## WONDERFUL FREAK OF NATURE. mersed in a liquid at a temperature 312

The Legend of a Shadow—Cast by Mt. Hood On Every Clear Day. Reprinted from the Glacier of May 14, 1897.

Mount Hood, situated as it is in a mountain range dividing two sections of liquid, a piece of cordwood could be titles the subscriptor to a ticket. By the mountain range dividing two sections of a populous country, and being visible for a hundred miles in either direction, can not but be a source of great attrac-

tion to all Oregonians and the hundreds of tourists who annually visit its vicinity. Its perpetual snow, beauty of outline, its glaciers and steaming crater, together with the wonderful scenic combination of lake and river and wooded hills to be found in its immediate vicinity, have endeared it to the hear's of many and made it popular with all. Unlike many mountains in some older settled countries. it is not famous as being associated with legendary lore; but within the past year, from a source which must remain a mystery to the general public, there comes an Indian legend which has re-mained unknown for untold generations. Perhaps it has been handed down by the great medicine men of certain tribes, locked in the breast of each until the hour of death, to remain so until at a certain sign it was to be given again to the tribes. This sign was to be a great shadow which would appear on the north slope of the "coleanass," or snow peak, south of the hyas tumwater, meaning the mountain south of the meaning the mountain south of the great fails which were formerly where the cascades now are. The shadow should be that of a hyas type (great chief) and was warning of a o-lap-it-ski (fire) which should come from the illahe (earth). In the face of these disclosures (earth). In the face of these disclosures it is rather startling to a superstitious mind to note that on the north slope of Mount Hood, on the east side of the most western ridge, about half way down the mountain, appears each day an enormous shadow, the classic profile of an Indian chief, with hook nose, thick lips, prominent chin and retreat-ing forehead surmounted with the war hock. The shadow commences to form than dynamite. lock. The shadow commences to form about 1 p. m., and at 3:15, or nearly so, every feature is clear cut and distinct. As the sun sinks its symmetry is spoiled. Even though this wonderful shadow has no meaning except to the superstitious mind of the savage, it presents to us a beautiful freak of nature and throws around the grand old mountain a charm which will always be a source of never-

ending enjoyment and wonder. The legend, as nearly as it can be translated, runs thus: Many, many suns ago, when the great cole-snass south of the hyas tunwater was so tall

The red men of that day were children as now, but tall as the pine trees that cover the hills. The type (chief) who ruled them was so much taller than his warriors that any of them could walk under his outstretched arm and not touch it. It had been revealed to this chief many times in his dreams that unless the fire demons who lived in the mountain were conquered they would some day throw out rivers of fire, which would overflow the whole land and drown his people from off the earth, and nothing should be left of all the animals and all things which grew in

the earth. The great chief was brave and the

cording to what size one desired. An experiment was made with a rubble ber ball. Rubber is considered impervious to cold, yet this ball in a few moments became as brittle as glass, but exposure to the atmosphere returned lit to its normal condition. The same kind of experiments was made with pieces of meat and with handkerchiefs. A solution of the crematory question that has been troubling a city father for some time was offered by the demonstrator. He immersed different fabrics in the liquid and then touched frics in the liquid and then touched them to a finme. They immediately vanished, leaving neither ashes nor door. Mr. Patty said that within a short time, or as soon as liquefied air becomes sufficiently cheap, cities in their crematories. It will immediately consume anything, and moreover there will be no odor or ashes.
In order to demonstrate the lowness of its temperature alcohol and mercury becomes. It was also shown by

Instance the alcohol and mercury be-came frozen. Its great heat was also shown by dipping two pens in it and then appiy-ing them to a flame. They were straightway welded firmly together. Other experiments were placing a kettle of the liquid on a cake of ice. J F Flitchkows, mar 22, 02 Other experiments were placing a F C Sherneo, june 1, or kettle of the liquid on a cake of ice, J F Hitchkoss, mar 28, 03 when steam issued freely from the spout. Then the kettle was placed over a fire and ice was formed therein while actually over the flame. while actually over the flame.

Its great explosive power was also T E Kellogg, nov 28, 03 shown, demonstrating it to be greater L J Mulkins, jan 1, 03 J O Eastman, apr 5, 03 T R Coon, june 1, 03 James DeBord, nov 2, 03 Rev. Irl R. Hicks' 1903 Almanac.

intelligence of the millions. Professor

Of Interest to City Voters.

Section 26 of the city charter reads: Word and Works, is doing a work for the whole people not approached by any other man or publication. A fair test will prove this to any reasonable person. Added to the most luminous course in of the city of Hood River for three artsoname for 1000 for some the state south of the hyas tumwater was so tall that when the sun was half way be-tween its rising and its setting its shadow made dark all the land to the north for a day's journey, Sol-leks De-aub's angry spirit dwelt in the bowels of the great mountain and threw out pi-ah, smoke and chah-co wam-o-iuk (fire, smoke and red-hot snakes), streams of lava, which ran far toward the sea to the west, desi-troying everything before them, and forcing the red man to move far away. The red men of that day were not

TO ALL WHO TRADE \$25.00 or more in cash, between November 1, and December 25, with O. B. HARTLEY, he will give FREE

a Christmas Turkey. Why not get one? You will trade fully that much by then, and you get your turkey free.

To all who do not reach this amount, we give you a discount on merchandise purchased, toward a turkey, or in any merchandise in our store. Call and get a card.

Pioneers Can Still Shoot.

mersed in a liquid at a temperature 312 degrees below zero. A piece of excelsion was immersed, and when removed from the cup con-taining the liquid it was brittle and was crumbled into pieces by the dem-onstrator. If there was sufficient of the liquid, a piece of cordwood could be placed in it, and after a few moments taken out and broken into pieces ar-cording to what size one desired. An experiment was made with a rub-ber ball. Rubber is considered imper-vious to cold, yet this ball in a few moments became as brittle as glass, but exposure to the atmosphere returned it to its normal condition. The same kind of correstments was made with for the same was shall. Rubber is considered imper-vious to cold, yet this ball in a few moments became as brittle as glass, but exposure to the atmosphere returned it to its normal condition. The same kind of correstments was made with for the same to determine the same as the same provide to the atmosphere returned it to its normal condition. The same kind of correstments was made with a rub-ber ball. Rubber is considered imper-vious to cold, yet this ball in a few moments became as brittle as glass, but exposure to the atmosphere returned it to its normal condition. The same kind of correstments was made with the same it to its normal condition. The same kind of correstments was made with the same kind of correstments was made with the same kind of correstments as the same as the same returned is to same kind the same made with the same as the same same to a same kind of correstments was made with the same kind of correstments was made with the same kind of correstments as the same as the same as the same same to a same kind the same same as the same as the same as the same same to a same kind of correstments as the same same same kind the same same as the same as the same as the same same same same same same same kind of correstments as the same as the same same same same same same same kind of correstments as the sam

had undisputed control of the territory. A few took part with up-to-date guns, but they proved no match for the griz-raled frontiersmen, who hit the bull's-eye regularly with apparent ease. They carried away all the trophies. The shooting took place at Underwood's Landing in the Hood River country.---Portland Lournal. Portland Journal.

## Ruin in Crossed Legs.

Philadelphia Re "Uncross your legs," said a doctor. "Oh, no!" said his son. "What's the use of being so polite all the time?" "My boy," the father answered, "it is not on account of a mere rule of etiquette that I tall son to narcoss your legs; but

that I tell you to uncross your legs; but that I tell you to uncross your legs; but it is because leg-crossing is an injurious thing—a thing as baleful to the health as kissing or as microbes. "When you cross your legs you fit the knee-cap of the lower limb into the cavity under the knee of the upper one.

In the cavity that you thus compress there are the two important exterior and interior popliteal nerves, and a number of glands and blood vessels. Compression does not act well on these organs. It benumbs them and weakens

organs. It benumbs them and weakens and emaciates them. You feel the in-jury in a numbness of the whole leg— the leg goes to sleep. "Keep on with the habit, and your legs weaken. They become thin. They lose their shapeliness. It is only such men and women and children as never cross their legs who have strong and supple and beautiful limbs.

Startling, But True.

"If every one knew what a grand medicine Dr. King's New Life Pilis is," writes D. H. Turner, Dempseytown, Pa., "you'd sell all you have in a day. Two weeks' use has made a new man of me." Infallia for constitution, stormeth and Infallible for constipation, stomach and liver troubles. 25c at Chas. N. Clarke's drug store.

"Now is the Appointed Time," The 0. R. & N. Co. has just issued a hand-somely illustrated pamphlet entitled "Oregon' Washington and Idaho and their Resources." It has much to say about Hood River. People in the East are anxious for Informa-tion about the Pacific Northwest. If you will give the 0. R. & N. agent a list of names of Eastern people who are likely to be interest-ed, the booklet will be mailed free to such persona.

Pullets for Sale. About five dozen Brown Leghorn pullets als by J. H. KOBERG. Phone 201.

Team for Sale. A light team, democrat spring wagon and harners, Can be seen at the Merrill place East Side, Price \$150. J. L. VAN LOAN.

Cow For Sale. A fine cow for sale that will be fresh Febr ary 1st. P. F. FOUTS.

Government Land. I can locate home-seekers on governmen land-good fruit land, with springs; som with water to irrigate; easily cleared; 12 to J miles from Hood River; near county road, n21 E. C. MILLER, Hood River, Or.

Notice to Contractors.



## A Buggy, Like the One Represented Here, Will be Given to a Subscriber.

The Glacier has a brand new Oxford Buggy it desires to give to a subscriber. The Buggy has fancy panel, hand painted; body 24x55 inches; round corners, well ironed; extra deep seat; solid panel spring back; axles 15-16x61/2 inches; axle beds glued to axles; Balley body loops; double reaches ironed full length; wheels Sarven patent; 1x14 inch round edge tire; leather quarter top; Pegamoyed leather trimmings; fancy binding and welts; double line nickel dash rail; nickel lazy back rail; full length fancy carpet; side carpet and toe rug; body black with neat decorations; gear dark green; with shafts.

One thousand tickets, numbered consecutively from one to one thousand, will be given out, one to each subscriber paying \$1.50 on subscription. Subscribers in arrears who pay up will get a ticket for each \$1.50 paid, as well as those who pay in advance.

A number under 1000 has been written on a card, sealed in an envelope and placed in Butler & Co's bank in Hood River. Every precaution was taken to keep the number in the bank a secret. No one knows the luckey number. A dozen cards were taken, numbers under 1000 written upon each; the cards were then shuffled, one picked up at random and placed in the envelope, scaled up, and the balance thrown immediately into the fire. The number upon none of the cards were seen except by the person writing them.

## Every Subscriber Has a Chance

To get this handsome vehicle. If the subscriber is in arrears he can pay up and get tickets entitling him to a chance. All subscribers who paid as much as \$1.50 during this month of November will get tickets.

The tickets given to subscribers are all in sealed envelopes, sealed up by the printer, and no one will know his number until he opens the envelope.

When the tickets are all given out, the subscriber holding the number corresponding with the number in the bank will take the buggy. Subscribers should preserve their tickets.

The proprietor of the Glacier has always aimed to send out a good local paper, worth the price of subscription. He is grateful for past patronage and a big list of subscribers. The paper will not deteriorate in usefulness, and subscribers who fail to get the buggy will get value received for their money in a good local paper.

The buggy can now be seen in the big red barn of the Hood River Trading Co. It was bought through the agency of Ralph Savage, who can sell you one just like it if you can't wait till the Gla-

To say that this splendid work of science and art is liner and better than ever, is stating it mildly. The demand for it is far beyond all previous years. To say that such results, reaching through thirty years, are not based upon sound sense and usefulness, is an insult ts the intelline professor Hicks, through his great almanac, and his famous family and scientific journal,

