

The Hood River Glacier.

"IT'S A COLD DAY WHEN WE GET LEFT."

HOOD RIVER, OREGON, THURSDAY, MARCH 26, 1903.

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HOOD RIVER GLACIER

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THE MAILS.
The mail arrives from Mt. Hood at 10 o'clock a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays; departs the same days at noon.
For Clifton, leaves at 8 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; arrives at 6 p. m.
For White Salmon (Wash.) leaves daily at 9:45 a. m.; arrives at 12:30 p. m.
From White Salmon leaves for Hood River, Clifton, Lake and Clifton daily at 9 a. m.
For Ringier (Wash.) leaves at 9:45 p. m.; arrives at 2 p. m.

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ORDER OF WASHINGTON.—Hood River Union No. 142, meets in Odd Fellows' hall second and fourth Saturdays in each month, 7:30 o'clock. J. E. HARRIS, President.

JUREL REBEKAH DEGREE LODGE No. 17, I. O. O. F.—Meets first and third Fridays in each month. W. H. HARRIS, Commander. T. J. CENNINO, Adjutant.

LARKY POST No. 36, G. A. R.—Meets at 7 o'clock on Wednesdays and Thursdays. All G. A. R. members invited to meet with us.

LARKY W. E. C. No. 15.—Meets second and fourth Saturdays of each month in A. O. U. hall at 2 p. m. Mrs. FANNIE BAILEY, Pres. Mrs. C. L. STRANDBERG, Secy.

HOOD RIVER LODGE No. 105, A. F. and A. M.—Meets Saturday evening on or before each full moon. W. M. YATER, W. M. C. D. THOMPSON, Secy.

HOOD RIVER CHAPTER No. 27, R. A. M.—Meets first and third Wednesdays, 7:30 o'clock. G. R. CARTER, H. P. A. B. BLOOMER, Secy.

HOOD RIVER CHAPTER No. 25, O. E. S.—Meets second and fourth Tuesdays evening of each month. Visitors cordially welcomed. Mrs. MAY YATER, W. M. Mrs. MARY B. DAVISON, Secy.

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IVERSIDE LODGE No. 68, A. O. U. W.—Meets first and third Saturdays of each month. E. R. BRADLEY, Financier. CHESTER SMITH, Recorder.

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EVENTS OF THE DAY

GATHERED FROM ALL PARTS OF THE TWO HEMISPHERES.

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week. Presented in Condensed Form, Most Likely to Prove Interesting to Our Many Readers.

The United States cruiser Albany has arrived at Palermo, Sicily, from Algiers.

Luis Carlo Rio has been appointed minister of foreign affairs for Colombia, succeeding Dr. Paul.

The United States steel corporation has put in operation more than 1,500 new coke ovens on Tug River, Wis. As many more will be completed within 30 days.

Baron Mumm von Schwarzenberg, who was for a number of years secretary of embassy at Washington, is to relieve Count Vodel as imperial German ambassador at Rome.

The report of Lieutenant General Miles on his observations in the Philippines and on his trip around the world has been submitted to the secretary of war, but it will not be made public, as it is regarded as an inspection report.

Two men entered the jewelry store of A. B. Huberman, at Omaha, and walked out with two trays containing diamonds of the value of \$5,000, the clerk's attention being directed to the telephone while they were looking at the gems.

The Illinois appellate court for the Fourth district has decided that when a man is sent to prison for the murder of his wife he is judicially dead, and his children are entitled to the insurance on the life of the murdered woman, even if it was taken out in favor of her husband.

General William Thomas Clark, of Washington, D. C., was knocked down by a cab while attempting to cross State street, Chicago, and severely injured. He is 73 years old, and has sustained, it is said, two fractures of the skull and internal injuries. His recovery is said to be doubtful. General Clark has the distinction of being the only surviving adjutant and chief of staff of Grant's army of the Tennessee. He served two terms in congress from Texas.

Nearly all Cripple Creek mines have been shut down.

The government has commenced a suit against Indiana coal conspirators. Scriet fever still rages at Lake Forest, near Chicago, and all public places are closed.

Mark Twain has an attack of bronchitis, but his doctor says he can soon resume his work.

The Texas legislature has passed a law prohibiting any betting on horse races, and the governor has signed it.

In a fire at Shelton, Neb., a man named Cotton was fatally injured by the fall of a wall. A number of other firemen were slightly injured.

An epidemic of croup and whooping cough prevails among children in Brooklyn, N. Y. There are over 800 cases and many deaths have occurred.

The new million dollar watch factory at South Bend, Ind., which will employ 1,500 watchmakers and manufacture 1,200 watches a day, is in operation.

Oxford college, Hamilton, Ohio, attended by 125 young women, is closed, because of the outbreak of German measles. All the young women were sent home.

The unveiling of the statue of General W. T. Sherman at Cincinnati has been postponed from May to October 15, owing to President Roosevelt's inability to be present on the former date.

Harvard defeated Yale on the question, "Resolved, that the United States should permit a foreign government to seize and hold permanently territory of a debtor state not exceeding in value the amount of the award." Harvard had the affirmative.

The flood situation in the Mississippi valley is improving.

The Oregon Short Line has sold its lines in Nevada to Clark.

President Castro, of Venezuela, has resigned in order that trouble with foreign powers may be more easily settled.

COLD DOUCHE FOR FAIR.

World's Fair People Working Against the Portland Exposition.

Denver, March 25.—The appropriation committee of the Colorado house of representatives has just taken action upon the World's Fair and Lewis and Clark exposition bill to the extent of reporting it back with the recommendation that it be referred to the committee of the whole house for consideration.

This action was no doubt prompted by about an evenly divided opinion among the members of the committee as to whether they should appropriate the sum of \$200,000 for the World's fair and the Lewis and Clark centennial jointly, or whether they should provide \$15,000 in addition to the \$500,000 appropriated by the former legislature two years ago for the World's fair alone, and leave action upon the Lewis and Clark centennial to the legislature of 1905.

There is a powerful lobby just arriving here from St. Louis, headed by W. H. Moore, president of the National Good Roads association, who has been very active interviewing the committee of the two houses in behalf of the Lewis and Clark interests.

They practically have no opposition, the Lewis and Clark committee having, it is generally understood, abandoned its efforts in all the 90 day legislative bodies, and with the discouraging news of only \$10,000 appropriated by the legislature of the state of Missouri, and similar amounts, comparatively, in the states of Washington, Idaho and California, the outcome seems somewhat doubtful as to further results from Western states. It also appears that the Lewis and Clark centennial has failed of mention in the legislative bodies of the manufacturing states of the East.

COAL COMBINE ENJOINED.

Federal Court Orders Indiana Operators to Let Market Alone.

Chicago, March 25.—Ten Indiana coal companies and ten individual operators were restrained by Judge Holtz in the United States circuit court today from continuing their combination for the regulation of coal prices and output. The defendants were given until April 6 to show cause why the order should not be made permanent. The corporations and individuals enjoined are the same recently tried in the state court on the charge of raising the price of coal and restricting the output in Illinois, thus causing the coal famine in Chicago last winter.

Judge Chetani dismissed the case on the ground that the offense was committed against the federal law and not against the state of Illinois. The injunction granted will stand until further order of the court.

No opposition was offered in court to the entering of the order. When the notice was first served upon the defendants some days ago the appearance of each was entered with the exception of the Washburn coal company, which was represented in court by its attorney.

In the meantime, however, the matter was taken up by the coal operators with the attorney general at Washington, and by him referred back to District Attorney Betha. Attorneys for the operators refused to state what action would be taken by the mineowners in the matter.

SPAIN SIGNS PROTOCOL.

Claims Against Venezuela Adjusted Prior to Hague Court's Action.

Washington, March 25.—The Spanish government will sign with Minister Bowen a protocol providing for the appointment of a mixed commission to sit at Caracas to adjust the claims of citizens of Spain against Venezuela. The president of the republic of Mexico will be asked to name the umpire, who will decide questions of disagreement between the two commissioners provided for in the protocol.

With the completion of the Spanish protocol all the nations except Denmark having claims against Venezuela will have provided the machinery for settling them. The nations outside the blocking alliance are expected to go to The Hague with a united front against granting any preferential treatment in the payment of the claims of the three blocking powers.

Great Northern Blocked.

Everett, Wash., March 25.—A report has reached here that snowslide at Wellington yesterday buried an engine and caboose standing on the Great Northern track, and Conductor Walker and Fireman Duffy were caught in the slide, but were extricated. For the fourth time this winter bridge No. 399 on the Great Northern at Madison has been injured by snowslides. Yesterday's slide carried away the entire structure.

No Export of Silver Allowed.

Washington, March 25.—Believing the export of coin silver and the consequent lack of circulation to be injurious to the public treasury and the chief cause of depreciation of national paper currency, the president of Nicaragua has issued a decree prohibiting the exportation of such silver, according to advices received from United States Consul Gottschalk at San Juan del Norte.

Treaty in Cuban Senate.

Havana, March 25.—The message of President Palma regarding the amended reciprocity treaty was read in the senate today. The president considers that the amendments made by the United States senate should be adopted and referred to the Cuban senate. The treaty, after a prolonged debate, was referred to the foreign relations committee, which will report on Friday.

NEWS OF OREGON

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF THE STATE.

Polk County Mohair Pool to Be Sold—Odd Fellows Grand Lodge to Meet—Portland Has Another Fire—New Steamers for Rogue River—New Masonic Temple to Be Dedicated.

Seven thousand dollars in cash has been just paid as part of the bond price of the Ocheoc mine, near Prineville.

Friday, April 10, at 12:30 P. M., at Independence, is set for the sale of the pool of the Polk county mohair association.

An enjoyable two days' farmers' institute was held at La Grande last week under the auspices of the agricultural college.

The Grand lodge of Oregon, I. O. O. F., will meet in Portland May 20. A large attendance is expected on account of the president's visit May 21.

Water halliffs at Astoria and Oregon City are leading a strenuous life at present trying to capture men who are catching salmon during the closed season.

Fire at Portland Sunday morning destroyed the Parelis pulley manufacturing plant and badly wrecked the Enterprise planing mill. The loss is placed at \$15,000. A number of other buildings had close calls.

The Rogue River Packing & Navigation company, of Grants Pass, is spending a large amount of money in the development of the Lower Rogue country, from the mouth of the Illinois down. The company is now at work building two steamers to take the place of the two last year.

A special train will be run on the evening of March 31 to accommodate the Masons and their families that will attend the dedication of the new Grants Pass Masonic temple, from Ashland, Medford, Jacksonville and other Southern Oregon points. Grants Pass will have some 400 visitors on that evening. The dedication of the new temple will be one of the grandest jubilees the city has ever known.

Democrats will hold first district convention at Albany April 11.

Governor Chamberlain and party have just paid an unofficial visit to the portage railway site.

The senate has confirmed the appointment of Asa B. Thompson to be receiver of public money at La Grande.

Under the new law all state land will be doubled in price May 21. This fact is causing great demand for that class of property.

The following postmasters have been confirmed by the senate: Samuel I. Train, Albany; John R. Casey, Ashland; James L. Page, Eugene; John G. Eckman, McMinnville; Thomas P. Randall, Oregon City.

The state military board held a special meeting in Salem last week and decided to make no changes for the present in the organization of the Oregon national guard.

State Printer Whitney will in a day or two issue the complete calendar of the house of representatives of the late legislative session. It will be the most valuable pamphlet of the kind ever printed in this state, as it is a finished history of every measure coming before the house.

Steps are being taken by the employees of the Willamette pulp and paper company and the Crown paper company, of Oregon City, to demand shorter hours and more pay. The initial move will be made at the regular meeting of the Federal labor union April 6. This union is composed of about 600 unclassified workmen, about 400 of whom are employed in the paper mills.

PORTLAND MARKETS.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 74@75c; blue stem, 84c; valley, 78c.
Barley—Feed, \$23.50 per ton; brewing, \$24.
Flour—Best grade, \$4.10@4.60; Graham, \$3.45@3.95.
Millstuffs—Bran, \$19 per ton; middlings, \$ 24; shorts, \$19.50@20; chop, \$18.
Oats—No. 1 white, \$1.15 @ 1.20; gray, \$1.12@1.15 per cental.
Hay—Timothy, \$11@12; clover, \$8@9; chest, \$9@10 per ton.
Potatoes—Best Burbanks, 60@75c per sack; ordinary, 40@50c per cental; growers' prices; Merced sweets, \$2@2.25 per cental.

Poultry—Chickens, mixed, 12@13c; young, 11 1/2@12c; hens, 12c; turkeys, live, 15@16c; dressed, 18@20c; ducks, \$7@7.50 per dozen; geese, \$7@8.50.
Cheese—Full cream, twins, 16 1/2@17 1/2c; Young America, 17 1/2@18 1/2c; factory prices, 1@1 1/2c less.
Butter—Fancy creamery, 30@32 1/2c per pound; extras, 30c; dairy, 20@22 1/2c; store, 15@18c.
Eggs—14@15c per dozen.
Hops—Choice, 23@25c per pound.
Wool—Valley, 12 1/2@15c; Eastern Oregon, 8@14 1/2c; mohair, 25@28c.

Beef—Gross, cows, 3@3 1/2c per pound; steers, 4@4 1/2c; dressed, 7 1/2c.
Veal—7 1/2@8 1/2c.
Mutton—Gross, 4c per pound; dressed, 7 1/2c.
Lamb—Gross, 4c per pound; dressed, 7 1/2c.
Hog—Gross, 6 1/2c per pound; dressed, 7@7 1/2c.

RED FLAG IS FLOWN.

Brutal Treatment of Prisoners Caused a Revolutionary Outbreak.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—Letters received here from Tomsk, West Siberia, describe the riots which occurred there March 3. About 70 students, it appears, attended a lecture in connection with a slander case, and on leaving were surrounded by the police. The students broke through the cordon and marched past the university, shouting:

"Down with the autocracy!"
The numbers of those taking part in the demonstration were increased to some 6,000 persons, and the situation became so alarming that the chief of police barricaded the bridge and summoned reinforcements. The governor, Prince Viazomsky, arrived on the scene and ordered the rioters to be attacked. Some of them were beaten and the whole body of rioters was finally overcome.

Seventy-six men were confined in the courtyard of the police station, where, it is alleged, they were much abused. Dr. Schlechter and a lawyer named Voznesensky, who remonstrated with the police, were seriously injured. A petition to the president of the Tomsk bar association, signed by every lawyer in the city, corroborates this account, and declares that the maltreatment of the prisoners was needless and willful.

The students met again on March 5 and protested against the treatment the rioters had been subjected to, and marched through the streets, their ranks being augmented by 500 sympathizers carrying red flags and making revolutionary demonstrations. Vice Governor Delwig parleyed with the processionists and withdrew the soldiers. News regarding the subsequent developments has not yet been received here.

STARVATION IN ALASKA.

Sakimas are Hungry and Appeal to Government for Relief.

Washington, March 25.—Because of numerous reports that have been received at the war department telling of the destitute condition of the natives of Alaska on Pilgrim river, near Nome, and at other points on Seward peninsula, Judge Advocate General Davis today recommended that the commanding officer in Alaska be directed to make a careful investigation and report, both as to the condition and the needs of these Indians, believed to number thousands. General Davis says destitution among the Alaska Indians is becoming chronic, possibly because of stricter game laws or from some other cause, but that his department is without authority to make donations of subsistence, and would only be justified in doing so when the conditions are such as would warrant congress in making a deficiency appropriation to cover the cost of supplies so furnished.

Acting on the advice of Judge Davis, instructions have been sent to the department commander to investigate the situation and in his discretion to distribute rations in cases of emergency. This action was taken in the belief that congress will sanction whatever is found to be necessary to the preservation of life.

FIRES IN PHILADELPHIA.

Three in One Day Consume Large Amount of Property.

Philadelphia, March 25.—Three fires in the northeastern section of the city last night caused a loss aggregating \$715,000. The greatest damage occurred at the Morocco works of Coey, Costello & Co., on Othello street, Bridgeport. The loss is estimated at \$100,000.

Two men were arrested in connection with a fire which partly destroyed the first glass works of Gill & Co., at Salmon street and Leigh avenue, where \$35,000 damage was done. The men arrested were George W. Capewell and John Oakes, the watchman. Both men were charged with conspiracy.

The third fire occurred at the factory of Block & Shaw, manufacturers of smoking pipes, on East York street. The damage was \$40,000.

Street Car Hold-up at Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, March 25.—Three masked robbers attempted to hold up a car on the line between Los Angeles and Santa Monica, about a mile west of the city limits last night, and after a pistol duel between C. W. Henderson, one of the passengers, and one of the robbers, the other two highwaymen began shooting right and left through the crowded car. One passenger was killed and three were wounded. It is believed one of the robbers was badly wounded, because he was heard to cry out and was seen to fall off the car immediately after Henderson began shooting at him.

American Warship at Hand.

Washington, March 25.—United States Consul Maxwell at San Domingo has called the state department that a revolution has broken out in that city, and at the hour he sent the cablegram heavy firing was in progress. No war vessel will be ordered to San Domingo for the present. The Atlanta is under orders to proceed from Pensacola to Monte Cristo, near Cape Haytien, and in the event of American interests being soiled go to San Domingo.

Missouri Gives \$10,000 for 1903 Fair.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 25.—The legislature has appropriated \$10,000 for an exposition at Portland, Oregon, in 1905. Ex-Governor Geer, of Oregon, who has been here looking after the interests of the exposition, will leave for home tomorrow.

MILITARY

SECRETARY MOODY SELECTS A SITE IN CUBA.

Quantanamo Decided on as Principal Station in the West Indies—Government Will Purchase Twenty Square Miles of Land—Barracks, Drydock and Fortifications to Be Constructed.

Quantanamo, Cuba, March 26.—After a personal inspection of the proposed site, Secretary Moody has selected Quantanamo as the principal United States naval station in the West Indies. Secretary Moody, Senator Proctor and Representatives Cannon, Foss and Gillett arrived here yesterday on board the United States dispatch boat Dolphin.

Secretary Moody and his associates have worked incessantly during the past two days under a hot sun examining the points, the water supply and the surrounding country. They visited the locations for the proposed fortifications, surveyed the coast line and conferred with the owners of the land which it is proposed to acquire.

Senator Proctor and the representatives will recommend the purchase of 20 square miles of land on both sides of the lower bay and several small islands. As soon as the necessary legislation has been secured, they favor the construction of a permanent barracks, a drydock and strong fortifications designed against a sea attack only, fortifications on the land side not being regarded as necessary. No difficulty is anticipated in acquiring the necessary land, as the Spanish and English owners are enthusiastic for the station. It is thought that both the army and navy will maintain forces at Quantanamo.

NEW PHILIPPINE CURRENCY.

Treasury Department Plans for Purchase and Coinage of Silver.

Washington, March 26.—Secretary Root has been in cable correspondence with Governor Taft in relation to the carrying out of the provisions of the Philippine currency act and it has been determined to sell \$3,000,000 of temporary certificates for the purchase of silver bullion for coinage into pesos. These certificates bear four per cent interest, are free from taxation, and run for one year. They will be issued in denominations of one thousand dollars each, made payable to the bearer. These certificates are to be sold in this country.

It is learned that the insular division of the war department has requested the secretary of the treasury to purchase the necessary silver and execute the coinage of the Philippine peso authorized by the Philippine currency act. Although this act authorizes the coinage of not to exceed 75,000,000 pesos, including coinage of Mexican and Philippine coins, it is not contemplated at present to coin more than 20,000,000 pesos, at the rate of 2,000,000 a month.

The silver for these coins will be purchased in the United States, but under what conditions has not yet been determined. The treasury, it is understood, will purchase only at the market value, in such quantities as may be needed as the coinage progresses. It is said that the department will not submit to an advance in the price of silver, if it can possibly be secured at the ruling rate.

AMERICAN FALLS RUN DRY.

Ice-Jam Steps the Flow of Niagara, and Retic Hunters Revel.

Niagara Falls, March 26.—The American Falls is practically dry, and for the first time in 55 years people are able to walk about in the river bed. Thousands have clambered over the rocks hunting for relics and souvenirs. Great rocks never before seen are high and dry. So little water is flowing over the American Falls that men in high boots almost could have crossed at the brink.

The extraordinary condition is due to an ice jam up the river. The ice was driven from Lake Erie into the entrance to the Niagara and lodged in the shoalwater, shutting off the flow into the American channel. The Horseshoe Falls is not affected as much as the American. The river in the vicinity of the Three Sister islands is quite dry, and the center falls, between Goat and Luna islands, is a skeleton of itself. The conditions is likely to last for several days.

Offers to End the War.

Willemsstad, Island of Curacao, March 26.—General Matos, the leader of the Venezuelan revolutionary movement, who is here, today sent the following telegram to General Ramon Araya, vice president of Venezuela and president of the congress: "General Castro has resigned the presidency. Considering that his being independent renders impossible all peace and prosperity in Venezuela, if congress will accept his abdication I will promise you to use all my influence with the commanders to immediately end the war."

Coal Mine Blows Up.

Springfield, Ill., March 25.—A terrific explosion in the mine of the Athens coal company at Athens, Menard county, 20 miles north of Springfield, today resulted in the death of six men and one being seriously injured. An entry in the mine had been for some time stopped up on account of the gas. This morning an attempt was made to open it by drilling another entry in order to allow air to enter and the gas to escape.

DO IT ALL OVER AGAIN.

It May Be the Only Way to Remedy Cuban Treaty Muddle.

Washington, March 24.—The defects in the Cuban treaty were discussed at the state department today by Secretary Hay and a number of senators, including Chairman Oullon, of the senate committee on foreign relations. There was no disposition to minimize the extent of the complications, and, in fact, fresh ones were developed during the conference.

It was pointed out by one senator that the provision that "this treaty shall not take effect until the same shall have been approved by congress," required such action not only on the part of our own congress, but by the Cuban congress as well, and this it would perhaps be difficult to secure, for the opposition is much stronger in the Cuban lower house than in the senate.

Some of the senators who called bluntly stated that the treaty would surely be defeated if it again came before the United States congress. The officials of the state department have not yet given up hope of being able to straighten out the tangle, but it appears more probable today than ever that a new treaty will be required.

MANY JAPANESE STARVING.

Relief Expedition Goes to Aid of North-west Provinces.

Tokio, Japan, March 10, via Victoria, B. C., March 24.—Some reaction has manifested itself after the first shock of the news that 150,000 people were starving in the northwest provinces of Japan. Europeans and Americans have led the way in opening subscription lists, and already some 55,000 yen