1/2@20c; store, 11 1/2@12 1/2c.

Butter Fat—Sweet cream, 19@21c; sour cream, 19c.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, 15 1/2@13c per pound; springs, small, 18@20c; hens, 13@14c; turkeys, live, 16@17c; dressed, 18c; ducks, 7@8c per dozen; geese, live, 7@8c per pound.

Cheese—Full cream, twins, new stock, 12 1/2@13c; old stock, 10c; Young America, 14c.

Hops—1903 crop, 23@25c per pound.

Wool—Valley, 16@17c; Eastern Oregon 11@14c; mohair, 30c per pound for choice.

Beef—Dressed, 5@8c per pound. Mutton—Dressed, 6@7 1/2c per pound; spring lambs, 12c per pound.

Veal—Dressed, 6@7 1/2c per pound. Pork—Dressed, 7@8c.

STANLEY IS DEAD

NOTED EXPLORER PASSES AWAY SUDDENLY OF PLEURISY.

Was a Welsh Boy Who Rose From Poor Farm to Palace—Won Fame in Wilds of Africa—Rescued Dr. Livingstone and Relieved Emin Pasha When He Was Penned in by Hostile Natives.

London, May 11.—Sir Henry M. Stanley, the famous African explorer, died at 3 o'clock this morning from an attack of pleurisy, which developed about two weeks ago. Since Sunday he has been in a semi-conscious condition, and while the doctors had no hope of his recovery, they did not expect the end to come so soon. Heart trouble complicated the case, however, and his famous patient dropped off almost before they knew it.

Probably no man in recent years has been more worthy of the title "self made man" than Stanley, who rose from a poorhouse to a palace entirely through his strength of character, and determination to be a man of mark.

He was born at Denbigh, Wales. He was placed in a poorhouse at the age of 3, and remained there 10 years, until he had acquired an education. He sailed as cabin boy on a ship to New Orleans when 16, and was adopted by a merchant there whose family name of Stanley he assumed instead of his own of John Rowlands.

He enlisted in the Confederate army as a youth, was captured and enlisted in the Federal army. He went to Turkey at the close of the war as a newspaper correspondent, and later accompanied the British army through the Abyssinian war as the correspondent of the New York Herald.

He was sent by that paper to Africa to find Dr. Livingstone, who had been lost in the Congo region for two years. He accomplished the task and was honored by England and the Royal Geographical society for his clever work.

He went back a second time, and acquired information about Central Africa which was badly needed by cartographers. Coming back to civilization he was decorated by numerous French and British science societies. He went back a third time and established trading stations along the Congo from its mouth to Stanley Pool. He led the expedition which relieved Emin Pasha, governor of Equatorial Africa, who was penned in by hostiles.

Mr. Stanley married Miss Dorothy Tennant on July 12, 1890, in Westminster Abbey. He was elected to parliament from the Lambeth district, and until taken with his last illness had been active in the English political field.

TO AVOID BATTLE. Kouropatkin Will Retire to Mukden or Even to Harbin.

Paris, May 11.—The correspondent at St. Petersburg, of the Echo de Paris, says: General Kouropatkin has ordered a general retreat, and no doubt intends to avoid a battle until he has sufficient forces. He actually has at his disposal not more than 150,000 men, exclusive of the garrison at Port Arthur, which consists of 30,000, and the garrison at Niu Chwang of 15,000.

A general, who knows the secrets of the mobilization, tells me that the last 1,000 men making the required 500,000 men will leave Kasan July 21, adding: "We will be very sick if the railroad is not working well."

KUROKI MAY BLOCK PLAN. London Believes He Will Overtake the Russians Soon.

London, May 11.—In the absence of further stirring news from the seat of war, the London newspapers are discussing the probable course of events. The balance of opinion inclines to the belief that General Kuroki will succeed in overtaking the Russians between Feng Wang Cheng and Liao Yang, and will compel him to fight at a disadvantage.

It is argued that it will be impossible for General Kouropatkin, depending for a slender line of railway and with his army encumbered with baggage, to make his retirement speedy enough to enable him to choose his own battleground.

American Ships Go. Washington, May 11.—Orders were cabled today to Rear Admiral Cooper, commanding the Asiatic fleet, to send two warships to Chafoo, where they will be held in readiness to proceed to Niu Chwang, a day's sail. This is in view of the possibility that Chinese bandits will attempt to pillage Niu Chwang in the interval between the Russian's expected evacuation of the city, and the Japanese occupation of it. The warships will not be sent to Niu Chwang unless United States Consul Miller asks for them.

So Much Gained by the Russians. St. Petersburg, May 11.—General Kouropatkin is under no obligation to hold Liao Yang, but has the consent of the Russian general staff to retire so far into Manchuria as the exigencies of the situation may warrant. It is considered by the general staff that the greater distance General Kouropatkin places between himself and the enemy increases the difficulties of the Japanese.

Russia Places Order for Rifles. Paris, May 11.—It is learned that the Russian government has placed an order for 200,000 Nobel rifles, the same to be delivered in St. Petersburg at the rate of \$0,000 a week.

Murdered by Mexican Bandits. Oaxaca, Mexico, May 11.—Othon Quijano, the paymaster of the National railroad of Tehuantepec, was assaulted by five bandits between Palo Mare and Paso de Buques. One bullet went through his body and his head was cut almost in two with a machete. He died of his wounds. The bandits got away with between \$2,000 and \$3,000.

Keep Up Their Spirits. Mukden, May 11.—The spirits of the troops here are not depressed because of the fighting on the Yalu and the investment of Port Arthur, and they are awaiting an opportunity to meet the invaders. Wounded from the Yalu are passing through Mukden on every train on the way to Harbin. The last passenger train from Port Arthur before the flag was cut arrived today. The woodwork of the coaches are marked with bullets.

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