

# The Hood River Glacier.

"IT'S A COLD DAY WHEN WE GET LEFT."

VOL. XII.

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## HOOD RIVER GLACIER

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for Clifton on Wednesdays and Saturdays;  
for Astoria on Wednesdays and Saturdays;  
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LADIES' REHEARSAL LODGE, No. 101, A. O. U. W. hall at 2  
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## EVENTS OF THE DAY

### Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

#### TERSE TICKETS FROM THE WIRES

An interesting collection of items from  
the two hemispheres from  
a Cor-tesed Team.

The state of Oregon has contributed  
more than \$2,000 to the Galveston  
relief fund.

Belle Archer, the actress, died at the  
Emergency hospital at Warren, Pa., of  
apoplexy.

Three men robbed the First National  
bank at Winnemucca, Nevada, and secured  
about \$5,000.

General John A. McClernand died as  
a result of old age at his home in  
Springfield, Ill., aged 88 years.

In an engagement with Filipinos  
near Soloman, near the end of Laguna  
de Bay, the Americans lost 12 killed  
and 28 wounded.

At Iona, I. T., Postmaster Dismuke  
was shot and instantly killed by Sam  
Ashton, a well-to-do stockman. Dis-  
muke's son rushed to his father's as-  
sistance, and was also shot.

Thirty thousand dollars was forward-  
ed to the governor of Texas by the  
citizens' permanent relief committee  
of Philadelphia, Pa., making the grand  
total of cash forwarded to date by this  
committee \$55,000.

At a meeting at Lebanon, Pa., of  
about three-quarters of the 1,200 men  
employed by the American Iron &  
Steel Company, who struck August 1  
against a reduction of wages from \$4  
to \$3 a ton for puddlers, it was agreed  
to go back to work at the rate offered,  
\$3 a ton.

General Viljoen, who succeeded  
Louis Botha in the supreme command  
of the Transvaal forces, is reported to  
be moving northward in the direction  
of Hectorspruit, with 3,000 men and  
30 guns. He is known as "the fire-  
brand," and will endeavor to protract  
the war.

In the North China Daily News, Li  
Hung Chang is reported as having said  
that as China could not possibly pay  
indemnity which will be demanded  
from her, there will be no alternative  
but to give territory instead of money,  
in which case Japan would get Shin  
King, Russia would get given Shin  
Kiang, and Tibet would go to Eng-  
land.

Lloyd Griscom, United States  
charge d'affaires, at Constantinople,  
Turkey, has made verbal representa-  
tions to the porte, demanding the re-  
lease of an Armenian, who, it is claim-  
ed, is a naturalized American citizen,  
and who was arrested upon the charge  
of belonging to the Armenian revolu-  
tionary committee. An investigation  
has been ordered and if the prisoner is  
found to be an American citizen he  
will be released.

Count von Waldereese has reached  
Hong Kong.

The yellow fever situation in Ha-  
vana is decidedly unfavorable.

British and Boers are fighting for  
the possession of Komatiport.

The work of clearing away the  
wreckage in Galveston progresses.

Herman Petersdorf, a farmer living  
near Junction City, Or., murdered his  
wife.

President Mitchell, of the United  
Mineworkers, says 118,000 men are on  
strike.

Germany demands that the Chinese  
responsible for the outrages be deliv-  
ered up.

Seventy-two new coal mines have  
been opened in Prussia this year, in-  
creasing the output for 1900 by 2,500,  
000 tons.

The transport Thomas sailed from  
San Francisco for Manila with 1,648  
enlisted men, 107 cabin passengers and  
a cargo of forage and commissary sup-  
plies.

Emperor William has pardoned a  
German-American named Schuh, in  
Kiel. After 20 years' absence, Schuh  
had visited his relatives and been sen-  
tenced to six months' imprisonment for  
contravening the army regulations.

Major Edward E. Dravo, commis-  
sary of subsistence, who has just ar-  
rived at San Francisco from the Phil-  
ippines, has been ordered to New York  
for assignment to duty as chief com-  
missary of the department of the East,  
to relieve Major David L. Brainerd,  
commissary of subsistence.

The department of the interior is  
taking steps to prevent the further suf-  
fering among the Pima Indians on the  
Sacton reservation, Arizona, caused by  
a scarcity of irrigation water. Col-  
onel E. H. Graves, of that department,  
who is at Phoenix making an examina-  
tion of the conditions on the reserva-  
tion and reporting any method of relief  
that is practicable, has investigated  
thoroughly and has planned a system  
by which the underflow in the Gila  
river may be raised to the surface in  
summer and a supply of water devel-  
oped sufficient to irrigate many hun-  
dreds of acres now uncultivated.

Rev. George B. Cutting, a young  
clergyman in New Haven, Conn., has  
discovered in hypnotism a cure for the  
cigarette habit.

Bethel Baptist church at Fairview,  
Ky., built as a memorial on the site of  
Jefferson Davis' birthplace, was de-  
stroyed by lightning.

Rev. Dr. Francis M. McCabe, a Pres-  
byterian clergyman well known  
throughout the west, died at his home  
in Topeka, Kansas, aged 77 years.

## LATER NEWS.

Floods have washed away several  
towns in Texas.

Eight persons were killed by a tor-  
nado in Michigan.

Bryan will make a determined effort  
to capture New York.

The latest list of Galveston's dead  
numbers 3,859 names.

The navy department is hurrying ves-  
sels to the Atlantic station.

The expected clash in the strike re-  
gion in Pennsylvania did not occur.

Eight persons were drowned at  
Brownwood, Texas, by a flood. The  
Rio Grande railway is badly crippled.

Anti-foreign leaders are said to have  
been appointed to positions of respon-  
sibility and honor in China, in defiance  
to the allies.

The Merchants' Nail & Wire Works,  
of Charleston, W. Va., which have been  
closed for two months, opened  
again. About 250 men are affected.

Anita Lutz, aged 18, shot and fatally  
wounded her father, John Lutz, near  
Lansing, Kansas, because her father  
had sent her brother away to school.

Direct advices from Cartagena,  
Colombia, say the rebels are active in  
that department. September 3 they  
attacked the town, but government  
troops from Colon arrived just in time  
to prevent their success. The rebels,  
who are under General Comancheo,  
will join hands with the forces of Gen-  
eral Fribe. Plans are proceeding for  
another revolution for the new but un-  
recognized government.

Phil A. Julien, coroner of Silver  
Bow county, Mont., and one of the best  
known of the old-time newspaper men  
of the country, died suddenly at Butte  
of heart disease. He was a native of  
Washington, D. C., and was 56 years  
of age. He worked on the Washington  
Republican in the early days of that  
paper, and on other papers at the cap-  
ital. He had been on newspapers in  
Montana for about 15 years.

The surgeon-general's office of the  
war department has no information  
regarding the epidemic of yellow fever  
in Havana. Private advices indicate  
that the outbreak is serious. The  
fever exists in the best parts of the city  
and among Americans who have gone  
there. It is said at the war depart-  
ment no fears are entertained of a  
serious outbreak among the American  
troops, as they are outside the city and  
not in the infected districts. Surgeon-  
General Sternberg does not think there  
need be any apprehension concerning  
the spread of the disease.

The powers are planning to evacuate  
Pekin.

Railroaders may join the striking  
coal miners.

Spokane, Wash., is visited by a ter-  
rible wind storm.

Anglo-American troops defeated the  
Boxers at Pei Ta Chu.

The British troops occupy Koomati-  
port without opposition.

Boxers and other anti-foreign Chi-  
nese are in imperial favor.

English and Germans express disat-  
isfaction at American attitude.

Further violence in the Shenandoah,  
Pa., coal district prevented by the ar-  
rival of troops.

The Astoria, Or., coal bunkers, val-  
ued at \$30,000, were completely de-  
stroyed by fire.

A stevedore in Portland, Or., drowned  
from a falling scaffold. Ten other  
narrowly escaped.

By settlement of the wage scale,  
60,000 iron and steel workers will re-  
sume work in Ohio.

Four masked men held up an expres-  
sman on the Burlington road, near Lin-  
coln, Neb., and a very large sum was  
secured.

E. J. Clough, of Arlington, Or., esti-  
mates the wheat crop of Gilliam county  
at 1,000,000 bushels. Some think the  
output will reach 1,500,000 bush-  
els.

The United States transport Port  
Albert sailed from Seattle for the Phil-  
ippines with 509 cavalry horses and a  
cargo of forage and commissary sup-  
plies.

Fire destroyed the large grainhouse  
and elevators on the Atlantic dock,  
Brooklyn, causing a loss of \$100,000 to  
buildings and contents. Forty-five  
thousand bushels of oats were de-  
stroyed.

The United States transport Grant  
arrived at San Francisco from the Phil-  
ippines and China, bringing home  
over 500 discharged soldiers, including  
200 sick and wounded and 30 dead  
bodies. There were 11 deaths during  
the voyage.

Methuen completely routed a Boer  
convoy at Hart river, west of Klerks-  
dorp, and recaptured a 15-pounder lost  
at Colenso. He also captured 26 wag-  
ons, 8,000 cattle, 4,000 sheep, 20,000  
rounds of ammunition and 28 prisoners.

A special dispatch from Lo Renco  
Marques says that Boers arriving there  
report that collisions are occurring on  
the frontier between Portuguese troops  
and burghers, whom the former wish  
to disarm on entering Portuguese ter-  
ritory. Several have been wounded  
and further fighting is feared.

Mayor James G. Woodward, of At-  
lanta, Ga., was impeached for intoxica-  
tion.

The Lehigh Valley railroad has abol-  
ished the custom of carrying newsboys  
on trains.

The largest portion of the town of  
Whitewood, N. W. T., was demolished  
by a tornado.

Exports from the United States dur-  
ing the past fiscal year increased to  
every section of the globe.

## ALL LEAVING PEKIN

### Even German Legation Will Move Elsewhere.

#### TROOPS TO QUIT BEFORE WINTER

Chinese Capital is an Empty Prize—  
Probably Last Aggressive Act  
of the American Force.

Chicago, Sept. 25.—The Record has  
the following from Peking, under date  
of September 18:

Changes in the plans of the allied  
commanders indicate the evacuation of  
Pekin before the winter sets in. The  
British leaders have countermanded the  
order for extensive winter supplies and  
the Americans are also making evident  
preparations for departure. At the  
same time all foreign residents have  
been warned to prepare to leave Peking.  
The German legation will soon move  
elsewhere and the Russians are already  
withdrawing to Tien Tsin and other  
stations in Manchuria. It is also  
extremely likely that the Japanese  
will make the town of Nagasaki their  
winter base instead of some Chinese  
town as was originally their intention.  
The missionaries are protesting  
against this "desertion."

From North China come reports of a  
long series of disturbances. The at-  
tempted control of the local authorities  
there is synonymous with anarchy and  
the country is only safe where floats  
the allied flags. Native Christians are  
still being attacked and besieged in  
many different places in the province  
of Chi Li.

The allies are beginning to realize  
that the city of Peking is, after all, an  
empty prize. Communication between  
the foreign forces, the envoys and the  
imperial government is next to impos-  
sible. The new capital in the province  
of Shen Si is 400 miles from Peking and  
the journey has to be made by cart,  
which requires at least 60 days.

There has been a change in the  
American front in the direction of an  
aggressiveness which will probably be  
the last important demonstration before  
the evacuation. General Wilson, with  
800 United States infantry, 600 British  
and six guns, slightly aided by a  
German column, marched against the  
Boxer city of Pei Ta Chu, 16 miles  
northwest of Peking, and surrounded it  
with the intention of capturing an  
arsenal there. A courier reports to-  
day that General Wilson's attack was  
successful from the first. There were  
no losses on the foreign side.

For the present all campaign plans  
mean guerilla warfare. Both the military  
and the topographical situation in  
China forbid anything else.

Efforts at pacification have resulted  
in the return of a small number of peo-  
ple to business. The jealous guarding  
of the forbidden city by the allies  
makes the Chinese believe that the  
foreign leaders are afraid to desecrate  
it.

The American authorities here in-  
tend to urge the severe punishment of  
the persons guilty of the Pao Ting Pa  
murders. Summary vengeance will,  
if they can effect it, be exacted for the  
slaughter of the Sincoese and the  
Hodges and Pitkin party.

#### Much Property Destroyed.

Scranton, Texas, Sept. 25.—A cloud-  
burst in the valley of the Neuses river  
Saturday night did much damage to  
property, and also, according to re-  
ports received here, resulted in loss of  
life on ranches in that vicinity. The  
Neuses at Uvalde rose 25 feet in two  
hours time and broke the bridges. A  
number of ranches were inundated and  
one English sheepman, Ethelbert Mac-  
donald, together with some Mexican  
sheepherders, are said to have lost  
their lives on a ranch in the mountains  
near Brackett. Reports from a colony  
of nomadic Indians say that two lost  
their lives.

#### Wandered Across the Country.

Denver, Sept. 25.—P. Charles  
Murphy, a New York undertaker, and  
son of Felix Murphy, ex-assembly  
man of the Second district, New York,  
has been wandering aimlessly over the  
country since early in July. Yester-  
day he appeared at police headquarters  
attired in overalls and jumper, his  
hands calloused from hard work, and  
asked to have his wife communicated  
with and told of his condition. He  
remembered nothing since the Fourth  
of July, which he spent in New York,  
until he suddenly realized while stroll-  
ing along the streets of Denver that he  
was in a strange city. He attributes  
his mental lapse to excessive use of  
patent bottles prescribed by a physician  
as a tonic.

#### Lost on the Grand Banks.

St. John's, N. F., Sept. 25.—An un-  
known American fishing vessel found-  
ered on the Grand Banks in last week's  
gale and all of her crew, about 20 in  
number, perished. The French "bank-  
er," Thornton F. Jard and 15 of her  
crew were lost, while six escaped. The  
schooner Eddie lost three men. The  
schooner Dolphin was dismantled and  
lost five men. A number of other ves-  
sels were greatly damaged and many of  
the fishermen who were away in boats  
overhauling their trawls when the gale  
arose were drowned.

#### Three Feet of Rainfall.

Calcutta, Sept. 24.—The extraordi-  
nary rainfall in Northern India has not  
ceased for four days. Half the city of  
Calcutta is submerged and even in the  
northern part the streets are flooded to  
a depth of three feet. Many houses  
have collapsed. Thus far, there has  
been but little loss of life, although as  
the rain continues very heavy, there is  
considerable apprehension. It is esti-  
mated that 25 inches of rain have  
fallen in Calcutta.

## HOME FOR BURIAL.

Remains of Soldiers and Sailors Will  
Be Brought From the Orient.

Washington, Sept. 22.—Colonel  
William S. Patten, of the quartermas-  
ter department, on duty at the war de-  
partment, has completed arrangements  
for the free transportation to the United  
States of the remains of soldiers and  
sailors and civilians who lost their  
lives and were buried in the island pos-  
sessions of the United States and  
China. According to the present plans  
of the department a burial corps will  
take passage on the transport Hancock,  
scheduled to leave San Francisco on  
October 1 for the Philippines.

At the request of the secretary of the  
navy the same burial corps will under-  
take to perform similar service with  
respect to officers and enlisted men of  
the navy and marine corps buried in  
China and the islands of the Pacific.  
The corps will be in charge of D. H.  
Rhodes, inspector of national cemeter-  
ies, who was sent to the Philippines in  
November, 1899, on a similar errand.  
When the transport stops at Honolulu  
to coal, the bodies buried there will be  
taken up and made part of her cargo.  
Similar action will be taken at the  
Island of Guam and in the Philippines.

Colonel Patten says that the prevail-  
ing conditions in China will scarcely  
render practicable any disinterment  
in that country earlier than next  
spring. The remains recovered are to  
be given honorable burial in the  
United States at places selected by  
next of kin. In all cases where not  
otherwise ordered, interment will be  
made in the national cemeteries, with  
preference for the cemetery at the  
Presidio at San Francisco and Arling-  
ton, near Washington.

The approximate number of the re-  
mains to be exhumed is 1,331, distrib-  
uted in the following places:  
Honolulu, 36 enlisted men of the  
army and one marine, Guam, eight  
men of the navy, China, two officers  
of the army, 68 enlisted men of the  
army and 37 men of the navy, Phil-  
ippines, 17 officers of the army, 1,168  
enlisted men of the army and 28 men  
of the navy.

## OPPOSED TO ARBITRATION.

Mine Owners Are Not Willing to Settle  
That Way.

Philadelphia, Sept. 22.—"Every-  
thing quiet and orderly," is the report  
that comes from the strike region. A  
few more miners joined the strikers'  
ranks today, but not many.

The temper of the mineowners on  
the question of arbitration, as indicated  
in interviews and statements given  
today, is very much against the propo-  
sition. Nevertheless, Pathe  
Phillips came from the Hazleton district  
tonight and is with Archbishop Ryan  
in consultation on the subject very near  
and dear to his heart—the quick settle-  
ment of the strike by arbitration or  
any other honorable means. Protestant  
clergymen in Hazleton have also taken  
up the matter and will endeavor to  
bring the opposing elements together  
amicably. The coal scarcity is more  
keenly felt today, and, although the  
Reading Company is mining and ship-  
ping its usual quota of anthracite, deal-  
ers are finding it hard to get as much  
as they need. The tonnage of the other  
great coal-carrying companies is  
gradually diminishing, however, and  
in the natural order of things, unless  
the strike is settled, will soon cease al-  
together from some districts.

Somewhat vague reports are com-  
ing in of preparation on the part of the  
sheriffs and coal companies for a pos-  
sible clash with the reckless element  
among the strikers. Nearly everybody  
believes that trouble must come, yet  
there has been no sign of an outbreak,  
and the men appear to be well handled  
by their leaders.

## DARING BANK ROBBERY.

Three Desperadoes Held Up a Winnemucca  
Institution.

Reno, Nev., Sept. 22.—A special to  
the Gazette from Winnemucca, Nev.,  
says:

The First National bank was robbed  
at noon today by three men, who en-  
tered the front door and made all pres-  
ent throw up their hands. There were  
five people in the bank, Cashier Nixon,  
Assistant Cashier McBride, Book-  
keeper Hill, Stenographer Calhoun,  
and a horseboy named Johnson. One  
robber made Cashier Nixon open the  
safe and take from it three sacks of  
gold coin.

They threw this into an ore sack, to-  
gether with all the gold coin in the  
office drawer. The robbers then  
marched the five men out through a  
back door to an alley, where they had  
three horses waiting. The men were  
kept covered with guns until the des-  
peradoes mounted their horses and es-  
caped. An alarm was quickly given  
and several shots were fired at the  
desperadoes as they sped through town,  
but without effect. The robbers re-  
turned the shot, but no one was hit.  
The officers and armed citizens have  
started in pursuit and a posse has also  
started from Golconda to head them  
off. The amount secured by the rob-  
bers is in the neighborhood of \$15,000.

## Explosion in a Bohemian Mine.

Dux, Bohemia, Sept. 22.—An explo-  
sion occurred at the Frisch Gluck mine  
yesterday. Thirty-five persons were  
killed and 15 injured. Five persons  
are missing.

## Justin McCarthy Retires.

London, Sept. 22.—Justin McCarthy,  
the novelist and historian, who has  
been a member of parliament for North  
Lancashire since 1892 and who was  
formerly chairman of the Irish parlia-  
mentary party, announces his retirement  
from public life on account of failing  
health.

#### More Plague in Glasgow.

Glasgow, Sept. 22.—Two additional  
cases of bubonic plague have been re-  
ported.

## GALE STRUCK NOME

### Worst Storm Ever Known in Northwestern Alaska.

#### 500 PEOPLE ARE NOW HOMELESS

Number of Lives Believed to Have Been  
Lost—Loss to Property 1.  
Over \$500,000.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 26.—The  
steamer Roanoke brings news of the  
most disastrous storm at Nome. It  
raged with unusual violence for nearly  
two days up to the evening of Septem-  
ber 13, and was the severest that ever  
visited Northwestern Alaska.

A number of barges and lighters were  
driven ashore and totally wrecked.  
All along the beach for miles, both east  
and west of Nome, the wind and water  
have created havoc with tents and  
mining machinery. A number of lives  
are believed to have been lost. It is  
known that Andrew A. Ryan, of Los  
Angeles, was drowned. Several cap-  
tains and seamen on small tugs are  
missing, and it is thought they are  
lost. Fully 500 people are homeless,  
while the loss to property is over  
\$500,000. There is not an alley lead-  
ing to the beach that is not filled with  
debris. Many of the front street  
buildings abutting on the beach have  
been damaged. Numerous small build-  
ings were swept completely away. The  
damage to the buildings, tents, house-  
hold effects, merchandise and other  
goods and chattels is seen everywhere  
along the water front.

The heaviest individual losers are  
probably the Alaska Commercial Com-  
pany and the Wild Goose Mining &  
Trading Company. A serious loss is  
the disappearance of over 2,000 tons of  
coal.

Captain French, in command of the  
troops, has thrown open the government  
reservation to those rendered homeless  
by the storm, and will extend such  
other assistance as is possible.

## STRUCK BY A TORNADO.

A Barn Dropped on a Saloon in a Mich-  
igan Town.

Indianapolis, Sept. 26.—A special to  
the Times from Faribault, Minn., says:  
Meager details have just reached  
here of a catastrophe which visited the  
village of Morrilton, 10 miles west  
of Faribault, shortly after 6 o'clock  
this evening. The village was struck  
by a tornado and a barn was raised in  
the air and dropped directly on top of  
Paul Gatsche's saloon, where 16 peo-  
ple had taken refuge from the storm.  
The saloon collapsed, and all its occu-  
pants were buried in the debris. At  
present it is said that eight dead bodies  
and three injured persons have been  
taken from the ruins.

The storm came without warning,  
from a southwesterly direction. The  
length of its path in the village was  
less than half a mile, but, owing to  
its peculiar action, the distress and  
damage resulting were not as great as  
they might have been.

The storm made jumps of one block,  
but whenever it came down every-  
thing was crumpled by the power of  
the wind. A barn belonging to Dr.  
Dargabel on the outskirts of the village  
was the first structure destroyed. It  
was picked up and carried a block,  
leaving the floor uninjured, with two  
horses standing on it. Before reaching  
the Gatsche saloon there is a two-story  
building, which was left untouched.  
All the people killed and injured in  
Morrilton were in the saloon, having  
hurriedly taken refuge there when the  
storm was seen on the outskirts of the  
village. There were 16 people in the  
structure at the time the storm struck.  
The building was crushed like an egg-  
shell. Before the building fell three  
people managed to escape, but the  
others are found in the lists of dead  
and injured.

After leaving the saloon the storm  
crossed the street and destroyed the  
barn of J. G. Temple, and took the roof  
from the barn of W. M. Bigoli. It  
then crossed the Cannon river and de-  
stroyed the barn of Adam Snyder, kill-  
ing several hogs. The storm then  
passed off to the northeast, and did no  
further damage. Before reaching the  
town the storm descended on the farm  
of John Olsen and killed a hired man  
named Peterson.

## Forest and Grass Fire.

Santa Rosa, Cal., Sept. 26.—A for-  
est and grass fire which has been burn-  
ing in the vicinity of Occidental the  
past three days today assumed vast  
proportions. The fire has covered a  
space of about 100 miles square, and is  
estimated to have done over \$25,000  
damage. Only by hard work was the  
town of Occidental saved. The fire is  
now travelling south, owing to a strong  
north wind. The North Pacific rail-  
road lost miles of track, in addition to  
two long trestles, one 219 feet, and  
other 300 feet in length.

Three county bridges are in ruins,  
and about 18 farms have been swept  
clean of their buildings and crops.  
The towns of Freestone, Bodega and  
Sebastopol are in immediate danger.  
Nearly 1,000 people are fighting the  
fire.

Germany believes all the powers but  
America will approve her policy.

## Six Persons Perished.

St. Louis, Sept. 26.—Dispatches  
from Neuses river valley, Texas, say  
in a little Mexican village, La Agila,  
on Gallardo creek, a branch of the  
Neuses, not a house is left standing as  
a result of the flood. A Mexican fam-  
ily of four and two American campers,  
supposed to have been deer hunters  
from Eagle Pass, perished. All efforts  
to get word from Brackettville, which  
was wrecked by a flood a year ago,  
failed, owing to the washing away of the  
telegraph wires.

## Five Tramps Killed.

Cincinnati, O., Sept. 24.—In a  
freight wreck on the Queen & Crescent  
route at Sadeville, Ky., today, five  
tramps were killed and a sixth badly  
injured.

#### Manchester Cotton Spinners.

Manchester, Eng., Sept. 24.—After  
the meeting of the cotton spinners here  
today, it was decided to recommend  
that all the members of the trade using  
American cotton stop their mills for  
the first 12 working days of October.

## VOLCANO UNDER THE SEA.

Strange Sight at the Southern Mouth of  
the Gulf of Mexico.

New York, Sept. 26.—Captain Lyd-  
dle, of the British steamship King  
Bladdin, which arrived here today,  
brought a tale of the discovery of a sub-  
marine volcano on the northeastern  
edge of the Campeche bank, at the  
mouth of the Gulf of Mexico. The  
location was 103 miles north of Cape  
Taché, the nearest point of land. The  
captain said that late in the afternoon  
of September 16 he saw a great volume  
of vapor one mile