

# The Hood River Glacier.

"IT'S A COLD DAY WHEN WE GET LEFT."

VOL. XII.

HOOD RIVER, OREGON, FRIDAY, JUNE 29, 1900.

NO. 6.

## HOOD RIVER GLACIER

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For White Salmon (Wash.) leaves daily at 6:45 a. m. arrives at 7:15 p. m.  
From White Salmon leaves for Fida, Gilmer, Trout Lake and Glenwood daily at 9 a. m.  
For Bingen (Wash.) leaves at 5:45 p. m.; arrives at 2 p. m.

## THE MAILS.

LAUREL BEREKHAH DEGREE LODGE, No. 87, L. O. O. F.—Meets first and third Mondays in each month.  
MRS. STELLA RICHARDSON, N. G. H. J. HIBBARD, Secretary.  
GRAND LODGE, No. 16, G. A. R.—Meets at 8 o'clock a. m. Hall second and fourth Saturdays of each month at 2 o'clock p. m. All G. A. R. members invited to meet with us.  
M. P. JENSEN, Commander  
T. J. CUNNING, Adjutant

## HOOD RIVER LODGE, No. 105, A. F. and A. M.

Meets Saturday evening on or before each full moon.  
G. E. WILLIAMS, W. M.  
D. McDONALD, Secretary.

## HOOD RIVER CHAPTER, No. 27, R. A. M.

Meets third Friday night of each month.  
G. R. CARTER, H. P. G. F. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

## HOOD RIVER CHAPTER, No. 25, O. E. S.

Meets Saturday after each full moon and two weeks thereafter.  
MRS. MARY A. DAVIDSON, W. M.

## OLETA ASSEMBLY, No. 103, UNITED AMERICAN.

Meets second Tuesday of each month at Fraternal hall.  
F. C. BROOKS, M. A.  
D. McDONALD, Secretary.

## WAUCOMA LODGE, No. 30, K. of P.—Night.

Meets in A. O. U. hall every Thursday night.  
GEO. STRANAHAN, W. M.  
C. N. GRAHAM, K. of R. & S.

## REVERSIDGE LODGE, No. 68, A. O. U. W.

Meets first and third Saturdays of each month.  
O. G. CHAMBERLAIN, W. M.  
J. F. WATT, F. D. Recorder.  
H. L. HOWE, Recorder.

## DEWILDE LODGE, No. 107, I. O. O. F.

Meets in Fraternal hall every Thursday night.  
A. G. GUTCHER, L. G. F.  
H. J. HIBBARD, Secretary.

## M. F. SHAW, M. D.

Telephone No. 81.

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BANKERS.

Do a general banking business.

HOOD RIVER, OREGON.

## EVENTS OF THE DAY

### Epitome of the Telegraphic News of the World.

### TERSE TICKS FROM THE WIRES

An interesting collection of items from the two hemispheres presented in a condensed form.

### Hunter's advance column occupied Krugersdorp without opposition on June 18.

Admiral Schley's squadron, which has been in quarantine at Montevideo, has been released.

### A Russian admiral was in command of the fleet that bombarded and destroyed the forts at Taku.

Railway and telegraphic communication between Cape Town and Pretoria is now completely restored.

### Thieves cracked the safe of the Gambrians brewery, in Portland, Or., and escaped with between \$600 and \$700 in cash.

A young man named Robert Jackson, of Riddle, Or., accidentally shot himself while deer hunting. He was instantly killed.

### By the death of David D. Wells, son of the late David A. Wells, of Norwich, Conn., Harvard University is richer by about \$37,000.

After July 1 the office of Indian agent at Warm Springs, Or., will be dispensed with, at which time Agent James L. Cowan will be dropped.

### Hawaiians have met in convention at Honolulu and have formed an independent political party. They have already begun the fight for statehood.

The statue of Washington presented to the city of Paris by the Daughters of the American Revolution has arrived in Paris. The pedestal has already been prepared, and the unveiling will take place July 3.

### Uniform wages of \$3 for nine hours' work a day is demanded by the line-men working for the Canadian Pacific Telegraph Company, the Great Northwest Telegraph Company, the Canadian Atlantic, the Bell Telephone Company.

Over 200 men have quit work owing to the refusal of the companies to accede to their demands.

### Assistant Secretary Taylor has rendered a decision adverse to the appeal of James Fitzharris and Joseph Mullett, from the decision of the immigration officials at New York, who held them for deportation on the ground that, having been convicted of felony in connection with the murder of Lord Carnarvon and Thomas Henry Brice, in Phoenix Park, Dublin, in 1882, they cannot be permitted to land in this country under our immigration laws.

Two thousand stand of arms have been given up by the Boers at Pretoria.

### The battle-ship Oregon and 5,000 American troops will go to Taku at once.

American ships took no part in the bombardment and seizure of the Chinese forts at Taku.

### A special session of congress may be called. The situation in the far East seems to demand it.

Three of the forts at Taku were completely destroyed by the bombardment from foreign ships, and the British vessel captured four Chinese torpedo boats.

### Mrs. Beveridge, wife of United States Senator Beveridge, of Indiana, died in a sanitarium at Dansville, N. Y., of heart failure. She had been ill several months.

A detachment of 40 Americans were island in Amambau, with the result that nine were killed and 11 wounded.

### Five men were killed by a cyclone which visited No Man's Land, Oklahoma. The storm swept the country for 60 miles. Thousands of cattle were stampeded and many killed and injured.

Joseph Mullett and James Fitzharris, the Irishmen, who served sentences in an English prison for complicity in the Phoenix park murders, and who arrived at New York, May 27 last, have been deported.

### An order from Adjutant-General Corbin has been received at the Presidio, San Francisco, directing that the troops of the Sixth cavalry shall be recruited to their full war strength. In view of the fact that this organization was ordered recently to proceed to Manila and the order to recruit to the limit was sent some time later, the opinion is expressed that the regiment is to be sent to China instead of the Philippines. The recruits will be selected from those now at the Presidio.

Ninety persons were killed and 372 wounded in the recent conflict between the troops and tenants in the Varna district, Bulgaria. A state of siege has been proclaimed in the districts of Varna, Shimala, Tirnova, Rasgrad, Ruzhuk and Estovrats. The government is anxious to limit the number of newspapers, and has issued stringent regulations as to the qualifications which must be possessed by the editors.

### By the death of Thomas E. Miaco in New York six theaters and a large fortune are left to his 15-year-old daughter Edna, his sole heir.

A monument to Maj. Gen. John Sedgwick has been set up at his birthplace, Cornwall, Conn., and it was dedicated on Memorial day.

### Berlin postal authorities estimate that no fewer than 160,000 postal cards without any addresses at all are mailed in the German empire every year.

## LATER NEWS.

Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, will not run for governor of Illinois.

Prohibitionists, in national convention assembled at Chicago, say they will poll 300,000 votes.

W. H. Wade, an expert billiard player and by many considered the best bank shot in America, is dead at Chicago.

Martin J. Russell, one of the proprietors of the Chicago Chronicle, died at Mackinac Island from a complication of diseases.

There were 10,377 deaths from cholera out of 15,479 cases during the week ending June 16, in the province of Bombay, India.

Oregon's vote, officially canvassed, on the equal suffrage amendment was as follows: for equal suffrage, 26,265; against 28,402.

The United States district judge at St. Louis has issued a restraining order to prevent interference with the running of street-cars.

General Wheeler says the war in the Philippines is practically ended. A force can easily be spared from the island for work in China.

A hot wave is prevalent in North Dakota. Crops are in a parched condition. The thermometer at Grand Forks registered 104 in the shade.

Affairs in Cuba are now so tranquil that soldiers are no longer needed. The troops will be withdrawn and sent to Manila to relieve the volunteers.

The Yaqui Indians have nearly all abandoned the warpath. Several hundred are still hidden in the mountains and make an occasional descent on isolated ranches.

The secretary of the navy has authorized the following names for the new battle-ships and cruisers: battle-ships, Virginia and Rhode Island; armored cruisers, Maryland, Colorado and South Dakota; protected cruisers, St. Louis, Milwaukee and Charleston.

A strike has occurred among the laborers employed by the Havana Electric Company, Cubans and Spanish, on the ground that they do not receive the same wages as Americans who do similar work. The contractors reply that Americans are worth far more than Cubans.

It is officially announced that Archduke Francis Ferdinand, the Austrian heir-apparent, will formally renounce the right of succession to the imperial throne. He will wed the Countess Sophie Chotock, hismorganatic marriage being the reason for which he will withdraw from the succession.

American and Russian fought side by side at Tien Tsin.

Five children perished by the burning of a house at Solomonville, Arizona.

Men from the U. S. S. Monocacy have been sent from Chee Foo to Tien Tsin.

Brigham H. Roberts, found guilty of unlawful cohabitation at Salt Lake, was fined \$150.

Charles Mefford, a maniac, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, slew a whole family, then killed himself.

Four miners lost their lives by an explosion in the Champion mine, Champion, Mich.

Cologne, Germany, was visited by a cyclone, which demolished many buildings and threw down a number of factory buildings.

Eight people were killed outright and 54 severely injured by a collision between a freight and excursion train near Green Bay, Wis.

Frank Gilmore, a white man, of New Orleans, was lynched by a mob for the criminal assault and brutal murder of a 60-year-old woman.

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## THE TICKET MADE UP

### President McKinley Renominated at Philadelphia.

### ROOSEVELT FOR VICE-PRESIDENT

Speeches of the Day Were Made by Foraker, Depew and the Empire State Governor.

Philadelphia, June 23.—President McKinley was unanimously renominated for president of the United States by the Republican National convention at 1:48 o'clock today, and an hour and 10 minutes later Governor Roosevelt, of New York, was unanimously selected to stand beside him in the coming battle.

Such unanimous demonstrations in honor of the nominees of a national convention have never before been equaled perhaps in the history of politics in this country. It was a love feast, a jubilee, a ratification meeting.

There was a fine setting for today's spectacular drama. Bright peonies at either end of the stage made two flaming bits of color. Throughout the vast multitude fans moved ceaselessly to and fro like the wings of a crowd of alarmed birds beating the air. There were no preliminaries.

The representation in the South was averted by the withdrawal of ex-Senator Quay's proposition. The great hall became quiet as Senator Lodge, standing before 15,000 eager faces, gavel in hand, announced that nominations for president of the United States were in order. The reading clerk advanced to the front of the platform. He was about to call the roll of states for the presentation of candidates.

When Alabama was called, a thin, red-whiskered delegate from that state rose and surrendered the first right to speak to Ohio. A flutter of handkerchiefs filled the air, and cheer after cheer went up from the delegates in the pit, as Senator Foraker, of Ohio, strode toward the platform.

At the end of a half hour's speech, the senator placed McKinley in nomination, amid enthusiasm unbounded.

Seconding speeches were made by Theodore Roosevelt, Senator Thurston, John W. Yerkes, an orator from the Blue Grass state, and Governor Mount, of Indiana, but before the latter concluded the convention was impatient for a vote, and several times tried to bowl him down.

### Calling the Roll.

Then the roll of states was called and delegation after delegation rose in solid blocks and cast their votes for McKinley. When Chairman Lodge made the announcement that the president had been renominated for the term beginning March 4, 1901, there was the same wild storm which had been raised by Foraker, and when it was over Roosevelt's nomination for the vice-presidency evoked a succession of similar demonstrations.

Lube Young, who was with Roosevelt in Cuba, nominated him on behalf of the state which had originally come to Philadelphia for Dölliver. His nomination was seconded by Delegate Murray, of Secretary Long's state, and Delegate Ashton, of Washington, who came here for Bartlett Trip. [Chauncey Depew wound up the oratory on behalf of the state which declared for Woodruff. Depew's speech aroused the most dazzling dreams of the country's future. During every pause, the band played but one air, the tune which Colonel Roosevelt had heard in the trenches before Santiago.

At 2:14 o'clock the convention, which had done the unparalleled thing of nominating both the candidates for president and vice-president unanimously, adjourned.

Governor Roosevelt drove from the convention hall with Mr. Odell, seated in the rear of an open landau. He lifted his broad-brimmed hat to the continuous salves that greeted him as he passed through the densely packed street, like a conquering hero fresh from new victories. Tonight the faces of McKinley and Roosevelt are on all the badges, and their names are on every lip.

### Roberts Found Guilty.

Salt Lake, June 23.—The jury in the case of B. H. Roberts, on trial for unlawful cohabitation, returned a verdict of guilty. Roberts, in an agreed statement of facts put before the jury, admitted that he entered into a polygamous marriage with Maggie B. Shipp and lived with her and his legal wife, Sarah Louisa. It is claimed that Roberts relies on the supreme court to reverse the verdict on technical grounds.

### Strikers Wreak a Bridge.

Gunnison, Colo., June 23.—The Colorado & Southern Railroad Company's iron bridge across the Gunnison river, 2½ miles above this town, was wrecked by an explosion of giant powder early this morning. The explosion is believed to have been caused by sympathizers with the strikers at the coal mines, to prevent the running of trains to the mines.

The animal that first succumbs to extreme cold is the horse.

### Terrible Tragedy in San Francisco.

San Francisco, June 23.—Henry E. Pike, a bookkeeper, shot and killed his former wife, and then committed suicide tonight at the home of Mrs. Pike. Pike left a letter full of abuse of his former wife, accusing her of many improprieties. Pike formerly lived at Denver, where he was in the employ of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad. He came to this city about eight years ago. It is thought that his mind was deranged.

## REPUBLICAN PLATFORM.

Party's Principles Adopted by the Philadelphia Convention.

Philadelphia, June 23.—The following is the text of the platform adopted by the Republican National convention:

The Republicans of the United States, through their chosen representatives, looking met upon an unsurpassed record of achievement and looking forward into a great field of duty and opportunity, and appealing to the judgment of their countrymen, make these declarations:

The expectation in which the American people, turning from the Democratic party, entrusted the power of the United States four years ago to a Republican chief magistrate and a Republican congress, has been met and satisfied. When the people then assembled at the polls, after a term of Democratic legislation and administration, business was dead, industry paralyzed and the national credit disastrously impaired. The country's capital was hidden away and its labor distressed and unemployed. The Democrats had no other plan with which to improve the ruinous conditions which they had themselves produced, than to coin silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. The Republican party, denouncing this plan as sure to produce conditions even worse than those from which relief was sought, promised to restore prosperity by means of two legislative measures—a protective tariff and a law making gold the standard of value. The people, by great majorities, issued to the Republican party a commission to enact these laws. This commission has been executed, and the Republic pledge is redeemed; and prosperity, more general and more abundant than we have ever known has followed these enactments.

There is no longer any controversy as to the value of any government obligations. Every American dollar is a gold dollar or its equivalent, and American credit stands higher than that of any nation. Capital is fully employed, and everywhere labor is profitably occupied.

McKinley's Administration.

We endorse the administration of William McKinley. Its acts have been established in wisdom and in patriotism, and at home and abroad it has distinctly elevated and extended the influence of the American nation. Walking untried paths and facing unforeseen responsibilities, President McKinley has been, in every situation, the true American patriot and upright statesman, clear in vision, strong in judgment, firm in action, always inspiring and deserving the confidence of his countrymen.

### Sound Money.

We renew our allegiance to the principle of the gold standard, and declare our confidence in the wisdom of the legislation of the Fifty-sixth congress, by which the parity of all of our money and the stability of our currency on a gold basis has been secured.

### Protection.

We renew our faith in the policy of protection to American labor. In that policy our industries have been established, diversified and maintained. By protecting the home, competition has been stimulated and production cheapened.

We commend the policy of the Republican party in maintaining the efficiency of the civil service. The administration has acted wisely in its effort to secure for public service in Cuba, Puerto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippine islands only those whose fitness has been determined by training and experience. We believe that employment in the public service in these territories should be confined, as far as practicable, to their inhabitants.

Public movements looking to a permanent improvement of the roads and highways of the country, meet with our cordial approval, and we recommend this subject to the earnest consideration of the people and of the legislatures of the several states.

We favor the extension of the rural free delivery service wherever its establishment may be justified.

We favor home rule for and the early admission to statehood of the territories of New Mexico, Arizona and Oklahoma.

We favor the construction, ownership, control and protection of an isthmian canal by the government of the United States.

In the interest of our expanding commerce, we recommend that congress create a department of commerce and industries in the charge of a secretary with a seat in the cabinet.

We approve the annexation of the Hawaiian islands to the United States.

The Philippines.

In accepting, by the treaty of Paris, the responsibility of our victories in the Spanish war, the president and the senate won the undoubted approval of the American people. No other course was possible than to destroy Spain's sovereignty throughout the West Indies and in the Philippine islands.

The largest measure of self-government consistent with their welfare and our duties shall be secured to them by law. To Cuba, independence and self-government were assured in the same voice by which war was declared.

The Republican party, upon its history and upon this declaration of its principles and policies confidently invokes the considerate and approving judgment of the American people.

### Portable Sawmill Blew Up.

Hamburg, N. Y., June 22.—A boiler of a portable steam engine used to propel a sawmill exploded near the village of Esten, Erie county, this evening, instantly killing three men—John Fleming, Alexander Fleming and Bert Mammoser.

Tacoma will offer a \$150 silver cup for a competitive drill between the 12 companies of the National Guard, which will celebrate there July 4.

## NEW RELIEF COLUMN

### British Join Allied Forces Near Tien Tsin.

### ANOTHER ASSAULT IMMINENT

Foreign Officials at Shanghai Believe the Worst Has Happened to the Legations at Peking.

London, June 27.—The British cruiser Terrible has arrived at Che Foo from Taku, with the latest news, which is as follows:

"Eight hundred sikh and 200 Welsh fusiliers have effected a junction with the American, German and Russian forces which had been cut off by the Chinese about nine miles from Tien Tsin. It was proposed to deliver an assault upon the Chinese forces at Tien Tsin last night."

"Foreign official opinions here," says a dispatch from Shanghai to the Daily Express, dated yesterday, "inclined to the belief that the worst has happened to the legations at Peking and to Admiral Seymour. Even if the legations were safe June 14, there is no guarantee that they are safe now. The situation, in fact, grows more and more gloomy. The entire absence of reliable news from the capital seems to justify the worst construction which can be put upon it."

"Bad news comes from Yan Kung, where the unrest is said to be growing hourly. Viceroy Liu Kin Yih has telegraphed the British authorities that he has ordered the five Chinese cruisers, which have been lying off the harbor there, to proceed to Nankin."

"General Ma's army," says a correspondent at Shan Hai Kan, "consisting of 45,000 men, left a week ago for Peking, and General Sung Ching's troops, numbering 2,500, left for the same place June 18."

A careful estimate of the number and armament of the Chinese troops around Peking puts the total at 360,000, and it is calculated that these troops possess 227 centimeter Crenset guns, 18 Krupp and 150 Maxims. Their supply of ammunition is practically inexhaustible. It has been mainly supplied by a German firm at Carlwits."

Another Shanghai dispatch says:

"Li Ping Heng, ex-governor of Shan Tung, who is intensely anti-foreign, has gone to the Kiang Yin forts, on the Yangtze. He has declared his intention of resisting the landing of British forces in that region."

Extensive preparations by the allies are going forward. The first regiment of British India's 10,000 men embarked at Calcutta yesterday, and 833 more marines received orders to go out from English ports. The British war office, in anticipation of a prolonged campaign, is contracting for winter clothing and fur caps.

The Amur army corps, ordered out by Russia, numbers 52,100 men, with 84 guns. Japan purposes to land 15,000 men on Chinese territory within a fortnight. Among the minor military preparations, the Portuguese governor of Macao, island of Macao, at the southwest entrance of Canton river, is sending arms to the Portuguese concession. The Germans in Hong Kong have called Emperor William to ask if they may see in the local forces in defense of Hong Kong. A million rounds left Hong Kong yesterday for Taku by the British steamer Halong.

The Shanghai correspondent of the Times sends the following under yesterday's date:

"A military correspondent at Taku says the operations of the allies are suffering from want of a recognized head, defective organization and the lack of transport."

### A RESTRAINING ORDER.

St. Louis Strikers Must Not Interfere With Mail Cars.

St. Louis, June 27.—Judge Elmer B. Adams, of the United States district court, today granted a temporary injunction in the case of W. D. Mahon