

# The Hood River Glacier.

"IT'S A COLD DAY WHEN WE GET LEFT."

Himes Geo. H., OHS. City Hall

VOL. XV.

HOOD RIVER, OREGON, THURSDAY, JULY 23, 1903.

NO. 10.

## HOOD RIVER GLACIER

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**THE MAILS.**  
The mail arrives from Mt. Hood at 10 o'clock a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays; departs the same days at noon.  
For Clatskanie; leaves at 8 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; arrives at 5 p. m.  
For White Salmon (Wash.); leaves daily at 5:45 a. m.; arrives at 7:15 p. m.  
From White Salmon leaves for Falls, Gilmer, Trout Lake and Glenwood daily at 8 a. m.; for Ringing (Wash.) leaves at 5:45 p. m.; arrives at 2 p. m.

**SOCIETIES.**  
**COURT HOOD RIVER No. 2, FORESTERS OF AMERICA.**—Meets second and fourth Mondays in each month in K. of P. hall.  
F. J. PATRICK, C. E. R. F. FROST, Financial Secretary.

**OK GROVE COUNCIL No. 142, ORDER OF FENDES.**—Meets the second and fourth Fridays of the month. Visitors cordially welcomed.  
F. U. BROSIOUS, Counsellor.  
MISS NELLIE CLARK, Secretary.

**ORDER OF WASHINGTON.**—Hood River Union No. 142, meets in Odd Fellows hall second and fourth Saturdays in each month, 7:30 o'clock.  
C. L. COFFEE, President.  
J. R. HANNA, Secretary.

**AUREL REBEKAH DEGREE LODGE, No. 17, I. O. O. F.**—Meets first and third Fridays in each month.  
MISS EDITH MOORE, M. G. L. E. MOORE, Secretary.

**YANBY POST, No. 16, G. A. R.**—Meets at 8 o'clock U. S. Hall second and fourth Saturdays of each month at 2 o'clock p. m. All G. A. R. members invited to meet with us.  
W. H. PERCY, Commander.  
T. J. CURRING, Adjutant.

**JANBY W. R. C. No. 16.**—Meets second and fourth Saturdays of each month in A. O. U. W. hall at 2 p. m.  
MISS FANNIE HALEY, Pres.  
MISS T. J. CURRING, Secretary.

**HOOD RIVER LODGE No. 106, A. F. and A. M.**—Meets Saturday evening on or before each full moon.  
MISS MAY YATES, W. M. C. D. THOMPSON, Secretary.

**HOOD RIVER CHAPTER, No. 27, R. A. M.**—Meets third Friday night of each month.  
MISS MAY YATES, W. M. A. BLOWERS, Secretary.

**HOOD RIVER CHAPTER, No. 25, O. E. S.**—Meets second and fourth Tuesday evenings of each month. Visitors cordially welcomed.  
MISS MARY B. DAVIDSON, Secretary.

**GLETA ASSEMBLY No. 103, United Artisans.**—Meets first and third Wednesdays, second and fourth Saturdays in each month.  
F. C. BOBBIER, M. G. F. B. HANSEN, Secretary.

**WACOMA LODGE, No. 30, K. of P.**—Meets in K. of P. hall every Tuesday night.  
MISS MARY B. DAVIDSON, M. G. DR. C. H. JENKINS, K. of R. & S.

**DIVERSIDE LODGE, No. 58, A. O. U. W.**—Meets first and third Saturdays of each month.  
F. B. BARNES, W. M. E. BRADLEY, Financial Secretary.  
CHAS. SHUTE, Recorder.

**DLEWILDE LODGE, No. 107, I. O. O. F.**—Meets in Fraternal hall every Thursday night.  
MISS MAY YATES, W. M. J. L. HENDERSON, Secretary.

**HOOD RIVER TENT, No. 19, K. of T. M.**—Meets at 8 o'clock U. S. Hall on the first and third Fridays of each month.  
WALTER CRISLINE, Commander.  
G. E. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

**DIVERSIDE LODGE No. 68, DEGREE OF HONOR, A. O. U. W.**—Meets first and third Saturdays of each month.  
MISS ANNIE SMITH, Recorder.  
KATE M. FREDRICK, C. of M. MISS ANNIE SMITH, Recorder.

**HOOD RIVER CAMP, No. 7302, M. W. A.**—Meets in Odd Fellows hall the first and third Wednesdays of each month.  
C. U. DAKIN, Clerk. J. R. HERR, V. C.

**REGULAR ENCAMPMENT No. 48, I. O. O. F.**—Regular meeting second and fourth Mondays of each month.  
W. O. ASH, C. P. F. Y. L. HENDERSON, Scribe.

**DR. J. W. VOGEL.**  
**OCULIST.**  
Will make regular monthly visits to Hood river. Residence 303 Clatskanie Street, Portland, Oregon.

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**H. L. DUMBLE,**  
**PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.**  
Successor to Dr. M. F. Shaw.  
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Office Hours: 10 to 11 A. M.; 2 to 3 and 6 to 7 P. M.

**BUTLER & CO.,**  
**BANKERS.**  
Do a general banking business.

**HOOD RIVER, OREGON.**

## EVENTS OF THE DAY

GATHERED FROM ALL PARTS OF THE TWO HEMISPHERES.

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week, Presented in Condensed Form, Most Likely to Prove Interesting to Our Many Readers.

King Edward and his queen received a hearty welcome in Ireland. Cattlemen and sheepmen of Wyoming are engaged in a fierce war.

Arcadia, a small Ohio town, has been almost entirely wiped out by fire. Russia has withdrawn her demands on China, but is preparing for war.

Turkey has had to send more troops to Macedonia to cope with the rebels. A plot has been discovered in Chicago to assassinate the German emperor.

Venezuelan rebels have been driven to their last retreat after a desperate battle at Soledad.

A band of rebels operating in Albay province, Philippine islands, has been routed. A large number were captured or killed.

A hailstorm which visited Chicago did great damage to property and was the indirect cause of five people being seriously injured.

Colombia finds herself in financial straits. Expenditures largely exceed receipts and necessities of life have reached an almost prohibitory price.

Archbishop Katzner, of Milwaukee, is dead. King Edward has started on a tour of Ireland.

The war feeling against Russia is growing in Japan. In the destruction of a Nome hotel three people lost their lives.

A street car collided with a wagon at Kansas City, seriously injuring six people. A Conner creek mine, near Huntington, has been robbed of a large amount of money and dust.

The heir to the British throne is to visit the United States and will be the guest of President Roosevelt. In an explosion at the Minnequa steel works, Pueblo, five men were burned by hot metal, two fatally.

A bloody battle occurred at Ciudad Bolivar, in Venezuela, when that place was captured by government forces. A severe wind, hail and rain storm swept over a part of southeastern Iowa, destroying all crops in its path and leveling many buildings and trees.

Governor Yates, of Illinois, has returned from a trip to Europe. The next annual convention of Knights of St. John will be held at Peoria, Ill., on June 22, 1904.

John Lamberthim, of Los Angeles, the Harvard student who stole an automobile as a "lark," has compensated the owner and been released. A dog which bit a number of children in Milwaukee proves to have had rabies and the health board is trying to find the children in order to apply antidotes.

The death by appendicitis of Mrs. F. O. Mathieson, widow of the former president of the American sugar refining company, leaves her nephew, Conrad H. Mathieson, heir to \$15,000,000.

Axel Simonson, a sea captain, has sued for libel a magazine publishing company for publishing a story representing him as having been the first to leave his wrecked ship. He says the story is false and by depicting him as a coward damages his reputation.

Notice to vacate has been served on 58 squatters on a tract in the suburbs of New York city, which is to be converted into lakes for additional water supply, but some of them will resist. Included are four churches, four schools, six hotels, ten summer residences and about 40 farms.

A package containing six yards of lace said to be valued at \$400 has been missing since April 6, when it was shipped by express from New York to Washington. The lace is a part of a set valued at \$30,000 belonging to the wife of General A. E. Bates, of Washington, D. C. It was a family heirloom.

A conspiracy has been discovered among army officers of Portugal to overthrow the king. Japan has now a gold reserve of 173,000,000.

The battleship Kearsarge has started on her race across the ocean. United States authorities have captured seven Italian counterfeits in Brooklyn.

Fire destroyed the Sabin hotel and natatorium at Port Arthur, Tex. Loss \$100,000, barely insured.

A report is in circulation in London that France intends to transfer its possessions in the eastern Pacific to the United States.

Twelve Chinese were killed in an explosion in a Nansam, B. C., mine. The Russian war minister says Port Arthur is a fortress inaccessible to all enemies no matter how great their numbers or whence they come.

The prohibition of the importation of arms and ammunition into China expires in August. The ministers have decided that the prohibition is useless and ineffective and that the Chinese are capable of regulating the importation of war munitions.

## LAW FOR EXPOSITIONS.

Foreign Exhibits Must Be Returned or Paid Duty.

Washington, July 23.—Foreign exhibits brought into the United States for display at the St. Louis exposition will, under a recent ruling of the treasury department, be exempt from duty, provided they are, at the close of the exposition, taken out of the country in the same condition in which they entered. This is a customary ruling regarding foreign exhibits at all exhibitions where foreign manufactures and products are provided for, and similar instructions will be issued one year hence regarding Oriental exhibits that are brought to Portland for the Lewis and Clark exposition. In the case of foreign exhibits which are to be sold in this country, however, the usual revenue charge will be made, as such goods are regarded as pure importations for commercial purposes, and naturally a large percentage of the foreign exhibits will never be returned to their owners abroad.

In order to be exempt from duty, goods at the exhibition must be received in bond at the first port of entry into this country and sent in bonded cars direct to the exposition grounds, where they will be continued in bond until the close of the exposition. At that time, they must be repacked in their original packing and returned through the same port at which they were entered. The ruling, it is said, will require the presence within the St. Louis exposition grounds of upwards of 500 revenue officers, inspectors and supervisors, and at Portland of a proportionately smaller number, to be regulated by the size of the Oriental exhibit.

At St. Louis and at Portland certain classes of goods will be subject to release without duty, such as personal supplies for use of the foreign commissioners within the limits of the exposition, free samples of merchandise to be distributed by foreign contributors, and advertising matter in the form of literature.

**Work Begins on Expensive Barn.**  
Work has commenced on the new and modern \$7000 barn to be erected on the grounds of the Eastern Oregon experiment station at Union. The first story will be constructed of cut stone, and the superstructure of wood. Twelve men are now employed laying the foundation. The building is located on the southern part of the 620-acre farm owned by the state, and not far from the main line of the O. R. & N. where it rounds Hutchinson Point. The building will have cement floors and will be of a very pleasing architectural design, and will be used for experiments in the development of thoroughbred livestock.

**Crops in Lane County.**  
While there has been much complaint about unfavorable weather and the prospect of holding it, the old belief that crops all kinds would be light, there is now a change to the optimistic view of the situation in Lane county. Conditions are turning out much better than anybody believed a few days ago. Probably the most elated of the producers are those who have orchards. Conditions for years past have been more or less discouraging to the horticulturist and only the strong hearted have been able to bear up against the repeated failures of prune crops especially.

**Clatskanie-Mist Road Surveyed.**  
The survey has been completed for a new location of the wagon road between Clatskanie and Mist. The new road will be built on a 6 per cent grade, making an easy ascent up this side of the mountain. Money is being subscribed to make the improvement, and the work will be finished at an early date. The improvement will be an important one, as this road is the only outlet by which a number of products of the Lower Nehalem get their products to the railroad.

**Smoky Mill Reappears.**  
The fall of smoke which annually visits the Southern Oregon mountains, screening the pine-covered ranges from view and shadowing the entire Southern Oregon country, is making its appearance. A few minor fires have already been observed in the surrounding mountains, though none of them have occurred in the heavily timbered districts. A strict vigilance is being kept this year than usual, and it is not likely that the dreadful fires of last summer will be repeated.

**Coming Events.**  
Ninth annual regatta, Astoria, August 19-21.  
State Fair, Salem, September 14-19.  
Second Southern Oregon district fair, Eugene, September 29-October 3.  
Summer Association of the Northwest Indian agencies, Newport, August 17-27.  
Lane county teachers' institute, Eugene, August 4-5.

**Watermelons Late.**  
From all indications Josephine county will maintain its widespread reputation of being a great watermelon section. The melon season will be some later this year than usual, but the growers say the luscious fruit will be as much in evidence this summer as in former years. Melons are now being raised on the lower Grants Pass by the 60 and 80-acre fields.

**Assistant Postmaster Blamed.**  
Postmaster Mooney, of Baker City, has received an order from the post office department at Washington directing him to dismiss Assistant Postmaster George H. Tracy. This is the second of the loss of two registered letters sent through the Baker City office on March 17 last, which were received by the people to whom they were addressed.

**Flax Will Have to Be Cut.**  
After having tried for more than two weeks to secure men to pull flax, Eugene Ross, proprietor of the Salem flax plant, has been compelled to abandon the effort to gather the crop in that manner, and much of it will be cut with mowing machines.

## HAPPENINGS HERE IN OREGON

NEW LAND LAW DEFECTIVE.

State Board Believes Old Act Still in Operation.  
Application has been made to the state land board for the purchase of a tract of school land located within the boundaries of one of the proposed forest reserves in Eastern Oregon. This land has been withdrawn from sale by the state land board for the reason that if the reserve should be created the land would probably be more valuable for "base" than for sale as school land. The applicant in this case contends, however, that the board has no right to refuse to sell any school land when the legal price, \$2.50 per acre, has been tendered. The state land board, in considering the question, has discovered that there is a defect in the title of the act of the last legislature which makes it doubtful whether the legislature raised the price of school land to \$2.50 per acre and required the board to sell at that price. The title of the act refers only to indemnity land, while the act itself applies to both, indemnity and school land. The board is inclined to the opinion that so much of the act as applies to school land is inoperative, and that the old law is still in force on that subject. The old law authorized the board to sell school land at an price not less than \$1.25 per acre. Under that law the board could withdraw the land from sale, or could fix the price at \$2.50, which was intended by the legislature. If the land should be placed in a forest reserve, and could be used as a base, it would be worth \$5 an acre. For that reason purchasers are anxious to get it, and the state land board is in a dilemma. The question of law involved will be submitted to the attorney-general for his opinion.

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## OLD LOUISIANA BONDS.

Issue Which Paid for Territory to Be Shown at St. Louis.

Washington, July 22.—One of the most interesting historical exhibits to be made at the St. Louis exposition next year will be a collection of cancelled bonds used in payment for the Louisiana Territory. These old papers were recently found in the treasury department by Chief Clerk Hills. A history of the payment has been compiled by R. A. Bayley, of the treasury department, who stated that among the national loans of the United States was one known as "Louisiana 6 per cent stock," issued in 1804. Mr. Bayley says:

"This loan was contracted to pay France for the province of Louisiana, ceded to the United States by that power April 30, 1803. According to the construction of the United States, the portion by France included all the region between the 31st parallel and the Gulf of Mexico, and between the Mississippi river and the Perdido river, now the western boundary of the state of Florida. The United States had heavy demands on France for spoliation committed on American commerce during the previous ten years. The amount of these claims was estimated at \$5,000,000. The first proposal of the French minister was that the United States should pay for the province of Louisiana 100,000,000 francs, and take upon themselves the payment of the claims for spoliation, but the amount was finally fixed at \$15,000,000, of which France was to receive \$11,250,000 in United States bonds, payable in 15 years, and bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent. The remainder, amounting to \$3,750,000, was to be devoted to reimbursing American citizens for French depredations on their commerce. The treaty was confirmed by the senate of the United States, but was the occasion of an extended debate in the house of representatives.

The act to issue the stock in payment for the territory, which became known as the Louisiana stock, was approved November 10, 1803.

**THE POPE'S FUNERAL.**  
Only Preliminary Arrangements Made, but Will Be Elaborate.  
Only the most general funeral arrangements have thus far been made, as the shock of the pope's death has for the moment occupies all attention. Cardinal Oreglia, together with the members of the sacred college, will determine the details of the elaborate funeral ceremonies, which will last nine days. In the case of Pius IX, his personal friends among the Roman aristocracy were permitted to see the embalmed body before it was removed to St. Peter's, where the general public had a like privilege. It is expected that similar plans will be carried out in the present case. On the evening of the eighth day the corpse will be enclosed in two coffins, the inner one of cypress and the outer of lead, which will be deposited within a stone sarcophagus. It will not be immediately committed to its final resting place, but will be deposited high over the door near the choir if a chapel in St. Peter's, where it may be viewed by all visitors. The ultimate burial place will be the magnificent basilica of St. John the Lateran. Following Pope Leo's expressed wish, the niche in which it will lie will correspond to that which the pope designated as the resting place of Innocent III. The marble memorial will show a recumbent figure of the pontiff, surrounded by allegorical figures.

**Piety of Chance to Steal.**  
Washington, July 22.—The special report of the treasury experts on their examination of the affairs of Auditor Petty, of the District of Columbia, fixes the shortage in that office, for which James M. A. Watson, a clerk, is now in jail, at \$78,397. The experts criticize the system by which the money was handled and say that for a period of more than four years Watson's work was not revised, checked up or otherwise proved or tested by any other employe of the office or by the auditor.

**Cassini Gave Verbal Pledge.**  
Washington, July 22.—In a conversation at the Russian embassy on the afternoon of June 28 with the Associated Press, Count Cassini referred to the call of Secretary Hay on the day previous, and expressed his gratification at its results. The ambassador, in reply to the question as to whether Manchuria was under discussion during the call, replied in the affirmative, and stated that he had assured Mr. Hay that Russia would execute to the letter her pledges in Manchuria and concede certain ports.

**Give Old Soldiers Preference.**  
Washington, July 22.—Acting Commissioner Williams, of the internal revenue bureau, by direction of Secretary Shaw, has issued a letter to collectors of internal revenue, calling attention to President Roosevelt's order of January 17, 1902, providing that preference shall be given alike in appointments and retention in the public service to honorably discharged soldiers of the civil war. Collectors are instructed carefully to observe this order.

**Chinese Seek Revenge.**  
Honolulu, July 22.—It has been announced that the Chinese here will hold a mass meeting to make an emphatic protest against their exclusion from the United States. They will ask their government to enact tariff regulations against American goods as a matter of retaliation if the immigration restrictions are not removed.

**War Feeling Grows.**  
Victoria, B. C., July 22.—The steamer Indramansa, which arrived last night, brought news that the war feeling in Japan was stronger than ever when the steamer sailed, as a result of the alleged secret concessions made by the Chinese government to Russia. The increasing excitement of Japanese papers is also accentuated by the change of attitude of Prince Ching, who is said to have gone over completely to the Russian side.

## IN ETERNAL REST

POPE LEO XIII HAS PASSED TO THE GREAT BEYOND.

Earthy Career of One of World's Most Remarkable Men is Completed—He Was Over Ninety-Three Years Old and Had Been Pope a Little More Than Twenty-Five Years.

**CHRONOLOGY OF POPE LEO XIII.**  
Born at Carpineto, March 2, 1810.  
Entered college at Rome, 1824.  
Matriculated at Gregorian university, 1828.  
Entered college of Noble Ecclesiastics, 1832.  
Appointed domestic prelate by Gregory X VII, 1837.  
Order of priesthood conferred, December 16, 1837.  
Apostolic delegate at Benevento, 1837-1841.  
Governor of Spoleto, 1841-1843.  
Papal nuncio at Brno, 1845.  
Created cardinal, December 19, 1848.  
Made cardinal camerlengo, July, 1871.  
Elected pope, February 20, 1878.  
Recognized Roman Catholic hierarchy in Scotland, March 4, 1878.  
Encyclical condemning communism, socialism and nihilism, December 28, 1878.  
Encyclical against heresy and socialism, November 5, 1878.  
Recognized unity of Italy, October 7, 1883.  
Encyclical condemning liberalism, November 6, 1885.  
Celebrated golden jubilee, 1887.  
Celebrated grand jubilee, 1888.  
Encyclical on socialism and labor, May 15, 1891.  
Celebrated Episcopal jubilee, February, 1892.  
Issued appeal to England for reunion of Christendom, April 14, 1894.  
Celebrated sixtieth anniversary of his first mass, February 12, 1898.  
Declared 1900 a year of universal jubilee, May, 1899.  
Held consistory and created eleven new cardinals, June 19, 1899.  
Celebrated ninetieth birthday, March 2, 1899.  
Stricken with pneumonia, July 9, 1903.  
Died, July 20, 1903.

Rome, July 20.—Pope Leo XIII is dead. The last flicker of life expired at 4 minutes past 4 o'clock this afternoon and the pontiff now lies at rest. Tonight the emaciated and lifeless frame which held so brave a spirit lies on the bed in the Vatican, beside which almost all the world has prayed. The bed drape coverlet rests lightly over the body, the cardinal's sash cape is about the shoulders, while on his head has been placed the papal hood of velvet, bordered with ermine. A white silk handkerchief is bound about his chin, and in the hands that have blessed so many thousands has been placed a crucifix. St. Pope Leo will remain until tomorrow, watched by uniformed officers of the Noble Guard and rough clad Franciscan penitentiaries, who will keep a ceaseless vigil until the burial ceremonies.

Tomorrow the sacred college of cardinals will assemble for the official duty of pronouncing Pope Leo dead. After this sad function has been performed, the body will be taken to the small threroom adjoining the death chamber, where it will be embalmed. The funeral ceremonies will extend over nine days, the body being removed to the cathedral of St. Peter's, where it



POPE LEO XIII.

will lie in state. The ultimate resting place of the dead pontiff will be in the magnificent basilica of St. John the Lateran.

Pope Leo's final moments were marked by that same serenity and devotion, and, when he was conscious, that calm intelligence, which is associated with his 25 years' pontificate. His was no easy death. An hour before he died, turning to Dr. Lapponi and his devoted valet, Pio Centra, he murmured:

"The pain I suffer is most terrible." Yet his parting words were not of the physical anguish that he suffered, but were whispered benedictions upon the cardinals and his nephews, who knelt at the bedside, and the last look of his almost sightless eyes was toward the great ivory crucifix hanging in the death chamber.

Practically all the cardinals now in Rome, kneeling at the bedside, watched the passage of his soul. Earlier in the day Cardinal Serafini Vannutelli had impressively announced the abolition in articulo mortis.

The condition of his holiness varied from agony to coma. Wishing to relieve him, Dr. Mazzoni suggested that morphine should be administered.

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