

The Hood River Glacier.

"IT'S A COLD DAY WHEN WE GET LEFT."

VOL. XIII.

HOOD RIVER, OREGON, FRIDAY, JUNE 29, 1901.

HOOD RIVER GLACIER

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The mail arrives from Mt. Hood at 10 o'clock a. m. on Mondays and Saturdays; departs the same day at noon.
For Clatskanie, leaves at 8 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; arrives at 4 p. m.
For White Salmon (Wash.), leaves daily at 6:45 a. m.; arrives at 7:15 p. m.
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EVENTS OF THE DAY

FROM THE FOUR QUARTERS OF THE WORLD.

A Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Presented in a Condensed Form Which is Most Likely to Prove of Interest to Our Many Readers.
There are about 27,000 Chinese in Hawaii.

Secretary Hay has started another canal treaty.
An American deserter who acted as Cailles' lieutenant has been placed in irons.

Fire destroyed business buildings and warehouses in Portland, Or., to the value of \$60,000.
The loss of life in West Virginia flood will not be as large as first reported, while property loss will be greater.

A man in Chicago who attempted to stop a quarrel between two other men, accidentally shot and killed one of them.
Washington's state grain inspector predicts that 25,000,000 bushels of wheat will be harvested in that state this year.

A sailboat containing a young man and three girls capsized on Carquinez straits, in California, drowning one of the girls and the young man.
Brazil has formally accepted the invitation to participate in the Pan-American congress of nations. It is thought other South American republics will now follow this lead.

Frederick H. Davies, for many years prominent as a civil engineer on railroads running out of Chicago, was killed while attempting to prevent a wreck on the Baltimore & Ohio, near Midland, Ohio.
As a result of the war between the United States and Spain, a new principle has been established, which prevents neutral men-of-war entering or departing from a blockaded port without the consent of the blockading fleet.

Three lives were lost in a storm at Pittsburg.
All insurgent prisoners on Luzon will be released.

Arollo's force in Batangas is expected to surrender.
President McKinley will visit the northwest next year.

Several strikers were wounded in riots at Columbia, S. C.
Earl Russell will be tried by the house of lords for bigamy.

The transport Indiana sailed from Manila with coast artillery.
Holland will reclaim a whole province from the Zuyder Zee.

Cortez, the Texas assassin, is supposed to have been captured.
The Prussian crop shortage is the most serious in recent years.

Cailles, the Filipino leader, surrendered his force at Santa Cruz.
General Chaffee has been appointed military governor of the Philippines.

Public buildings at Manila are to be turned over to the civil authorities.
The secretary of state has addressed the Russian government on the tariff question.

Adelbert S. Hay, son of secretary of State Hay, fell from a New Haven, Conn., hotel window and was killed.
State of Oregon has begun a suit to collect bond of ex-School Clerk Davis, who embezzled about \$31,000.

At about 200 perished by floods in the Pocahontas, West Virginia, coal region. The property loss will reach \$2,000,000.
General Corbin has started for the Philippines.

A new political party has been launched in Kansas City.
A pro-Boer meeting in London was the scene of much disorder.

Under the new ruling no duty has been collected on Russian oil.
One hundred thousand persons are anxious to file on Oklahoma lands.

All the volunteers are expected to arrive from the Philippines by June 26.
The American ship John McDonald, of New York, has been given up for lost.

Forest fire near Olympia, Wash., destroyed a \$16,000 logging camp equipment.
The United States is said to have notified Denmark to sell its West Indies or fortify them.

A Cuban committed suicide in New York because of the difficulty of learning the English language.
The sale of postage stamps for the fiscal year just closing has increased greatly over any previous year.

F. C. Cheney, of Manchester, N. H., ex-governor of that state and also ex-United States senator, is dead.
The southern states planted 27,532,000 acres of cotton this year, an increase of 2,111,000 acres.

Texas fever has been discovered among native cattle of northern Germany, and is said to have existed more than 100 years.
The Berlin city mission, headed by A. Stocker, issues each week 108,000 sermons for those who cannot attend church, 20,000 of which are distributed in the city.

APPOINTMENT OF TAFT.

Will Be the First Civil Governor of the Philippines.

Washington, June 24.—Secretary today issued the order of the president establishing civil government in the Philippines. The order follows:
"On and after the 4th day of July, 1901, unless it shall be otherwise ordered, the president of the Philippine commission will exercise the executive authority in all civil affairs in the government of the Philippine islands heretofore exercised in such affairs by the military governor of the Philippines, and to that end, William H. Taft, president of the said commission, is hereby appointed civil governor of the Philippine islands. Such executive authority will be exercised under and in conformity with the instructions of the Philippine commission, dated April 7, 1900, and subject to the approval and control of the secretary of war of the United States.
"The municipal and provincial civil governments which have been or shall hereafter be established in said islands, and all persons performing duties pertaining to the offices of civil government in said islands, will, in respect to such duties, report to the said civil governor. The power to appoint civil officers heretofore vested in the Philippine commission and the military governor will be exercised by the civil governor, with the advice and consent of the commission.
"The military governor of the Philippines is hereby relieved from the performance, on and after the said 4th day of July, 1901, of the civil duties heretofore described, but his authority will continue to be exercised as heretofore in those districts in which insurrection against the authority of the United States continues to exist, or in which public order is not sufficiently restored to enable provincial civil governments to be established under the instructions to the commission, dated April 7, 1900.
"By the president,
"ELIHU ROOT,
"Secretary of War."

NAVIGATED HELL GATE.
Big Battle-Ship Massachusetts Successfully Passed the Narrows.

New York, June 22.—Without the assistance of a pilot and to demonstrate that a first class battle ship could be navigated through Hell Gate successfully, Captain Henry M. Maney took the big battle ship Massachusetts through the narrows today. It was the first time in the history of the navy that any commander of a war vessel of this class ever dared attempt the feat, and river craft and the shores were filled today to witness the trip of the Massachusetts. The passing of the mammoth fighting machine through the dangerous waters of Hell Gate successfully proves that in case of hostilities with a foreign power, a battle ship of the same draft as the Massachusetts, if she passed the fortifications of Willet's Point and Fort Schuyler, could repeat the performance of the Massachusetts. Secretary Long has taken official notice of Captain Maney's feat, and issued orders that no naval vessel the size of the Massachusetts shall use the Hell Gate narrows except in cases of great emergency.

STRIKERS FIRED UPON.
Three Men Shot While Trying to Enter a West Virginia Mine.

Matewan, W. Va., June 22.—Strained relations between the union and non-union miners here resulted in bloodshed. Yesterday several hundred union miners who are on strike marched in a body against the Maritime mines of this place, where non-union men were at work. They tried to effect an entrance, but the operators, with 20 guards armed with Winchester, blocked the entrance. The non-union miners were headed by Superintendent Lambert, and when the union men persisted in their attempt he gave the order to fire. Fully 50 shots were fired. Two union miners were fatally shot and another dangerously wounded. The union men did not return the fire, but dispersed.
All the union miners throughout Matewan are collecting, and serious trouble is expected tomorrow, when they will again try to effect an entrance to the Maritime mines. Sheriff Hatfield is on the scene with 50 deputies.

Will Move Headquarters.
Denver, June 24.—George Estes, president of the Brotherhood of Railway employes, announces that the headquarters of the brotherhood will be moved from San Francisco to Denver in the near future. This organization admits all railway employees without reference to their particular line of work. It is a comparatively new order, but is said to have a large membership among the railway employes of the West.

Righting the Ingalls.
New York, June 24.—The attempts to float the capsized army transport Ingalls at Brooklyn will probably be made tomorrow. A crew of divers is working at closing the ports and hatches. When this is done the hull will be pumped out and the ship floated and righted. The ship does not appear to be seriously injured.

NEWS OF THE STATE

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM ALL OVER OREGON.

Commercial and Financial Happenings of Importance—A Brief Review of the Growth and Improvements of the Many Industries Throughout Our Thriving Commonwealth—Latest Market Report.
The town of Whitney, in Eastern Oregon, is to put in a water system.
Baker City is endeavoring to have a weather bureau established in that city.
Steamboat navigation on the Willamette river to Corvallis has ceased for the summer.
Probably the last car load of 1900 potatoes in the state was shipped from Harbut a few days ago.
The Oregon King Gold Mining Co., of Sumpter, has filed articles of incorporation. Capital, \$1,000,000.
Arrangements have been made to make Prairie City a "station" on the stage line and the change will be made shortly.

Reports from the various sections of the Rogue river valley are to the effect that the wheat crop this year will be considerably short of the average.
Sherman county will have an extra large wheat yield this year.
A number of mines in the Robinsonville district have been bonded.

Four hundred head of cattle were purchased near Eugene at an average price of \$17 per head.
Ore from the Badger mine, Eastern Oregon, is shipped to San Francisco at the rate of two carloads every five days.

Work is well under way on the new road from Whitney to Alamo. When completed this road will decrease the distance very materially and bring more mines into the shipping list.
PORTLAND WILL CELEBRATE.

President Did Not Come But "The Fourth" Is Coming and There Will Be a Big Time.
The enthusiasm which Portland expected to expend in the entertainment of the president and party has been bottled up and will be let loose in the celebration of the Fourth of July. While the committee which is engaged in arranging for the celebration is not doing much talking, it is earnestly and energetically at work on its plans, and will have several very large surprises in store for Portlanders and visitors on Independence Day. The fact that cheap railroad fares will be provided on all lines into the city will doubtless prove an incentive to many residents of the neighboring cities to come in and help celebrate, and they are promised a reception which they will long remember.

Bands from various outside towns will help to furnish the music, and all societies of whatever character are invited to take part in the parade.
L. D. Cole, chairman of the advertising committee is working hard to let the residents of sister cities know that they will be welcome, and he says that the city will probably entertain more guests during the celebration than at any time in her history.

Portland Markets.
Wheat—Walla Walla, export value, 58 1/2¢ per bushel; bluestem, 60 1/2¢; valley, nominal.
Flour—best grades, \$2.90@3.40 per barrel; Graham, \$2.50.
Oats—White, \$1.32 1/2@1.35; gray, \$1.30@1.32 1/2 per cental.
Barley—Feed, \$17@17.50; brewing, \$17@17.50 per ton.
Millstuffs—Bran, \$17 per ton; middlings, \$21.50; shorts, \$20; chop, \$16.
Hay—Timothy, \$12.50@14; clover, \$7@9.50; Oregon wild hay, \$6@7 per ton.
Butter—Fancy creamery, 15@17 1/2¢; dairy, 13@14¢; store, 10@12¢ per pound.
Eggs—17@17 1/2¢ per dozen.
Poultry—Chickens, mixed, \$2.75@3.75; hens, \$3.00@3.50; dressed, 9@10¢ per dozen; springs, \$2.00@3.75 per dozen; ducks, \$3@4 for old; \$2.50@4.00 for young; geese, \$4@5 per dozen; turkeys, live, 8@10¢; dressed, 10@12¢ per pound.
Cheese—Full cream, twins, 12@12 1/2¢; Young America, 13@13 1/2¢ per pound.
Mutton—Lamb, 3 1/2¢ gross; dressed, 7@7 1/2¢ per pound; sheep, \$3.25 gross; dressed, 6 1/2¢ per pound.
Hogs—Gross, heavy, \$5.75@6; light, \$4.75@5; dressed, 7@7 1/2¢ per pound.
Veal—Small, 7 1/2¢@8 1/2¢; large, 6 1/2¢@7¢ per pound.
Beef—Gross top steers, \$4.25@4.60; cows and heifers, \$3.75@4; dressed beef, 7@7 1/2¢ per pound.
Hops—12@14¢ per pound.
Wool—Valley, 11@13¢; Eastern Oregon, 8@12¢; mohair, 20@21¢ per pound.
Potatoes—\$1.25@1.50 per sack; new potatoes, 12¢ per pound.

The American Bible Society is preparing to issue editions of the Scriptures in 20 different Filipino dialects.
A gypsy fortune teller who was arrested in Wyoming had bank notes to the amount of \$3,500 in a belt about his waist.
Announcement of Count von Waldsee's intention to visit America in the near future is taken to indicate an early termination of the troubles in China.

SWEPT TO DEATH.

Two Hundred Lives Lost in a West Virginia Rain Storm and Flood.

Bluefields, W. Va., June 24.—This section has just been visited by a flood, the extent of which in all probability will equal or exceed that of Johnstown in 1889, so far as the loss of property is concerned. Early yesterday morning, shortly after midnight, a heavy downpour of rain began, accompanied by a severe electric storm, which increased in volume, continuing for several hours. The storm continued throughout the entire night and day and at 10 A. M., though the storm had abated, the lowering clouds threatened another terrific downpour at any moment.
Many miles of the Norfolk & Western railroad track, bridges and telegraph lines are entirely destroyed and communication is entirely cut off west of Elkhorn, so that it is impossible to learn the full extent of the loss of life and property, but officials of the coal companies located in the district have sent out messengers to Elkhorn, the terminus of both telegraphic and railroad communication, and have received a report that a conservative estimate as to the loss of life will easily reach 200. Some of the drowned are among the most prominent citizens of the coal fields.
The little town of Keystone, with a population of 2,000, seems the greatest sufferer, practically the entire town being washed away. This town is the principal one in the Pocahontas coal fields, and is located near its center. It was a great extent the headquarters from which the mining population purchased supplies.
A great number of the coal and coke plants throughout the Pocahontas district are reported practically destroyed and are in some instances entirely washed away. Owing to the high water which has flooded the district and prevents communication, anything like a correct estimate of the loss of property is impossible, but from the best information obtainable the loss to the property will easily reach \$2,000,000.

A rough estimate places the number of bridges washed away between Bluefields and Vivian Yards, a distance of 28 miles, at from 15 to 20, and from present indications it will be impossible to run trains through to Vivian and points west of there under a week or 10 days. This will render it impossible to get relief into the stricken districts, and with those who escaped with their lives, homeless and without food, indescribable suffering is inevitable.

FIGHTING IN THE SOUTH.
Forty Insurgents Killed or Wounded in Albany.

Manila, June 22.—It is estimated that 40 insurgents were killed or wounded during the recent engagements which occurred near Sorsogon in Albany province. Many insurgents are returning to their homes.
Charges of theft and sale of property are made against a number of the witnesses in the commissary cases. Provost General Davis has submitted a plan for the municipal government of Manila. The United States Philippine commission is modifying it.
Washington has been asked for an appropriation of \$10,000 to defray the expenses of 50 Filipino teachers who are to study for a year in normal schools in the United States, these schools having offered them free tuition.
Two hundred soldier prisoners will be sent to the United States on the transport Indiana.

VICTIMS OF EXPLOSION.
Three Men Were Killed and Five Others Injured.

Kalama, Wash., June 24.—Three men were killed and five others injured by the premature explosion of a blast on the Oregon & Washington Railroad. The scene of the accident was in a deep cut about half a mile south of this place.
The cause of the explosion will perhaps never be known, as the men who were working at the drill hole were instantly killed. About 25 men were working in the cut, and from the survivors it was learned that two men were loading a 12 foot drill hole with No. 2 grain powder, and had put in about 100 sticks. It is supposed that they had just been tamping the powder with an iron bar, as they had sometimes done before, when the explosion occurred.

Americans Invade the Rand.
London, June 25.—The Johannesburg correspondent of the Daily Mail contributes a long letter to his paper, in which he describes the American trade invasion of the Rand, sided, he alleges, by British apathy. The correspondent asserts that Americans are quietly buying up shares and pushing their efforts in every direction. He says that practically all the mining machinery is already American and refers to a rumor to the effect that there is an American movement to capture all the poorer Rand mines.

Invasion of Cape Colony.
London, June 25.—Lord Kitchener has sent no report of the Waterkloof mishap. Recent events in Cape Colony seem to prove the Boer invasion of that country to be serious. A letter to the Daily Mail, dated Cape Town, June 5, confirms the pro-Boer report and says the invaders number anything from 7,000 to 10,000; that they are swarming all over the eastern and midland districts and getting recruits and horses.

GOLD FROM DAWSON

STEAMER DOLPHIN BRINGS OUT ABOUT \$1,350,000.

Two and One-half Millions More Now on the Way Down the Yukon River to St. Michaels, and Another Million is Coming Up the River to Skagway in the Grips of the Returning Klondikers.
Seattle, June 26.—Gold receipts by the steamer Dolphin from the Klondike this morning are: For the Canadian Bank of Commerce, \$1,000,000; individual dust, \$350,000.
There was shipped from Dawson via St. Michaels, June 12 \$2,500,000, and there is now on the way up the river \$1,000,000.
Alaska's output of gold from the spring clean up has started in a steady flow to the United States. Over three tons of gold, or \$2,500,000, is on its way down the Yukon. It will be brought from St. Michaels probably on the Roanoke. June 20 over \$1,000,000 was on its way up the Yukon from Dawson. It will probably arrive on the next steamer.
The Dolphin left Skagway June 20. The big shipments of gold she brought came up the Yukon on the river steamer Zealandia and Canadian, leaving Dawson June 12. The gold was removed to the assay office early this morning.
According to advices on the Dolphin, the miners on Eldorado creek have about finished their clean up for the season. The miners on the other creeks are also well along with the work of segregating the gold from the earth in which it is dug out during the winter, and an estimate of the total clean up for the district for the season places the amount at between \$15,000,000 and \$20,000,000.
The next steamer from Skagway will probably be crowded to the guards with returning Klondikers. Over 150 Klondikers arrived at Skagway the day the Dolphin left. Very few of them, however, came down on her. Between 100 and 150 Dawsonites were en route to Skagway from White Horse, and fully 200 passengers from Dawson were said to be in White Horse. All steamers leaving Dawson had full passenger lists, and two of these boats, well loaded, were on the voyage up the river.

FELL FROM A WINDOW.
Adelbert S. Hay Accidentally Killed at New Haven—Son of Secretary of State.

New Haven, Conn., June 25.—Adelbert S. Hay, son of Secretary Hay, and ex-consul to Pretoria, was found dead on the sidewalk outside the New Haven house early yesterday morning.
Mr. Hay retired to his room at 1 o'clock, after spending the evening with friends in apparently excellent spirits. About 2:30 o'clock in the morning a few people standing outside the hotel were startled at seeing a large white object come whirling through the air and strike the sidewalk. The night clerk of the hotel was immediately summoned and recognized the body as that of a young man who registered as Adelbert S. Hay.
There was considerable excitement about the hotel, and a large body of students and graduates, who are here for the commencement exercises, soon gathered. A number of his former classmates at Yale positively identified the young man.
Dr. Bartlett, the medical examiner, stated that Mr. Hay came to his death by an accident. The clothes on the bed had been turned, showing his intention to go to bed. His clothing had been folded. On the ledge of the window was found a partly burned cigarette. This discovery leads to the belief that Hay had lighted a cigarette before retiring and had went to the window to smoke it. Whether he was seized with a fit of dizziness or fell asleep on the window ledge cannot be determined. There are no external injuries.
Mr. Hay graduated from Yale in 1898 and had come here to attend his class triennial reunion. He was out driving in the evening with a party of classmates and friends, and on returning to his room left word to be called at 9 o'clock next morning. This was the last seen of him alive.

Only Great Britain Objects.
London, June 26.—A dispatch from Pekin says: All the ministers of the foreign powers at Pekin, with the exception of the Russian minister, have agreed to the Russian proposal to increase the Chinese tariff on imports to 10 per cent in the event of a deficiency in the service of the indemnity. Sir Ernest Satow declares that Great Britain will only agree to such an increase in duty in return for the total abolition of the liquor tax on international commerce and other concessions.

Heavy Wind Storm in North Dakota.
Minot, N. D., June 26.—A heavy wind storm at White Earth early today blew two box cars from a sidetrack onto the main track. The Great Northern flyer, west bound, due here at 1 A. M., ran into the cars, and part of the train jumped the track. It is said two tramps were killed and several passengers injured. The wires are down and particulars unobtainable.

SURRENDER OF CAILLES

Ex-Insurgent Takes the Oath of Allegiance—Arollos, Command Will Give Up.

Santa Cruz, Province of Laguna, Luzon, June 25.—General Cailles surrendered here yesterday with 650 men and 500 rifles. The oath of allegiance was administered to the ex-insurgent. Colonel Caballes, who fled to the mountains with a portion of his troops, likewise surrendered. Cailles did not sufficiently control the populace to bring in all the insurgents in his district. The proceedings of surrender were orderly.
It is reported that a large number of Cailles' followers have approached him with a proposition that he issue a strongly worded proclamation declaring all Filipino insurgents who refuse to surrender to be considered as bandits, and that this proclamation be published by the insurgent president of every town in Laguna province.
More Surrenders Expected.
Manila, June 26.—The insurgent general Arollos, together with a considerable portion of the forces of General Malvar, is expected to surrender to the American forces at San Jose, in Batangas province.
With the change from a military to a civil government of the Philippine islands, which occurs July 4, the difficulty between the department of the military secretary and civil service board over the matter of holding examinations in the civil service for certain civilians now employed by the military department will disappear.
In consequence of the surrender of General Cailles, all the insurgent prisoners on Luzon island will be released. Information from native sources confirms previous reports that General Malvar will soon surrender.

DESTROYING CHINESE FORTS.
Valables Smuggled Out of the Forbidden City Sold to Foreigners.

Pekin, June 26.—There has been no meeting of the ministers of the foreign powers at Pekin since the first of last week, but the ministers themselves profess satisfaction at the course of events. The Chinese forts have not yet been destroyed. It has been determined that each nation shall destroy those forts now occupied by its troops, but the ministers find that the respective military commanders object to destroying Chinese forts not occupied by their troops. Consequently the ministers will probably have to employ Chinese labor to effect the destruction of the unoccupied forts at the expense of the different nations. Many Chinese enuchs have been selling valuables which have come from the Forbidden City. The valuables thus sold were probably passed over the walls of the city to the enuchs' confederates outside. One beautifully carved table, which was seen in the Forbidden City only two weeks ago, has been sold by a enuch for 600 taels. No valuables of any kind have been taken out of the city through the gates. These are guarded by American and Japanese troops. It is estimated that the cost of repairing the palace, independent of the valuable works of art which are missing, will reach 250,000 taels.
Members of the staff of Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching say that great anxiety is felt regarding the whereabouts and safety of a large quantity of gold that was buried in the Forbidden City. Certain enuchs who knew the secret of the location of this gold have disappeared.

A Tien Tsin Anniversary.
Tien Tsin, June 25.—The first anniversary of the relief of Tien Tsin was celebrated yesterday. The Russian and British authorities have publicly thanked the ladies who, June 17, the anniversary of the beginning of the siege of Tien Tsin, decorated the graves of the soldiers of all nationalities. The Chinese insurgent leader, General Mais, is here in consultation with the German commanders concerning the pacification and reconstruction of the country.

Ran Down a Launch.
Boston, June 25.—While coming into the harbor this morning the steamer City of Bangor, during a dense fog, ran down the naphtha launch Estelle, anchored off Deer Island beach. Five men on the launch were thrown into the water and two drowned.

An Appeal for Foreign Help.
Tien Tsin, June 26.—News has been received from Tai Yuan Fu, province of Shan Si, that General Tun Fo Hsiang is marching thither, and the governor of the province has appealed for foreign help in opposing his progress.

Rioters Stormed a Monastery.
Madrid, June 26.—The anti-clerical rioters, who have been parading the streets shouting "burn the convents," stormed a monastery during the night. They were finally dispersed.

Without His Signature.
Olympia, Wash., June 26.—Governor Rogers filed with the secretary of state today senate bill No. 4 without his signature. "Senate bill No. 4 is the act relative to the issuance of death warrants and was introduced by Senator Rands, of Clark county. It was the measure to cure which the recent special session was called. Governor Rogers was asked why he had failed to sign the bill, but he refused to have anything to say.