

# The Hood River Glacier

Himes Geo H, OHS, city hall

"IT'S A COLD DAY WHEN WE GET LEFT."

VOL. XIV.

HOOD RIVER, OREGON, FRIDAY, AUGUST 1, 1902.

NO. 11.

## HOOD RIVER GLACIER

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**THE MAIL.**  
The mail arrives from Mt. Hood at 10 o'clock a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays; departs the same days at noon.  
For Clatsop, leaves at 8 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; arrives at 6 p. m.  
For White Salmon (Wash.) leaves daily at 6 p. m. and arrives at 7:15 p. m.  
From White Salmon leaves for Falls, Glaciers, Trout Lake and Glenwood daily at 9 a. m.  
For Bingen (Wash.) leaves at 5:30 p. m.; arrives at 2 p. m.

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HOOD RIVER, OREGON.

## A STUDY IN SCARLET.

BY A. CONAN DOYLE.

### CHAPTER I.—Continued.

Sherlock Holmes seemed delighted at the idea of sharing rooms with me. "I have my eye on a suite in Baker street," he said, "which would suit us very well. You don't mind the smell of strong tobacco, do you?" "I always smoke 'ship's' myself," I answered. "That's good enough. I generally have chemicals about, and occasionally do experiments. Would that annoy you?" "By no means."

"Let me see—what are my other shortcomings I get in the dumps at times, and don't open my mouth for days on end. You must not think I am silly when I do that. Just let me alone and I'll soon be all right. What have you to confess now? It's just as well for two fellows to know the worst of each other before they begin to live together." I laughed at this cross examination. "I keep a bullpup," I said, "and object to rows, because my nerves are shaken, and I get up at all sorts of ungodly hours, and I am extremely lazy. I have another set of views when I am well, but those are the principal ones at present."

"Do you include violin playing in your category of rows?" he asked, anxiously. "It depends on the player," I answered. "A well played violin is a treat for the gods; a badly played one—" "Oh, that's all right," he cried with a merry laugh. "I think we may consider the thing as settled—that is, if the rooms are agreeable to you." "Yes, shall we see them?"

"Can't we see them tomorrow, and we'll go together and settle everything," he answered. "All right—noon exactly," said I, shaking his hand. We left him working among his chemicals, and we walked together toward my hotel. "By the way," I asked suddenly, "how the deuce did he know that I had come from Afghanistan?" My companion smiled an enigmatical smile. "That's just his little peculiarity," he said. "A good many people have wanted to know how he finds things out."

"Oh, a mystery, is it?" I cried, rubbing my hands. "This is very piquant. I am much obliged to you for bringing us together. The proper study of mankind is man," he said. "You must study him then," Stamford said, as he bid me good-by. "You'll find him a knotty problem, though. I'll wager he learns more about you than you about him. Good-by." "Good-by," I answered, and strolled on to my hotel, considerably interested in my new acquaintance.

**CHAPTER II.**  
We met next day, as he had arranged, and inspected his rooms at No. 221B Baker street, of which he had spoken at our meeting. They consisted of a couple of comfortable bedrooms and a single, large, airy sitting room, cheerfully furnished, and illuminated by two broad windows. So desirable in every way were the apartments, and so moderate did the terms seem when divided between us, that the bargain was concluded upon the spot, and we at once entered into possession. That very evening I moved my things round from the hotel, and on the following morning Sherlock Holmes followed me with several boxes and portmanteaus. For a day or two we were busily employed in unpacking and laying out our property to the best advantage. This done, we gradually began to settle down and to accommodate ourselves to our new surroundings.

Holmes was certainly not a difficult man to live with. He was quiet in his ways, and his habits were regular. It was rare for him to be up after ten at night, and he had invariably breakfasted and gone out before I rose in the morning. Sometimes he spent his day at the chemical laboratory, sometimes in the dissecting rooms, and occasionally in long walks, which appeared to take him into the lower portions of the city. Nothing could exceed his energy when the working fit was upon him; but now and again a reaction would seize him, and for days on end he would lie upon the sofa in the sitting room, hardly uttering a word or moving a muscle from morning to night. On these occasions I have noticed such a dreamy, vacant expression in his eyes, that I might have suspected him of being addicted to the use of some narcotic, had not the temperance and cleanliness of his whole life forbidden such a notion.

As the weeks went by, my interest in him and my curiosity as to his aims in life gradually deepened and increased. His very person and appearance were such as to strike the attention of the most casual observer. In height he was rather over six feet, and so excessively lean that he seemed to be considerably taller. His eyes were sharp and piercing, save during those intervals of torpor to which I have alluded; and his thin, hawk-like nose gave his whole expression an air of alertness and decision. His chin, too, had the prominence and squareness which mark the man of determination. His hands were invariably bloated with ink and stained with chemicals, yet he was possessed of extraordinary delicacy of touch, as I frequently had occasion to observe when I watched

## EVENTS OF THE DAY

FROM THE FOUR QUARTERS OF THE WORLD.

**A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week, Presented in a Condensed Form, Which is Most Likely to Prove of Interest to Our Many Readers.**

Fire at Pittsburg destroyed property valued at \$318,500.  
King Edward is able to walk about the deck of his yacht.  
The German gunboat Panther has been ordered to Caribbean waters.  
A policeman at Shenandoah, Pa., was attacked by strikers and severely beaten.  
Natives of Portuguese West Africa are causing the authorities much trouble and a general uprising is feared.  
Rioting and demonstrations in France are subsiding, and a peaceful solution of the religious question is looked for.

Another explosion in the New York subway resulted in the fatal injury of two men and the serious injury of two others.  
The president of Peru, in a message to congress, points out the great benefit of the Panama canal to that country and urges his people to prepare for it.  
The battleship Illinois is in drydock in England. Examination discloses that considerable damage had been sustained when she struck the obstruction.  
A German electrician has invented a wireless telephone.  
It is believed that the disturbances in Panama are nearly at an end.  
More injunctions have been issued against the striking West Virginia coal miners.  
Fire at the Leavenworth, Kan., penitentiary destroyed \$20,000 worth of property.  
Seven firemen were seriously injured by an explosion while fighting fire at Pittsburg.

One of the tribes of Indians in Indian Territory is giving the authorities much trouble.  
The Nicaraguan government has committed the sentence of Russell Wilson, the Ohio doctor who was captured with a revolutionary party.  
Serious rioting occurred at a New Jersey primary election. One man was killed and a number seriously wounded, besides many minor injuries.  
In a riot at Pottsville, Pa., between non-union men and strikers, one man was killed and five badly injured. The dead man and all those injured were non-union.  
Demonstrations continue in France against the closing of Catholic schools.  
Automobile devotees in England find themselves badly handicapped by stringent speed laws.  
Preparations for the coronation are in full swing, but there is a noticeable lack of enthusiasm.  
A fight with horse thieves in Oklahoma resulted in the wounding and capture of several of the gang.  
Cholera in Egypt is spreading rapidly. Many of the victims are attacked in the streets and die in a few minutes.  
A passenger and freight train collided in the yards at Cheyenne, Wyoming, resulting in the injury of half a dozen passengers.

The president has approved the findings of the court martial in the case of Major Glenn, but disapproves the action in the Cook case.  
Three soldiers were seriously injured at Fort Douglas, Utah, by the horses attached to a gun which they were handling running away.  
Ten fishermen lost their lives in a gale on Fraser river, B. C.  
Cholera has broken out afresh in Manila, a number of new cases being reported.  
James Jeffries knocked out Bob Fitzsimmons in the eighth round in a fight at San Francisco.  
Chicago messengers went on strike for more pay. Telegrams are being directed through the mail.  
Aix-la-Chapelle, a town in Germany, will hereafter celebrate American independence day by hoisting the American flag.

There is much anxiety among British cabinet officials over the king's condition. Many believe he will not be able to stand the coronation.  
Acting Secretary Ryan has ordered a temporary withdrawal of the tract in Eastern Oregon recommended by commissioner Hermann and Superintendent Ormsby.  
Two hundred persons were drowned by the capsizing of a steamer on West river, China.  
There is not a great deal of interest being taken in the coming coronation of King Edward.  
Capt. M. I. Smith, the first man who stretched wires across the state of Wisconsin, is still living in Topeka, Kan.

Chicago chemists have invented a process for making wall paper stronger that promises to revolutionize the industry.  
The largest stockholder in the United States Steel company, "Mr. Cutler," is John D. Rockefeller, not Andrew Carnegie; his dividend is \$1,000,000 annually.

## MUST GO SLOW.

United States Gunboat Machias Will Protect Foreigners at Cape Haytien.

Washington, July 31.—The following cablegram, dated today, was received at the navy department this afternoon from Commander McCrea, of the Machias, arrived at Cape Haytien yesterday: "Affairs are very much disturbed at Cape Haytien. Unorganized mob in the city. Foreign consuls have been threatened. I will prevent bombardment without due notice."  
The state department has no hesitation in fully approving the energetic and sufficient action of Commander McCrea in taking care of the foreign consuls and in preventing a bombardment without a warning. The American and foreign interests in Cape Haytien are large and an American captain is required by the unwritten law to look after the life and property of other foreign residents as well as American in such cases. It is said that the rules of international law as well as the dictates of humanity require that proper notice be given before a bombardment in order that women, children and non-combatants may leave the town and carry off their personal belongings.  
The navy department feels that the Machias is sufficiently large for the work at hand at this point, though if there were more such American gunboats in the Gulf and Caribbean sea a quieting and restraining influence would be exerted over these frequent rebellious outbreaks involving violations of the rules of war and great suffering.

## A GREAT OIL TRUST.

Rockefeller, Rothschild and Nobel Have Combined and Will Control World's Output.  
London, July 31.—In its issue this morning the Daily Mail asserts that there is no longer any doubt that the three monster oil interests of Rockefeller, Rothschild and Nobel have entered into a working agreement.  
"Thus," says the paper, "without any publicity the greatest trust the world has ever seen has been sprung into being."  
This combination, the paper says, has been hinted at in messages from Batoum and Moscow and it has been more clearly shown in the offers made to Russian oil exporters by representatives of the Nobel and Rothschild interests for the absorption of the whole of their output. The exporters have been forbidden to sell through the intermediaries of their agency except at a price arranged by them or to fight the combined forces of the three oil giants. This offer was made openly and with the idea of maintaining prices, and it has been refused, Russian exporters preferring to fight. It was doubtless this combine, continues the Daily Mail, which induced the Russian government to issue invitations to an anti-trust conference. The spokesman of the great combine declares it means a fight to the death and that the independent exporters cannot hope to win.

## MINING AND STORING COAL.

Secret Work Has Been Done in Several of the Scranton Collieries.  
Scranton, Pa., July 30.—Superintendent Ross, of the Delaware & Hudson, admitted today that his and other companies of this region have been engaged in cutting and loading coal and storing it at the foot of the shaft in cars ready to be hoisted when the companies see fit to do so. The work is being done by under bosses, company hands and returned strikers, of whom the mine has a small quota. The companies have been doing this work secretly so as to avoid drawing the fire of the strikers.  
The strikers turned back the men at the Rocket Brook colliery, in Carbonate, this morning, but they came around at night when the pickets had dispersed and started the washery going. Carpenters at Coal Brook and Northwestern collieries, in Carbonate, were also turned back this morning. This activity on the part of the strikers is the result of a meeting of the strikers, when it was determined to make an effort to stop all work at mines and washeries in the Carbonate region.

## RELEASE OF GUAM PRISONERS.

Washington, July 30.—The war department referred the order containing the president's amnesty proclamation of July 4 to the navy department, especially inviting attention to the Filipino prisoners in Guam. A reply has been received saying that the governor of Guam will be notified and an army transport will be sent to Manila by the way of Guam and all prisoners who take the oath of allegiance to the United States will be returned to the Philippine islands.

## STRANGE UPHEAVAL OF THE GROUND.

New York, July 31.—The town of Stratford, N. Y., now has, according to a press dispatch from Little Falls, a strange upheaval of the ground. Tons of soil, gravel and stone were tossed in the air and landed on a knoll 12 feet higher than their original place. The debris covers a space 100 feet square, and is more than six feet deep. It is believed lightning ignited a vein of natural gas and caused an underground explosion.

## NEWS OF THE STATE

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF OREGON.

**Commercial and Financial Happenings of Importance—A Brief Review of the Growth and Improvements of the Many Industries Throughout Our Thriving Commonwealth—Latest Market Report.**

About 50 Indian war veterans of Southern Oregon held a reunion at Medford last week.  
A postoffice has been established at Cecil, Morrow county, on the route from Douglas to Ella.  
The sand taken out by the dredge on the lower Columbia has been proven to be rich enough to more than pay the expense of handling it.  
Benton county's annual school report shows that the school population of that county has increased from 2,438 to 2,580 during the past year.  
The timbermen of Dallas and vicinity have organized an association for the purpose of mutual protection and defense of the timber claims filed on by them at Oregon City last week, when a township was thrown open.  
A coal strike that promises to make no little stir in that section has been made near Astoria, in the northern part of Jackson county, where the Southern Pacific has been developing a prospect. The vein is six feet wide.

The postoffice at Antone, Wheeler county, has been moved one mile to the southwest. The office at Croly, Gilliam county, has been moved six miles to the southwest, and the office at Olene, Klamath county, is moved a short distance to the south.  
The annual report of the register of the Oregon City land district, comprising 14 counties, gives the total area of the land surface at 7,565,250 acres. Only 698,469 acres of unappropriated land remain in the district, and 161,190 acres of this is not yet surveyed.  
The farmers of the Rock Point neighborhood, in the Wadwa Hills, have formed an association for the purpose of pooling their crops. The success of the grain pools the past two years, by which they received 4 to 5 cents per bushel more than those outside the pool, has given them great confidence in this plan of disposing of their crops.  
A project is on foot to put in a first class waterworks at Dallas.  
Marion and Umatilla counties report a decrease in the school population.  
J. A. Beattie, president of the state normal school at Weston, has resigned to accept a position in the East.  
Benton county farmers are now cutting their fall sown grain. Both the fall and spring sown wheat will yield well.

The state fair this year promises to be one of the most successful ever held. Many special features have been secured.  
The French bark Asia, which capsized at Portland last January, has been completely repaired and has sailed from that port with a full cargo.  
The annual report of the public schools of Yamhill county shows a total school population of 4,775, as compared with 4,830 a year ago. The average attendance also fell off.

**PORTLAND MARKETS.**  
Wheat—Walla Walla, 62@63c for new crop; 64@65c for old; valley, 65c; bluestem, 65@66c.  
Barley—\$1.75 for old, \$1.50 for new crop.  
Flour—Best grades, \$3.05@3.60 per barrel; Graham, \$2.95@3.20.  
Millstuffs—Bran, \$15@16 per ton; middlings, \$21.50; shorts, \$18; chop, \$16.  
Oats—No. 1 white, \$1.15@1.20 gray, \$1.05@1.10.  
Hay—Timothy, \$12@15; clover, \$7.50@10; Oregon wild hay, \$5@6 per ton.  
Potatoes—Best Burbanks, 75@85c per cental; ordinary, 50c per cental; growers prices; sweet, \$2.25@2.50 per cental; new potatoes, 1c.  
Butter—Creamery, 20@21c; dairy 16@18c; stores, 15@16c.  
Eggs—20@21 1/2c for Oregon.  
Cheese—Full cream, twins, 12 1/2@13c; Young America, 13 1/2@14 1/2c; factory prices, 1@1 1/2c less.  
Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$3.50@4.50; hens, \$4.00@5.50 per dozen, 11@11 1/2c per pound; springs, 11@11 1/2c per pound, \$2.50@4.50 per dozen; ducks, \$2.50@3.00 per dozen; turkeys, live, 13@14c, dressed, 15@16c per pound; geese, \$4.00@5.00 per dozen.  
Mutton—Gross, 2 1/2@3c per pound; dressed, 6c per pound.  
Hogs—Gross, 6 1/2c; dressed, 7 7/8c per pound.  
Veal—7@8c per pound.  
Beef—Gross, cows, 3@3 1/2c; steers, 3 1/2@4 1/2c; dressed, 7@8c per pound.  
Hops—16@17c; new crop 17@18c.  
Wool—Valley, 12 1/2@15; Eastern Oregon, 8@14 1/2c; mohair, 25@26c per pound.

Yale university gave degree to a class of 650. Plans for a Chinese volunteer mission were announced.  
A Chicago dispatch says that the fear of a bituminous miners' strike is causing coal dealers and railroads to store thousands of tons as a reserve supply.  
The will of very Rev. E. A. Hoffman, dean of the general theological seminary of New York, disposes of an estate estimated at \$12,000,000 to \$15,000,000.