The thought of founding an association that would preserve the friendships and memories of their common trials and dangers among the men who fought for the Union during the Civil War was conceived by the Rev. William J. Rutledge, of Petersburg, Ill., who, during the war, was chaplain of the Fourteenth Illinois Infantry. Chaplain Rutledge was the tentmate and intimate friend of Dr. B. F. Stephensonafter the latter joined the Fourteenth Regiment in 1862. To him he suggested his iden, and they agreed to work to-

respondence, however, and in March. and ready for the transaction of any Washington, D. C. The fifth national 1866, met, by appointment, in Spring and all business that might come befield, Ill., to consider the draft of a rit- force it. At the regular meeting on ual for the organization which they in- April 10, 1890, N. G. Burns, Henry Gor- chief. tended to found. Dr. Stephenson had man, N. E. Winholtz, W. H. Andrews prepared such a draft and consulted and W. H. B. Rowe were mustered in many former officers of the Union army as new members of the post. in reference to it, among them Col. John | in the meantime Major Stephenson Edward Prince, and many others.

Maj. B. F. Stephenson was the mov- of organizing posts. ing spirit of the movement, and devoted himself to his task with great in March 1866

The first post was founded in Decafur, Ill., through the efforts of Dr. the State. The convention was called 1889 397,974

WOMEN WHO SELL PAPERS. Comparatively Few of the Sex in the Business in Chicago.

There are not many women in Chie ousiness of selling newspapers on the street, but those who do are not lacking in persistency, says the Chronicle. They have several advantages over boys, one being their sex and age, which appeal to buyers of papers; another is a commotion on the street does not divert them from their calling. Their memory of faces is remarkable. When a man buys a paper twice of a woman he is looked upon as a regular customer, and if he does not keep it up from day to day she puts on the look of one who is injured. This little trick works well. Not a few men will make it a point to defer purchasing until they reach her street corner. Not a few men regard the patronizing of such persons as a sort of charity and that makes them like to put themselves out a little to do it. All these characteristics of men the woman vender of newspapers understands, and with every sale there goes with the paper a look and a smile which make the buyer feel in his soul that he is ameliorating the condition of the poor and he comes

Nearly all women street venders of newspapers in Chicago are consider-



WOMAN NEWSPAPER DEALER. ably past middle age, and their makeup is one of genteel poverty-of "I have seen better days." Some who sew dur- while employed in nest-building and in balanced, take longer views, and are, ing the day spend an hour or two in the later afternoon and early evening selling papers, because they need the recreation and air, besides they make a little money out of it, which is a great help to them in meeting expenses.

There are a few newspaper sellers who fetch a child with them to the street, which serves as a manufacturer of sympathy. The child may belong to the woman who has it, and it may be borrowed for the occasion. The latter becomes a pretty self-evident fact when the child does not always put in its appearance, and especially so when the child bears no likeness of the woman and they act one toward the other as if there was no bond of relationship existing between them. The child's part in the play for sympathy and trade is a conspicuous one. If it is not too large it is carried in the woman's arms while she stands and on her lap while she sits, but in any event it is kept well to the foreground as a childish appeal sweet warbling of the song-sparrow. for paironage. It is a good card, and even men and women who believe it is thrilling music of the wood-thrush. all a play cannot always resist the promptings of their sympathy. Such large group as song birds, and even women move from place to place. They that never sing at all. Birds are groupare on one street corner to-day, another to-morrow, and somewhere else the ed according to their anatomical charnext day. They do not work for reguacteristics, the structure of their bones, lar customers-that is, those who borrow bables for the occasion.

diana, Oliver P. Morton, attended the encampment and was received with great enthusiasm. gether for the purpose of organizing J. W. Routh and Capt. M. F. Kanan, of such an association after the close of that city. It was organized by Major til Jan. 15-17, 1868, and was held at Philadelphia, John A. Logan, of Illi-Stephenson and Captain Phelps on nois, was elected commander-in-chief.

After peace had been restored both April 6, 1826. The officers were muswere mustered out and returned to tered in by Major Stephenson, who

M. Snyder, Governor Oglesby's secre- and his comrades worked hard to pertary; Dr. James Hamilton, Maj. Rob- feet the constitution, which was finally ert M. Woods, Maj. Robert Allen, Col. accepted at a meeting in Springfield. 31,016 members, while at the present Martin Flood, Col. Daniel Grass, Col. May 9, 1866. It was printed in Springfield, and copies were sent to the Deca- 453 members. The greatest number of The ritual was finally adopted and tur Post No. 1 on May 15, followed members was reached in 1890, when printed in the office of the Decatur, III. shortly after by copies of the revised the national organization comprised Tribune, which was owned by I. W. ritual. According to the constitution 409,489 members in good standing Coltrin and Joseph Pryor. Both men, the name of the national organization After this it is expected that the numas well as nearly all their employes, was to be "The Grand Army of the Re- ber will steadily decrease, owing to the had been in the military service during public," and precinct, county and State mortality among the veterans. the war. They were all pledged to the organizations were provided for. Prior Following is a list showing the numutmost secreey. Capt. John S. Phelps to the formal institution of Post No. 2 ber of members of the Grand Army superintended the printing of the rit- at Springfield a departmental staff and during the years from 1878 to the presbeen agreed upon to prosecute the work | ent time:

The first State convention or encampment to form the Department of Illienergy and enthusiasm. His friends nois was held at Springfield, III., on succeeded in interesting many other July 12, 1896. At that time there were officers and men of the Union army on already thirty-nine Grand Army posts behalf of the proposed organization, in the State of Illinois that had reand it was finally formed in Springfield ceived their charters. The call for the convention was signed by many of the most prominent former army officers in 1888 372,960 1900 286,458

tively as the newsboys hustle. Such

women do not resort to subterfuge.

they claim any favors because of their

sex. They rely upon their push, en-

ergy and perhaps love of the excite-

ment. Anyway, they go about it like a

merchant who knows his goods have

merit and that it is his business to

There are a few quite old women in

the business of selling newspapers on

the street, and their age and feebleness

oblige them to have a regular place to

sit down. They have regular customers

who buy of them out of honest sym-

pathy because it is their chief if not

ever is change asked when a nickel is

given. This class, as a rule, are neat

their gratitude with their eyes rather

than in words. It may be said that

there are no young women in the busi-

streets in Chicago, but there are a num-

ambition to better their condition.

BIRDS THAT DO NOT SING.

They Far Outnumber the Musicians o

the Feathered Family.

Singing is applied to birds in the same

son makes vocal sounds of some kind,

honks, the crow caws, but none of these

far outnumber the musicians. They in

and all the gallinaceous tribes, compris-

cock, the defiant crow of the "bob-

yet it is quite probable that all of these

ounds are uttered with precisely simi-

lar motives to those that inspire the

the clear whistle of the robins or the

But naturalists have set apart a very

occupations.

sing. So it is with birds. The eagle ing.-London Tit-Bits,

proclaim that fact far and near.

There are a few women who are in the matter from the standpoint of the the trade as a business. They are out classifying naturalist. - Philadelphia early and late, always on hand for the Times. first issue of the "Extra," and they push themselves forward quite as a

1880

1881

1884

There is a story told of a shrewd Yankee who began in business without They do not play for sympathy, nor do any capital at all. He borrowed a broody hen from one neighbor and a setting of eggs from another.

1883 215,446 1895 357,639

1885 294,787 1897 319,456

1887 355,916 1899 287,368

273,168 1896 340,610

. 305,662

nois was formally organized.

The first national encampment, in

Grand Army of the Republic was per-

on Nov. 20, 1866. It was called to order

by Commander-in-Chief B. F. Stephen-

son, and Gen. John M. Palmer was

elected permanent president of the

convention. The war Governor of In-

The second national encampment of

the Grand Army did not take place un-

He was re-elected at the following two

encampment was held at Boston and

elected A. E. Burnside commander-in-

During the first years of its exist-

ence the growth of the Grand Army of

the Republic was comparatively slow,

and not until the latter part of the '70s

did its marvelous growth really begin.

In 1878 the Grand Army comprised but

Having set the hen he soon had a fine brood of chicks, but was now in : dilemma as to how he could pay back those eggs.

He finally solved the difficulty by keeping the hen until she had laid the required number of eggs, when he returned both the ben and the eggs, and guessed he had as fine a lot of chickas as anybody. And about as cheap too. There are men in western Ne their only means of support, and rarely braska who claim a good start from a borrowed cow, but the operation can hardly have been as smooth as this .and clean in appearance and express

> Silencing the Boaster. A certain man was very much given to bragging about grand relations and

ness of selling newspapers on the connections, though he was not alber of girls ranging in age from 8 to 12 ways quite convincing. On one occasion he was particularly

years, and nearly all of them are bold, tiresome, bolding forth about "Lady persistent and always chewing gum. They look untidy and seem to have no Blank, whom I met yesterday, a connection of mine through Lord So and-So and the Earl of Nobody," and so on. A Scotsman present sald, quietly: "That reminds me o' a man I knew. who said he was a relation o' the Duke o' Argyll, and explained it this way:

'The duke's piper's sister's wee laddle sense that it is to human beings-the has a wee doggle that's ain brither to utterance of musical notes. Every per- my aunt's wee laddie's doggle," The boaster was silent about his but many persons never attempt to grand relations for the rest of the even-

screams, the owl hoots, the wild goose When the outside interference which discordant sounds can be called singis now inevitable shall have removed With the poet, the singing of birds or modified the existing bars to trade means merry, light-hearted joyousness. China will leave Japan far behind from and most of us are poetic enough to the industrial standpoint. The Chinese view it in the same way. Birds sing are as remarkable for their commermost in the spring and the early sum- cial morality as the Japanese are for mer, those happiest seasons of the year, the opposite; they are more solid, better rearing their young. Many of our most in short, more merchants and less pedmusical singers are silent all the rest diers than the same class in Japan, and of the year; at least they utter only low the natural resources of their immense chirpings. It is natural, therefore, that country are such as Japan cannot hope

the returning spring, and in their happy disastrous natural convulsions. Boats to Run in Six Inches of Water. Outside of what are properly classed Two distinct curiosities in American as song birds there are many species shipbuilding have been recently comthat never pretend to sing; in fact, these pleted in San Francisco. They are stern-wheel launches that, when loadclude the waterbirds of every kind, both ed, will draw but six inches of water. swimmers and waders, all the birds of They have met all tests so far successprey, eagles, hawks, owls and vultures; fully, and with their light, compact little engines, easily make seven knots ing pheasants, partridges, turkeys and an hour in a six-inch water basin. chickens. The gobble of the turkey They are to be used in the Amoor river, Liberia, a shallow stream of local white," are none of them true singing;

commercial importance. Only Three Seminole Bands There are to-day but three bands of Seminoles left in Florida. So completely have these people been disintegrated that no tribal relations now exist between them; they have no acknowledged chief, and they recognize no man's among these there are many species authority. They number about 600.

Next to a nagging wife is a fathe who is always reminding his children bills, feet and wings. And thus we of what they have cost him, and that bave the songless song birds, looking at they ought to pay him back.

FALLACIOUS PROFITS.

distake of a Bookeeper in a Yearly Balance Sheet. It is doubtful if any modern promoter has hit upon a simpler scheme to swell the assets on his balance sheet than that which has been employed by a numble bookkeeper of this city while the century was young.

The year 1801 had been a very pros-

perous one for the merchants of New York, and all looked forward with interest to the first month of the new year, when they would be able to ascertain how much better off they were then than at the same time twelve mouths before. - Notwithstanding his high expectations, it was with a feeling of grateful surprise that the frugal Scotch bachelor, John MacIntosh, received the news from his bookkeeper that he was £2,000 richer by the trans-Walter B. Scates, of Chicago, was elected president. The Department of Illithought the increase in his income warwhich the national organization of the modious lodgings and invested in many fected, was held at Indianapolis, Ind., long-desired luxuries.

Still he could not make out how he and succeeded in accumulating such a large surplus. He ran over the figures again and again to convince himself that they must be right, and every time checked his bookkeeper's totals. Yet the doubt haunted him with a persisteucy as truly Scotch as himself.

He was about to retire one night in early March, when he took out the balance sheet, which he kept handy, and once more endeavored to convince himself of his good fortune. Without waiting to put on his hat, with balance their homes. They kept up a lively corthen declared the post duly organized national encampments at Cincinnatiand sheet in hand, he hurrled to the lodgings of his bookkeeper.

In those days all the good folk of the town retired at the stroke of 9. But MacIntosh's pounding succeeded in awakening the blissfully unconscious clerk, who threw up the window and demanded:

"Who's there?" "Who's here, you dunderskull?" exclaimed the frate merchant. "Do ye ken what ye've doone? Ye've added in operation again would require an time it comprises 7,184 posts, with 286,the year of our Laird to the credits!"-New York Mall and Express.

HOW CHINESE ARE ARMED.

They Have Great Faith in Lanterns, Which They Carry Everywhere. A large part of the success of Chinese-armies in times past has been due to their ability to strike terror to the bearts of their enemies, so every corps has its regiment of "terror strikers," dressed in the most preposterous 1878 31,016 1800 409,489 costumes and drilled in outlandish 1879 44,752 1891 407,781 poses, acrobatic feats and facial grim-60,634 1892 399,880 85,856 1893 307,223 1882 134,701 1894 369,083

Another peculiar part of a Chinese soldier's equipment is his lantern. It Is not to be supposed that they could 24, on his way to San Francisco, and see their way by night unless each car- the deal might have been consummated ried a light, and in one of the recent | September 1 as reported. attacks on Tien-tsin the Chinese forces ing their lanterns on the field.

Still others of the Chinese forces are from this city. first of firearms invented, loaded with powder and shot and touched off at the vent with a stick of lighted incense, These old guns have been in use among the Chinese for upward of 1,500 years. But alongside of these same regi-

ments are others using almost every known kind of modern arms and drilled in the tactics of all the great milltary powers. Over fifteen makes of modern rifles and muskets are known only four of the six claims constitutto be in use in the Chinese armies, and ing the Van Anda group were levied great demoralization has frequently occurred by the dealing out of ammunition for one kind of gun to a regiment that used another. In the main, William Turner, one of the original however, the Chinese have been apt pupils, and whether trained by Rus- raising the money necessary to redeem slans, Germans, French or English officers they have come to use their wea- tion expires. It is also understood he pons with deadly effect.-Leslie's will take up the building improve-

"She's My Mother."

It was at the close of the Knights Templar festivities in Denver, and the depot was crowded to its utmost capaclty-the platforms were packed with humanity like sardines in a box. It was impossible to move a foot in either and is surrounded by a number of other

Suddenly a through train backed in and what a scramble and rush there was. It resulted, of course, in a solid wall of humanity.

At once a lane began to open up in that almost impregnable wall, and the wonder of those there was how such a seeming miracle was possible.

Looking to his right, the gentleman who related the incident, told me that he saw coming toward him a hand- attained. The dredge is in operation located in the Moscow mountains, six some, rosy-cheeked, full-bearded young every hour of the 24, the men working miles from Moscow, and has of late fellow, at least 6 feet 2 in height, broad- three shifts. Every 24 hours 1,500 been showing some good surface indicachested and a giant of healthy young cubic yards of gravel is taken from the tions. manhood. In his arms, held close to bottom of the stream and passed over his heart, was a thin, gray-headed old the treating tables. This may not apwoman, in the last stages of the dread pear to be a large amount at first sight,

mother."

Cans were off; laughter stopped "Stand back, boys; stand back; it is his mother," passed from lip to lip. That's what opened the lane for this bitude. lovers of birds should regard their sing- to compete with, poor as she is in minbig boy and his mother, as he held her ing as purely an expression of joy in eral wealth and subject to the most to his breast, where in the years gone by she had held him and nursed him when he was as belpless as she was

Maybe she's gone by this time, and if she has, I'll wager that she's up there big, young fellow approaches it she'll "Lord, please let him in; he's my boy

and he didn't forget 'his mother.' "-Denver Times.

Did She?

There are certain attractions for which & kind-hearted person would, perhaps, rather not be responsible. It is said that some one remarked to Count d'Orsay, concerning his wife: "What a charming, pensive expres sion Lady Harriet has!"

"She owes that to me," was the reply,

Golf and Profanity. McJigger-The last time I saw Niblack be spoke of swearing off golf again, but that looks like him going over the links now. Thingumbob-Yes. There he is, of

swearing again.-Philadelphia Press.

THE NORTHWEST MINES OF

IRONDALE WORKS SOLD.

Pass Into the Hands of Mr. Hill, the Claims His Mine in Jackson County, terially enlarge at the East, and the Great Northern King.

nounced sale of the Irondale iron fur- old Spokane prospector, has come nounced sale of the frontaile fron full black to an agent of James J. Hill, home, bringing with him a sackful of disturb are realized, current operation which is said to have taken place at fabulously rich ore that was taken from which is said to have taken place at intollously the Bill Nye, in Jackson foundation. The most importanted no little comment here. Whether it county, Oregon. The ore assays \$40, means the starting up of the plant 000 in gold to the ton. In speaking of the agreement on the tin plate was again, or whether the property has the rich strike, Mr. Nye said: been purchased merely for the water "The great pay chute is ten inches tion, granting about 8 per cent admin tion of debate. .

the sale of the plant have gone for- taken out \$12,000 in gold ore. ward. The deal was to have included valuable iron deposits on Texada islactions of the year. That was a large and, B. C., but the owners of the latsum in those days, and Macintosh ter property, the Puget Sound Iron Company, which is composed of the ranted a change in his mode of living. stockholders of the Irondale property, Accordingly he engaged more com- refused to dispose of the island iron mines, so the furnace machinery and a large amount of land at and near Irondale was sold without the iron mines in British Columbia.

On the lands included in the deal, but lying some miles from the furnace at Irondale, are valuable iron deposits and ore from the mines there was used in connection with Texada ore during the time the furnace was in operation. The combining of the two ores made excelient iron, and a large amount of it was used in the construction of the crusier Charleston, built by the Union Iron Works.

There are other valuable deposits of iron in Jefferson county, in the Olympic mountains, bordering on Hood canal, and easy of access to the Irondale works. These iron deposits have been thoroughly prospected by experts great produces of copper whenever capduring the past six years, who were here in the interest of Mr. Hill, and the belief here is that the works at Irondale will be put in operation again. The iron works, including machinery,

cost \$750,000, but at present are not worth half that, and to put the furnace oven is a wreck, the stack out of date, the air compressor being about all the machinery that could be utilized to advantage. It is doubtful if the works be with a view of putting in a shipbuilding plant. Dr. H. C. Willison, one of the

stockholders, who returned from San Aberdeen from Skagway. The bulk of Francisco a few days ago, when seen this wealth was owned by three men. about the sale of the property, said he Frank E. Skagerlind, H. Carlson and had not before heard of the deal being William Pricharl. closed, but admitted that agents were negotiating for the works. He also CAPACITY OF FIFTY DRILLS. said one of the men representing Mr. Hill passed through Seattle, August

VAN ANDA PROPERTY SOLD. Attorney Bannon Now Has Practical Control of It.

Anda property on Olive creek. At the he bid in the property for \$700 in the for years to come. interest of the judgment creditors. As upon, the deficit of judgment, amounting to \$400 will have to be met by the sale of the remaining two claims. owners of the Van Anda, has hopes of the property before the time of redempments, which were some time ago sold as personal property on execution. This mine at one time ranked as a valtable property, and this it may be yet. about \$1,200 worth of development work has been done and about \$1,000 has been spent on buildings. The mine is located on Quebec mountain, promising properties.

DREDGING THE GOLD.

British Columbia.

Kamloops, B. C., Sept. 10 .- The big dredge is an undertaiking of great mag- during which he will visit the princi-

Big Sale of Mining Stock.

Portland, Sept. 10 .- The stock of the Musick Mining & Milling Com. a dividend of \$25,000, which is 5 per pany, one of the best-known properties | cent on the new capitalization, in the Bohemia district, was placed on she has, I'll wager that she's up there sale at the Oregon Mining Exchange Grande, Or., this winter, says the and 123,450 shares were sold during Journal. The market is begging althe first call, at 10 cents per share. ready, and one man who ought to 2014c; do seconds, 19c per pound. The Musick is a good producer, nearly know estimates that there are not 80 \$150,000 having been taken from that cords in all the acres of timber within

BIG SUIT IN IDAHO. Valuable Mine Is Wanted by Different Alleged Owners.

Weiser, Idaho, Sept. 10 .- A suit for weiser, mano, sept. 10. A surface 20 miles from ratouse, will begin be partition and seven-sixteenths of the ship soon. A rate of \$5 per ton to Ta-Peacock, Helena and White Monument come or Everett has been secured. mines in the Seven Devils, valued at Only lack of capital prevented the Weiser. The remaining nine-sixteenths of the property is under bond for \$1,500,000, and the payments on it have been made regularly for some The Douglas county board of equaltime. It is one of the most important ization reduced the assessment of railthe Sevan Devils is involved.

SPOKANE MAN FEELS RICH.

Or., Is a Wonder. Port Townsend, Sept. 10.-The an- Spokane, Sept. 10.-H. B. Nye, an

frontage and other purposes is a ques- wide and the native gold is visible all to 35,000 hands long idle. through it. On July 25 I bonded the For the past year negotiations for claim for \$600 and by August 6 I had

DIADEM GOLD ORE.

Good Showing Made at the Baker City Sampling Works.

Baker City, Or., Sept. 10 .- Returns from the Baker City sampling works, for the last carload shipment made by the Diadem Gold Mining Company, show a net value of \$1,018.94. The report gives 6.20 ounces of gold, nine ounces of silver and \$115.80 value to the ton. The company's property is located in the Greenhorn district, about five miles from Robinsville, and the owners are Montana capitalists. The previous shipment ran \$130.50 to the ton and netted \$800.24.

Samples of ore from the coppe ledges on Goose creek, near the Dolly Varden, are on display in Baker City. They show rich deposits of the red metal, and those who have visited there say the district shows a wonderful surface indication, and it is the opinion of those who are making the investigation that the district will be a ital and practical mining are employed.

GOLD KEEPS COMING.

Klondike Shipments to Seattle Do Not Fall Off Much.

Seattle, Sept. 10 .- In round figures \$700,000 worth of Klondike gold was brought to this city by the steamer expenditure of \$200,000. The hot City of Seattle from Skagway. The shipment included a single consignment of \$539,760 by the Canadian Bank of Commerce of Dawson to the Seattle government assay office. A will be run again as a smelting plant, steel box containing \$43,200 is shipped but the purchase of the property may out by James Brown, who was not, however, a passenger on the vessel. Nearly \$20,000 worth of Klondike treasure was received by the steamer

> Standard Mine at Wallace Is Putting in a Big Plant.

Wailace, Idaho, Sept. 10 .- The Standard Mining Company is putting Some of the finest water frontage on in a new air compressor and electric advanced, each soldier carrying his Port Townsend bay lies at Irondale. plant at the mine. The foundation is lantern. The allies waited until the It is securely sheltered from all storms, completed and some of the machinery Chinese were within easy distance and and the water is of a depth of from is on the ground. The new compressor then opened on them with a rapid-fire eight fathoms at the shore to 32 will have a capacity of 50 drills, the gun, whereupon the Chinese fled, leav- fathoms in the center of the bay. The present being only of 15 drills. In place lies about seven miles up the bay putting it in the company is looking far into the future. The 15-drill com- flour, \$3.25; rye flour, \$3.80@4.00. pressor is nearly large enough at present, and the company does not desire to work over 20 drills if they had ever so much power, but to put in such a compressor would only mean the addi-Baker City, Or., Sept. 10 .- Attorney tion of still another new plant a most P. J. Bannon, formerly of Portland, before this one would be running, so now as practical control of the Van it was decided while the change was being made to get a machine that execution sale, held in Canyon City. would be large enough to do the work

STEVENS PEAK PROPERTY

Bonded for \$40,000 and Development Work Begins at Once.

Wallace, Idaho, Sept. 10 .- A deal has been made by which William Williams and John W. Perglase, of Milwaukee, undertake to develop the Wonderful group on Stevens peak, securing a working bond from the owners for \$40,000. This is the group on which 16 feet of galena was struck a lew weeks ago, when ground sluicing bunting for the location of the ledg where it crossed a creek. Since the ore has also been found in another lo cation. The group includes three claims, the Wonderful, Oro Fino and Aguinaldo. Work begins at once in cutting a trail from the Northern Pacific to the property, and is to be pursued continuously during the year for which agreement runs.

To Develop the White Cross.

Moscow, Idaho, Sept. 10 .- An offer is said to have been made by a Spokane gold dredge on the Fraser river near man to drive 535 feet of tunnel and Lytton, B C., has been in operation shaft on the White Cross for a half infor the past month and the owner is terest in the property. He proposed more than satisfied with the results to sink 200 feet. The White Cross is

Dr. Withycombe, vice-director of the monster—consumption. As he came but when it is understood that this periment station, has departed for Sac-Corvallis, Or., agricultural college exmeans in the neighborhood of 2,000 ramento, where he is to act as one of "She's my mother, boys; she's my tons dead weight, and that during the the judges of the fine stock display at day over 10,000 tons of water are used the California state fair. Shortly after in the washing process, it will be evi- his return to Oregon he will leave for dent to anyone the workings of the the East, for a two months' absence, pal stations of the country.

Good Dividend for Small Mine, Nelson, B. C., Sept. 10 .- The Athbasca mine near this place will declare

Wood promises to be wood in La property. A stamp mill is in operation a radius of 10 miles. Large loads are now being hauled from Summerville.

Bishop Mine Will Soon Ship Ore. Palouse, Wash., Sept. 10,-The Bishop claim, on Jerome creek, about 20 miles from Palouse, will begin to mine form shipping earlier in the season, for there are several hundred tons of ore on the dump.

mining suits ever begun in Idaho and road rolling stock from \$608 to \$500 a some of the most valuable property in mile. Few material changes were made in the rolls.

WEEKLY TRADE REVIEW

Labor Conditions Affecting Business

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review trade says:

The volume of business does not a is only moderate improvement at a West and South, but if expectation greater activity when politics ceases will be found to have laid a subof the week in the industrial world w scale with the amalgamated assess

Prices of grain are little altend good crop reports coming in freely, by the effect is being neutralized by the foreign estimate of a world's crop is low requirements. Business in iron and steel product

steadily increased, and mills are nor actively employed. October 1 is me tioned as the probable date of a general resumption. Railroads have refused to make a

ductions in freight rates, which it was hoped would increase exports. Last week's shipments of boots as shoes from Boston were only 70,34 cases, against 71,277 in the previous week, and for the year thus far the crease, compared with 1899, he

amounted to 254,315 cases,

Sales of wool at the three chief Fan ern markets declined to 2,833.00 p unds, against 4,234,700 pounds the previous week; 9,245,200 last yes In the woolen market there is rather deceptive appearance of greater activity. Bulk of business in lar lines recently put out a substitute is

Standard goods and a lower price. Failures for the week were 145 h the United States, against 132 lar year, and 24 in Canada, against 10 lar

PACIFIC COAST TRADE.

Seattle Markets

Onions, new, 11/4c. Lettuce, hot house, \$1 per crate. Potatoes, new. \$15. Beets, per sack, 85c@\$1. Turnips, per sack, 75c. Squash-4c. Carrots, per sack, \$1.00

Parsnips, per sack, \$1.25. Cauliflower, native, 75c. Cucumbers-10@20c. Cabbage, native and California 2c per pounds. Tomatoes-40@60c.

Butter-Creamery, 26c; Eastern to dairy, 16@19c; ranch, 14c pound, Eggs-25c. Cheese-12c.

Poultry-12c; dressed, 14c; spring 13@15c. Hay-Puget Sound timothy, \$11.00 @12.00; choice Eastern Washington

timothy, \$16.00. Corn-Whole, \$28.00; cracked, \$3 feed meal, \$25. Barley-Rolled or ground, per ton,

Flour-Patent, per barrel, \$3.50 blended straights, \$3.25; California \$3,25; buckwheat flour, \$6.00; gaham, per barrel, \$3.00; whole wheat Millstuffs-Bran, per ton, \$12.00

shorts, per ton, \$14.00. Feed-Chopped feed, \$19.00 per tox middlings, per ton, \$20; oil cake med, per ton. \$30.00.

Fresh Meats-Choice dressed bed steers, price 75c; cows, 7c; mutton 7 1/2; pork, 8c; trimmed, 9c; veal, 94

Hams-Large, 18c; small, 13% breakfast bacon, 12c; dry salt slds 8 lec.

Portland Market. Wheat-Walla Walla, 56@561/g Valley, 57 1/2c; Bluestem, 60c per bushel

Flour-Best grades, \$3.10; graham, \$2.50. Oats-Choice white, 42c; choice gray, 40c per bushel.

Barley-Feed barley, \$15.00@15.50 brewing, \$17.00 per ton. Millstuffs-Bran, \$13.00 ton; mlddlings, \$20; shorts, \$15; chop, \$15 per

Hay-Timothy, \$11@12; clover,\$78 7.50; Oregon wild hay, \$6@7 per ton. Butter-Fancy creamery, 45@500;

store, 27 %c. Eggs-19c per dozen. Cheese-Oregon full cream, 13c; Young America, 14c; new cheese los per pound.

Poultry-Chickens, mixed, \$3.004 4.00 per dozen; hens, \$4.50; springs. \$2.00@8.00; geese, \$6.00@7.00 P ducks, \$3.00@4.00 per dozen; turkers

live. 14@16c per pound. Potatoes-40@ 50c per sack; sweets, 2@214c per pouna. Vegetables-Beets, \$1; turnips, \$1; per sack; garlie, 7c per pound; cab-

bage, 2c per pound; parsnips, \$1; onions, 1 c per pound; carrots, \$1. Hops-2@8c per pound. Wool-Valley, 15@16c per pound; Eastern Oregon, 15@16c; mohair, \$5

per pound. Mutton-Gross, best sheep, wether and ewes, 334c; dressed mutton, 76 712c per pound; lambs, 514c. Hogs-Gross, choice heavy, \$5.00; light and feeders, \$4.50; dressed,

\$5.00@6.50 per 100 pounds. Beef-Gross, top steers, \$4.00@4.56; cows, \$3.50@4.00; dressed beef, 6%@ 7% c per pound. Veal-Large, 616@71c; small, 80 81/2c per pound.

San Francisco Market Wool-Spring-Nevada, 11@18c per

pound; Eastern Oregon, 10@14c; Valley, 16@18c; Northern, 9@10c. Hops-1899 crop, 81 @13c; new crop, 1900, 10@1216c.

Rutter — Fancy creamery 236; do seconds, 21@22c; fancy dairy. Eggs-Store, 17c; fancy ranch,

Millstuffs - Middlings, \$17.00 & 20.00; bran, \$12.50@18.50. Hay-Wheat \$8@12; wheat and oat \$8.00@10.50; best barley \$8.50@ alfalfa, \$6.00@7.50 per ton; straw.

25@37 %c per bale. Potatoes-Early Rose, 30@ 75c; Ore gon Burbanks, 90c@\$1; river Bur banks, 35@65c; new. 1 1/2 @2c.

Citrus Fruit-Oranges, Valencia \$2.75@3.25; Mexican limes, \$4.00@ 5.00; California lemons 75c@\$1.50 do choice \$1.75@2.00 per box.

Tropical Fruits-Bananas, \$1.50 2.50 per bunch; pineapples, inal; Persian dates, 6@6160 ps