

The Hood River Glacier.

Byerlee, D. N., Feb. 24, 1901

"IT'S A COLD DAY WHEN WE GET LEFT."

HOOD RIVER, OREGON, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1900.

NO. 24.

HOOD RIVER GLACIER

Published Every Friday by
S. F. BYERLEE.

Terms of subscription—\$1.50 a year when paid in advance.

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The mail arrives from Mt. Hood at 10 o'clock a. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays; departs the same days at noon.
For Clifton, leaves at 8 a. m. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays; arrives at 6 p. m.
For White Salmon (Wash.), leaves daily at 6:45 a. m.; arrives at 7:15 p. m.
From White Salmon leaves for Felda, Gilmer, Trout Lake and Glenwood daily at 9 a. m.; for Bingen (Wash.) leaves at 5:45 p. m.; arrives at 2 p. m.

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EVENTS OF THE DAY

Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

VERSE TICKETS FROM THE WIRES

An Interesting Collection of Items From the Two Hemispheres Free With a Con-Lensed Zephyr.

American troops have withdrawn from Pekin.

Roosevelt was met by big crowds in the state of New York.

The business portion of the town of Dumavant, Kansas, was destroyed by fire.

The United States is holding back its answer to the Anglo-German agreement.

Bryan says, if elected, he will immediately withdraw the army from the Philippines.

Thomas Walsh, the Colorado millionaire, forms a partnership in commercial enterprises with King Leopold, of Belgium.

Great uneasiness was created in palace circles, says the Constantinople correspondent of the London Daily Mail, by a report that an American squadron was approaching and the censor was instructed to prohibit the press from mentioning the subject.

Another feud has broken out in Clay county, Kentucky, between the Philips and Davidsons. Recently David Davidson, father of Felix Davidson, the deputy who was killed by a Philpot a few weeks ago, was killed and several others wounded in a fight. On the other side, David Philpot was killed and two others badly wounded.

Skirmishes continue between the Russians and the Chinese at various points along the Manchurian railway. The Amur Gazette, at Blagovestchensk, asserts that the Chinese bank of the Amur river will be offered to Russian settlers. It is reported that the construction of a railway between Blagovestchensk and Talsikar has been decided upon.

Colonel Picquart's suit for libel against Le Journal de Paris, arising from the Dreyfus polemics, was decided in his favor. The court commanded the manager of the paper, M. Pouch, to pay a fine of 2,000 francs, and M. Posiden and Gall, the writers of the articles, were sentenced to six months' and one month's imprisonment, respectively, and all three were sentenced to pay 30,000 francs damages.

William Hammer Piper, of Chicago, on behalf of the Zion church has sent telegrams to President McKinley and Governor Nash, of Ohio, protesting against the treatment of the representatives of the denomination at Mansfield, O., and appealing for their protection. Mr. Piper says these ministers have not broken a single statute of the state, and they have the right to preach the gospel of Jesus Christ is vouchsafed to them by the laws of Ohio and the constitution of the United States.

A New York bank teller stole \$700,000 and escaped.

Boer guerrilla attacks give the British much trouble.

Pastor Mitchell thinks this is the last week of the miners' strike.

Twenty-five carloads of Oregon fruit trees will be shipped to other states.

The British steamship Royalist will enter the transport service of the United States.

The Pacific Coast Company in three years has risen from bankruptcy to \$1,000,000 surplus.

Thirteen-year-old school girl, Lulu Jones, was the victim of a murderous assault at Jefferson, Or.

Baron von Riechthofen is Count von Bulow's successor as minister of foreign affairs for Germany.

The Kentucky miners' strike has been declared off. Eight hundred men will return to work at once.

The Russian minister of finance, M. De Witt, authorizes denial of the story that Russia began negotiations in New York in the middle of October for a \$50,000,000 loan.

General Charles M. Serra, of the Colombian republic's army, announces that his government had purchased George Gould's yacht, Atlanta, and would use her in suppressing the rebellion.

Near Vicksburg, Miss., Glester Barnes, colored, was lynched by a mob of his own people. In a drunken fury Barnes murdered his wife, stabbed and badly wounded a negro who interfered, and engaged in a rifle duel with a white man who attempted to arrest him. The murderer was shot to death.

The citizens of Oklahoma and Indian Territory want single statehood for the two territories. The formation of leagues to promote this end has commenced. The first league was organized at Wagoner, I. T. Determined efforts in this direction are being made by the leading people of those territories.

There are about 30,000 lepers in the Philippines.

The gold yield of Cripple Creek for the present year is expected to amount to \$27,000,000.

An English inventor proposes to build a boat that will cross the Atlantic in two days.

Big imports of gold from Europe are anticipated in New York as a result of the resumption of mining in South Africa.

LATER NEWS.

Alford, the absconder, was arrested in Boston.

Japan wishes to hold the balance of power in the Orient.

The cigarmakers of Tampa, Florida, are out on a strike.

Fall fishing on the Columbia is about at an end.

Prince Christian Victor, of Schleswig-Holstein, died at Pretoria.

Venezuela was visited by a great earthquake, killing 15 persons.

Damage by flood is reported from La Crosse, Wis., and Winona, Minn.

Professor Max Muller, the famous philologist, died in London, aged 77.

There was a general resumption of work in the Pennsylvania coal region.

The new gold strike in the Baker City, Or., country, is extensive and rich.

A Democratic leader predicts that Idaho will give Bryan a majority of 5,000.

Chicago postoffice clerks have affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

The Boers are said to have 15,000 armed men in the field in Orange River colony.

Prince Hoheneho says he resigned because he was ignored on important occasions.

Chinese looters stole Manchu throne and colossal archaeological objects of great value.

Boxers at Pao Ting Fu declare the provincial treasurer ordered them to kill foreigners.

Prince Yi and Ying Nien are added to the list of those whose execution France has demanded.

More than \$20,000,000 in gold dust and bullion has been deposited in Seattle assay offices this year.

Seven people were killed and as many injured in a Northern Pacific train wreck near Livingston, Mont.

Many persons were injured and perhaps killed, and a dozen buildings wrecked in a New York fire and explosion.

A special from Victor, Colo., says the 300 miners who walked out of the Independence mine on account of the order to search them when they came off duty have been discharged. Everything is quiet about the mine.

At Spokane, Wash., Mrs. Edith Strobel, wife of an engineer on the Great Northern, killed herself by blowing up her brains with a revolver. She was 29 years of age, and before her marriage was a Tekoa, Wash., girl. Temporary insanity is said to have been the motive.

New York Democrats gave W. J. Bryan another reception.

A plot to assassinate President Loubet, of France, has been discovered.

George W. Shaver, a pioneer steamboat man, of Portland, Or., is dead.

Roosevelt concluded his tour in New York state with a speech in Binghamton.

All but one colliery in the Hazleton mining region have granted the miners demands.

Four hundred native Christians were massacred at Mukden between the Russian occupation.

Near Frederickstad, the Boers under Dewet, were scattered in all directions by a British force.

A Republican parade lasting six hours was the culmination of the campaign in Chicago.

The evacuation of Cuba will not be ordered till the character of the new government is tested.

Edward Dewey, brother of Admiral Dewey, died at his home in Montpelier, Vt., aged 71 years.

An Everett, Wash., saw mill has received an order for 2,000,000 feet of lumber from South America.

A man who had been arrested at Spangle, Wash., for being drunk and disorderly, committed suicide by hanging himself in jail.

The 150-ton schooner Fischer Bros., of Seattle, is reported to have been wrecked on the beach of Behring sea in a storm near Port Clarence. No lives were lost.

W. S. Robson, one of the most extensive cotton planters of Texas, has gathered statistics from the Brazos and Colorado valleys and declares that the hail weevil has destroyed \$6,000,000 worth of this year's crop.

A sheriff's posse in pursuit of five prisoners who escaped from the Doniphan, Kan., jail, overtook the men near Dalton, Ark., and a battle ensued in which two members of the posse were dangerously wounded. Three of the prisoners were wounded and recaptured.

The war department has made public an order issued by General McArthur, looking to the protection of the health of the soldiers in the Philippines. This recites that 50 per cent of the sickness in the army is avoidable by sanitary precautions, the most important of which are the boiling of all drinking water for not less than 20 minutes, and the adoption of the strictest cleanliness as to camps, quarters, kitchens and cooking utensils.

A German firm has built a locomotive on the American pattern.

The international peace congress in Paris condemned Great Britain's course in the Transvaal.

During the last year 2,400 duels have been fought in Italy and 80 deaths have resulted.

Cabbage crops in Europe are generally poor this year and this country is being called upon to make up the deficiency.

BOERS WAKING UP

Active Resistance Reported From Several Points.

ATTACK MADE UPON JACOBSDAL

Burglars Raiding in Northern Natal—Steyn Establishes His Capital at Fourie's Burg.

Cape Town, Oct. 29.—The Boers have captured Jacobsdal, southwest of Kimberley, after a stubborn resistance on the part of the garrison, which consisted of a detachment of Cape Town highlanders. The latter suffered severely, losing 24 out of 32 men.

Hans Botha has cut off a train with a reconnoitering party of the Highland brigade between Heidelberg and Greylingstad, in the Transvaal colony, tearing up the rails in front and behind the train. In the fight which followed two captains and eight men were wounded and all were captured.

London, Oct. 29.—It now appears that Jacobsdal was not captured by the Boers. Advice received from Cape Town shortly after midnight says: "Later news from Jacobsdal shows that 200 Boers unsuccessfully attacked a garrison. The highlanders had 14 killed and 20 wounded."

It is reported here as a curious coincidence that the news should be received concurrently with the expected arrival home from South Africa of the Imperial volunteers, as Jacobsdal was the scene of the latter's first fight. The town was captured by those volunteers February 15.

RIOTING NEAR MONTREAL.

Clash Between Militia and Strikers—Many Were Hurt.

Montreal, Oct. 29.—Over a score were wounded, one fatally, in a conflict between militia and strikers at Valley Field, Quebec, today.

Two hundred men employed by the Montreal Cotton Company on the foundations of a new mill, went out on strike yesterday, demanding an increase of 25 cents a day in their pay. The company refused to deal with the union. The strikers prevented the company from shipping goods and today held up the company's coal pile. The local police were powerless. The company had to have coal or shut down. Consequently a message was sent to Montreal asking for military assistance. It arrived at Valley Field at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon and consisted of two companies of the Royal Scots. The embargo on the coal pile was promptly raised.

At dusk a big crowd, composed of strikers and their sympathizers, gathered and there was every evidence of trouble. About 8:30 the mob gathered near the Empire mill and began throwing stones through the windows and otherwise destroying property. The troops charged the mob with fixed bayonets. They were driven back. Eight of their number were wounded, two of them seriously. The strikers had 15 men injured, one fatally. Reinforcements were then asked from Montreal and 300 men with medical assistance, left, expecting to arrive at Valley Field about 2 A. M.

Kruger's Plans.

Paris, Oct. 29.—Dr. Leyds, Transvaal agent was questioned today with reference to the plans of ex-President Kruger. He said:

"Most of the stories published on the subject are imaginary. Mr. Kruger will land at Marseilles, and I shall go to meet him. It is not true that I have seen M. Delcasse, French minister of foreign affairs, or that I am in any way arranging a reception which will be entirely in the hands of the French themselves. Nothing has been definitely decided as to the details of Kruger's stay in Europe. But Mr. Kruger is an old man and not accustomed to a cold climate, so it is likely he will sojourn in the neighborhood of Nice for the winter."

Annexation of the Transvaal.

Pretoria, Oct. 29.—The Transvaal was today proclaimed a part of the British empire, the proclamation being attended with impressive ceremonies. The royal standard was hoisted in the main square of the city, the Grenadiers presented arms, massed bands played the National Anthem, Sir Alfred Milner read the proclamation, and 6,200 troops, representing Great Britain and her colonies, marched past.

Drank Carbolic Acid.

New York, Oct. 29.—Mrs. Mabel Hanson, 23 years of age, who lived with her mother and two elder sisters, on the top floor of a handsome apartment house on West Sixty-first street, died at her home today from the effects of a dose of carbolic acid. The family is not communicative as to the matter, and claims that it is certain that Mrs. Hanson took the acid by mistake. It is known, however, that she purchased 10 cents worth of carbolic acid in a drug store less than half an hour before her death. The woman's husband, Charles Hanson, is in San Francisco, where, it is said, he is in the business. Mrs. Hanson has been visiting here about three months.

Chigi Sold Art Treasures.

Rome, Oct. 29.—Prince Chigi, who was prosecuted by the Italian government for selling a painting by Botticelli, which is now in London, has been ordered to pay as a fine for violating the law against selling valued works of art for exportation, the sum of 1,151,000 lire, which was the price paid for the picture. The purchaser, who was summoned to appear before the tribunal, but was in default, was condemned conjointly with Prince Chigi.

BRIBERY IN GERMANY.

Posadowsky-Wehner Implicated in a Scrup.

Berlin, Oct. 29.—A great sensation has been caused by the allegations that Count von Posadowsky-Wehner, secretary of state for the interior, had been bribed with 12,000 marks for his work in connection with the penal servitude bill of 1898. The allegation is contained in a letter which is going the rounds of the German press.

The writer asserts that Herr Krupp subscribed 5,000 marks to the fund constituting the alleged bribe. The National Zeitung says it expects that Count von Posadowsky-Wehner will resign, and nearly all the papers condemn him severely.

A special addition of the Berliner Correspondent, which was issued by the minister of the interior this afternoon, publishes a statement admitting that Director von Weddke, of the imperial department of the interior, induced Secretary Bueck, of the Central Association of Manufacturers, to devote 12,000 marks for printing reichstag material and other documents tending to show arguments in favor of passing the anti-strike bill. This printed material was sent to the provincial press for reproduction. The official statement amounts to a virtual corroboration of the press charges brought against the minister of the interior, of which Count von Posadowsky-Wehner is the head.

All the evening papers comment upon the official administration. The entire Liberal press now demands the resignation of Posadowsky-Wehner, and Director von Weddke, the assumption being that the latter doubtless acted at the suggestion of the former. The Berliner Tageblatt says: "The sole consequence of the official statement is that both must resign. A similar demand is made by the Vor- und siche Zeitung, which remarks: 'It is an unheard-of proceeding that government department should request and receive large sums from one small section of a population directly interested in pending legislation for the purpose of influencing the nation against such legislation.'"

The only papers which attempt to defend the secretary of state for the interior are the Berliner Post, the Kreuz Zeitung and the Berliner Nachrichten, whose justification of his course in the matter is weakly apologetic.

SOUTHERN BOXERS.

They Are Organizing to Drive Foreigners Out of China.

Hong Kong, Oct. 29.—Advice from Lien Chan, on North river, says that American mission property there is threatened with destruction by Boxers, who have posted the following proclamation:

"We have organized to protect our country and our homes, and we rely upon one another to support the order to drive out the foreign devils. They are mad. Their folly passes description. They are the usurpers of our land. They disturb our borders. In all the provinces and prefectures chapels have been opened, and our people are deceived, ripped open and disemboweled, while the foreigners grow fat on the revenues of China, insulting our officials and merchants and seizing our temples and palaces. The emperor is indulgent and permits this. Who can forestall the intention of the foreign devils? Day by day they act more outrageously. When we behold the present condition of affairs, our hearts are bruised with grief. Therefore, we have organized our strength to destroy the devouring wolf throughout the empire."

The Boxers took the American Presbyterian mission buildings, but have not destroyed them. The rebellion is spreading along East river and North river, in the province of Kwang Si. It is supposed to be aimed at the overthrow of the Manchu dynasty, but the reports are so contradictory that it is next to impossible to form a lucid impression. In Canton the Chinese officials are taking the insurrection so lightly that foreigners believe it will be very difficult to suppress.

Mine Boiler Exploded.

Minook, Ill., Oct. 29.—A boiler at shaft No. 1, of the Chicago & Minook Coal Company, exploded early this morning, seriously injuring William Jackson, engineer; Samuel Hayes, George Hayes and Ed Liston, firemen. Several other workmen received slight injuries. Jackson was badly burned and may die. Hayes was badly scalded, and his son George sustained a fracture of the skull. Liston was so badly scalded he will probably lose the sight of one eye. At the time, the superintendent and 250 men were in the mine, over 500 feet below. Two of the boiler operators were uninjured, and in order to operate the lift with steam, the two boilers were separated from the debris and enough power furnished from them to operate the lift and raise the men to the surface. The financial loss is not over \$10,000.

Structural Ironworkers' Wages.

Pittsburg, Oct. 29.—The National Association of Bridge and Structural Ironworkers, in session here today, adopted a universal wage scale, fixing the rate at 50 cents an hour, with eight hours as a day's work. The scale will go into effect next May. It was also decided to send an organizer to South Africa and Egypt.

London, Oct. 29.—The Daily Mail

has the following from Lourenco Marques: The American bark Fred P. Litchfield, which went ashore here from her moorings during the gale on the night of October 14, and was searched the next day for gold, in consequence of a suspicion that she was carrying Mr. Kruger's treasure, to the amount of £1,500,000, sailed today. There is little doubt that she carries a large quantity of gold hidden under her ballast.

FIRE IN NEW YORK

Caused Terrible Explosion in Heart of the City.

A DOZEN BUILDINGS WRECKED

Tarrant's Establishment the Scene of the Disaster—Many Persons Were Killed.

New York, Oct. 31.—As the result of a small fire, several explosions of chemicals occurred in Tarrant & Co.'s drug store, at Warren and Greenwich streets today, and blew down a dozen buildings and badly damaged a score of others. The loss of life is not known, but from all sources of information it is gathered that there are perhaps the bodies of 30 persons in the ruins, though, because of the hot debris and the slowness of the moving of it, no body had been removed up to midnight. Chief Croker, of the fire department, said tonight that the loss is fully \$1,500,000. The buildings destroyed were:

Seven-story brick and stone structure, occupied by Tarrant & Co., wholesale druggists; the F. T. Witte Hardware Company and Breitenbach & Co., manufacturers of patent medicines.

Seven-story brick building, occupied by Eppens, Smith & Wetman Company, coffee-roasting house.

Five-story brick building, occupied by Locke & Conklin, produce dealers; Douglas & Co., cheese; Kahn, bakers' supplies, and Hopping & Campfield, broomsticks and broomstraw.

Six-story brick, occupied by Aller, dried fruits; Haven's drug store & Spice Company; Flaks & Co., and Acantins & Cusno, fruitdealers.

Five-story brick, used as a hotel.

Five-story brick, occupied by the Morris Jackson Flag Company and Hart & Co., butter and cheese.

Five-story brick, occupied by Shiveley, printers' materials; O'Keefe & Shiveley, printers; Morris-Jackson Flag Company and Boerne, butter and eggs.

Four-story brick, unoccupied.

Four-story brick, occupied by Behrman, produce, and Kornhaebers, storage and screens.

Four-story brick, occupied by Ernest, saloon; Hesse & Ohlsbuhl, supplies; Granatto, luncheon.

Seven-story brick, occupied by Eppens, Smith & Co., teas and coffees.

Five-story brick occupied by Hartman,